

fund includes serving geographies or individuals located within the institution's assessment area(s) or a broader statewide or regional area that includes the institution's assessment area(s). Typically, information about where a fund's investments are expected to be made or targeted will be found in the fund's prospectus, or other documents provided by the fund prior to or at the time of the institution's investment, and the institution, at its option, may provide such documentation in connection with its CRA evaluation.

Nationwide funds are important sources of investments in low- and moderate-income and underserved communities throughout the country and can be an efficient vehicle for institutions in making qualified investments that help meet community development needs. Nationwide funds may be suitable investment opportunities, particularly for large financial institutions with a nationwide branch footprint. Other financial institutions, including those with a nationwide business focus, may find such funds to be efficient investment vehicles to help meet community development needs in their assessment area(s) or the broader statewide or regional area that includes their assessment area(s). Prior to investing in such a fund, an institution should consider reviewing the fund's investment record to see if it is generally consistent with the institution's investment goals and the geographic considerations in the regulations. Examiners will consider investments in nationwide funds that benefit the institution's assessment area(s). Examiners will also consider investments in nationwide funds that benefit the broader statewide or regional area that includes the institution's assessment area(s) consistent with the treatment detailed in Q&A § __.12(h)–6.

End of text of the final new and revised Interagency Questions and Answers.

Dated: November 14, 2013.

Thomas J. Curry,

Comptroller of the Currency.

By order of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, November 12, 2013.

Robert deV. Frierson,

Secretary of the Board.

Dated at Washington, DC, this 13th day of November, 2013.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Robert E. Feldman,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2013–27738 Filed 11–19–13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210–01–P; 4810–33–P; 6714–01–P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 *et seq.*) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The applications will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1843). Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than December 16, 2013.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (Yvonne Sparks, Community Development Officer) P.O. Box 442, St. Louis, Missouri 63166–2034:

1. *Old National Bancorp*, Evansville, Indiana; to merge with Tower Financial Corporation, and thereby indirectly acquire Tower Bank and Trust Company, both in Fort Wayne, Indiana.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas (E. Ann Worthy, Vice President) 2200 North Pearl Street, Dallas, Texas 75201–2272:

1. *Hill Country Bancshares, Inc.*, Llano, Texas; to become a bank holding company by acquiring 100 percent of the voting shares of Llano National Bank, Llano, Texas.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, November 15, 2013.

Margaret McCloskey Shanks,

Deputy Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2013–27787 Filed 11–19–13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day–14–0923]

Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

In compliance with the requirement of Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 for opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) will publish periodic summaries of proposed projects. To request more information on the proposed projects or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and instruments, call 404–639–7570 or send comments to CDC LeRoy Richardson, 1600 Clifton Road, MS D–74, Atlanta, GA 30333 or send an email to omb@cdc.gov.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

Proposed Project

Evaluation of the National Tobacco Prevention and Control Public Education Campaign (OMB No. 0920–0923, exp. 4/30/2014)—Revision—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) requests a two-year Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval to conduct a Web-based longitudinal study of smokers and non-smokers in the U.S. This study will be fielded for purposes of evaluating the CDC's National Tobacco Prevention and Control Public Education Campaign (The Campaign) and monitoring its longer term impact. We will conduct 5 survey waves of data collection among

smokers and nonsmokers to facilitate repeated measures on outcomes relevant to the evaluation. Information will be collected about smokers' and nonsmokers' awareness of and exposure to specific campaign advertisements, knowledge, attitudes, and beliefs related to smoking and secondhand smoke. The surveys will also measure behaviors related to smoking cessation (among the smokers in the sample) and behaviors related to nonsmokers' encouragement of smokers to quit smoking and recommendations of cessation services. Data from these surveys will be used to examine the statistical relationships between exposure to The Campaign and changes in outcome variables relevant to the evaluation. This approach builds on previous phases of The Campaign and the evaluations of those phases.

This study will rely on Web surveys to be self-administered at home on personal computers. Specifically, we will conduct a multi-wave longitudinal study of smokers (5 waves) and nonsmokers (4 waves) to facilitate repeated measures on outcomes related to the evaluation and to the work of CDC's Office on Smoking and Health. The wave 1 survey will be fielded in early 2014, upon OMB approval. Participants who complete the wave 1 survey will be surveyed again in a follow-up survey approximately three months later.

Subsequent follow-up surveys (3 for smokers, 2 for nonsmokers) will occur periodically after the initial wave 1 and wave 2 surveys to assess long-term, lasting impacts of The Campaign. One of the primary purposes of the subsequent follow-up surveys will be to track longer-term cigarette abstinence among smokers who initially report quitting as a result of The Campaign. This will be essential to properly estimating the impact of The Campaign on long-term successful quitting. Tracking of longer term abstinence will require assessment of use of different products over time. In addition, the three additional follow-up surveys may include additional survey items on other topics of interest to the CDC and its stakeholders, including more in-depth information on marketing exposure and use of cigars, noncombustible tobacco products, and other emerging trends in tobacco use including electronic delivery devices (e.g., e-cigarettes). It is important to evaluate The Campaign in a context that assesses the dynamic nature of tobacco product marketing and uptake of various tobacco products as these can impact the success of The Campaign in motivating long-term quitting. Therefore, it may be necessary in the future to make additional requests to OMB for changes in the planned follow-up instruments to re-balance the content

of the surveys to reflect these and other emerging trends in the tobacco product environment.

The sample for this study will originate from two sources: (1) A new online longitudinal cohort of smokers and nonsmokers, sampled randomly from postal mailing addresses in the U.S. using address based sampling (ABS) methods; and (2) the existing GfK KnowledgePanel, an established long-term online panel of U.S. adults. The new ABS-sourced longitudinal cohort will consist of smokers and nonsmokers who have not previously participated in any established online panels. This new cohort will be recruited by GfK, utilizing identical recruitment methods that are used in the recruitment of KnowledgePanel. The GfK KnowledgePanel will be used in combination with the new ABS-sourced cohort to support larger sample sizes that will allow for more in-depth subgroup analysis, which is a key objective of the CDC. All online surveys, regardless of sample source, will be conducted via the GfK KnowledgePanel Web portal for self-administered surveys.

Participation is voluntary and there are no costs to respondents other than their time.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondent	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hrs)	Total burden (in hrs)
General Population Adults, ages 18 and older in the U.S	Screening and Consent Process	13,074	1	5/60	1,090
	Smoker Wave 1 Survey	4,720	1	30/60	2,360
	Smoker Follow-Up Survey (Wave 2)	1,982	1	30/60	991
	Smoker Follow-Up Survey (Wave 3)	1,982	1	30/60	991
	Smoker Follow-Up Survey (Wave 4)	1,982	1	30/60	991
	Smoker Follow-Up Survey (Wave 5)	1,982	1	30/60	991
	Nonsmoker Wave 1 Survey	1,400	1	30/60	700
	Nonsmoker Follow-Up Survey (Wave 2).	442	1	30/60	221
	Nonsmoker Follow-Up Survey (Wave 3).	442	1	30/60	221
	Nonsmoker Follow-Up Survey (Wave 4).	442	1	30/60	221
Total	8,777

Leroy A. Richardson,

Chief, Information Collection Review Office,
Office of Scientific Integrity, Office of the
Associate Director for Science, Office of the
Director, Centers for Disease Control and
Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2013-27692 Filed 11-19-13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4163-18-P