

Signed in Washington, DC, this 31st day of May 2016.

Hope D. Kinglock,

Certifying Officer, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 2016-15251 Filed 6-27-16; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Investigations Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

Petitions have been filed with the Secretary of Labor under Section 221(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 (“the Act”) and are identified in the Appendix to this

notice. Upon receipt of these petitions, the Director of the Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance, Employment and Training Administration, has instituted investigations pursuant to Section 221(a) of the Act.

The purpose of each of the investigations is to determine whether the workers are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Title II, Chapter 2, of the Act. The investigations will further relate, as appropriate, to the determination of the date on which total or partial separations began or threatened to begin and the subdivision of the firm involved.

The petitioners or any other persons showing a substantial interest in the subject matter of the investigations may request a public hearing, provided such request is filed in writing with the

Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance, at the address shown below, no later than July 8, 2016.

Interested persons are invited to submit written comments regarding the subject matter of the investigations to the Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance, at the address shown below, not later than July 8, 2016.

The petitions filed in this case are available for inspection at the Office of the Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance, Employment and Training Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Room N-5428, 200 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20210.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 7th day of June 2016.

Jessica R. Webster,

Certifying Officer, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

APPENDIX

[46 TAA petitions instituted between 5/23/16 and 6/3/16]

TA-W No.	Subject firm (petitioners)	Location	Date of institution	Date of petition
91832	Kennametal—Office in home (State/ One-Stop)	Lindon, UT	05/23/16	05/19/16
91833	EMC Corporation (Workers)	Hopkinton, MA	05/23/16	04/19/16
91834	IBM (State/One-Stop)	Boulder and Denver, CO	05/23/16	05/20/16
91835	Xcel Energy Services Inc. (State/One-Stop)	Denver, CO	05/23/16	05/20/16
91836	Gates Corporation (Company)	Elizabethtown, KY	05/23/16	05/20/16
91837	ConocoPhillips (State/One-Stop)	Bartlesville, OK	05/24/16	05/23/16
91838	Crawford & Company (Company)	Sunrise, FL	05/24/16	05/23/16
91839	Crawford & Company (Company)	Lake Zurich, IL	05/25/16	05/25/16
91840	Crawford & Company (Company)	Atlanta, GA	05/25/16	05/25/16
91841	Hancock Fabric (Workers)	Baldwyn, MS	05/25/16	05/20/16
91842	Hewlett Packard Enterprise Services (State/One-Stop)	Jersey City, NJ	05/25/16	05/24/16
91843	Magellan Aerospace d/b/a Ambel Precision Manufacturing (State/One-Stop).	Bethel, CT	05/25/16	05/24/16
91844	MediGain (State/One-Stop)	Upper Saddle River, NJ	05/25/16	05/24/16
91845	Olympic Panel Products LLC (Union)	Shelton, WA	05/25/16	05/24/16
91846	Sykes Enterprises (Workers)	Langhorne, PA	05/25/16	05/24/16
91847	Teledyne Blueview (State/One-Stop)	Bothell, WA	05/25/16	05/23/16
91848	United States Steel Corporation (Workers)	Pittsburgh, PA	05/25/16	05/24/16
91849	Vallourec Drilling Products USA, Inc. (Company)	Houston, TX	05/25/16	05/24/16
91850	Big Sandy Woodyard (State/One-Stop)	Camden, Dover, Bethel Springs, TN & Wickliffe, KY.	05/25/16	05/24/16
91851	ZF TRW (Union)	Lafayette, IN	05/25/16	05/25/16
91852	Howden North America Inc. (Workers)	Akron, OH	05/26/16	05/24/16
91853	Yellow Pages Group (Workers)	Blue Bell, PA	05/26/16	05/16/16
91854	Polartec LLC (Union)	Lawrence, MA	05/26/16	05/25/16
91855	Ch2m (Workers)	Englewood, CO	05/26/16	05/12/16
91856	Oklahoma Department of Human Services (Workers)	Lawton, OK	05/26/16	05/25/16
91857	Laird Technologies (State/One-Stop)	Schaumburg, IL	05/26/16	05/25/16
91858	John Crane (State/One-Stop)	Morton Grove, IL	05/26/16	05/25/16
91859	MSE Technologies LLC (Company)	Van Nuys, CA	05/26/16	05/25/16
91860	3M Cuno (State/One-Stop)	Meriden, CT	05/26/16	05/26/16
91861	Donald L Shirley Lumber Co. Inc. (Company)	New Bethlehem, PA	05/26/16	05/25/16
91862	Union Pacific Railroad (Union)	North Platte, NE	05/27/16	05/26/16
91863	Remington Outdoor Company (Workers)	Hickory, KY	05/27/16	05/26/16
91864	Quantum Medical Imaging (Subsidiary of Carestream) (Company).	Ronkonkoma, NY	05/27/16	05/26/16
91865	DLA, Inc. (Company)	Doral, FL	05/27/16	05/26/16
91866	Chandler Industries (State/One-Stop)	Littleton, CO	05/31/16	05/27/16
91867	Agilent Technologies, Inc. (State/One-Stop)	Danbury, CT	05/31/16	05/31/16
91868	Hewlett Packard, Inc. (State/One-Stop)	Vancouver, WA	05/31/16	05/26/16
91869	MechoShade Systems (Company)	Phoenix, AZ	06/01/16	05/31/16
91870	IBM Global Services (State/One-Stop)	Omaha, NE	06/01/16	05/31/16
91871	Sun Dental Labs, LLC (Workers)	St. Petersburg, FL	06/02/16	06/01/16
91872	Liberty Mutual Insurance (Workers)	New Castle, PA	06/02/16	06/01/16
91873	Applegate Livestock Equipment Inc. (Workers)	Union City, IN	06/02/16	06/01/16

APPENDIX—Continued

[46 TAA petitions instituted between 5/23/16 and 6/3/16]

TA-W No.	Subject firm (petitioners)	Location	Date of institution	Date of petition
91874	United Healthcare (State/One-Stop)	Richardson, TX	06/03/16	06/01/16
91875	Manitowoc Company (Union)	Manitowoc, WI	06/03/16	06/02/16
91876	Cleaver Brooks (State/One-Stop)	Lincoln, NE	06/03/16	06/02/16
91877	IAC Acoustics, formerly GT Exhaust (State/One-Stop)	Lincoln, NE	06/03/16	06/02/16

[FR Doc. 2016-15253 Filed 6-27-16; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-FN-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**Bureau of Labor Statistics****Proposed Collection, Comment Request****ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, conducts a pre-clearance consultation program to provide the general public and Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing collections of information in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA95) [44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)]. This program helps to ensure that requested data can be provided in the desired format, reporting burden (time and financial resources) is minimized, collection instruments are clearly understood, and the impact of collection requirements on respondents can be properly assessed. The Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) is soliciting comments concerning the proposed extension of the “Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries.” A copy of the proposed information collection request (ICR) can be obtained by contacting the individual listed below in the **ADDRESSES** section of this notice.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted to the office listed in the **ADDRESSES** section of this notice on or before August 29, 2016.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to Nora Kincaid, BLS Clearance Officer, Division of Management Systems, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Room 4080, 2 Massachusetts Avenue NE., Washington, DC 20212. Written comments also may be transmitted by fax to (202) 691-5111 (this is not a toll free number).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nora Kincaid, BLS Clearance Officer, at (202) 691-7628. (See **ADDRESSES** section.)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**I. Background**

The Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) was delegated responsibility by the Secretary of Labor for implementing Section 24(a) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. This section states that “the Secretary shall compile accurate statistics on work injuries and illnesses which shall include all disabling, serious, or significant injuries and illnesses”

Prior to the implementation of the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI), the BLS generated estimates of occupational fatalities for private sector employers from a sample survey of about 280,000 establishments. Studies showed that occupational fatalities were underreported in those estimates as well as in those compiled by regulatory, vital statistics, and workers’ compensation systems. Estimates prior to the CFOI varied widely, ranging from 3,000 to 10,000 fatal work injuries annually. In addition, information needed to develop prevention strategies were often missing from these earlier programs.

In the late 1980s, the National Academy of Sciences study, *Counting Injuries and Illnesses in the Workplace*, and another report, *Keystone National Policy Dialogue on Work-Related Illness and Injury Recordkeeping*, emphasized the need for the BLS to compile a complete roster of work-related fatalities because of concern over the accuracy of using a sample survey to estimate the incidence of occupational fatalities. These studies also recommended the use of all available data sources to compile detailed information for fatality prevention efforts.

The BLS tested the feasibility of collecting fatality data in this manner in 1989 and 1990. The resulting CFOI was implemented in 32 States in 1991. National data covering all 50 States, New York City, and the District of Columbia have been compiled and published annually for years 1992 through 2014, approximately eight months after the end of each calendar year.

The CFOI compiles comprehensive, accurate, and timely information on

work-injury fatalities needed to develop effective prevention strategies. The system collects information concerning the incident, the demographic information of the deceased, and the characteristics of the employer.

Data are used to:

- Develop employee safety training programs.
- Develop and assess the effectiveness of safety standards.
- Conduct research for developing prevention strategies.

In addition, State partners use the data to publish State reports, to identify State-specific hazards, to allocate resources for promoting safety in the workplace, and to evaluate the quality of work life in the State.

II. Current Action

Office of Management and Budget clearance is being sought for the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries.

In 2014, 4,821 workers lost their lives as a result of injuries received on the job. This official systematic, verifiable count mutes controversy over the various counts from different sources. The CFOI count has been adopted by the National Safety Council and other organizations as the sole source of a comprehensive count of fatal work injuries for the U.S. If this information were not collected, the confusion over the number and patterns in fatal occupational injuries would hamper prevention efforts. By providing timely occupational fatality data, the CFOI provides safety and health managers the information necessary to respond to emerging workplace hazards.

During 2015, BLS national office responded to approximately 900 requests for CFOI data from various organizations. (This figure excludes requests received by the States for State-specific data.) In addition, the CFOI page of the BLS Web site averaged about 13,100 users per month in 2015.

National office staff also responded to numerous requests from safety organizations for staff members to participate in safety conferences and seminars. The CFOI research file, made available to safety and health groups, is being used by 19 organizations. Study