

Virginiamycin grams/ton	Combination in grams/ton	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(ix) 20	Semduramicin, 22.7	Broiler chickens: For prevention of necrotic enteritis caused by <i>Clostridium</i> spp. susceptible to virginiamycin; for the prevention of coccidiosis caused by <i>Eimeria acervulina</i> , <i>E. brunetti</i> , <i>E. maxima</i> , <i>E. mivati/mitis</i> , <i>E. necatrix</i> , and <i>E. tenella</i> .	Feed continuously as the sole ration. Do not feed to laying hens. Semduramicin as provided by No. 066104 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.	066104
(x) 20	Semduramicin (biomass), 22.7	Broiler chickens: For prevention of necrotic enteritis caused by <i>Clostridium</i> spp. susceptible to virginiamycin; for the prevention of coccidiosis caused by <i>Eimeria acervulina</i> , <i>E. brunetti</i> , <i>E. maxima</i> , <i>E. mivati/mitis</i> , <i>E. necatrix</i> , and <i>E. tenella</i> .	Feed continuously as the sole ration. Withdraw 1 day before slaughter. Do not feed to laying hens. Semduramicin as provided by No. 066104 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.	066104

(2) Swine—

Virginiamycin grams/ton	Combination in grams/ton	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(i) 25	Growing-finishing swine: As an aid in control of dysentery in swine up to 120 pounds in animals or on premises with a history of swine dysentery but where symptoms have not yet occurred.	066104
(ii) 50 or 100	Growing-finishing swine: For treatment and control of swine dysentery in swine up to 120 pounds.	Feed 100 grams per ton for 2 weeks, 50 grams per ton thereafter.	066104
(iii) 100	Growing-finishing swine: For treatment of swine dysentery in nonbreeding swine over 120 pounds.	Feed for 2 weeks	066104

(3) Cattle—

Virginiamycin grams/ton	Combination in grams/ton	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(i) 13.5 to 16.0	Cattle fed in confinement for slaughter: For reduction of incidence of liver abscesses.	Feed continuously as the sole ration to provide 85 to 240 milligrams per head per day. Not for use in animals intended for breeding.	066104
(ii) [Reserved]				

Dated: February 17, 2017.

Leslie Kux,

Associate Commissioner for Policy.

[FR Doc. 2017-03596 Filed 2-23-17; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 174

[EPA-HQ-OPP-2014-0457; FRL-9957-97]

VNT1 Protein in Potato; Exemption From the Requirement of a Tolerance

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This regulation establishes an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of VNT1 protein in potato when used as a plant-

incorporated protectant. J.R. Simplot Company submitted a petition to EPA under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), requesting a permanent exemption from the requirement of a tolerance. This regulation eliminates the need to establish a maximum permissible level for residues of VNT1 protein in potato under FFDCA.

DATES: This regulation is effective February 24, 2017. Objections and requests for hearings must be received on or before April 25, 2017 and must be filed in accordance with the instructions provided in 40 CFR part 178 (see also

Unit I.C. of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**).

ADDRESSES: The docket for this action, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA-HQ-OPP-2014-0457, is available at <http://www.regulations.gov> or at the Office of Pesticide Programs Regulatory Public Docket (OPP Docket) in the Environmental Protection Agency Docket Center (EPA/DC), West William Jefferson Clinton Bldg., Rm. 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460-0001. The Public Reading Room is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number for the Public Reading Room is (202) 566-1744, and the telephone number for the OPP Docket is (703) 305-5805. Please review the visitor instructions and additional information about the docket available at <http://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert McNally, Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (7511P), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460-0001; main telephone number: (703) 305-7090; email address: BPPDFRNotices@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this action apply to me?

You may be potentially affected by this action if you are an agricultural producer, food manufacturer, or pesticide manufacturer. The following list of North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather provides a guide to help readers determine whether this document applies to them. Potentially affected entities may include:

- Crop production (NAICS code 111).
- Animal production (NAICS code 112).
- Food manufacturing (NAICS code 311).
- Pesticide manufacturing (NAICS code 32532).

B. How can I get electronic access to other related information?

You may access a frequently updated electronic version of 40 CFR part 180 through the Government Printing Office's e-CFR site at http://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/textidx?&c=ecfr&tpl=/ecfrbrowse/Title40/40tab_02.tpl.

C. How can I file an objection or hearing request?

Under FFDCA section 408(g), 21 U.S.C. 346a(g), any person may file an

objection to any aspect of this regulation and may also request a hearing on those objections. You must file your objection or request a hearing on this regulation in accordance with the instructions provided in 40 CFR part 178. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, you must identify docket ID number EPA-HQ-OPP-2014-0457 in the subject line on the first page of your submission. All objections and requests for a hearing must be in writing, and must be received by the Hearing Clerk on or before April 25, 2017. Addresses for mail and hand delivery of objections and hearing requests are provided in 40 CFR 178.25(b).

In addition to filing an objection or hearing request with the Hearing Clerk as described in 40 CFR part 178, please submit a copy of the filing (excluding any Confidential Business Information (CBI)) for inclusion in the public docket. Information not marked confidential pursuant to 40 CFR part 2 may be disclosed publicly by EPA without prior notice. Submit the non-CBI copy of your objection or hearing request, identified by docket ID number EPA-HQ-OPP-2014-0457, by one of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be CBI or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute.
- *Mail:* OPP Docket, Environmental Protection Agency Docket Center (EPA/DC), (28221T), 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460-0001.
- *Hand Delivery:* To make special arrangements for hand delivery or delivery of boxed information, please follow the instructions at <http://www.epa.gov/dockets/contacts.html>. Additional instructions on commenting or visiting the docket, along with more information about dockets generally, is available at <http://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

II. Background

In the **Federal Register** of April 25, 2016 (81 FR 24047) (FRL-9944-86), EPA issued a document pursuant to FFDCA section 408(d)(3), 21 U.S.C. 346a(d)(3), announcing the filing of a pesticide tolerance petition (PP 5F8425) by J.R. Simplot Co., 5369 W. Irving St., Boise, ID 83706. The petition requested that 40 CFR part 174 be amended by establishing an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of VNT1 protein in potato. That document referenced a summary of the petition prepared by the petitioner J.R. Simplot Company, which is available in

the docket via <http://www.regulations.gov>. There were no comments received in response to the notice of filing.

EPA previously established a temporary exemption from tolerance for VNT1 protein in potato (40 CFR 174.534; 80 FR 9387) in conjunction with an Experimental Use Permit (8917-EUP-2) in 2015. This temporary exemption was subsequently amended (extended) on December 17, 2015 and expires on April 1, 2017.

III. Final Rule

A. EPA's Safety Determination

Section 408(c)(2)(A)(i) of FFDCA allows EPA to establish an exemption from the requirement for a tolerance (the legal limit for a pesticide chemical residue in or on a food) only if EPA determines that the exemption is "safe." Section 408(c)(2)(A)(ii) of FFDCA defines "safe" to mean that "there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result from aggregate exposure to the pesticide chemical residue, including all anticipated dietary exposures and all other exposures for which there is reliable information." This includes exposure through drinking water and in residential settings but does not include occupational exposure. Pursuant to FFDCA section 408(c)(2)(B), in establishing or maintaining in effect an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance, EPA must take into account the factors set forth in FFDCA section 408(b)(2)(C), which require EPA to give special consideration to exposure of infants and children to the pesticide chemical residue in establishing a tolerance or tolerance exemption, and to "ensure that there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result to infants and children from aggregate exposure to the pesticide chemical residue" Additionally, FFDCA section 408(b)(2)(D) requires that EPA consider "available information concerning the cumulative effects of [a particular pesticide's] . . . residues and other substances that have a common mechanism of toxicity."

EPA evaluated the available toxicity and exposure data on VNT1 protein and considered its validity, completeness, and reliability, as well as the relationship of this information to human risk. A full explanation of the data upon which EPA relied and its risk assessment based on that data can be found within the December 6, 2016, document entitled "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA) Considerations for VNT1 protein." This document, as well as other relevant information, is available in the docket

for this action as described under **ADDRESSES**. Based upon its evaluation, EPA concludes that there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result to the U.S. population, including infants and children, from aggregate exposure to residues of VNT1 protein. Therefore, an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance is established for residues of VNT1 protein in potato when used as a plant-incorporated protectant in accordance with the terms of registration.

B. Analytical Enforcement Methodology

EPA has determined that an analytical method is not required for enforcement purposes since the Agency is establishing an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance without any numerical limitation. Nonetheless, an analytical method was provided by J.R. Simplot for the detection of VNT1 protein in potato. This method utilizes a quantitative polymerase chain reaction (qPCR) to detect the presence of the *Rpi-vnt1* gene in pSIM1678 transformed plants (pSIM1678 is the transformation vector used by the registrant to incorporate the *Rpi-vnt1* gene into potato varieties). There are numerous homologs of *Rpi-vnt1* present in potato and tomato varieties and other wild *Solanum* species that may result in non-specific amplification when using primers designed to amplify *Rpi-vnt1*. To distinguish between plants that naturally contain homologous sequences and those transformed with pSIM1678, a second method amplifies a unique junction between the *Rpi-vnt1* terminator and the AGP promoter present in the pSIM1678 T-DNA. This second method is intended to confirm the presence or absence of pSIM1678 if there are false positive detection of *Rpi-vnt1* homologs.

C. Revisions to Requested Tolerance Exemption

The current temporary tolerance exemption for VNT1 protein in potato (40 CFR 174.534) approved by EPA on December 17, 2015, will be changed to a permanent tolerance exemption.

IV. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

This action establishes a tolerance exemption under FFDCA section 408(d) in response to a petition submitted to EPA. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has exempted these types of actions from review under Executive Order 12866, entitled "Regulatory Planning and Review" (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993). Because this action has been exempted from review under Executive Order 12866, this action is

not subject to Executive Order 13211, entitled "Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use" (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001), or Executive Order 13045, entitled "Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks" (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997). This action does not contain any information collections subject to OMB approval under the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA), 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*, nor does it require any special considerations under Executive Order 12898, entitled "Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations" (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

Since tolerances and exemptions that are established on the basis of a petition under FFDCA section 408(d), such as the tolerance exemption in this action, do not require the issuance of a proposed rule, the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*) do not apply.

This action directly regulates growers, food processors, food handlers, and food retailers, not States or tribes. As a result, this action does not alter the relationships or distribution of power and responsibilities established by Congress in the preemption provisions of FFDCA section 408(n)(4). As such, EPA has determined that this action will not have a substantial direct effect on States or tribal governments, on the relationship between the national government and the States or tribal governments, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government or between the Federal Government and Indian tribes. Thus, EPA has determined that Executive Order 13132, entitled "Federalism" (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999), and Executive Order 13175, entitled "Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments" (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000), do not apply to this action. In addition, this action does not impose any enforceable duty or contain any unfunded mandate as described under Title II of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA) (2 U.S.C. 1501 *et seq.*).

This action does not involve any technical standards that would require EPA's consideration of voluntary consensus standards pursuant to section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act (NTTAA) (15 U.S.C. 272 note).

V. Congressional Review Act

Pursuant to the Congressional Review Act (5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*), EPA will

submit a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the **Federal Register**. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 174

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: January 18, 2017.

Jack Housenger,

Director, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, 40 CFR chapter I is amended as follows:

PART 174—[AMENDED]

■ 1. The authority citation for part 174 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7. U.S.C. 136–136y; 21 U.S.C. 321(q), 346a and 371.

■ 2. Revise § 174.534 to read as follows:

§ 174.534 VNT1 protein; exemption from the requirement of a tolerance.

Residues of VNT1 protein in potato are exempt from the requirement of a tolerance when the *Rpi-vnt1* gene that express the VNT1 protein is used as a plant-incorporated protectant in potato.

[FR Doc. 2017–03580 Filed 2–23–17; 8:45 am]

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SURFACE TRANSPORTATION BOARD

49 CFR Part 1250

[Docket No. EP 724 (Sub-No. 4)]

United States Rail Service Issues—Performance Data Reporting

Correction

In rule document 2017–02492, appearing on pages 9529–9529, in the issue of Tuesday, February 7, 2017, make the following correction:

On page 9529, in the third column, the signature block should read as follows:

Decided: January 27, 2017.

By the Board, Acting Chairman Begeman, Vice Chairman Miller, and Commissioner Elliott.

Brendetta S. Jones,
Clearance Clerk.

[FR Doc. C1–2017–02492 Filed 2–23–17; 8:45 am]

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