

71. Liaoning Mayerton Refractories Co., Ltd.
 72. Liaoning Mineral & Metallurgy Group Co., Ltd.
 73. Liaoning Qunyi Group Refractories Co., Ltd.
 74. Liaoning Qunyi Trade Co., Ltd.
 75. Liaoning RHI Jinding Magnesite Co., Ltd.
 76. Liaoning Zhongxing Mining Industry Group Co., Ltd.
 77. LiShuang Refractory Industrial Co., Ltd.
 78. Lithomelt Co., Ltd.
 79. Lua Viet Bestref Joint Venture Co.
 80. Luheng Refractory Co., Ltd.
 81. Luoyang Refractory Group Co., Ltd.
 82. Mayerton Refractories.
 83. Minsource International Ltd.
 84. Minteq International Inc.
 85. National Minerals Co., Ltd.
 86. Navis Zufall Ueberseespeditions.
 87. North Refractories Co., Ltd.
 88. Orestar Metals & Minerals Co., Ltd.
 89. Oreworld Trade (Tangshan) Co., Ltd.
 90. Puyang Refractories Co., Ltd.
 91. Qingdao Almatiss Co., Ltd. (HQ).
 92. Qingdao Almatiss Co., Ltd. (Manufacturing).
 93. Qingdao Almatiss Trading Co., Ltd. (Sales Office).
 94. Qingdao Blueshell Import & Export Corp.
 95. Qingdao Fujing Group Co., Ltd.
 96. Qingdao Huierde International Trade Co., Ltd.
 97. Refratechnik Cement GmbH.
 98. Refratechnik Steel GmbH.
 99. RHI AG.
 100. RHI GLAS GmbH.
 101. RHI Refractories Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd.
 102. RHI Refractories (Dalian) Co., Ltd.
 103. RHI Trading Shanghai Branch.
 104. RHI Trading (Dalian) Co., Ltd.
 105. Rongyuan Magnesite Co., Ltd. of Dashiqiao City.
 106. Shandong Cambridge International Trade Inc.
 107. Shandong Lunai Kiln Refractories Co., Ltd.
 108. Shandong Refractories Corp.
 109. Shanghai Pudong Imp. & Exp. Co. Ltd.
 110. Shanghai Vista Packaging Co., Ltd.
 111. Shanxi Dajin International (Group) Co., Ltd.
 112. Shanxi Xinrong International Trade Co. Ltd.
 113. Shenyang Shenghui Refractory Imp.
 114. Shenyang Yi Xin Sheng Lai Refractory Materials Co., Ltd.
 115. Shinagawa Refractories Co., Ltd.
 116. Shinagawa Rongyuan Refractories Co., Ltd.
 117. Sinosteel Corporation.
 118. SMMC Group Co., Ltd.
 119. Store System Inc. O B Dongning Shunf.
 120. Syndicate Exp. Pvt., Ltd.
 121. Tangshan Success Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd.
 122. Tianjin New Century Refractories, Ltd.
 123. Tianjin New World Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd.
 124. Tianjin Weiyuan Refractory Co., Ltd.
 125. The Economic Trading Group of Haicheng Huoying Corporation Ltd.
 126. Vereeniging Refractories (Pty).
 127. Vesuvius Advanced Ceramics (Suzhou) Co. Ltd.
 128. Wonjin Refractories Co., Ltd.
 129. Wuxi Tian Liang Foreign Trade Co., Ltd.
 130. Xiyuan Xingquan Forsterite Co., Ltd.
 131. Yanshi City Guangming High-Tech Refractories Products Co., Ltd.
 132. YHS Minerals Co., Ltd.
 133. Yingkou Bayuquan Refractories Co., Ltd.
 134. Yingkou Bl Mining Co., Ltd.
 135. Yingkou Dalmond Refractories Co., Ltd.
 136. Yingkou Guangyang Refractories Co., Ltd.
 137. Yingkou Guangyang Refractories Co., Ltd. (YGR).
 138. Yingkou Heping Samwha Minerals Co., Ltd.
 139. Yingkou Jiahe Refractories Co., Ltd.
 140. Yingkou Jinlong Refractories Group.
 141. Yingkou Kyushu Refractories Co., Ltd.
 142. Yingkou Qinghua Group Imp. & Emp. Co., Ltd.
 143. Yingkou Qinghua Refractories Co., Ltd.
 144. Yingkou Sanhua Refractory Materials Co., Ltd.
 145. Yingkou Tianrun Refractory Co., Ltd.
 146. Yingkou Wonjin Refractory Material Co., Ltd.
 147. Yingkou Yongji Mag Refractory, Ltd.
 148. Yixing Runlong Trade Co., Ltd.
 149. Yixing Xinwei Leeshing Refractory Material Co., Ltd.
 150. Yixing Zhenqiu Charging Ltd.
 151. Zhejiang Changxing Guangming Special Refractory Material Foundry, Co., Ltd.
 152. Zhejiang Deqing Jinlei Refractory Co., Ltd.
 153. Zhejiang Huzhou Fuzilin Refractory Metals Group Co., Ltd.
 154. Zhengzhou Anec Industrial Co., Ltd.
 155. Zhengzhou Huachen Refractory Co., Ltd.
 156. Zhengzhou Huawei Refractories Co., Ltd.
 157. Zibo Lianzhu Refractory Materials Co., Ltd.

Appendix II

List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum:

1. Background
2. Scope of the Order
3. Preliminary Finding of No Shipments
4. Recommendation

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-821-801]

Solid Urea From the Russian Federation: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2012-2013

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Commerce.

SUMMARY: On July 11, 2014, the Department of Commerce (the Department) published the preliminary results of the administrative review of the antidumping duty order on solid urea from the Russian Federation

(Russia).¹ For the final results, we continue to find that MCC EuroChem has not sold subject merchandise at less than normal value during the period of review (POR).

DATES: Effective October 9, 2014.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jerrold Freeman or Minoo Hatten, AD/CVD Operations, Office I, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-0180, and (202) 482-1690, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On July 11, 2014, the Department published the *Preliminary Results*. The POR is 7/1/2012 through 6/30/2013. We invited interested parties to comment on the *Preliminary Results*. We received no comments.

The Department conducted this administrative review in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

Scope of the Order

The merchandise subject to the order is solid urea, a high-nitrogen content fertilizer which is produced by reacting ammonia with carbon dioxide. The product is currently classified under the Harmonized Tariff Schedules of the United States (HTSUS) item number 3102.10.00.00. Previously, such merchandise was classified under item number 480.3000 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States. Although the HTSUS subheading is provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the merchandise subject to the order is dispositive.

Final Results of the Review

The Department made no changes to its calculations announced in the *Preliminary Results*. As a result of our review, we determine that a weighted-average dumping margin of 0.00 percent exists for MCC EuroChem for the POR.

Assessment Rates

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.212 and the *Final Modification*,² the Department will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to liquidate

¹ See *Solid Urea from the Russian Federation: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2012-2013*, 79 FR 40063 (July 11, 2014) (*Preliminary Results*).

² See *Antidumping Proceedings: Calculation of the Weighted-Average Dumping Margin and Assessment Rate in Certain Antidumping Duty Proceedings; Final Modification*, 77 FR 8101, 8102 (February 14, 2012) (*Final Modification*).

all appropriate entries for MCC EuroChem without regard to antidumping duties.

For entries of subject merchandise during the POR produced by MCC EuroChem for which it did not know its merchandise was destined for the United States, we will instruct CBP to liquidate unreviewed entries at the all-others rate if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction. For a full discussion, see *Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Assessment of Antidumping Duties*, 68 FR 23954 (May 6, 2003) (*Assessment Policy Notice*).

We intend to issue instructions to CBP 15 days after publication of the final results of this review.

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of the notice of final results of administrative review for all shipments of solid urea from Russia entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication as provided by section 751(a)(2) of the Act: (1) The cash deposit rate for MCC EuroChem will be 0.00 percent, the weighted average dumping margin established in the final results of this administrative review; (2) for previously reviewed or investigated companies not listed above, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a prior review, or the original investigation but the manufacturer is, the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the manufacturer of the merchandise for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding; (4) the cash deposit rate for all other manufacturers or exporters will continue to be 64.93 percent, the all-others rate established in the original less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation.³ The rate established in the LTFV investigation for the Soviet Union was applied to each new independent state, including Russia. These cash deposit requirements, when

³ See *Urea From the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics; Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 52 FR 19557 (May 26, 1987). Also note that following the break-up of the Soviet Union, the antidumping duty order on solid urea from the Soviet Union was transferred to the individual members of the Commonwealth of Independent States. See *Solid Urea From the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics; Transfer of the Antidumping Order on Solid Urea From the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the Commonwealth of Independent States and the Baltic States and Opportunity to Comment*, 57 FR 28828 (June 29, 1992).

imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

Administrative Protective Orders

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

The Department is issuing and publishing these final results of administrative review in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.213(h).

Dated: October 3, 2014.

Paul Piquado,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-583-843]

Polyethylene Retail Carrier Bags From Taiwan: Affirmative Final Determination of Circumvention of the Antidumping Duty Order

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (the Department) determines that imports of unfinished polyethylene retail carrier bags (PRCBs) from Taiwan are circumventing the antidumping duty order on PRCBs from Taiwan.¹

¹ See *Antidumping Duty Orders: Polyethylene Retail Carrier Bags from Indonesia, Taiwan, and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam*, 75 FR 23667 (May 4, 2010) (the *Order*).

DATES: Effective October 9, 2014.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Hermes Pinilla or Minoo Hatten, Office I, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC, 20230; telephone: (202) 482-3477, and (202) 482-1690, respectively.

Background

We initiated an anti-circumvention inquiry of the antidumping duty order on PRCBs from Taiwan on July 31, 2013, pursuant to section 781(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, (the Act) and 19 CFR 351.225(g).² We published the affirmative preliminary determination on June 2, 2014, finding that imports of unfinished PRCBs from Taiwan are circumventing the *Order*.³

We invited interested parties to comment on the *Preliminary Determination*. We received no comments.

Scope of the Order

The merchandise subject to the *Order* is PRCBs which may be referred to as t-shirt sacks, merchandise bags, grocery bags, or checkout bags. The subject merchandise is defined as non-sealable sacks and bags with handles (including drawstrings), without zippers or integral extruded closures, with or without gussets, with or without printing, of polyethylene film having a thickness no greater than 0.035 inch (0.889 mm) and no less than 0.00035 inch (0.00889 mm), and with no length or width shorter than 6 inches (15.24 cm) or longer than 40 inches (101.6 cm). The depth of the bag may be shorter than 6 inches but not longer than 40 inches (101.6 cm). PRCBs are typically provided without any consumer packaging and free of charge by retail establishments, e.g., grocery, drug, convenience, department, specialty retail, discount stores, and restaurants, to their customers to package and carry their purchased products. The scope of the order excludes (1) polyethylene bags that are not printed with logos or store names and that are closeable with drawstrings made of polyethylene film and (2) polyethylene bags that are packed in consumer packaging with printing that refers to specific end-uses other than

² See *Polyethylene Retail Carrier Bags From Taiwan: Initiation of Anti-circumvention Inquiry on Antidumping Duty Order*, 78 FR 46319 (July 31, 2013).

³ See *Polyethylene Retail Carrier Bags From Taiwan: Affirmative Preliminary Determination of Circumvention of the Antidumping Duty Order*, 79 FR 31302 (June 2, 2014) (*Preliminary Determination*).