in several ways: By receipt of a HRSA certificate of recognition presented to hospitals by their participating OPOs in various ceremonies; by HRSA’s sharing of a consolidated list of recognized hospitals during the final webinar of the project year that occurs after scorecard submission; in the final e-newsletter of the project year; and in communications sent out by the campaign’s 11 national partners, which include the American Hospital Association, the Association of Organ Procurement Organizations, and the American Society of Transplant Surgeons. Hospitals also frequently distribute their own media releases throughout their communities.

Revisions for this submission of the information collection request include two new opportunities for hospitals to earn points: a point is awarded for each donor registration a hospital motivates and points are awarded for reaching the hospital’s donor registration goal. In addition, HRSA is making various formatting changes and the point values for two activities have been increased. Likely Respondents: Hospital representatives, most often the organ donation champions identified by the OPOs, can download the form from organdonor.gov or receive it from their OPO or DLA affiliate.

Burden Statement: Burden in this context means the time expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, disclose or provide the information requested. This includes the time needed to review instructions; to develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purpose of collecting, validating and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; to train personnel and be able to respond to a collection of information; to search data sources; and to complete and review the collection of information; and to transmit or otherwise disclose the information. The total annual burden hours estimated for this ICR are summarized in the table below.

### Total Estimated Annualized Burden Hours

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form name</th>
<th>Number of respondents</th>
<th>Number of responses per respondent</th>
<th>Total responses</th>
<th>Average burden per response (in hours)</th>
<th>Total burden hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National Hospital Organ Donation Campaign’s Activity Scorecard</td>
<td>1,250</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,250</td>
<td>0.367</td>
<td>458.75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Jason E. Bennett, Director, Division of the Executive Secretariat.


DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Delay of Effective Date for the Automated Commercial Environment (ACE) Becoming the Sole CBP-Authorized Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) System for Processing Electronic Drawback and Duty Deferral Entry and Entry Summary Filings


ACTION: Delay of effective date.

SUMMARY: On August 30, 2016, U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) published a notice in the Federal Register announcing plans to make the Automated Commercial Environment (ACE) the sole electronic data interchange (EDI) system authorized by the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) for processing electronic drawback and duty deferral entry and entry summary filings, effective on October 1, 2016. The document also announced that, on October 1, 2016, the Automated Commercial System (ACS) would no longer be a CBP-authorized EDI system for purposes of processing these electronic filings. Finally, the notice announced a name change for the ACE filing code from duty deferral and the creation of a new ACE filing code for all electronic drawback filings, replacing the six distinct drawback codes previously filed in ACS. On October 3, 2016, CBP published a notice in the Federal Register (81 FR 68023) announcing that the effective date for these changes would be delayed until further notice. Thereafter, on December 12, 2016, CBP published a notice in the Federal Register (81 FR 89486) announcing that the new effective date for the transition would be January 14, 2017. The effective date for all that was announced in the August 30, 2016 Federal Register notice, including the transition to ACE as the sole CBP-authorized EDI system for electronic drawback and duty deferral entry and entry summary filings, is delayed until further notice. CBP will publish a subsequent notice announcing the effective date.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Questions related to this notice may be emailed to ASKACE@cbp.dhs.gov with the subject line identifier reading “ACS to ACE Drawback and Duty Deferral Entry and Entry Summary Filings transition”.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 30, 2016, U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) published a notice in the Federal Register (81 FR 59644) announcing plans to make the Automated Commercial Environment (ACE) the sole electronic data interchange (EDI) system authorized by the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) for processing electronic drawback and duty deferral entry and entry summary filings.

Brenda B. Smith,
Executive Assistant Commissioner, Office of Trade.

[FR Doc. 2017–00852 Filed 1–13–17; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 9111–14–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Delayed Effective Date for Modifications of the National Customs Automation Program Tests Regarding Reconciliation, Post-Summary Corrections, and Periodic Monthly Statements


ACTION: Delay of effective date.

SUMMARY: This notice announces that the effective date for the modifications to the National Customs Automation Program (NCAP) tests regarding Reconciliation, Post-Summary Corrections, and Periodic Monthly Statements is delayed until further notice. On December 12, 2016, U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) published a notice in the Federal Register announcing modifications to the National Customs Automation Program (NCAP) test regarding reconciliation, and the transition of the test from the Automated Commercial System (ACS) to the Automated Commercial Environment (ACE). The modifications made by this notice were to be effective on January 14, 2017. On December 12, 2016, U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) published in the Federal Register a document announcing CBP’s plans to modify and clarify the National Customs Automation Program (NCAP) test regarding Post-Summary Correction (PSC) claims to entry summaries that are filed in the Automated Commercial Environment (ACE), as well as the Periodic Monthly Statement (PMS) test. The notice liberalized and eliminated some requirements needed for the filing of PSCs; however, it also placed burdens on the importer in the form of a restriction and a prohibition.

Subsequently, CBP published a notice in the Federal Register on January 9, 2017, to remove the restriction imposed on all PSC filings to make payments within three business days of submitting the PSC, with the exception of entry type 03 filings, and to remove the prohibition of filing additional PSCs until additional duties, fees and taxes are deposited. The changes to the PSC and PMS tests were to have been effective January 14, 2017. This notice announces that the effective date for the modifications to these NCAP tests has been delayed until further notice.

DATES: The effective date for the modifications to the reconciliation, PSC, and PMS NCAP tests is delayed until further notice.

ADDRESS: Comments concerning the reconciliation test program may be submitted any time during the test via email, with a subject line identifier reading, “Comment on Reconciliation test”, to OFO-RECONFOLDER@cbp.dhs.gov.

Comments concerning the PSC and PMS test programs may be submitted via email to Monica Crockett at ESARinsfoinbox@dhs.gov with a subject line identifier reading, “Post-Summary Corrections and Periodic Monthly Statements.”

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Reconciliation: Acenitha Kennedy, Entry Summary and Revenue Branch, Trade Policy and Programs, Office of Trade at (202) 863–6064 or ACENITHA.KENNEDY@CBP.DHS.GOV.

PSC and PMS: For policy-related questions, contact Randy Mitchell, Director, Commercial Operations, Trade Policy and Programs, Office of Trade, at Randy.Mitchell@cbp.dhs.gov. For technical questions related to ABI transactions, contact your assigned client representative. Interested parties without an assigned client representative should direct their questions to the Client Representative Branch at (703) 650–3500.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

I. Reconciliation Test

On December 12, 2016, U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) published a notice entitled “Modification of the National Customs Automation Program Test Regarding Reconciliation and Transition of the Test from the Automated Commercial System to the Automated Commercial Environment” in the Federal Register (81 FR 89486), with an effective date of January 14, 2017. This notice announced modifications to the National Customs Automation Program (NCAP) test regarding reconciliation, and the transition of the test from the Automated Commercial System (ACS) to the Automated Commercial Environment (ACE). The modifications eliminated several requirements for participation in the test, imposed new data requirements, and established the requirement that reconciliation entries be filed in ACE regardless of whether the underlying entry was filed in ACS or ACE.

CBP has assessed stakeholder readiness for the mandatory transition of post-release capabilities in ACE, including the modifications to the reconciliation test and the transition of reconciliation filings from ACS to ACE. This notice announces that the effective date for the modifications to the reconciliation test, and for mandatory filing of reconciliation entries in ACE has been delayed until further notice.

II. Post-Summary Correction and Periodic Monthly Statement Tests

On December 12, 2016, U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) published a notice in the Federal Register (81 FR 89482) announcing plans to modify and clarify, effective January 14, 2017, the National Customs Automation Program (NCAP) test regarding Post-Summary Correction (PSC) claims, and the Periodic Monthly Statement (PMS) test. The modifications made by the notice eliminated or liberalized certain requirements for the filing of a PSC, making it easier for importers to file a PSC for additional entry types, and allowed filers additional time to make a deposit for duties, fees and taxes owed.

With regard to the PMS test program, the notice announced the time at which CBP considers a PMS as paid when filers use the Automated Clearing House (ACH) debit process.

Subsequently, CBP decided not to implement two of the changes announced in the December 12, 2016 notice. In a notice published in the Federal Register (82 FR 2385) on January 9, 2017, CBP removed the requirement that additional duties, fees and taxes be submitted within three business days of filing a PSC, and limited the restriction of submitting payment to PSC filings declaring an increase of liability for antidumping/countervailing duties and associated fees and taxes. The notice also removed the prohibition of filing additional PSCs until the duties, fees and taxes are deposited. Like the changes made in the December 12, 2016 notice, these changes were to become effective on January 14, 2017. This notice announces that the effective date for the modifications to the PSC and PMS tests has been delayed until further notice.


Brenda B. Smith,
Executive Assistant Commissioner, Office of Trade.