

TABLE 1—ESTIMATES OF ANNUAL BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondent	Instrument	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Average time per response (hours)	Annual hour burden
Nuclear Medicine Technologists	Nuclear Medicine Questionnaire	250	1	20/60	83
	Consent	250	1	10/60	42
Total	250	250	125

Dated: March 21, 2016.

Karla Bailey,

Project Clearance Liaison, National Cancer Institute, NIH.

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DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection [CBP Dec. 16-07]

Tuna-Tariff Rate Quota; the Tariff-Rate Quota for Calendar Year 2016 Tuna Classifiable Under Subheading 1604.14.22, Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS)

AGENCY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: Announcement of the quota quantity of tuna in airtight containers for Calendar Year 2016.

SUMMARY: Each year, the tariff-rate quota for tuna described in subheading 1604.14.22, Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS), is calculated as a percentage of the tuna in airtight containers entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption during the preceding Calendar Year. This document sets forth the tariff-rate quota for Calendar Year 2016.

DATES: Effective Dates: The 2016 tariff-rate quota is applicable to tuna in airtight containers entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption during the period January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Headquarters Quota Branch, Interagency Collaboration Division, Trade Policy and Programs, Office of International Trade, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Washington, DC 20229-1155, (202) 863-6560.

Background

It has been determined that 15,350,636 kilograms of tuna in airtight containers may be entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for

consumption at the rate of 6.0 percent *ad valorem* under subheading 1604.14.22, Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) during the Calendar Year 2016. Any such tuna which is entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption during the current calendar year in excess of this quota will be dutiable at the rate of 12.5 percent *ad valorem* under subheading 1604.14.30 HTSUS.

Dated: March 23, 2016.

Brenda B. Smith,

Assistant Commissioner, Office of International Trade.

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DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

[Docket No. DHS-2015-0068]

National Protection and Programs Directorate; National Protection and Programs Directorate Seeks Comments on Cyber Incident Data Repository White Papers

AGENCY: National Protection and Programs Directorate, DHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Homeland Security's (DHS's) National Protection and Programs Directorate (NPPD) announces that it is seeking comments on three white papers prepared by NPPD staff from any interested party, including, but not limited to: members of the cybersecurity and insurance communities; chief information security officers (CISOs); chief security officers (CSOs); academia; Federal, State, and local governments; industry; and professional organizations/societies. Links to the white papers are posted on the cybersecurity insurance section of DHS.gov: <http://www.dhs.gov/publication/cyber-incident-data-and-analysis-working-group-white-papers>. Comments will assist NPPD further refine the content of the white papers to address the critical need for information sharing as a means to create a more robust cybersecurity insurance marketplace and improve enterprise

cyber hygiene practices across the public and private sectors.

DATES: The suggested dates for submission of comments on the white papers are: March 24, 2016 through May 24, 2016.

ADDRESSES: Comments on the white papers must be submitted to NPPD via email to the following address: cyber.security.insurance@hq.dhs.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Matt Shabat, Director, Performance Management, Office of Cybersecurity and Communications at 703-235-5338 or by email at Matthew.Shabat@hq.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background: Cybersecurity insurance is designed to mitigate losses from a variety of cyber incidents, including data breaches, business interruption, and network damage. A robust cybersecurity insurance market could help reduce the number of successful cyber attacks by: (1) Promoting the adoption of preventative measures in return for more coverage; and (2) encouraging the implementation of best practices by basing premiums on an insured's level of self-protection. Many companies forego available policies; however, citing as rationales the perceived high cost of those policies, confusion about what they cover, and uncertainty that their organizations will suffer a cyber attack. In recent years, NPPD has engaged key stakeholders to address this emerging cyber risk area.

Between October 2012 and April 2014, DHS NPPD conducted several workshops, which brought together a diverse group of private and public sector stakeholders—including insurers, risk managers, CISOs, critical infrastructure owners, and social scientists. Workshop participants examined the current state of the cybersecurity insurance market and how to best advance its capacity to incentivize better cyber risk management.

During those workshops, participants expressed strong support for the creation of a trusted cyber incident data repository. As envisioned, the repository would store, aggregate, and