flexibility to determine how best to utilize network capacity as a funding resource to ensure both the establishment and self-sustainability of the network. Despite this flexibility, however, it is important to note that public safety entities will always have priority use of the NPSBN over any non-public safety user that gains access to, or use of, the network on a secondary basis.

Comment #29: One commenter suggested that the States should determine how much capacity/spectrum is made available within its borders under a covered leasing agreement—rather than FirstNet making the determination.

Response: FirstNet is the entity created by the Act to ensure the establishment of the NPSBN and is also the sole licensee of the 700 MHz D block spectrum and the existing public safety broadband spectrum. Thus, FirstNet is the sole entity responsible for determining how to allocate the spectrum under a covered leasing agreement.

Comment #30: One commenter cautioned FirstNet to ensure there is not an undue expectation by the covered leasing agreement lessee that its lease of the spectrum supersedes public safety’s access to, and use of, that spectrum as a priority in all cases, and at all times.

Response: FirstNet acknowledges the comment and reiterates that its primary mission is to ensure the establishment of a nationwide, interoperable network for public safety. Accordingly, public safety will always have priority use of the NPSBN over any non-public safety user that gains access to, or use of, the network on a secondary basis through a covered leasing agreement.

Comment #31: One commenter recommended that FirstNet interpret 47 U.S.C. § 1428(a)(3) to only apply to the RAN hardware in States that choose to participate in the NPSBN as proposed by FirstNet.

Response: FirstNet interprets the phrase “constructed or otherwise owned by [FirstNet]” under 47 U.S.C. 1428(a)(3) as meaning that FirstNet ordered or required the construction of such equipment or infrastructure, paid for the construction, owns the equipment, or does not own the equipment, but, through a contract, has the right to sublease the equipment or infrastructure. Thus, unless the RAN hardware in any State falls within the criteria above, FirstNet would not have the authority to assess and collect a fee for use of such infrastructure or equipment.

34 47 U.S.C. 1421, 1422.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board
[S–134–2015]

Foreign-Trade Zone 142—Salem/Millville, New Jersey; Application for Subzone; Nine West Holdings, Inc.; West Deptford, New Jersey

An application has been submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones (FTZ) Board by the South Jersey Port Corporation, grantee of FTZ 142, requesting subzone status for the facilities of Nine West Holdings, Inc., located in West Deptford, New Jersey. The application was submitted pursuant to the provisions of the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), and the regulations of the FTZ Board (15 CFR part 400). It was formally docketed on October 14, 2015.

The proposed subzone would consist of the following sites: Site 1 (27.18 acres) 1245 Forest Parkway West, West Deptford; and, Site 2 (33.28 acres) 1250 Parkway West, West Deptford. The proposed subzone would be subject to the existing activation limit of FTZ 142. No authorization for production activity has been requested at this time.

In accordance with the FTZ Board’s regulations, Kathleen Boyce of the FTZ Staff is designated examiner to review the application and make recommendations to the Executive Secretary.

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions shall be addressed to the FTZ Board’s Executive Secretary at the address below. The closing period for their receipt is November 30, 2015. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period to December 14, 2015.

A copy of the application will be available for public inspection at the Office of the Executive Secretary, Foreign-Trade Zones Board, Room 21013, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230–0002, and in the “Reading Room” section of the FTZ Board’s Web site, which is accessible via www.trade.gov/ftz.

For further information, contact Kathleen Boyce at Kathleen.Boyce@trade.gov or (202) 482–1346.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board
[B–67–2015]

Foreign-Trade Zone (FTZ) 183—Austin, Texas; Notification of Proposed Production Activity; Flextronics America, LLC (Automatic Data Processing Machines); Austin, Texas

Flextronics America, LLC (Flextronics) submitted a notification of proposed production activity to the FTZ Board for its facility in Austin, Texas within Subzone 183C. The notification conforming to the requirements of the regulations of the FTZ Board (15 CFR 400.22) was received on October 9, 2015.

Flextronics already has authority to produce automatic data processing machines within Subzone 183C. The current request would add finished products and foreign status materials/components to the scope of authority. Pursuant to 15 CFR 400.14(b), additional FTZ authority would be limited to the specific foreign-status materials/components and specific finished products described in the submitted notification (as described below) and subsequently authorized by the FTZ Board.

Production under FTZ procedures could exempt Flextronics from customs duty payments on the foreign status materials/components used in export production. On its domestic sales, Flextronics would be able to choose the duty rates during customs entry procedures that apply to: Video card subassemblies; CPU and video card connector subassemblies; external power and USB port card subassemblies; main controller board subassemblies; and, internal power supply subassemblies (duty-free) for the foreign status materials/components noted below and in the existing scope of authority. Customs duties also could possibly be deferred or reduced on foreign status production equipment.

The materials/components sourced from abroad include: Copper alloy screws; and, lithium batteries (duty rate ranges from 3.0 to 3.4%).

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions shall be addressed to the Board’s Executive Secretary at the address below.