

In accordance with Section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92-463), the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) announces the aforementioned meeting:

Time and Date: 12:00 p.m.–4:00 p.m. EST, May 22, 2014 (Closed).

Place: This meeting will be held via teleconference.

Status: The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with provisions set forth in Section 552b(c)(4) and (6), Title 5 U.S.C., and the Determination of the Director, Management Analysis and Services Office, CDC, pursuant to Public Law 92-463.

Matters For Discussion: The meeting will include the initial review, discussion, and evaluation of applications received in response to “Motor Vehicle Injury Prevention: Evaluation of Increased Nighttime Enforcement of Seatbelt Use, FOA CE14-003”.

Contact Person For More Information: Jane Suen, Dr.P.H., M.S., Scientific Review Officer, CDC, 4770 Buford Highway NE., Mailstop F-63, Atlanta, Georgia 30341-3724, Telephone (770) 488-4281.

The Director, Management Analysis and Services Office, has been delegated the authority to sign **Federal Register** notices pertaining to announcements of meetings and other committee management activities, for both the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

Elaine L. Baker,

Director, Management Analysis and Services Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2014-08761 Filed 4-16-14; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority

Part C (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention) of the Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority of the Department of Health and Human Services (45 FR 67772-76, dated October 14, 1980, and corrected at 45 FR 69296, October 20, 1980, as amended most recently at 79 FR 15593-19954, dated March 20, 2014) is amended to reflect the reorganization of the Food Safety Office, National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases.

Delete in its entirety the title and function statements for the Food Safety Office (CVL12), Office of the Director (CVL1).

After the mission statement for the Division of Foodborne, Waterborne and

Environmental Diseases (CVLB), insert the following:

Food Safety Office (CVLB13). (1) Provides leadership in preventing and controlling foodborne illness by coordinating related activities within CDC and with other local, state, federal, and international organizations; (2) directs the activities related to development of long-term NCEZID, OID, and CDC strategies, policies, and budgets for foodborne disease prevention activities; (3) allocates and tracks interagency resources within CDC for foodborne disease surveillance, outbreak response, applied research, education and training; (4) administers and tracks resources for foodborne disease prevention and control activities of state and local health departments and other organizations; (5) represents NCEZID and CDC programs and prevention policies in meetings with governmental, non-governmental, private, and international organizations; (6) reviews, prepares, and coordinates congressional testimony and briefing documents related to foodborne diseases, and analyzes programmatic and policy implications of legislative proposals; and (7) provides direction and administrative support to the World Health Organization (WHO) Collaborating Center for Foodborne Disease Surveillance.

Dated: April 7, 2014.

Sherri A. Berger,

MSPH Chief Operating Officer, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2014-08593 Filed 4-16-14; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-18-M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority

Part C (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention) of the Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority of the Department of Health and Human Services (45 FR 67772-76, dated October 14, 1980, and corrected at 45 FR 69296, October 20, 1980, as amended most recently at 79 FR 15593-15594, dated March 20, 2014) is amended to reflect the reorganization of the Division of Healthcare Quality Promotion, National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Section C-B, Organization and Functions, is hereby amended as follows:

Delete in its entirety the title and the mission and function statements for the Division of Healthcare Quality Promotion (CVLD) and insert the following:

Division of Healthcare Quality Promotion (CVLD). The mission of the Division of Healthcare Quality Promotion (DHQP) is to protect patients; protect healthcare personnel; and promote safety, quality, and value in both national and international healthcare delivery systems. In carrying out its mission, DHQP: (1) Measures, validates, interprets, and responds to data relevant to healthcare-associated infections (HAI); antimicrobial use and resistance; adverse drug events; blood, organ and tissue safety; immunization safety; and other related adverse events or medical errors in healthcare affecting patients and healthcare personnel; (2) investigates and responds to emerging infections and related adverse events among patients and healthcare personnel; (3) develops and maintains the National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN), a tool for monitoring healthcare-associated infections, antimicrobial use and resistance, measuring healthcare outcomes and processes, monitoring healthcare worker vaccination, and selected health measures in healthcare facilities; (4) assesses local, regional, national scope and burden of infections caused by resistant-bacteria in the U.S. through surveillance and special studies, review of national healthcare data sets, and laboratory surveillance programs; (5) conducts epidemiologic, and basic and applied laboratory research to identify new strategies to monitor and prevent infections/antimicrobial resistance, and related adverse events or medical errors, especially those associated with medical or surgical procedures, indwelling medical devices, contaminated products, dialysis, and water; (6) collaborates with academic and public health partners to design, develop, and evaluate new approaches to monitoring infections and the efficacy of interventions for preventing infections and reducing antimicrobial resistance, and related adverse events or medical errors; (7) develops and disseminates evidence-based guidelines and recommendations to prevent and control HAI, antimicrobial resistance, and related adverse events or medical errors; (8) promotes the nationwide implementation of CDC guidelines and other evidence-based interventions to prevent HAI, antimicrobial resistance, and related adverse events or medical

errors among patients and healthcare personnel; (9) evaluates the impact of evidence-based recommendations and interventions across the spectrum of healthcare delivery sites; (10) serves as the Designated Federal Official for the Healthcare Infection Control Practices Advisory Committee (HICPAC); (11) serves as the National Reference Laboratory for the identification and antimicrobial susceptibility testing of staphylococci, anaerobic bacteria, non-tuberculous mycobacterial, and those gram-negative bacilli causing healthcare-associated infections; (12) serves as the technical reference laboratory for detection and characterization of other pathogens related to healthcare; and for characterizing the contribution of the healthcare environment to HAI; (13) coordinates guidance and research related to infection control across the agency and with national and international partners; (14) monitors vaccine safety and conducts research to evaluate the safety of available and new vaccines; (15) trains Epidemic Intelligence Service Officers and other trainees; (16) coordinates antimicrobial resistance activities at CDC; (17) works in a national leadership capacity with public and private organizations to enhance antimicrobial resistance prevention and control, surveillance and response, and applied research; (18) coordinates blood, organ, and other tissue safety at CDC; and (19) provides expertise and assistance to HHS and other Federal agencies and global partners on efforts and activities related to safe healthcare.

Office of the Director (CVLD1). (1) Manages, directs, and coordinates the activities of the DHQP; (2) provides leadership and guidance on policy and communications/media; (3) works with Federal agencies, international organizations, and other partners on activities related to safe healthcare; (4) coordinates state and local activities to monitor and prevent HAI; (5) coordinates, in collaboration with the appropriate CIO and CDC components, global health activities relating to the prevention of healthcare-associated infections/antimicrobial resistance, and related adverse events or medical errors; (6) coordinates activities, guidance, emergency response, and research related to infection control in healthcare settings across the agency and with national and international partners; (7) oversees the coordination of antimicrobial resistance activities at CDC; (8) represents CDC as co-chair of the Federal Interagency Task Force on Antimicrobial Resistance; (9)

coordinates with other agencies, state governments, medical societies, and other public and private organizations to enhance antimicrobial resistance prevention and control, surveillance and response, and applied research; (10) leads CDC's activities on blood, organ, and other tissue safety; (11) represents CDC on the Advisory Committee on Blood Safety and Availability and the Advisory Committee on Organ Transplantation; (12) works with other Federal agencies, state governments, and other public and private organizations to enhance blood, organ, and other tissue safety through coordination of investigation, prevention, response, surveillance, applied research, health communication, and public policy; and (13) advises the Director, NCEZID, on science, policy and communication matters concerning DHQP activities.

Program Implementation and Integration Activity (CVLD13). (1) Provides leadership and guidance for program planning and development, program management, and operations; (2) provides DHQP-wide administrative and program services and coordinates or ensures coordination with the appropriate CIOs and CDC staff offices on administrative and program matters including budget formulation and execution and human resource management; (3) oversees the coordination of Federal and state programs and new initiatives to prevent HAI; (4) interprets general program and administrative policy directives for implications on management and execution of DHQP's programs; (5) serves as lead and primary contact and liaison with relevant CDC staff offices on all matters pertaining to DHQP's procurement needs and activities; (6) provides management and coordination for DHQP-occupied space and facilities including laboratory space and facilities; (7) provides oversight and management of the distribution, accountability, and maintenance of CDC property and equipment including laboratory property and equipment; and (8) provides program and administrative support for HICPAC.

Clinical and Environmental Microbiology Branch (CVLDB). (1) Leads national laboratory characterization of HAI-related threats in partnership with state and regional laboratories; (2) provides comprehensive laboratory support and expertise for investigations of recognized and emerging bacterial agents in healthcare settings; (3) provides laboratory response to outbreaks and emerging threats associated with infections/antimicrobial

resistance and related adverse events throughout the healthcare delivery system; (4) develops methods to assess contamination of environmental surfaces; (5) investigates novel and emerging mechanisms of antimicrobial resistance among targeted pathogens found in healthcare settings; (6) conducts research in collaboration with partners to develop new, accurate methods of detecting antimicrobial resistance in bacteria and to improve reporting of antimicrobial susceptibility test results to physicians to improve antimicrobial use; (7) conducts laboratory research to identify new strategies to prevent infections/antimicrobial resistance, related adverse events, and medical errors, especially those associated with invasive medical devices, contaminated products, dialysis, and water; (8) maintains capacity to evaluate commercial microbial identification and antimicrobial susceptibility testing systems and products and facilitates their improvement to provide accurate patient test results; (9) investigates the role of biofilms, particularly those detected in indwelling medical devices and medical water systems, in medicine and public health, and identifies novel methods to eliminate colonization and biofilm formation on foreign bodies; (10) investigates the role of the water distribution systems in healthcare facilities in order to understand and prevent transmission of healthcare-associated infections due to water; and (11) provides expertise, research opportunities, training, and laboratory support for investigations of infections and related adverse events to other CDC National Centers and to our partners in areas related to quality clinical microbiology laboratory practices, investigation of emerging pathogens and environmental microbiology.

Prevention and Response Branch (CVLDC). Across the healthcare continuum, including acute, long-term, ambulatory, and chronic care settings: (1) Develops, promotes, and monitors implementation of evidence-based recommendations, standards, policies, strategies and related educational materials to prevent and control HAI and related adverse events, adverse drug events, and healthcare personnel safety events associated with antibiotic resistance, device and procedure associated infections, poor adherence to quality standards and safety, and emerging infectious diseases; (2) develops, promotes, and monitors implementation of and adherence to evidence-based recommendations, standards and related educational

materials, policies and strategies to increase adherence to Appropriate Antimicrobial Use and Stewardship; (3) uses data from the NHSN and other sources to target and improve the prevention and control healthcare-associated infections in the U.S. in specific regions, settings and institutions; (4) supports local, state, and national efforts to prevent HAT and related adverse events by providing leadership and consultative services, including monitoring adherence to CDC-recommended practices and policies; (5) provide leadership and epidemiologic support for the investigation, monitoring, and control of both recognized and emerging healthcare pathogens, including antimicrobial resistant forms; (6) leads and coordinates rapid response to assess and control outbreaks and emerging threats involving HAI and related adverse events, microbially-contaminated medical products and devices, and adverse drug events; (7) communicates the results of response activities with Federal and state agencies, healthcare providers, and the public, with recommendations to prevent similar adverse events in the future; (8) provides leadership and expert consultation, guidance, and technical support to and collaborates with other CDC Operating Divisions (OPDIV) Centers and Divisions, other HHS OPDIVs, and extramural domestic and international partners, on the epidemiology and prevention and control of HAI and related adverse events, adverse drug events, and healthcare personnel safety events; and (9) develops implementation strategies to utilize innovative evidence-based methods for preventing and controlling HAI and related adverse events, adverse drug events, and healthcare personnel safety events to recommendations to allow broad, effective implementation and more rapid improvement in the standard of care.

Surveillance Branch (CVLDD). (1) Monitors and evaluates on the national level the extent distribution, and impact of healthcare-associated infections, antimicrobial use and resistance, adverse drug events, healthcare worker safety events, and adherence to clinical processes and intervention programs designed to prevent or control adverse exposures or outcomes in healthcare; (2) provides services, including leadership, consultation, and analysis support, for statistical methods and analysis to investigators in the branch, division, and other organizations responsible for surveillance, research studies, and prevention and control of HAT and

other healthcare-associated adverse events; (3) works with Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services and other partners to develop new metrics and support maintenance of NQF-approved metrics; (4) collaborates with public and private sector partners to further standardize, integrate, and streamline systems by which healthcare organizations collect, manage, analyze, report, and respond to data on clinical guideline adherence, HAI, including transmission of multi-drug resistant organisms and other HAI; (5) coordinates, further develops, enables wider use, and maintains NHSN to obtain scientifically valid clinical performance indices that promote healthcare quality and value at the facility, state, and national levels; (6) development and implementation of new NHSN modules and provides enrollment and user support for NHSN; (7) improve system by utilizing new technology; (8) generates and provides NHSN surveillance reports and analyses, which include collaborative analytic projects with partners; and (9) leads CDC's national adverse drug events surveillance activities and seeks to translate population-based surveillance data into evidence-based policies and targeted, innovative and collaborative interventions.

Immunization Safety Office (CVLDE). (1) Assesses the safety of new and currently available vaccines received by children, adolescents and adults using a variety of strategies; (2) conducts ongoing surveillance for the timely detection of possible adverse events following immunization (AEFI) in collaboration with the Food and Drug Administration, through coordination and management of the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System, the national spontaneous reporting system that acts as an early-warning system to detect health conditions that may be associated with immunization; (3) coordinates, further develops, maintains and directs activities of the Vaccine Safety Datalink (VSD), a collaborative effort with integrated healthcare organizations, to conduct surveillance and investigate possible AEFI to assess causality and determine risk factors; (4) conducts epidemiologic research on causality of AEFI using the VSD and other data sources, provide national estimates of incidence of AEFI and background rates of health conditions; (5) leads the nation in developing biostatistical methods for research of AEFI using large linked databases and other data sources, and shares methods for use by other agencies and public and private entities; (6) conducts clinical

research to identify causes of adverse events after immunization, specific populations susceptible to specific adverse events, and prevention strategies through the Clinical Immunization Safety Assessment network, a national network of medical research centers, and other efforts; (7) applies findings from epidemiologic and clinical studies to develop strategies for prevention of AEFI; (8) provides global consultation and leadership for the development, use, and interpretation of vaccine safety surveillance systems, and for the development of shared definitions of specific health outcomes through participation in the Brighton Collaboration and other international organizations; (9) provides data for action to HHS, the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices, the Food Drug Administration's Vaccine and Related Biological Products Advisory Committee, HRSA's Advisory Commission on Childhood Vaccines, and collaborators around the globe including the World Health Organization Global Advisory Committee on Vaccine Safety; and (10) provides timely, accurate communication and education to partners and the public on vaccine safety concerns.

Epidemiology Research and Innovations Branch (CVLDG). (1) Develops and evaluates the efficacy of interventions to prevent HAI and related adverse events or medical errors across the spectrum of healthcare delivery sites including acute and longterm inpatient care, dialysis, and ambulatory settings; (2) conducts and supports research and evaluates impact of public health practices to prevent HAIs and related adverse events and monitors progress in reaching national prevention goals; (3) identifies gaps in HAI-health entities for specific interventions and prevention strategies designed to safeguard patients and healthcare workers from risk exposures and adverse outcomes through collaborations with extramural partners; (5) conducts applied research to identify and develop innovative methods to detect and monitor HAI and antimicrobial resistance; (6) conducts special studies to identify key risk factor for and provides national estimates of targeted, healthcare-associated adverse events, antimicrobial use and resistance patterns, and the extent to which prevention and control safeguards are in use to protect at-risk patients across the spectrum of healthcare delivery sites; (7) develops new ways to assess the impact of HAI prevention programs; (8) conducts analysis of the return on investment and costs related to

prevention efforts and impact of HAI prevention programs; and (9) works with the Emerging Infections Program and other partners to identify emerging issues.

Dated: April 7, 2014.

Sherri A. Berger,

Chief Operating Officer, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2014-08551 Filed 4-16-14; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

[CMS-5506-N4]

Medicare Program; Comprehensive ESRD Care Initiative; Extension of the Submission Deadlines for the Letters of Intent and Applications

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), HHS.

ACTION: Reopening of the application period.

SUMMARY: This notice reopens the application period and provides information on new dates for the submission of the Comprehensive ESRD Care initiative letters of intent and application. The letter of intent submission date for End-stage Renal Disease Seamless Care Organizations (ESCOs) that include a dialysis facility from a large dialysis organization (LDO) is June 23, 2014, and the submission deadline for the LDO application is June 23, 2014. The letter of intent submission date for ESCOs that include a non-LDO facility is September 15, 2014, and the submission deadline for the non-LDO application is September 15, 2014.

DATES: *Letter of Intent Submission Deadline:* Interested large dialysis organizations (LDOs) must submit a non-binding letter of intent on or before June 23, 2014, and interested non-large dialysis organizations (non-LDOs) must submit a non-binding letter of intent on or before September 15, 2014, by an online form at: <http://innovationgov.force.com/cec>.

Application Submission Deadline: Interested LDO applicants must submit an application on or before June 23, 2014, and interested non-LDO applicants must submit an application on or before September 15, 2014, by an online form at: <http://innovationgov.force.com/rfa>.

An updated Request for Applications which includes the new submission deadlines and additional updates is

available on the Innovation Center Web site at: <http://innovation.cms.gov/initiatives/comprehensive-ESRD-care>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Alefiyah Mesiwala, (410) 786-2224 or ESRD-CMMI@cms.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation (Innovation Center) is interested in identifying models designed to improve care for beneficiaries with end-stage renal disease (ESRD). To promote seamless and integrated care for beneficiaries with ESRD, we are developing a comprehensive care delivery model to emphasize coordination of a full-range of clinical and non-clinical services across providers, suppliers, and settings. Through the Comprehensive ESRD Care Model, we seek to identify ways to improve the coordination and quality of care for this population, while lowering total per-capita expenditures to the Medicare program. We anticipate that the Comprehensive ESRD Care Model would result in improved health outcomes for beneficiaries with ESRD regarding the functional status, quality of life, and overall well-being, as well as increased beneficiary and caregiver engagement, and lower costs to Medicare through improved care coordination.

On February 6, 2013, we published a notice in the **Federal Register** announcing a request for applications from organizations to participate in the testing of the Comprehensive ESRD Care Model, for a period beginning in 2013 and ending in 2016, with a possible extension into subsequent years. In that notice, we stated that organizations interested in applying to participate in the testing of the Comprehensive ESRD Care Model must submit a non-binding letter of intent by March 15, 2013, and an application by May 1, 2013.

Several stakeholders requested additional time to prepare their applications and form partnerships. Therefore, the Innovation Center extended the deadlines relating to the Comprehensive ESRD Care initiative. On July 17, 2013, we published a notice in the **Federal Register** announcing an extension of deadlines. The new deadlines were July 19, 2013 for the Letter of Intent and August 1, 2013 for the application. On August 9, 2013, we published an additional notice in the **Federal Register** announcing an extension of deadlines. The notice reopened the Letters of Intent submission period and extended the deadlines for submission of both the

Letters of Intent and the Applications to August 30, 2013.

II. Provisions of the Notice

Since the publication of the August 9, 2013 notice, we have made several revisions to the design of the Comprehensive ESRD Care initiative. Therefore, for the Comprehensive ESRD Care Initiative, the Innovation Center is reopening the Letters of Intent submission period and extending the deadlines for submission of both the Letters of Intent and the Applications. The new deadline for submission of the letter of intent is June 23, 2014 for LDO applicants and September 15, 2014 for non-LDO applicants; and the new deadline for submission of the application is June 23, 2014, for LDO applicants and September 15, 2014 for non-LDO applicants.

In the **DATES** section of this notice, we are including the new submissions deadlines. For additional information on the Comprehensive ESRD Care Model, and how to apply, we refer the reader to click on the Request for Applications located on the Innovation Center Web site at: <http://innovation.cms.gov/initiatives/comprehensive-ESRD-care>.

Dated: April 11, 2014.

Marilyn Tavener,

Administrator, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services.

[FR Doc. 2014-08758 Filed 4-15-14; 11:15 am]

BILLING CODE 4120-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Administration for Children and Families

Proposed Information Collection Activity; Comment Request

Proposed Projects

Title: OCSE-157 Child Support Enforcement Program Annual Data Report.

OMB No.: 0970-0177.

Description: The information obtained from this form will be used to: (1) Report Child Support Enforcement activities to the Congress as required by law; (2) calculate incentive measures performance and performance indicators utilized in the program; and (3) assist the Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE) in monitoring and evaluating State Child Support programs.

OCSE is proposing minor updates to the OCSE-157 report instructions to update submission procedures. Respondents will no longer have the