Part III

Department of the Interior

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Parts 10 and 21
General Provisions; Revised List of Migratory Birds; Final Rule
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
Fish and Wildlife Service  

50 CFR Parts 10 and 21  

[Docet No. FWS–R9–MB–2010–0088,  
FF09M21200–134–FXMB1231099BPP0]  

RIN 1018–AX48  

General Provisions; Revised List of  
Migratory Birds  

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.  

ACTION: Final rule.  

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, revise the List of Migratory Birds by both adding and removing species. Reasons for the changes to the list include adding species based on new taxonomy and new evidence of occurrence in the United States or U.S. territories, removing species no longer known to occur within the United States, and changing names to conform to accepted use. The net increase of 19 species (23 added and 4 removed) brings the total number of species protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) to 1,026. We regulate most aspects of the taking, possession, transportation, sale, purchase, barter, exportation, and importation of migratory birds. An accurate and up-to-date list of species protected by the MBTA is essential for public notification and regulatory purposes.  

DATES: This rule is effective December 2, 2013.  

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George Allen at 703–358–1825.  

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:  

Background  

What statutory authority does the service have for this rulemaking?  


(1) Canada: Convention between the United States and Great Britain [on behalf of Canada] for the Protection of Migratory Birds, August 16, 1916, 39 Stat. 1702 (T.S. No. 912);  

(2) Mexico: Convention between the United States and Mexico for the Protection of Migratory Birds and Game Mammals, February 7, 1936, 50 Stat. 1311 (T.S. No. 912);  

(3) Japan: Convention between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Japan for the Protection of Migratory Birds and Birds in Danger of Extinction, and Their Environment, March 4, 1972, 25 U.S.T. 3329 (T.I.A.S. No. 7990); and  


What is the purpose of this rulemaking?  

Our purpose is to inform the public of the species protected by the MBTA and its implementing regulations. These regulations are found in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Parts 10, 20, and 21. We regulate most aspects of the taking, possession, transportation, sale, purchase, barter, exportation, and importation of migratory birds. An accurate and up-to-date list of species protected by the MBTA is essential for regulatory purposes.  

Why is this amendment of the list of migratory birds necessary?  

The amendment is needed to: (1) Add five species previously overlooked from a family protected under the MBTA; (2) correct the spelling of six species on the alphabetized list; (3) correct the spelling of three species on the taxonomic list; (4) add 11 species based on new distributional records documenting their natural occurrence in the United States since April 2007; (5) add one species from a family now protected under the MBTA as a result of taxonomic changes; (6) add six species newly recognized as a result of recent taxonomic changes; (7) remove four species not known to occur within the boundaries of the United States or its territories as a result of recent taxonomic changes; (8) change the common (English) names of nine species to conform with accepted use; and (9) change the names of 36 species to conform to accepted use.  

The List of Migratory Birds (50 CFR 10.13) was last revised on March 1, 2010 (75 FR 9282). These amendments were necessitated by three published supplements to the 7th (1998) edition of the American Ornithologists’ Union’s Check-list of North American birds (AOU 2008, AOU 2009, and AOU 2010).  

In addition, we correct the legal authorities citations at 50 CFR 10.13(a). We also make a small change to a definition in 50 CFR 21.3. We update the definition of “raptor” to also include the Order Accipitriformes, corresponding to recent taxonomic changes reflected in the List of Migratory Birds.  

What scientific authorities are used to amend the list of migratory birds?  

Although bird names (common and scientific) are relatively stable, staying current with standardized use is necessary to avoid confusion in communications. In making our determinations, we primarily relied on the American Ornithologists’ Union’s Check-list of North American birds (AOU 1998), as amended (AOU 1999, 2000, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, and 2010), on matters of taxonomy, nomenclature, and the sequence of species and other higher taxonomic categories (orders, families, subfamilies) for species that occur in North America. The AOU Checklist contains all bird species that have occurred in North America from the Arctic through Panama, including the West Indies and the Hawaiian Islands, and includes distributional information for each species, which specifies whether the species is known to occur in the United States. For the 39 species that occur outside the geographic area covered by the Check-list (28 that occur in the Pacific island territories and 11 listed in the Japanese and/or Russian conventions that have not occurred in the AOU area), we relied primarily on Clements (2007). Although we primarily rely on the above checklists, when information from taxonomic opinion is inconsistent or controversial, we evaluate available published and unpublished information and come to our own conclusion regarding the validity of taxa.  

What criteria are used to identify individual species protected by the MBTA?  

A species qualifies for protection under the MBTA by meeting one or more of the following four criteria:  

(1) It is covered by the Canadian Convention of 1916, as amended in 1996, by virtue of meeting the following three criteria: (a) It belongs to a family or group of species named in the Canadian Convention, as amended; (b) specimens, photographs, videotape recordings, or audiotape recordings provide convincing evidence of natural occurrence in the United States or its territories; and (c) the documentation of such records has been recognized by the AOU or other competent scientific authorities.  

(2) It is covered by the Mexican Convention of 1936, as amended in
1972, by virtue of meeting the following three criteria: (a) It belongs to a family or group of species named in the Mexican Convention, as amended; (b) specimens, photographs, videotape recordings, or audiotape recordings provide convincing evidence of natural occurrence in the United States or its territories; and (c) the documentation of such records has been recognized by the AOU or other competent scientific authorities.

(3) It is listed in the annex to the Japanese Convention of 1972, as amended.

(4) It is listed in the appendix to the Russian Convention of 1976.

In accordance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Reform Act of 2004 (MBTRA) (Pub. L. 108–447, 118 Stat. 2809, 3071–72), we include all species native to the United States or its territories, which are those that occur as a result of natural biological or ecological processes (see 70 FR 12710, March 15, 2005). We do not include nonnative species whose occurrences in the United States are solely the result of intentional or unintentional human-assisted introduction(s).

How do the changes affect the list of migratory birds?

Several taxonomic changes were made at the Order and Family level by the AOU since our 2010 publication of the list (75 FR 9282, March 1, 2010). These changes affect the inclusion and taxonomic order of species on this list. Specifically, the Orders Phaethontiformes and Suliformes were split from the Pelecaniformes family. Phaethontiformes now includes the Family Phaethontidae (tropicbirds); Suliformes now includes the Families Fregatidae (frigatebirds), Sulidae (boobys), Phalacrocoracidae (cormorants), and Anhingidae (anhingas). In addition, the Order Accipitriformes was split from the Falconiformes and now include the Families Cathartidae (vultures), Pandionidae (Osprey), and Accipitridae (hawks and eagles). At the Family level, the Ardeidae (herons and egrets) and Threskiornithidae (ibis and spoonbills) were moved from the Ciconiiformes to the Pelecaniformes Order, the Pandionidae (Osprey) was split from the Accipitridae (hawks and eagles), and the Stercorariidae (jaegers and skuas) was split from the Laridae (gulls, terns, and skimmers). The Polioptilidae (gnatcatchers), Phylloscopidae (Phylloscopus warblers), Acrocephalidae (Acrocephalus warblers), and Megaluridae (Locustella warblers) were split from the Sylviidae, and the Calcaridae (longspurs and snow buntings) was split from the Emberizidae (buntings and sparrows). The euphonias were put into their own Subfamily (Euphonini) and moved from the Thraupidae to the Fringillidae Family. All species within these newly created Families continue to be protected under the MBTA. In addition, the Wrentit was moved from the Timaliidae (babblers) to the Sylviidae and is now in a Family protected by the MBTA.

The amendments (23 additions, 4 removals, and 54 name changes) affect a grand total of 79 species and result in a net addition of 19 species to the List of Migratory Birds, increasing the species total from 1,007 to 1,026. Of the 23 species that we add to the list, 6 were previously covered under the MBTA as subspecies of listed species. These amendments can be logically arranged in the following 9 categories:

(1) Add five species from the family Muscicapidae, a family specifically listed in the 1996 protocol amending the 1916 convention with Canada. The omission of these species on the previous list was an oversight. All are considered accidental or casual in Alaska. The species and relevant AOU publication(s) are:

- Mugimaki Flycatcher, Ficedula mugimaki (AOU 1987, 1997, 1998);
- Asian Brown Flycatcher, Muscicapa dauurica (AOU 1987, 1989, 1998); and
- Spotted Flycatcher, Muscicapa striata (AOU 2004).

(2) Correct the spelling of six scientific names on the alphabetized list:

- Nesofregata fuliginosa (Polynesian Storm-Petrel), becomes Nesofregata fuliginosa;
- Thalasseus maximus (Royal Tern), becomes Thalasseus maximus;
- Thalasseus sandvicensis (Sandwich Tern), becomes Thalasseus sandvicensis;
- Vireo atricapillus (Black-capped Vireo), becomes Vireo atricapillus;
- Phylloscopus sibilatrix (Wood Warbler), becomes Phylloscopus sibilatrix;
- and Locustella lanceolata (Lanceolated Warbler), becomes Locustella lanceolata.

(3) Correct the spelling of three scientific names on the taxonomic list:

- Nesofregata fuliginosa (Polynesian Storm-Petrel), becomes Nesofregata fuliginosa;
- Vireo atricapillus (Black-capped Vireo), becomes Vireo atricapillus; and
- Tiaris olivaceus (Yellow-faced Grassquit), becomes Tiaris olivaceus.

(4) Add 11 species based on review and acceptance by AOU (since April 2007) of new distributional records documenting their occurrence in the United States, Puerto Rico, or the U.S. Virgin Islands. These species belong to families covered by the Canadian and/or Mexican Conventions, and all are considered to be of accidental or casual occurrence. For each species, we list the State in which it has been recorded plus the relevant publication:

- Parkinson’s Petrel, Procellaria parkinsoni—California (AOU 2008);
- Swinhoe’s Storm-Petrel, Oceanodroma monorhis—North Carolina (AOU 2010);
- Swallow-tailed Gull, Creagrus furcatus—California (AOU 2008);
- Brown Hawk-Owl, Ninox scutulata—Alaska (AOU 2009);
- White-crested Elaenia, Elaenia albiceps—Texas (AOU 2010);
- Crowned Slaty Flycatcher, Empidonax aurantiacus—Louisiana (AOU 2010);
- Sinaloa Wren, Thryothorus sinaloa—Arizona (AOU 2010);
- Pallis’s Leaf-Warbler, Phylloscopus proregulus—Alaska (AOU 2008);
- Sedge Warbler, Acrocephalus schoenobaenus—Alaska (AOU 2009);
- Rufous-tailed Robin, Luscinia sibilans—Alaska (AOU 2010); and

(5) Add one species because of recent taxonomic changes transferring a species in a family formerly not protected by the MBTA (Timaliidae) into a family protected under the MBTA (Sylviidae). We reference the AOU publication supporting the change:

- Wrentit, Chamaea fasciata (AOU 2010).

(6) Add six species because of recent taxonomic changes in which taxa formerly treated as subspecies have been determined to be distinct species. Given that each of these species was formerly treated as subspecies of a listed species, these additions will not change the protective status of any of these taxa, only the names by which they are known. In each case, we reference the AOU publication supporting the change:

- Eastern Spot-billed Duck, Anas zonorhyncha—formerly considered a subspecies of Anas poecilorhyncha, Spot-billed Duck (AOU 2008);
- Black Scoter, Melanitta americana—formerly treated as a subspecies of Melanitta nigra, Common [Black] Scoter (AOU 2009);
- Mexican Whip-poor-will, Caprimulgus arizonae—formerly treated as a subspecies of Caprimulgus vociferus, Whip-poor-will (AOU 2010);
- Pacific Wren, Troglodytes pacificus—formerly treated as a subspecies of
(7) Remove four species based on revised taxonomic treatments and distributional evidence confirming that their known geographic ranges lie entirely outside the political boundaries of the United States and its territories. In each case, we reference the AOU publication documenting the name change:

- **Larus philadelphia** (Bonaparte’s Gull) becomes **Chroicocephalus philadelphia** (AOU 2008); **Larus circrocephalus** (Gray-hooded Gull) becomes **Chroicocephalus circrocephalus** (AOU 2008); **Larus ridibundus** (Black-headed Gull) becomes **Chroicocephalus ridibundus** (AOU 2008); **Larus minutus** (Little Gull) becomes **Hydrocoloeus minutus** (AOU 2008); **Larus atricilla** (Laughing Gull) becomes **Leucophaeus atricilla** (AOU 2008); **Larus pipixcan** (Franklin’s Gull) becomes **Leucophaeus pipixcan** (AOU 2008); **Cyanocorax morio** (Brown Jay) becomes **Psilorhinus morio** (AOU 2010); **Poecile hudsonicus** (Gray-headed Chickadee) becomes **Poecile hudsonicus** (AOU 2009); **Poecile cincta** (Gray-headed Chickadee) becomes **Poecile cinctus** (AOU 2009); **Calcarius mexccinnii** (Mccown’s Longspur) becomes **Rhynchophanes mccinnii** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora pinus** (Blue-winged Warbler) becomes **Vermivora cyanoptera** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora peregrina** (Tennessee Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis peregrina** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora celata** (Orange-crowned Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis celata** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora ruficapilla** (Nashville Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis ruficapilla** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora virginiae** (Virginia’s Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis virginiae** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora crissalis** (Colima Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis crissalis** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora luciae** (Lucy’s Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis luciae** (AOU 2010); **Parula superciliosa** (Crested-chested Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis superciliosa** (AOU 2010).

(9) Revise the scientific names of 36 species to conform to the most recent nomenclatural treatment. These revisions do not change the protective status of any of these taxa, only the names by which they are known. In each case, we reference the AOU publication documenting the name change:

- **Larus philadelphia** (Bonaparte’s Gull) becomes **Chroicocephalus philadelphia** (AOU 2008); **Larus circrocephalus** (Gray-hooded Gull) becomes **Chroicocephalus circrocephalus** (AOU 2008); **Larus ridibundus** (Black-headed Gull) becomes **Chroicocephalus ridibundus** (AOU 2008); **Larus minutus** (Little Gull) becomes **Hydrocoloeus minutus** (AOU 2008); **Larus atricilla** (Laughing Gull) becomes **Leucophaeus atricilla** (AOU 2008); **Larus pipixcan** (Franklin’s Gull) becomes **Leucophaeus pipixcan** (AOU 2008); **Cyanocorax morio** (Brown Jay) becomes **Psilorhinus morio** (AOU 2010); **Poecile hudsonicus** (Gray-headed Chickadee) becomes **Poecile hudsonicus** (AOU 2009); **Poecile cincta** (Gray-headed Chickadee) becomes **Poecile cinctus** (AOU 2009); **Calcarius mexccinnii** (Mccown’s Longspur) becomes **Rhynchophanes mccinnii** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora pinus** (Blue-winged Warbler) becomes **Vermivora cyanoptera** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora peregrina** (Tennessee Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis peregrina** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora celata** (Orange-crowned Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis celata** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora ruficapilla** (Nashville Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis ruficapilla** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora virginiae** (Virginia’s Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis virginiae** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora crissalis** (Colima Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis crissalis** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora luciae** (Lucy’s Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis luciae** (AOU 2010); **Parula superciliosa** (Crested-chested Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis superciliosa** (AOU 2010).

These revisions do not change the protective status of any of these taxa, only the names by which they are known. In each case, we reference the AOU publication documenting the name change:

- **Larus philadelphia** (Bonaparte’s Gull) becomes **Chroicocephalus philadelphia** (AOU 2008); **Larus circrocephalus** (Gray-hooded Gull) becomes **Chroicocephalus circrocephalus** (AOU 2008); **Larus ridibundus** (Black-headed Gull) becomes **Chroicocephalus ridibundus** (AOU 2008); **Larus minutus** (Little Gull) becomes **Hydrocoloeus minutus** (AOU 2008); **Larus atricilla** (Laughing Gull) becomes **Leucophaeus atricilla** (AOU 2008); **Larus pipixcan** (Franklin’s Gull) becomes **Leucophaeus pipixcan** (AOU 2008); **Cyanocorax morio** (Brown Jay) becomes **Psilorhinus morio** (AOU 2010); **Poecile hudsonicus** (Gray-headed Chickadee) becomes **Poecile hudsonicus** (AOU 2009); **Poecile cincta** (Gray-headed Chickadee) becomes **Poecile cinctus** (AOU 2009); **Calcarius mexccinnii** (Mccown’s Longspur) becomes **Rhynchophanes mccinnii** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora pinus** (Blue-winged Warbler) becomes **Vermivora cyanoptera** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora peregrina** (Tennessee Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis peregrina** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora celata** (Orange-crowned Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis celata** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora ruficapilla** (Nashville Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis ruficapilla** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora virginiae** (Virginia’s Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis virginiae** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora crissalis** (Colima Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis crissalis** (AOU 2010); **Vermivora luciae** (Lucy’s Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis luciae** (AOU 2010); **Parula superciliosa** (Crested-chested Warbler) becomes **Oreothlypis superciliosa** (AOU 2010).

### Table: Species Removed or Added

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<td>Bonaparte’s Gull, <em>Larus philadelphia</em> (9)</td>
<td>Swinhoe’s Storm-Petrel, <em>Oceanodroma monorhis</em> (4)</td>
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<td>Royal Tern, <em>Thalasseus maximus</em> (2)</td>
<td>Little Gull, <em>Hydrocoloeus minutus</em> (9)</td>
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<td>Sandwich Tern, <em>Thalasseus sandvicensis</em> (2)</td>
<td>Laughing Gull, <em>Leucophaeus atricilla</em> (9)</td>
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<td>Black-capped Vireo, <em>Vireo atricapillus</em> (2, 3)</td>
<td>Mexican Whip-poor-will, <em>Caprimulgus vociferus</em> (8)</td>
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<td>Boreal Chickadee, <em>Poecile hudsonica</em> (9)</td>
<td>Green Violet-ear, <em>Colibri thalassinus</em> (8)</td>
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<td>Wood Warbler, <em>Phylloscopus sibilatrix</em> (2)</td>
<td>Black-capped Vireo, <em>Vireo atricapilla</em> (2, 3)</td>
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<td>McCown’s Longspur, <em>Calcarius maccownii</em> (9)</td>
<td>Blue-winged Warbler, <em>Vermivora cyanoptera</em> (9)</td>
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<td>Tennessee Warbler, <em>Vermivora peregrina</em> (9)</td>
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<td>Louisiana Waterthrush, <em>Parokesia motacilla</em> (9)</td>
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<td>Yellow-faced Grassquit, <em>Tiaris olivacea</em> (3)</td>
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<td>Abert’s Towhee, <em>Pipilo aberti</em> (9)</td>
<td>California Towhee, <em>Melanotis crissalis</em> (9)</td>
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<td>Bottor’s Sparrow, <em>Amphila botteri</em> (9)</td>
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<td>Common Redpoll, <em>Carduelis flammea</em> (9)</td>
<td>Puerto Rican Oriole, <em>Icterus portoricensis</em> (6)</td>
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<td>Hoary Redpoll, <em>Carduelis hornemanni</em> (9)</td>
<td>Common Redpoll, <em>Acantis flammea</em> (9)</td>
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<td>Eurasian Siskin, <em>Carduelis spinus</em> (9)</td>
<td>Hoary Redpoll, <em>Acantis hornemanni</em> (9)</td>
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<td>Eurasian Siskin, <em>Spinus spinus</em> (9)</td>
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<td>Lawrence’s Goldfinch, <em>Spinus lawrencei</em> (9)</td>
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<td>American Goldfinch, <em>Carduelis tristis</em> (9)</td>
<td>American Goldfinch, <em>Spinus tristis</em> (9)</td>
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<td>Oriental Greenfinch, <em>Carduelis sinica</em> (9)</td>
<td>Oriental Greenfinch, <em>Chloris sinica</em> (9)</td>
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How do the changes implemented here differ from those discussed in the proposed rule?

The scientific name of one species spelled erroneously in the proposed rule is corrected to conform to the AOU Check-list (1998) and supplements: Black-capped Vireo, Vireo atricapillus becomes Vireo atricapillus.

How is the list of migratory birds organized?

The species are listed in two formats to suit the needs of different segments of the public: alphabetically in 50 CFR 10.13(c)(1) and taxonomically in 50 CFR 10.13(c)(2). In the alphabetical listing, species are listed by common (English) group names, with the scientific name of each species following the English group name. This format, similar to that used in modern telephone directories, is most useful to members of the lay public. In the taxonomic listing, species are listed in phylogenetic sequence by scientific name, with the English name following the scientific name. To help clarify species relationships, we also list the higher-level taxonomic categories of Order, Family, and Subfamily. This format follows the sequence adopted by the AOU (1998, 2010) and is most useful to ornithologists and other scientists.

What species are not protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act?

The MBTA does not apply to:

(1) Nonnative species introduced into the United States or its territories by means of intentional or unintentional human assistance that belong to families or groups covered by the Canadian, Mexican, or Russian Conventions, in accordance with the MBTRA. See 70 FR 12710 (March 15, 2005) for a partial list of nonnative, human-introduced bird species in this category. Note, though, that native species that are introduced into parts of the United States where they are not native are still protected under the MBTA regardless of where they occur in the United States or its territories.

(2) Nonnative, human-introduced species that belong to families or groups not covered by the Canadian, Mexican, or Russian Conventions, including Tinamidae (tinamous), Cracidae (chachalacas), Megapodiidae (megapodes), Phasianidae (grouse, ptarmigan, and turkeys), Turnicidae (buttonquails), Odontophoridae (New World quail), Pteroclididae (sandgrouse), Psittacidae (parrots), Dicruridae (drongos), Rhamphastidae (toucans), Musophagidae (turacos), Bucerotidae (hornbills), Bucorvidae (ground-hornbills), Pycnonotidae (bulbuls), Pittidae (pitits), Irenidae (fair-bluebirds), Timaliidae (babblers), Zosteropidae (white-eyes), Sturnidae (starlings; except as listed in the Japanese Convention), Passeridae (Old World sparrows), Ploceidae (weavers), Estrildidae (estridid finches), and numerous other families not currently represented in the United States or its territories.

(3) Native species that belong to families or groups represented in the United States, but which are not expressly mentioned by the Canadian, Mexican, or Russian Conventions, including the Megapodiidae (megapodes), Phasianidae (grouse, ptarmigan, and turkeys), Odontophoridae (New World quail), Burhinidae (thick-knees), Glareolidae (pratincoles), Psittacidae (parrots), Todidae (todies), Meliphagidae (honeyeaters), Monarchidae (monarch flycatchers [elepaio]), Zosteropidae (white-eyes), and Coerebidae (banaanquit). It should be noted that this rule supersedes the 70 FR 12710 notice to the extent that they are inconsistent. Specifically, the 1996 amendment to the Canadian Convention included the family Muscicapidae (Old World flycatchers). Thus, all members of the Muscicapidae family are now included on this list. In addition, the Wrentit is now considered a member of the Sylviidae family rather than the Timaliidae family and is now included on this list.

Partial lists of the species included in categories 2 and 3 are available at http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/RegulationsPolicies/mbta/MBTAProtectedNonprotected.html.

Responses to Public Comments

On April 26, 2011, we published in the Federal Register (76 FR 23428) a proposed rule to revise the list of migratory birds at 50 CFR 10.13. We solicited public comments on the proposed rule for 90 days, ending on July 25, 2011.

We received 7 comments in response to the proposed rule: 5 were from agencies, and 2 were from private individuals. The following text discusses the substantive comments we received and provides our responses to them.

Comment: One individual indicated that Brown Hawk-Owl, and the 10 other species we proposed to add based on new distributional records (Category 4), should not be added because they are either extremely rare vagrants or were moved by humans. The commenter further pointed out that the MBTA loses biological and ecological credibility when species are added that do not naturally occur in the United States or its territories, and pointed to the Eurasian Kestrel as one example.

Response: In 2004, the Migratory Bird Treaty Reform Act (MBTRA; Pub. L. 108–447) amended the MBTA. While the primary purpose of the MBTRA was to eliminate protection for introduced species, it also defined native species as those "occurring in the United States or its territories as a result of natural biological or ecological processes." Vagrancy is a natural biological process, so these species are protected under the MBTA.

There is credible evidence to support our contention that these species have occurred in the United States as natural vagrants unhindered by human intervention. The AOU and other bird record committees take human intervention into account whenever they evaluate such records. Several of these species, including the Brown Hawk-Owl, have occurred in some of the remotest parts of Alaska, and are most unlikely to have been moved there by humans. Furthermore, multiple records of Eurasian Kestrel have been accepted from Western Alaska, and at scattered locations across North America, by the AOU and other competent scientific authorities.

Comment: The Arkansas Game and Fish Commission urged the Service to carefully consider the implications to State regulations when making recommendations, and ensure that they do not occur so frequently as to become burdensome. Specifically, they point out that the split of the order Accipitriformes from the Falconiformes will necessitate a change in State falconry regulations.

Response: The Service appreciates the State’s concern regarding changes to Federal regulations that affect States, and we make a concerted effort to work closely with the States through the Flyway Councils. To comply with the intent of the migratory bird treaties and the MBTA, we are obligated to update the list at intervals. However, the List of Migratory Birds has been updated only twice since 1985, which is not frequently enough to stay current with changes in bird taxonomy. Consequently, we intend to update this list on a 5-year cycle to coincide with updates to the Birds of Conservation Concern, thus balancing the frequency of updates with the frequency of changes in bird taxonomy. In this update, taxonomic changes at the Order level did not change which species are protected under the MBTA, as the species within those families were previously protected. Furthermore, this is the first change we have made to the
Falconiformes since the families within that Order were first protected in 1972.  
Comment: The Indiana Division of Fish and Wildlife (IDFW) was pleased that the Service intends to continue to treat cackling geese as Canada geese, pointing out that hunting management of white-cheeked geese could become more difficult if they were split. The IDFW also pointed out that the Mississippi Flyway Council is trying to simplify hunting regulations for Canada geese, and splitting them into two species for management purposes could cause progress toward simplification to stall.  
Response: The Service recognizes the management concerns referred to by the commenter. While we appreciate the complexities of white-cheeked goose management, our decision to continue to include the Cackling Goose within the listing for Canada Goose is based on lingering uncertainty regarding their taxonomic relationship. Work is currently being conducted in Alaska and northern Canada to resolve that uncertainty. We will consider new information when it is available, at which time we may reconsider our decision. In any case, regardless of name, goose subspecies identified as Cackling Goose by the AOU are currently protected under the MBTA as Canada Goose.

**Required Determinations**

*Regulatory Flexibility Act (Executive Order 12866)*

Executive Order (EO) 12866 provides that the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs (OIRA) in the Office of Management and Budget will review all significant rules. OIRA has determined that this rule is not significant.

EO 13563 reaffirms the principles of EO 12866, while calling for improvements in the nation’s regulatory system to promote predictability, to reduce uncertainty, and to use the best, most innovative, and least burdensome tools for achieving regulatory ends. EO 13563 directs agencies to consider regulatory approaches that reduce burdens and maintain flexibility and freedom of choice for the public where these approaches are relevant, feasible, and consistent with regulatory objectives.

EO 13563 emphasizes further that regulations must be based on the best available science and that the rulemaking process must allow for public participation and an open exchange of ideas. We have developed this rule in a manner consistent with these requirements.

*Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.)*

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq., as amended by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act (SBREFA) of 1996 (Pub. L. 104–121)), whenever an agency is required to publish a notice of rulemaking for any proposed or final rule, it must prepare and make available for public comment a regulatory flexibility analysis that describes the effect of the rule on small entities (i.e., small businesses, small organizations, and small government jurisdictions). However, no regulatory flexibility analysis is required if the head of an agency certifies the rule does not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. SBREFA amended the Regulatory Flexibility Act to require Federal agencies to provide the statement of the factual basis for certifying that a rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. We have examined this rule’s potential effects on small entities as required by the Regulatory Flexibility Act, and have determined that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities, because we are simply updating the list of migratory bird species protected under the Conventions. Consequently, we certify that because this rule does not have a significant economic effect on a substantial number of small entities, a regulatory flexibility analysis is not required.

This rule is not a major rule under SBREFA (5 U.S.C. 804(2)). It does not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities.

a. This rule does not have an annual effect on the economy of $100 million or more.

b. This rule does not cause a major increase in costs or prices for consumers, individual industries, Federal, State, or local government agencies, or geographic regions.

c. This rule does not have significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or the ability of U.S.-based enterprises to compete with foreign-based enterprises.

*Unfunded Mandates Reform Act*

In accordance with the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (2 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.), we have determined the following:

a. This rule does not “significantly or uniquely” affect small governments. A small government agency plan is not required. Actions under the regulation do not affect small government activities in any significant way.

b. This rule does not produce a Federal mandate of $100 million or greater in any year; i.e., it is not a “significant regulatory action” under the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.

*Takings*

In accordance with Executive Order 12630, the rule does not have significant takings implications. This rule does not contain a provision for taking of private property. Therefore, a takings implication assessment is not required.

*Federalism*

This rule does not have sufficient Federalism effects to warrant preparation of a Federalism summary impact statement under Executive Order 13132. It does not interfere with the States’ ability to manage themselves or their funds. No significant economic impacts are expected to result from the updating of the list of migratory bird species.

*Civil Justice Reform*

In accordance with Executive Order 12988, the Office of the Solicitor has determined that the rule does not unduly burden the judicial system and meets the requirements of sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of the Order.

*Paperwork Reduction Act*

We examined this rule under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.). There are no new information collection requirements associated with this rule. We do not require any new permits, reports, or recordkeeping in this rule.

*National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)*

Given that the revision of 50 CFR 10.13 is strictly administrative in nature and will have no or minor environmental effects, it is categorically excluded from further NEPA requirements (43 CFR 46.210(i)).

*Endangered Species Act (ESA)*

Seventy-four of the species on the List of Migratory Birds are also designated as endangered or threatened in all or some portion of their U.S. range under provisions of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531–44; 50 CFR 17.11). No legal complications arise from the dual listing as the two lists are developed under separate authorities and for different purposes. Because the rule is strictly administrative in nature, it has no effect on threatened or endangered species. It does not require ESA consultation.
Government-to-Government Relationship With Tribes

In accordance with the President’s memorandum of April 29, 1994, “Government-to-Government Relations with Native American Tribal Governments” (59 FR 22951, Executive Order 13175, and 512 DM 2, we have evaluated potential effects on federally recognized Indian tribes and have determined that there are no potential effects. The revisions to existing regulations in this rule are purely administrative in nature and do not interfere with the tribes’ ability to manage themselves or their funds or to regulate migratory bird activities on tribal lands.

Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use (Executive Order 13211)

On May 18, 2001, the President issued Executive Order 13211 addressing regulations that significantly affect energy supply, distribution, and use. Executive Order 13211 requires agencies to prepare Statements of Energy Effects when undertaking certain actions. Because this rule only affects the listing of protected species in the United States, it is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866, and does not significantly affect energy supplies, distribution, or use. Therefore, this action is not a significant energy action and no Statement of Energy Effects is required.

References Cited

A complete list of all references cited is available upon request (see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT above).

List of Subjects

50 CFR Part 10

Exports, Fish, Imports, Law enforcement, Plants, Transportation, Wildlife.

50 CFR Part 21

Exports, Hunting, Imports, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Transportation, Wildlife.

Regulation Promulgation

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, we amend title 50, chapter I, subchapter B, parts 10 and 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as follows:

PART 10—[AMENDED]

§ 10.13 List of Migratory Birds.

(a) Legal authority for this list. The legal authorities for this list are the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA; 16 U.S.C. 703–712), the Fish and Wildlife Improvement Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 742l), and the Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956 (16 U.S.C. 742a–742j). The MBTA implements Conventions between the United States and four neighboring countries for the protection of migratory birds, as follows:


(b) Purpose of this list. The purpose is to inform the public of the species protected by regulations that enforce the terms of the MBTA. These regulations, found in parts 10, 20, and 21 of this chapter, cover most aspects of the taking, possession, transportation, sale, purchase, barter, exportation, and importation of migratory birds.

What species are protected as migratory birds? Species protected as migratory birds are listed in two formats to suit the varying needs of the user: Alphabetically in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, and taxonomically in paragraph (c)(2) of this section. Taxonomy and nomenclature generally follow the 7th edition of the American Ornithologists’ Union’s Check-list of North American birds (1998, as amended through 2010). For species not treated by the AOU Check-list, we generally follow The Clements Checklist of Birds of the World (Clements 2007).

(1) Alphabetical listing. Species are listed alphabetically by common (English) group names, with the scientific name of each species following the common name. ACCENTOR, Siberian, Prunella montifer a

AKEKE, Loxops caeruleirostris

AKEPA, Loxops coccineus

AKIALOA, Greater, Hemignathus ellisisianus

AKIAPOLAUA, Hemignathus munroi

AKIKIKI, Oreomystis bairdi

AKOHEKOHE, Palmeria dolei

ALAAHIO, Maui, Paroreomyza montana

Oahu, Paroreomyza maculata

ALBATROSS, Black-browed, Thalassarche melanophris

Black-footed, Phoebastria nigripes

Laysan, Phoebastria immutabilis

Light-mantled, Phoebetria palpebrata

Short-tailed, Phoebastria albatrus

Shy, Thalassarche cauta

Wandering, Diomedea exulans

Yellow-nosed, Thalassarche chlororhynchos

AMAKHI, Hawaii, Hemignathus virens

Kauai, Hemignathus kauaiensis

Oahu, Hemignathus flavus

ANHINGA, Anhinga anhinga

ANI, Groove-billed, Crotaphaga sulcirostris

Smooth-billed, Crotaphaga ani

ANIANIAU, Magumma parva

APAPANE, Himatione sanguinea

AUKLET, Cassin’s, Ptychoramphus aleuticus

Crested, Aethia cristatella

Least, Aethia pusilla

Parakeet, Aethia psittacula

Rhinoceros, Cerorhinca monocerata

Whiskered, Aethia pygmaea

AVOCET, American, Recurvirostra americana

BEAN-GOOSE, Taiga, Anser fabalis

Tundra, Anser serrostrius

BEARDLESS–TYRANNULET, Northern, Camptostoma imberbe

BECARD, Rose-throated, Pachyramphus aglaiae

BITTERN, American, Botaurus lentiginosus

Black, Ixobrychus flavicollis

Least, Ixobrychus exilis

Schreink’s, Ixobrychus euryrhynus

Yellow, Ixobrychus sinensis

BLACK–HAWK, Common, Butteogallus anthracinus

BLACKBIRD, Brewer’s, Euphagus cyanocephalus

Red-winged, Agelaius phoeniceus

Rusty, Euphagus carolinus

Tawny-shouldered, Agelaius humeralis

Tricolored, Agelaius tricolor

Yellow-headed, Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus

Yellow-shouldered, Agelaius xanthomus

BLUEBIRD, Easter, Sialia sialis

Mountain, Sialia currucoides

Western, Sialia mexicana

BLUETAIL, Red-flanked, Tarsiger cyanurus

BLUETHROAT, Luscinia svecica

BOBOLINK, Dolichonyx oryzivorus
COWBIRD, Bronzed, Molothrus aeneus
Brown-headed, Molothrus ater
Shiny, Molothrus bonariensis

CRANE, Corn, Crex crex
Paint-billed, Neocrex erythrops
Spotless, Porzana tabuenensis
Yellow-breasted, Porzana flaviventris

CRANE, Common, Grus grus
Sandhill, Grus canadensis
Whooping, Grus americana

CREEPER, Brown, Certhia americana
Hawaii, Oreamnys mana

CROSSBILL, Red, Loxia curvirostra
White-winged, Loxia leucoptera

CROW, American, Corvus brachyrhynchos
Fish, Corvus ossifragus
Hawaiian, Corvus hawaiiensis
Mariana, Corvus kubaryi
Northwestern, Corvus caurinus
Tamaulipas, Corvus imparatus
White-necked, Corvus leucognaphalus

CUCKOO, Black-billed, Cucocyx erythropthalmus
Common, Cuculus canorus
Montevideo, Cuculus minor
Oriental, Cuculus opatus
Yellow-billed, Coccycx americana

CURLEW, Bristle-thighed, Numenius tahitienis
 Eskimo, Numenius borealis
Eurasian, Numenius arquata
Far Eastern, Numenius madagascariensis

Little, Numenius minutus
Long-billed, Numenius americanus

DICKCISSEL, Spiza americana
DIPPER, American, Cinclus mexicanus
DOTTEREL, Eurasian, Charadrius morinellus

DOVE, Ine, Columbina inca
Mourning, Zenaida macroura
White-tipped, Leptotila verreauxi
White-winged, Zenaida asiatica
Zeniada, Zenaida aurita

DOVEKIE, Alle alle

DOWITCHER, Long-billed, Limnodromus scolopaceus
Short-billed, Limnodromus griseus

DUCK, American Black, Anas rubripes
Eastern Spot-billed, Anas zonorhyncha

Far Eastern, Anas falcata
Harlequin, Histrionicus histrionicus

Hawaiian, Anas wyvilliana
Laysan, Anas laysanensis
Long-tailed, Clangula hyemalis
Masked, Nomonyx dominicus
Mottled, Anas fulvigula
Muscovy, Cairina moschata
Pacific Black, Anas superciliosa
Ring-necked, Aythya collaris
Ruddy, Oxyura jamaicensis
Tufted, Aythya fuligula
Wood, Aix sponsa

DUNLIN, Calidris alpina
EAGLE, Bald, Haliaeetus leucocephalus
Golden, Aquila chrysaetos

White-tailed, Haliaeetus albicilla

EGRET, Cattle, Bubulcus ibis
Chinese, Egretta eulophotes
Great, Ardea alba
Intermediate, Mesophoyx intermedia
Little, Egretta garzetta

Reddish, Egretta rufescens
Snowy, Egretta thula

EIDER, Common, Somateria mollissima
King, Somateria spectabilis
Spectacled, Somateria fischeri
Steller’s, Polysticta stelleri

ELAENIA, Caribbean, Elaenia martinica
Greenish, Myiopagis viridicata
White-crested, Elaenia albiceps

EMERALD, Puerto Rican, Chlorostilbon maugaeus

EUPHONIA, Antillean, Euphonia musica

FALCON, Amblod, Falco femoralis
Peregrine, Falco peregrinus

Prairie, Falco mexicanus

Red-footed, Falco vespertinus

FIELDFARE, Turdus pilaris

FINCH, Cassin’s, Carpodacus cassinii
House, Carpodacus mexicanus

Laysan, Telespiza cantans

Nioha, Telespiza ultima

Purple, Carpodacus purpureus

FLAMINGO, American, Phoenicopterus ruber

FLICKER, Gilded, Colaptes chrysoides
Northern, Colaptes auratus

FLYCATCHER, Acadian, Empidonax virescens

Alder, Empidonax alnorum

Ash-throated, Myiarchus cinerascens

Asian Brown, Muscicapa dauurica

Brown-crested, Myiarchus tyrannulus

Buff-breasted, Empidonax fulvifrons

Cordilleran, Empidonax occidentalis

Crowned Slaty, Empidonon auss taurinotrichrastus

Dark-sided, Muscicapa sibirica

Dusky, Empidonax oberholseri

Dusky-capped, Myiarchus tuberculifera

Fork-tailed, Tyrannus savana

Gray, Empidonax wrightii

Gray-streaked, Muscicapa griseisticta

Great Crested, Myiarchus crinitus

Hammond’s, Empidonax hammondii
La Sagra’s, Myiarchus sagrae

Least, Empidonax minimus

Mugimaki, Ficedula mugiromi

Narcissus, Ficedula narcissina

Notting’s, Myiarchus nottingi

Olive-sided, Contopus cooperi

Pacific-slope, Empidonax difficilis

Piratic, Legatus leucophalus

Puerto Rican, Myiarchus antillarum

Scissor-tailed, Tyrannus forficatus

Social, Myiozetetes similis

Spotted, Muscicapa striata

Sulphur-bellied, Myiodynastes luteiventris

Taiga, Ficedula albicilla

Tufted, Myiarchus melanocephalus

Variegated, Empidonon sum varius

Vermilion, Pyrocephalus rubinus
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<td>Agelaius phoeniceus</td>
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<tr>
<td>Northern Cardinal</td>
<td>Cardinalis cardinalis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Robin</td>
<td>Turdus migratorius</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northern Oriole</td>
<td>Icterus galbula</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barn Swallow</td>
<td>Hirundo rustica</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boat-tailed Grackle</td>
<td>Quiscalus major</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>House Wren</td>
<td>Troglodytes aedon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow-rumped Warbler</td>
<td>Setophaga coronata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black-capped Chickadee</td>
<td>Parus atricapillus</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| American Dipper | C...
Thick-billed, *Tyrrhannus** *crassirostris*

Tropical, *Tyrrhannus** *melancholicus*

Western, *Tyrrhannus** *verticalis*

**KINGFISHER**, Belted, *Megaceryle** *alcyon*

Collared, *Todiramphus** *chloris*

Green, *Chloroceryle** *americana*

Micronesian, *Todiramphus** *cinnamominus*

Ringed, *Megaceryle** *torquata*

**KINGLET**, Golden-crowned, *Regulus** *satrapa*

Ruby-crowned, *Regulus** *calendula*

**KISKADEE**, Great, *Pitangus** *sulphuratus*

**KITE**, Black, *Milvus** *migrans*

Hook-billed, *Chondrohierax** *uncinatus*

Mississippi, *Ictinia** *mississippiensis*

Snail, *Rostrhamus** *sociabilis*

Swallow-tailed, *Elandioes** *vulpinus*

White-tailed, *Elandioes** *leucurus*

**KITTiwake**, Black-legged, *Rissa** *tridactyla*

Red-legged, *Rissa** *brevirostris*

**KNOT**, Great, *Anthracothorax** *viridis*

**MALLARD**, *Pica** *nuttalli*

**MAGPIE**, Black-billed, *Pica** *hudsonia*

**LONGSPUR**, Chestnut-collared, *Calcarius** *pictus*

**LIZARD-CUCKOO**, Puerto Rican, *Chordeiles** *gundlachii*

**LIMPKIN**, *Ajaia** *javanica*

**LARK**, Horned, *Eremophila** *alpestris*

Sky, *Alauda** *arvensis*

**LEAF-WARBLER**, Pallas’s, *Phylloscopus** *proregulus*

**LIMPKIN**, *Aramus** *guarauna*

**LIZARD-CUCKOO**, Puerto Rican, *Coccyzus** *victorialis*

**LONGSPUR**, Chestnut-collared, *Calcarius** *ornatus*

Lapland, *Calcarius** *lapponicus*

McCown’s, *Rhynchophanes** *mccownii*

Smith’s, *Calcarius** *pygmaeus*

**LOON**, Arctic, *Gavia** *arctica*

Common, *Gavia** *immer*

Pacific, *Gavia** *pacifica*

Red-throated, *Gavia** *stellata*

Yellow-billed, *Gavia** *adamsii*

**MAGPIE**, Black-billed, *Pica** *hudsonia*

Yellow-billed, *Pica** *nuttalli*

**MALLARD**, *Anas** *platyrrhynchos*

**MANGO**, Antillean, *Anthracothorax** *dominicus*

Green, *Anthracothorax** *viridis*

Green-breasted, *Anthracothorax** *prevosti*

**MARTIN**, Brown-chested, *Progne** *tapera*

Caribbean, *Progne** *dominicensis*

Cuban, *Progne** *cryptoleuca*

Gray-breasted, *Progne** *chalybea*

Purple, *Progne** *subis*

Southern, *Progne** *elegans*

**MEADOWLARK**, Eastern, *Sturnella** *magna*

Western, *Sturnella** *neglecta*

**MERSGASER**, Common, *Mergus** *mersgaser*

Hooded, *Lophodytes** *cucullatus*

Red-breasted, *Mergus** *serrator*

**MERLIN**, Falco *columbinus*

**MILLET**, Orange-breasted, *Euphagus** *fabalis*

**MOCKINGBIRD**, Bahama, *Mimus** *gundlachii*

Blue, *Melanotis** *caerulescens*

Northern, *Mimus** *polyglottos*

**MOORHEN**, Common, *Gallinula** *chloropus*

**MURRE**, Common, *Uria** *algea*

Thick-billed, *Uria** *ioniaia*

**MURRELET**, Ancient, *Synthliboramphus** *antiquus*

Craveri’s, *Synthliboramphus** *craveri*

Kittlitz’s, *Brachyramphus** *brevirostris*

Long-billed, *Brachyramphus** *perdix*

Marbled, *Brachyramphus** *marcoratus*

Xantus’s, *Synthliboramphus** *wyczeki*

**NEEDLETAIL**, White-throated, *Hirundapus** *caudacatus*

**NIGHT-HERON**, Black-crowned, *Nycticorax** *nycticorax*

Japanese, *Gorsachius** *goisagi*

Malayan, *Gorsachius** *melanoplos*

Yellow-crowned, *Nyctanassa** *violentea*

**NIGHTHAWK**, Antillean, *Chordeiles** *gundlachii*

Common, *Chordeiles** *minor*

Lesser, *Chordeiles** *acutipennis*

**NIGHTINGALE-THRUSH**, Black-collared, *Turdus** *alectornis*

**NIGHT-HERON**, Black-crowned, *Nycticorax** *nycticorax*

Common, *Chordeiles** *minor*

Lesser, *Chordeiles** *acutipennis*

**NEEDLETAIL**, White-throated, *Hirundapus** *caudacatus*

**NIGHTJAR**, Buff-collared, *Caprimulgus** *ridgwayi*

Gray, *Caprimulgus** *indicus*

Puerto Rican, *Caprimulgus** *nocituberus*

**NODDY**, Black, *Anous** *minutus*

Blue-gray, *Procelsterna** *cerulea*

Brown, *Anous** *stolidus*

**NOKUPUU**, *Hemignathus** *lucidus*

**NUTCRACKER**, Clark’s, *Nucifraga** *columbiana*

**NUTHATCH**, Brown-headed, *Sitta** *pusilla*

Pygmy, *Sitta** *pygmaea*

Red-breasted, *Sitta** *canadensis*

White-breasted, *Sitta** *carolinensis*

**OLOMAO**, *Myiastes** *laniaensis*

**OMAO**, *Myiastes** *obscurus*

**ORIOLE**, Altamira, *Icterus** *gularis*

Audubon’s, *Icterus** *graduacauda*

Baltimore, *Icterus** *galbula*

Black-vented, *Icterus** *wagleri*

Bullock’s, *Icterus** *bullockii*

Hooded, *Icterus** *cucullatus*

Orchard, *Icterus** *spurius*

Puerto Rican, *Icterus** *portoricensis*

Scott’s, *Icterus** *parisorum*

Streak-backed, *Icterus** *pustulatus*

**OSPREY**, Pandion *haliaetus*

**OU**, *Psittirostra** *psittacea*

**OVENBIRD**, *Seiurus** *aurocappella*

**OWL**, Barn, *Tyto** *alba*

Barred, *Strix** *varia*

Boreal, *Aegolius** *funereus*

Burrowing, *Athene** *cunicularia*

Elk, *Micrathene** *whitneyi*

Flammulated, *Otus** *flameolus*

Great, *Strix** *nivalis*

Great Horned, *Bubo** *virginianus*

Long-eared, *Asio** *otus*

Mottled, *Grytviken** *chalybea*

Northern Hawk, *Surnia** *ulula*

Northern Saw-whet, *Aegolius** *acinus*

Short-eared, *Asio** *flammeus*

Snowy, *Bubo** *bubo*

**OXYSCAPA**, Black-collared, *Lauda** *arvensis*

European, *Lauda** *arvensis*

**PAULA**, Northern, *Parula** *americana*

Tropical, *Parula** *pitiayumi*

**PAURAQUE**, Common, *Nyctidromus** *albicollis*

**PELICAN**, American White, *Pelecanus** *erythrorhynchus*

Brown, *Pelecanus** *occidentalis*

**PETREL**, Bermuda, *Pterodroma** *cahoua*

Black-capped, *Pterodroma** *hastata*

Black-winged, *Pterodroma** *nigripennis*

Bonin, *Pterodroma** *hypooleucus*

Bulwer’s, *Bulweria** *bulwerii*

Cook’s, *Pterodroma** *cookii*

Gould’s, *Pterodroma** *leucoptera*

Great-winged, *Pterodroma** *macroptera*

Hawaiian, *Pterodroma** *sandwichensis*

Herald, *Pterodroma** *arminjoniana*

Jouanin’s, *Bulweria** *jouani*

Juan Fernandez, *Pterodroma** *externa*

Kermade, *Pterodroma** *neglecta*

Mottled, *Pterodroma** *inexpectata*

Murphy’s, *Pterodroma** *ulima*

Parker’s, *Procellaria** *parkeri*

Phoenix, *Pterodroma** *alba*

Stejneger’s, *Pterodroma** *longirostris*

Tahiti, *Pterodroma** *rostrata*

White-necked, *Pterodroma** *cervicalis*

**PEWEE**, Cuban, *Contopus** *caribaeus*

Greater, *Contopus** *pertinax*

Hispaniolan, *Contopus** *hispaniolensis*

Lesser Antillean, *Contopus** *latirostris*

**PHAINOPELA**, *Phainopepla** *nitsens*

**PHALAROPE**, Red, *Phalaropus** *albigularis*

**PIGEON**, Band-tailed, *Patagioenas** *fasciata*

Plain, *Patagioenas** *inornata*

Red-billed, *Patagioenas** *flavirostris*

Scaly-naped, *Patagioenas** *squamosa*

White-crowned, *Patagioenas** *leucocephala*

**PINTAIL**, Northern, *Anas** *baahmensis*

**PIPET**, American, *Anthus** *rubescens*

Olive-backed, *Anthus** *hodgsonii*

Pechora, *Anthus** *gustavi*
Red-throated, Anthus cervinus
Sprague’s, Anthus spragueii
Tree, Anthus trivialis
PLOVER, Black-bellied, Pluvialis squatarola
Collared, Charadrius collaris
Common Ringed, Charadrius hiaticula
Little Ringed, Charadrius dubius
Mountain, Charadrius montanus
Piping, Charadrius melodus
Semipalmated, Charadrius semipalmatus
Snowy, Charadrius alexandrinus
Wilson’s, Charadrius wilsonia
POCHARD, Baer’s, Aythya baeri
Common, Aythya ferina
POND–HERON, Chinese, Ardea bacchus
POORWILL, Common, Phalaenoptilus nuttallii
POO–ULI, Melamprosops phaeosoma
PUAIOHI, Myiadestes palmeri
PUFFIN, Atlantic, Fratercula arctica
Horned, Fratercula corniculata
Tufted, Fratercula cirrhata
PYGMY–OWL, Ferruginous, Glaucidium gnoma
Northern, Glaucidium gnoma
PYRRHULOXIA, Cardinalis sinuatus
QUAIL–DOVE, Bridled, Geotrygon mystacea
Key West, Geotrygon chryisia
Ruddy, Geotrygon montana
QUETZEL, Eared, Euptilotis neoxenus
RAIL, Black, Laterallus jamaicensis
Buff-banded, Gallirallus philippensis
Clapper, Rallus longirostris
Guam, Rallarius owstoni
King, Rallus elegans
Spotted, Pardirallus maculatus
Virginia, Rallus limicola
Yellow, Coturnix japonica
RAVEN, Chihuahuan, Corvus cryptoleucus
Common, Corvus corax
RAZORBILL, Alca torda
REDHEAD, Aythya americana
REDPOLL, Common, Acanthis flammea
Hoary, Acanthis hornemanni
REDSHANK, Spotted, Tringa erythropus
REDSTART, American, Setophaga ruticilla
Painted, Myioborus pictus
Salt-throated, Myioborus minimus
REED–WARBLER, Nightingale, Acrocephalus luscinia
REEF–EGRET, Pacific, Egretta sacra
REEF–HERON, Western, Egretta gularis
ROADRUNNER, Greater, Geococcyx californianus
ROBIN, American, Turdus migratorius
Rufous-backed, Turdus rufipalliatus
Rufous-tailed, Luscinia sibilans
Siberian Blue, Luscinia cyane
ROCK–THRUSH, Blue, Monticola solitarius
ROSEFINCH, Common, Carpodacus erythrinus
ROSY–FINCH, Black, Leucosticte atrata
Brown-capped, Leucosticte australis
Gray-crowned, Leucosticte tephrocotis
RUBYTHROAT, Siberian, Luscinia calliope
RUFF, Philomachus pugnax
SANDPIPER, Baird’s, Calidris alba
Broad-billed, Limicola falcinellus
Buff-breasted, Tryngites subruficollis
Common, Actitis hypoleucos
Curlew, Calidris ferruginea
Green, Tringa ochropus
Least, Calidris minutilla
Marsh, Tringa stagnatilis
Pectoral, Calidris melanotos
Purple, Calidris maritima
Rock, Calidris ptilocnemis
Semipalmated, Calidris pusilla
Sharp-tailed, Calidris acuminata
Solitary, Tringa solitaria
Spoon-billed, Euryrhynchus pygmeus
Spotted, Actitis macularius
Stilt, Calidris himantopus
Terek, Xenus cinereus
Upland, Calidris alpina
Western, Calidris mauri
White-rumped, Calidris fuscicollis
Wood, Tringa glareola
SAND–PLOVER, Greater, Charadrius leschenaultii
Lesser, Charadrius mongolus
SAPSUCKER, Red-breasted, Sphyрюicus ruber
Red-naped, Sphyрюicus nuchalis
Williamson’s, Sphyрюicus thyroides
Yellow-bellied, Sphyрюicus varius
SCAUP, Greater, Aythya marila
Lesser, Aythya affinis
SCOPS–OWL, Oriental, Otus sunia
SCOTER, Black, Melanitta americana
Surf, Melanitta perspicillata
White-winged, Melanitta fusca
SCREEW–OWL, Eastern, Megascops asio
Puerto Rican, Megascops nuchalis
Western, Megascops kennicottii
Whiskered, Megascops trichopsis
SCRUB–JAY, Florida, Aphelocoma coerulescens
Island, Aphelocoma insularis
Western, Aphelocoma californica
SEA–EAGLE, Fish-eater’s, Haliaeetus pelagicus
SEEDEATER, White–collared, Sporophila torqulea
SHEARWATER, Audubon’s, Puffinus ierminieri
Black–vented, Puffinus opisthomelas
Buller’s, Puffinus bulleri
Cape Verde, Calonectris edwardsii
Christmas, Puffinus nativitatis
Cory’s, Calonectris diomedea
Flesh–footed, Puffinus carneipes
Great, Puffinus gravis
Little, Puffinus assimilis
Manx, Puffinus puffinus
Pink–footed, Puffinus creatopus
Short–tailed, Puffinus tenuirostris
Sooty, Puffinus griseus
Streaked, Calonectris leucomelas
Townsend’s, Puffinus auriculatus
Wedge–tailed, Puffinus pacificus
SHOVELER, Northern, Anas clypeata
SHRIKE, Brown, Lanius cristatus
Loggerhead, Lanius ludovicianus
Northern, Lanius excubitor
SILKY–FLYCATCHER, Gray, Pygionetes cinnereus
SISKIN, Eurasian, Spinus spinus
Pine, Spinus pinus
SKIMMER, Black, Rynchops nigra
SKUA, Great, Stercorarius skua
South Polar, Stercorarius maccormicki
SMEW, Mergellus albellus
SNIPE, Common, Gallinago gallinago
Jack, Lymnocryptes minimus
Pin–tailed, Gallinago stenura
Swinhoe’s, Gallinago megalis
Wilson’s, Gallinago delicata
SOLITAIRE, Townsend’s, Myiastes townsendi
SORA, Forzana carolina
SPARROW, American Tree, Spizella arborea
Bachman’s, Peucaea aestivalis
Baird’s, Ammodramus bairdii
Black–chinned, Spizella atrogularis
Black–throated, Amphasis bilineata
Botteri’s, Peucaea botterii
Breuer’s, Spizella breueri
Cassin’s, Peucaea cassini
Chipping, Spizella passerina
Clay–colored, Spizella paludicola
Field, Spizella pusilla
Five–striped, Amphasis quinquestriata
Fox, Passerella iliaca
Golden–crowned, Zonotrichia atricapilla
Grasshopper, Ammodramus savannarum
Harri’s, Zonotrichia querula
Henslow’s, Ammodramus henslowii
Lark, Chondestes grammacus
Le Conte’s, Ammodramus leconteii
Lincoln’s, Melospiza lincolni
Nelson’s, Ammodramus nelsoni
Olive, Arrenornops rufivigatus
Rufous–crowned, Amophilus ruficeps
Rufous–winged, Peucaea carpalis
Sage, Amphasis belli
Saltmarsh, Ammodramus caudacutus
Savannah, Passerculus sandwichensis
Seaside, Ammodramus maritimus
Song, Melospiza melodia
Swamp, Melospiza georgiana
Vesper, Poecetes gramineus
White–crowned, Zonotrichia leucophrys
White–throated, Zonotrichia albicollis
Worthy’s, Spizella wortheni
SPARROWHAWK, Japanese, Accipiter gularis
SPINDALIS, Puerto Rican, Spindalis portoricensis
Western, Spindalis zona
SPOONBILL, Roseate, Platalea ajaja
STARLING, Chestnut-cheeked, Sturnus philippensis
White-cheeked, Sturnus cineraceus
STARTHROAT, Plain-capped, Heliomerela constantii
STILT, Black-necked, Himantopus mexicanus
Black-winged, Himantopus himantopus
STINT, Little, Calidris minuta
Long-toed, Calidris subminuta
Red-necked, Calidris ruficollis
Temminck’s, Calidris temminckii
STONECHAT, Saxicola torquatus
STORK, Wood, Mycteria americana
STORM-PETREL, Ashy, Oceanodroma homochroa
Band-rumped, Oceanodroma castro
Black, Oceanodroma melanias
Black-bellied, Fregatta tropica
Fork-tailed, Oceanodroma furcata
Leach’s, Oceanodroma leucorhoa
Least, Oceanodroma microsoma
Matsudaira’s, Oceanodroma matsudairae
Polynesian, Nesofregatta fuliginosa
Ringed, Oceanodroma hornbyi
Swinhoe’s, Oceanodroma monorhis
Tristram’s, Oceanodroma tristrami
Wedge-rumped, Oceanodroma tethys
White-faced, Pelagodroma marina
White-bellied, Fregatta grallaria
Wilson’s, Oceanites oceanicus
SURFBIRD, Aphriza virgata
SWALLOW, Panama, Tachycineta cyaneoviridis
Bank, Riparia riparia
Barn, Hirundo rustica
Cave, Petrochelidon fulva
Cliff, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota
Mangrove, Tachycineta albilinea
Northern Rough-winged, Stelgidopteryx serripennis
Tree, Tachycineta bicolor
Violet-green, Tachycineta thalassina
SWAMPHEN, Purple, Porphyrio porphyrio
SWAN, Trumpeter, Cygnus buccinator
Tundra, Cygnus columbianus
Whooper, Cygnus cygnus
SWIFT, Alpine, Apus melba
Black, Apus nigricollis
Chimney, Chaetura pelagica
Common, Apus apus
Fork-tailed, Apus pacificus
Short-tailed, Chaetura brachyura
Vaux’s, Chaetura vauxi
White-collared, Streptoprocne zonaris
White-throated, Aeronautes saxatilis
SWIFTLET, Mariana, Aerodramus bartschi
White-rumped, Aerodramus spodiopygius
TANAGER, Flame-colored, Piranga bidentata
Hepatic, Piranga flava
Puerto Rican, Nesospingus speculiferus
Scarlet, Piranga olivacea
Summer, Piranga rubra
Western, Piranga ludoviciana
TATTLER, Gray-tailed, Tringa brevipes
Wandering, Tringa incana
TEAL, Baikal, Anas formosa
Blue-winged, Anas discors
Cinnamon, Anas cyanoptera
Green-winged, Anas crecca
TERN, Aleutian, Onychoprion aleuticus
Arctic, Sterna paradisaea
Black, Chlidonias niger
Black-naped, Sterna sumatrana
Bridled, Onychoprion annethus
Caspian, Hydroprogne caspia
Common, Sterna hirundo
Elegant, Thalasseus elegans
Forster’s, Sterna forsteri
Gray-backed, Onychoprion lunatus
Great Crested, Thalasseus bergii
Gull-billed, Gelocephalus nilotica
Large-billed, Phaetusa simplex
Least, Sterna antillarum
Little, Sterna albifrons
Roseate, Sterna dougallii
Royal, Thalasseus maximus
Sandwich, Thalassus sandvicensis
Sooty, Onychoprion fuscatus
Whiskered, Chlidonias hybrida
White, Gygis alba
White-winged, Chlidonias leucopterus
THRASHER, Bendire’s, Toxostoma bendirei
Brown, Toxostoma rufum
California, Toxostoma redivivum
Crissal, Toxostoma crissal
Curve-billed, Toxostoma curvirostre
Le Conte’s, Toxostoma lecontei
Long-tailed, Toxostoma longirostre
Pearly-eyed, Margarops fuscatus
Sage, Oreoscoptes montanus
THRUSH, Azttec, Ridgwayia pinicola
Bicknell’s, Catharus bicknelli
Clay-colored, Turdus grayi
Dusky, Turdus naumanni
Eyebrowed, Turdus obscurus
Gray-cheeked, Catharus minimus
Hermit, Catharus guttatus
Red-legged, Turdus plumbeus
Swainson’s, Catharus ustulatus
Varied, Ixoreus naevius
White-breasted, Turdus assimilis
Wood, Hylocichla mustelina
TITMOUSE, Black-crested, Baeolophus atricrissatus
Bridled, Baeolophus wollweberi
Juniper, Baeolophus ridgwayi
Oak, Baeolophus inornatus
Tufted, Baeolophus bicolor
TITTYRA, Masked, Tityra semifasciata
TOWHEE, Abert’s, Melozone aberti
California, Melozone crissalis
Canyon, Melozone fusca
Eastern, Pipilo erythrophthalmus
Green-tailed, Pipilo chlorurus
Spotted, Pipilo maculatus
TROGON, Elegant, Trogon elegans
TROPICBIRD, Red-billed, Phaethon aethereus
Red-tailed, Phaethon rubricauda
White-tailed, Phaethon lepturus
TURNSTONE, Black, Arenaria melanoccephala
Ruddy, Arenaria interpres
TURTLE-DOVE, Oriental, Streptopelia orientalis
VEERY, Catharus fuscascens
VERDIN, Auriparus flaviceps
VIOLETEAR, Green, Colibri thalassinus
VIREO, Bell’s, Vireo bellii
Black-capped, Vireo atricapilla
Black-whiskered, Vireo atilogoos
Blue-headed, Vireo solitarius
Cassin’s, Vireo cassini
Gray, Vireo vicinior
Hutton’s, Vireo huttoni
Philadelphia, Vireo philadelphiaca
Plumbous, Vireo plumbus
Puerto Rican, Vireo latimeri
Red-eyed, Vireo olivaceus
Thick-billed, Vireo crassirostris
Warbling, Vireo gilvus
White-eyed, Vireo griseus
Yellow-green, Vireo flaviviridis
Yellow-throated, Vireo flaviolus
Yucatan, Vireo magister
VULTURE, Black, Coragyps atratus
Turkey, Cathartes aura
WAGTAIL, Citrine, Motacilla citreola
Eastern Yellow, Motacilla tschutschensis
Gray, Motacilla cinerea
White, Motacilla alba
WARBLER, Adelaide’s, Dendroica adelaidae
Arctic, Phylloscopus borealis
Bachman’s, Vermivora bachmani
Bay-breasted, Dendroica castanea
Black-and-white, Mniotilta varia
Black-throated Blue, Dendroica caerulescens
Black-throated Gray, Dendroica nigrescens
Black-throated Green, Dendroica virens
Blackburnian, Dendroica fusca
Blackpoll, Dendroica striata
Blue-winged, Vermivora cyanoptera
Canada, Wilsonia canadensis
Cape May, Dendroica tigrina
Cerulean, Dendroica cerulea
Chestnut-sided, Dendroica pensylvanica
Colima, Oreothlypis crissalis
Connecticut, Opormines agilis
Crescent-chested, Oreothlypis superciliosa
Dusky, Phylloscopus fuscatus
Elfin-woods, Dendroica angelae
Fan-tailed, Euthlypis lachrymosa
Golden-cheeked, Dendroica chrysoparia
Golden-crowned, Basileuterus culicivorus
Golden-winged, Vermivora chrysoptera
Graco’s, Dendroica graciae
Hermit, Dendroica occidentalis
Hooded, Wilsonia citrina
Kentucky, Oporornis formosus
Kirtland’s, Dendroica kirtlandii
Lanceolated, Locustella lanceolata
Lucy’s, Oryolophus luciae
MacGillivray’s, Oporornis tolmiei
Magnolia, Dendroica magnolia
Mourning, Oporornis philadelphia
Nashville, Oreothlypis ruficapilla
Olive, Peucedramus taeniatus
Orange-crowned, Oreothlypis celata
Palm, Dendroica palmarum
Pine, Dendroica pinus
Prairie, Dendroica discolor
Prothonotary, Protonatoria citrea
Red-faced, Cardellina rubrifrons
Rufous-capped, Basileuterus rufifrons
Sedge, Acrocephalus schoenobaenus
Swainson’s, Limnothlypis swainsonii
Tennessee, Oreothlypis peregrina
Townsend’s, Dendroica townsendi
Virginia’s, Oreothlypis virginiae
Willow, Phylloscopus trochilus
Wilson’s, Phylloscopus pusillus
Wood, Phylloscopus sibilatrix
Worm-eating, Helmitheros vermivorum
Yellow, Dendroica petechia
Yellow-browed, Phylloscopus inornatus
Yellow-rumped, Dendroica coronata
Yellow-throated, Dendroica dominica
WATERTHRUSH, Louisiana, Parkesia motacilla
Northern, Parkesia noveboracensis
WAXWING, Bohemian, Bombycilla garrulus
Cedar, Bombycilla cedrorum
WHEATTEAR, Northern, Oenanthe oenanthe
WHIMBREL, Numenius phaeopus
WHIP-POOR-WILL, Eastern, Caprimulgus vociferus
Mexican, Caprimulgus arizonae
WHISTLING-DUCK, Black-bellied, Dendrocygna autumnalis
Fulvous, Dendrocygna bicolor
West Indian, Dendrocygna arborea
WHITETHROAT, Lesser, Sylvia curruca
WIGEON, American, Anas americana
Eurasian, Anas penelope
WILLET, Tringa semipalmata
WOOD-PEEWE, Eastern, Contopus virens
Western, Contopus sordidulus
WOODCOCK, American, Scolopax minor
Eurasian, Scolopax rusticola
WOODECKER, Ācorn, Melanerpes formicivorus
American Three-toed, Picoides dorsalis
Arizona, Picoides arizonae
Black-backed, Picoides arcticus
Downy, Picoides pubescens
Gila, Melanerpes uropygialis
Golden-fronted, Melanerpes aurifrons
Great Spotted, Dendrocopos major
Hairy, Picoides villosus
Ivory-billed, Campephilus principalis
Ladder-backed, Picoides scalaris
Lewis’s, Melanerpes lewis
Nuttall’s, Picoides nuttallii
Pileated, Dryocopus pileatus
Puerto Rican, Melanerpes portoricensis
Red-bellied, Melanerpes carolinus
Red-cockaded, Picoides borealis
Red-headed, Melanerpes erythrocephalus
White-headed, Picoides albolarvatus
WOODSTAR, Bahama, Calliphlox evelynae
WREN, Bewick’s Thryomanes bewickii
Cactus, Campylorhynchus bruneicapillus
Canyon, Catherpes mexicanus
Carolina, Thryothorus ludovicianus
House, Troglodytes aedon
Marsh, Cistothorus palustris
Pacific, Troglodytes pacificus
Rock, Salpinetes obsoletus
Sedge, Cistothorus platensis
Sinaloa, Thryothorus sinaloa
Winter, Troglodytes heimalis
WRENIT, Chamaea fasciata
WRYNECK, Eurasian, Jynx torquilla
YELLOWLEGS, Greater, Tringa melanoleuca
Lesser, Tringa flavipes
YELLOWTHROAT, Common, Geothlypis trichas
Gray-crowned, Geothlypis poliocephala
(2) Taxonomic listing. Species are listed in phylogenetic sequence by scientific name, with the common (English) name following the scientific name. To help clarify species relationships, we also list the higher-level taxonomic categories of Order, Family, and Subfamily. Order ANSERIFORMES
Family ANATIDAE
Subfamily DENDROCYGNINAE
Dendrocygna autumnalis, Black-bellied Whistling-Duck
Dendrocygna arborea, West Indian Whistling-Duck
Dendrocygna bicolor, Fulvous Whistling-Duck
Subfamily ANSERINA
Anser fabalis, Taiga Bean-Goose
Anser serrirostris, Tundra Bean-Goose
Anser albirostris, Greater White-fronted Goose
Anser erythropus, Lesser White-fronted Goose
Chen canagica, Emperor Goose
Chen caerulescens, Snow Goose
Chen rossii, Ross’s Goose
Branta bernicla, Brant
Branta leucopsis, Barnacle Goose
Branta canadensis, Canada Goose
(including Branta hutchinsii, Cackling Goose)
Branta sandvicensis, Hawaiian Goose
Cygnus buccinator, Trumpeter Swan
Cygnus columbianus, Tundra Swan
Cygnus cygnus, Whooper Swan
Subfamily ANATINA
Cairina moschata, Muscovy Duck
Aix sponsa, Wood Duck
Anas strepera, Gadwall
Anas falcata, Falcated Duck
Anas penelope, Eurasian Wigeon
Anas americana, American Wigeon
Anas rubripes, American Black Duck
Anas platyrhynchos, Mallard
Anas fuligula, Mottled Duck
Anas wyvilliana, Hawaiian Duck
Anas laysanensis, Laysan Duck
Anas zonorhyncha, Eastern Spot-billed Duck
Anas superciliosa, Pacific Black Duck
Anas discors, Blue-winged Teal
Anas cyanoptera, Cinnamon Teal
Anas clypeata, Northern Shoveler
Anas bahamensis, White-cheeked Pintail
Anas acuta, Northern Pintail
Anas querquedula, Garganey
Anas forma, Yellow Teal
Anas crecca, Green-winged Teal
Aythya valisineria, Canvasback
Aythya americana, Redhead
Aythya ferina, Common Pochard
Aythya baeri, Baer’s Pochard
Aythya collaris, Ring-necked Duck
Aythya fuligula, Tufted Duck
Aythya marila, Greater Scaup
Aythya affinis, Lesser Scaup
Polysticta stelleri, Steller’s Eider
Somateria fischeri, Spectacled Eider
Somateria spectabilis, King Eider
Somateria mollissima, Common Eider
Histrionicus histrionicus, Harlequin Duck
Melanitta perspicillata, Surf Scoter
Melanitta fusca, White-winged Scoter
Melanitta americana, Black Scoter
Clangula hyemalis, Long-tailed Duck
Bucephala albeola, Bufflehead
Bucephala clangula, Common Goldeneye
Bucephala islandica, Barrow’s Goldeneye
Mergellus albellus, Smew
Lophodytes cucullatus, Hooded Merganser
Mergus merganser, Common Merganser
Mergus serrator, Red-breasted Merganser
Nomonyx dominicus, Masked Duck
Oxyura jamaicensis, Ruddy Duck
Order GAVIFORMES
Family GAVIIDAE
Gavia stellata, Red-throated Loon
Gavia arctica, Arctic Loon
Gavia pacifica, Pacific Loon
Gavia immer, Common Loon
Gavia adamsii, Yellow-billed Loon
Order PODICIPEDIFORMES
Family PODICIPEDIDAE
Tachybaptus dominicus, Least Grebe
Podilymbus podiceps, Pied-billed Grebe
Podiceps auritus, Horned Grebe
Podiceps grisegena, Red-necked Grebe
Podiceps nigricollis, Eared Grebe
Aechmophorus occidentalis, Western Grebe
Aechmophorus clarkii, Clark's Grebe

Order PROCELLARIIFORMES
Family PROCELLARIIDAE

Phoebastria albatrus, Short-tailed Shearwater
Phoebastria nigripes, Laysan Shearwater
Phoebetria palpebrata, Light-mantled Albatross
Pterodroma albertoi, Salvin's Albatross
Pterodroma macroptera, Great-winged Petrel
Pterodroma neglecta, Kermadec Petrel
Pterodroma arminjoniana, Arminjon's Petrel
Pterodroma ultima, Murphy's Petrel
Pterodroma inexpectata, Mottled Petrel
Pterodroma cahow, Bermuda Petrel
Pterodroma harterti, Black-capped Petrel
Pterodroma externa, Juan Fernandez Petrel
Pterodroma sandwichensis, Hawaiian Petrel
Pterodroma cervicalis, White-necked Petrel
Pterodroma hypoleuca, Bonin Petrel
Pterodroma nigripennis, Black-winged Petrel
Pterodroma cookii, Cook's Petrel
Pterodroma longirostris, Stejneger's Petrel
Pterodroma alba, Phoenix Petrel
Pterodroma leucotis, Gould's Petrel
Pterodroma rostrata, Tahiti Petrel
Bulweria bulwerii, Bulwer's Petrel
Bulweria fulcleps, Jouanin's Petrel
Procellaria parkinsoni, Parkinson's Petrel
Calonectris diomedea, Cory's Shearwater
Calonectris edwardsii, Cape Verde Shearwater
Puffinus creatopus, Pink-footed Shearwater
Puffinus carneipes, Flesh-footed Shearwater
Puffinus gravis, Great Shearwater
Puffinus pacificus, Wedge-tailed Shearwater
Puffinus bulleri, Buller's Shearwater
Puffinus griseus, Sooty Shearwater
Puffinus tenuirostris, Short-tailed Shearwater
Puffinus nativitatis, Christmas Shearwater
Puffinus puffinus, Manx Shearwater
Puffinus auricularis, Townsend's Shearwater
Puffinus opisothomelas, Black-vented Shearwater
Puffinus lherminieri, Audubon's Shearwater
Puffinus assimilis, Little Shearwater

Family HYDROBATIDAE

Oceaniae oceanicus, Wilson's Storm-Petrel
Pelagodroma marina, White-faced Storm-Petrel
Fregata tropica, Black-bellied Storm-Petrel
Fregata grallaria, White-bellied Storm-Petrel
Nestorectes fuliginosus, Polypesan Storm-Petrel
Oceanodroma furcata, Fork-tailed Storm-Petrel
Oceanodroma hornbiyi, Ringed Storm-Petrel
Oceanodroma monorhis, Swinhoe's Storm-Petrel
Oceanodroma leucorhoa, Leach's Storm-Petrel
Oceanodroma homochroa, Ashy Storm-Petrel
Oceanodroma castro, Band-rumped Storm-Petrel
Oceanodroma tethys, Wedge-rumped Storm-Petrel
Oceanodroma matsudairae, Matsudaira's Storm-Petrel
Oceanodroma melanura, Black Storm-Petrel
Oceanodroma tristrami, Tristram's Storm-Petrel
Oceanodroma microsoma, Least Storm-Petrel

Order SULIFORMES
Family SULIDAE

Fregata minor, Great Frigatebird
Fregata ariel, Lesser Frigatebird

Family SULIDAE

Sula dactylatra, Masked Booby
Sula nebouxii, Blue-footed Booby
Sula leucogaster, Brown Booby
Sula sula, Red-footed Booby
Morus bassanus, Northern Gannet

Family PHALACROCORACIDAE

Fregata phalacrocorax, Brandt's Cormorant
Fregata phalacrocorax brasiliensis, Neotropic Cormorant
Fregata phalacrocorax auritus, Double-crested Cormorant
Phalacrocorax carbo, Great Cormorant
Phalacrocorax urile, Red-faced Cormorant
Phalacrocorax pelagicus, Pelagic Cormorant
Phalacrocorax melanoleucos, Little Pied Cormorant

Family ANHINGIDAE

Anhinga anhinga, Anhinga

Order PELECANIFORMES
Family PELECANIDAE

Pelecanus erythrorhynchos, American White Pelican
Pelecanus occidentalis, Brown Pelican

Family ARDEIDAE

Botaurus lentiginosus, American Bittern
Ixobrychus sinensis, Yellow Bittern
Ixobrychus exilis, Least Bittern
Ixobrychus eurhythmus, Schrenck's Bittern
Ixobrychus flavicollis, Black Bittern
Ardea herodias, Great Blue Heron
Ardea cinerea, Gray Heron
Ardea alba, Great Egret
Mesophoyx intermedia, Intermediate Egret
Egretta eulophotes, Chinese Egret
Egretta garzetta, Little Egret
Egretta sacra, Pacific Reef-Egret
Egretta gularis, Western Reef-Heron
Egretta thula, Snowy Egret
Egretta caerulea, Little Blue Heron
Egretta tricolor, Tricolored Heron
Egretta rufescens, Reddish Egret
Butorides irroratus, Cattle Egret
Ardea belenoctus, Chinese Pond-Heron
Ardea intermedia, Intermediate Heron
Butorides virescens, Green Heron
Nycticorax nycticorax, Black-crowned Night-Heron
Nyctanassa violacea, Yellow-crowned Night-Heron
Gorsachius goisagi, Japanese Night-Heron
Gorsachius melanolophus, Malayan Night-Heron

Family THRESKIONITHIDAE

Subfamily THRESKIONITHINAE

Eudocimus albus, White Ibis
Eudocimus ruber, Scarlet Ibis
Plegadis falcinellus, Glossy Ibis
Plegadis chihi, White-faced Ibis

Family CICONIIDAE

Nycticorax nycticorax, Wood Stork
Ardea alba, Grey Heron
Ardea cinerea, Common Egret
Egretta rufescens, Tricolored Heron
Egretta thula, Snowy Egret
Egretta alba, Great White Egret
Subfamily PLATALEINAE  
Platalea ajaja, Roseate Spoonbill  
Order ACCIPITRIFORMES  

Family CATHARTIDAE  
Cathartes aura, Turkey Vulture  
Gymnogyps californianus, California Condor  

Family PANDIONIDAE  
Pandion haliaetus, Osprey  

Family ACCIPITRIDA  
Chondrohierax uncinatus, Hook-billed Kite  
Elanoides forficatus, Swallow-tailed Kite  
Elanus leucurus, White-tailed Kite  
Rostrhamus sociabilis, Snail Kite  
Ictinia mississippiensis, Mississippi Kite  
Milvus migrans, Black Kite  
Haliaeetus leucocephalus, Bald Eagle  
Haliaeetus albicilla, Golden Eagle  
Buteo lagopus, Ferruginous Hawk  
Buteo regalis, Red-tailed Hawk  
Buteo jamaicensis, Hawaiian Hawk  
Buteo solitarius, Swainson's Hawk  
Buteo albonotatus, Broad-winged Hawk  
Buteo platypterus, Red-shouldered Hawk  
Buteo magnirostris, Harris's Hawk  
Parabuteo unicinctus, Common Black-Hawk  
Accipiter soloensis, Gray Frog-Hawk  
Accipiter gularis, Painted Bunting  
Sparrowhawk  
Accipiter striatus, Sharp-shinned Hawk  
Accipiter cooperii, Cooper's Hawk  
Accipiter gentilis, Northern Goshawk  
Geranospiza caerulescens, Crane Hawk  
Buteo gallicus, Northern Harrier  

Family FALCONIDAE  
Falco peregrinus, Peregrine Falcon  
Falco rusticolus, Eurasian Hobby  
Falco femoralis, Eurasian Kestrel  
Falco subbuteo, Eurasian Hobby  
Falco tinnunculus, Eurasian Kestrel  
Falco sparverius, American Kestrel  
Falco vespertinus, Red-footed Falcon  
Falco columbarius, Merlin  
Falco sublaxis, Long-toed Stilt  
Falco cherrug, Greater Short-toed Lark  
Falco rusticolus, Gyrfalcon  
Falco peregrinus, Peregrine Falcon  

Family CARACARINAE  
Crested Caracara  
Micrastur semitorquatus, Collared Hawk  

Family MICRASTURINAE  

Family FALCONIDAE  
Falco mexicanus, Prairie Falcon  

Family RALLIDAE  

Coturnicops noveboracensis, Yellow Rail  
Laterallus jamaicensis, Black Rail  
Gallirallus philippensis, Buff-banded Rail  
Gallirallus owstoni, Guam Rail  
Crex crex, Corn Crane  
Rallus longirostris, Clapper Rail  
Rallus elegans, King Rail  
Rallus limicola, Virginia Rail  
Porzana carolina, Sora  
Porzana tabuenasis, Spotted Crake  
Porzana flavigaster, Yellow-breasted Crake  
Neocrex erythrops, Painted Crake  
Pardirallus maculatus, Spotted Rail  
Porphyrio porphyrio, Purple Swamphen  
Porphyrio martinica, Purple Gallinule  
Porphyrio flavirostris, Azure Gallinule  
Gallinula chloropus, Common Moorhen  
Fulica atra, Eurasian Coot  
Fulica alai, Hawaiian Coot  
Fulica americana, American Coot  
Fulica caribaea, Caribbean Coot  

Family ARAMIDAE  
Aramus guarauna, Limpkin  

Family GRUIDAE  
Grus canadensis, Sandhill Crane  
Grus grus, Common Crane  
Grus americana, Whooping Crane  

Order CHARADRIIFORMES  

Family CHARADRIIDAE  

Subfamily VANELLINAE  
Vanellus vanellus, Northern Lapwing  

Subfamily CHARADRIINAE  
Pluvialis squatarola, Black-bellied Plover  
Pluvialis apricaria, European Golden-Plover  
Pluvialis dominica, American Golden-Plover  
Pluvialis fulva, Pacific Golden-Plover  
Charadrius mongolus, Lesser Sand-Plover  
Charadrius leschenaultii, Greater Sand-Plover  
Charadrius collaris, Collared Plover  
Charadrius alexandrinus, Snowy Plover  
Charadrius wilsonia, Wilson's Plover  
Charadrius hiaticula, Common Ringed Plover  
Charadrius semipalmatus, Semipalmated Plover  
Charadrius melodus, Piping Plover  
Charadrius dubius, Little Ringed Plover  
Charadrius vociferus, Killdeer  
Charadrius montanus, Mountain Plover  
Charadrius morinellus, Eurasian Dotterel  

Family HAEMATOPODIDAE  
Haematopus ostralegus, Eurasian Oystercatcher  
Haematopus palliatus, American Oystercatcher  
Haematopus bachmani, Black Oystercatcher  

Family RECURVIROSTRIDAE  
Himantopus himantopus, Black-winged Stilt  
Himantopus mexicanus, Black-necked Stilt  
Recurvirostra americana, American Avocet  

Family JACANIDAE  
Jacana spinosa, Northern Jacana  

Family SCOLOPACIDAE  

Subfamily SCOLOPACINAE  
Xenus cinereus, Terek Sandpiper  
Actitis hypoleucos, Common Sandpiper  
Actitis macularius, Spotted Sandpiper  
Tringa ochropus, Green Sandpiper  
Tringa solitaria, Solitary Sandpiper  
Tringa brevipes, Gray-tailed Tattler  
Tringa incana, Wandering Tattler  
Tringa eurhythropus, Spotted Redshank  
Tringa melanoleuca, Greater Yellowlegs  
Tringa nebularia, Common Greenshank  
Tringa guttifer, Nordmann’s Greenshank  
Tringa semipalmata, Willet  
Tringa flavipes, Lesser Yellowlegs  
Tringa stagnatilis, Marsh Sandpiper  
Tringa glareola, Wood Sandpiper  
Bartramia longicauda, Upland Sandpiper  
Numerator minutus, Little Curlew  
Numerator borealis, Eskimo Curlew  
Numerator phaeopus, Whimbrel  
Numerator tahitiensis, Bristle-thighed Curlew  
Numerator madagascariensis, Far Eastern Curlew  
Numerator arquata, Eurasian Curlew  
Numerator americana, Long-billed Curlew  
Limosia limosa, Black-tailed Godwit  
Limosia haemastica, Hudsonian Godwit  
Limosia lapponica, Bar-tailed Godwit  
Limosia fedoa, Marbled Godwit  
Arenaria interpres, Ruddy Turnstone  
Arenaria melanopecha, Black Turnstone  
Aphriza virgata, Sufbird  
Calidris tenuirostris, Great Knot  
Calidris canutus, Red Knot  
Calidris alba, Sanderling  
Calidris pusilla, Semipalmated Sandpiper  
Calidris mauri, Western Sandpiper  
Calidris ruficollis, Red-necked Stint  
Calidris minuta, Little Stint  
Calidris temminckii, Temminck’s Stint  
Calidris subminuta, Long-toed Stint  
Calidris minutilla, Least Sandpiper  
Calidris fuscicolis, White-rumped Sandpiper
Subfamily LARINAE

Larus glaucoides, Thayer's Gull

Yellow-legged Gull

Larus michahellis, Larus argentatus, Larus californicus, California Gull

Larus livens, Yellow-footed Gull

Larus occidentalis, Larus heermanni, Larus crassirostris, Black-tailed Gull

Belcher's Gull

Franklin's Laughing Gull

Leucophaeus atricilla, Ross's Gull

Rhodostethia rosea, Little Gull

Hydrocoloeus minutus, Chroicocephalus ridibundus, Black-headed Gull

Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus, Gray-headed Gull

Hydrocoloeus minutus, Little Gull

Rhyothistea rosea, Ross's Gull

Leucophaeus atricilla, Laughing Gull

Leucophaeus pipixcan, Franklin's Gull

Larus fuscus, Lesser Black-backed Gull

Larus schistisagus, Slaty-backed Gull

Larus glaucescens, Glaucous-winged Gull

Larus hyperboreus, Glaucous Gull

Larus marinus, Great Black-backed Gull

Larus dominicanus, Kelp Gull

Subfamily STERNINAE

Anous stolidus, Brown Noddy

Anous minutus, Black Noddy

Procellasterna cerulea, Blue-gray Noddy

Gygis alba, White Tern

Onychoprion fuscatus, Sooty Tern

Onychoprion lunatus, Gray-backed Tern

Onychoprion anaethetus, Bridled Tern

Onychoprion aleuticus, Aleutian Tern

Sterna albigularis, Little Tern

Sterna antillarum, Least Tern

Phaetusa simplex, Large-billed Tern

Gelochelidon nilotica, Gull-billed Tern

Hydroprogne caspia, Caspian Tern

Chlidonias niger, Black Tern

Chlidonias leucopterus, White-winged Tern

Chlidonias hybridus, Whiskered Tern

Sterna dougallii, Roseate Tern

Sterna sumatrana, Black-backed Tern

Sterna hirundo, Common Tern

Sterna paradisea, Arctic Tern

Sterna forsteri, Forster's Tern

Thalasseus maximus, Royal Tern

Thalasseus bergii, Great Crested Tern

Thalasseus sandvicensis, Sandwich Tern

Thalasseus elegans, Elegant Tern

Subfamily RYNCHOPINAE

Rynchops niger, Black Skimmer

Family STERCORARIIDAE

Stercorarius skua, Great Skua

Stercorarius maccormicki, South Polar Skua

Stercorarius pomarinus, Pomarine Jaeger

Stercorarius parasiticus, Parasitic Jaeger

Stercorarius longicaudus, Long-tailed Jaeger

Family ALCIDAE

Alle alle, Dovekie

Uria aalge, Common Murre

Uria lomvia, Thick-billed Murre

Alca torda, Razorbill

Cepphus grylle, Black Guillemot

Cepphus columba, Pigeon Guillemot

Brachyramphus perdix, Long-billed Murrelet

Brachyramphus marmoratus, Marbled Murrelet

Brachyramphus brevirostris, Kittlitz's Murrelet

Synthliboramphus hypoleucus, Xantus's Murrelet

Synthliboramphus craveri, Craveri's Murrelet

Synthliboramphus antiquus, Ancient Murrelet

Ptychoramphus aleuticus, Cassin's Auklet

Aethia psittacula, Parakeet Auklet

Aethia pusilla, Least Auklet

Aethia pygmaea, Whiskered Auklet

Aethia cristatella, Crested Auklet

Cerorhinca monocerata, Rhinoceros Auklet

Fratercula arctica, Atlantic Puffin

Fratercula corniculata, Horned Puffin

Fratercula cirrhata, Tufted Puffin

Order COLUMBIFORMES

Family COLUMBIDAE

Patagioenas squamosa, Scaly-naped Pigeon

Patagioenas leucocephala, White-crowned Pigeon

Patagioenas flavirostris, Red-billed Pigeon

Patagioenas inornata, Plain Pigeon

Patagioenas fasciata, Band-tailed Pigeon

Streptopelia orientalis, Oriental Turtle-Dove

Zenaida asiatica, White-winged Dove

Zenaida aurita, Zenaida Dove

Zenaida macroura, Mourning Dove

Columbina inca, Inca Dove

Columbina passerina, Common Ground-Dove

Columbina talpacoti, Ruddy Ground-Dove

Leptotila verreauxi, White-tipped Dove

Geotrygon chrysia, Key West Quail-Dove

Geotrygon mystacea, Bridled Quail-Dove

Geotrygon montana, Ruddy Quail-Dove

Gallicolumba xanthonura, White-throated Ground-Dove

Gallicolumba steari, Friendly Ground-Dove

Ptilinopus peroussii, Many-colored Fruit-Dove

Ptilinopus porphyreus, Crimson-crowned Fruit-Dove

Ptilinopus roseicapilla, Mariana Fruit-Dove

Ducula pacifica, Pacific Imperial-Pigeon

Order CUCULIFORMES

Family CUCULIDAE

Subfamily CUCULINAE

Coccyzus vieilloti, Black-billed Cuckoo

Coccyzus erythropthalmus, Yellow-billed Cuckoo

Coccyzus americanus, Yellow-billed Cuckoo

Coccyzus minor, Mangrove Cuckoo

Coccyzus erythropthalmus, Black-billed Cuckoo

Coccyzus viellioti, Puerto Rican Lizard-Cuckoo
Subfamily NEOMORPHINAE
Geococcyx californianus, Greater Roadrunner

Subfamily CROTOPHAGINAE
Crotophaga ani, Smooth-billed Ani
Crotophaga sulcirostris, Groove-billed Ani

Order STRIGIFORMES
Family TYTONIDAE
Tyto alba, Barn Owl

Family STRIGIDAE
Otus flammuleus, Flammulated Owl
Otus sunia, Oriental Scops-Owl
Megascops kennicottii, Western Screech-Owl
Megascops asio, Eastern Screech-Owl
Megascops trichopsis, Whiskered Screech-Owl
Megascops nudipes, Puerto Rican Screech-Owl
Bubo virginianus, Great Horned Owl
Bubo scandiacus, Snowy Owl
Surnia ulula, Northern Hawk Owl
Glaucidium gnoma, Northern Pygmy-Owl
Glaucidium brasilianum, Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl
Microthene whitneyi, Elf Owl
Athene cunicularia, Burrowing Owl
Ciccaba virgata, Mottled Owl
Strix occidentalis, Spotted Owl
Strix varia, Barred Owl
Strix nebulosa, Great Gray Owl
Asio otus, Long-eared Owl
Asio stygius, Stygian Owl
Asio flammeus, Short-eared Owl
Aegolius funereus, Boreal Owl
Aegolius acadicus, Northern Saw-whet Owl
Nyctea scutulata, Brown Hawk-Owl

Order CAPRIMULGIFORMES
Family CAPRIMULGIDAE
Subfamily CHAETURINAE
Calliope anna, Ruby-throated Hummingbird
Calliope yucatanensis, Buff-bellied Hummingbird
Calliope striata, Ochre-breasted Hummingbird
Calliope haemastoma, Purple-throated Woodstar
Calliope pectardentata, Red-breasted Sapsucker

Family CAPRIMULGIDAE
Subfamily CYPSELOIDINAE
Cypseloides niger, Black Swift
Streptoprocne zonaris, White-collared Swift

Subfamily CHAETURINAE
Chaetura pelagica, Chimney Swift
Chaetura vauxi, Vaux’s Swift
Chaetura brachyura, Short-tailed Swift

Subfamily APODIDAE
Apus pacificus, Fork-tailed Swift
Aepyceros melba, Alpine Swift
Aeronautes saxatalis, White-throated Swift
Tachornis phoenicia, Antillean Palm-Swift

Family TROCHILIDAE
Subfamily TROCHILINAE
Colibri thalassinus, Green Violet-ear
Anthracothorax prevostii, Green-breasted Mango
Anthracothorax dominicus, Antillean Mango
Eulampis jugularis, Purple-throated Carib
Eulampis holosericeus, Green-throated Carib
Orthorhyncus cristatus, Antillean Crested Hummingbird

Family TROCHILIDAE
Subfamily TROGONIDAE
Red-cockaded Woodpecker
Arizona Picoides arizonae, Mexican Whiptail
Picoides rufus, Rufous Hummingbird
Picoides sasin, Allen’s Hummingbird

Order TROGONIFORMES
Family TROGONIDAE
Subfamily TROGONINAE
Red-breasted Sphyrapicus nuchalis, Yellow-bellied Sapsucker
Sphyrapicus thyroideus, Blue-billed Sapsucker
Sphyrapicus nuchalis, Black-chinned Sapsucker
Sphyrapicus phaeocephalus, Red-naped Sapsucker
Sphyrapicus ruber, Red-breasted Sapsucker
Dendrocopos major, Great Spotted Woodpecker
Picoides scalaris, ladder-backed Woodpecker
Picoides arizonae, Arizona Woodpecker
Picoides californicus, Costa’s Hummingbird
Picoides loxostomus, Colima Woodpecker
Picoides sinuatus, Nuttall’s Woodpecker
Picoides pedicellatus, Downy Woodpecker

Family ALCEDINIDAE
Subfamily HALICYNINAE
Todiramphus cinnamominus, Micronesian Kingfisher
Todiramphus chloris, Collared Kingfisher

Family CERVEDINAE
Subfamily CERINAE
Megalaima sibirica, Siberian Jay
Megalaima alcyon, Northern Pygmy-Owl

Order PICIFORMES
Family PICIDAE
Subfamily CAPRIMULGIDAE
Aphriza picoides, Bellied Woodpecker
Sphyrapicus varius, Yellow-bellied Sapsucker
Sphyrapicus nuchalis, Red-naped Sapsucker
Sphyrapicus ruber, Red-breasted Sapsucker
Dendrocopos major, Great Spotted Woodpecker
Picoides scalaris, ladder-backed Woodpecker
Picoides californicus, Costa’s Hummingbird
Picoides arizonae, Arizona Woodpecker
Picoides sinuatus, Nuttall’s Woodpecker
Picoides pedicellatus, Downy Woodpecker
Picoides sibirica, Siberian Jay

Family APODIDAE
Subfamily CYPSELOIDINAE
Cypseloides niger, Black Swift
Streptoprocne zonaris, White-collared Swift

Subfamily CHAETURINAE
Chaetura pelagica, Chimney Swift
Chaetura vauxi, Vaux’s Swift
Chaetura brachyura, Short-tailed Swift

Subfamily APODIDAE
Apus pacificus, Common Swift
Aepyceros melba, Alpine Swift
Aeronautes saxatalis, White-throated Swift
Tachornis phoenicia, Antillean Palm-Swift

Family TROCHILIDAE
Subfamily TROCHILINAE
Colibri thalassinus, Green Violet-ear
Anthracothorax prevostii, Green-breasted Mango
Anthracothorax dominicus, Antillean Mango
Eulampis jugularis, Purple-throated Carib
Eulampis holosericeus, Green-throated Carib
Orthorhyncus cristatus, Antillean Crested Hummingbird

Family TROCHILIDAE
Subfamily TROGONIDAE
Red-cockaded Woodpecker
Arizona Picoides arizonae, Mexican Whiptail
Picoides rufus, Rufous Hummingbird
Picoides sasin, Allen’s Hummingbird

Order TROGONIFORMES
Family TROGONIDAE
Subfamily TROGONINAE
Red-breasted Sphyrapicus nuchalis, Yellow-bellied Sapsucker
Sphyrapicus thyroideus, Blue-billed Sapsucker
Sphyrapicus nuchalis, Black-chinned Sapsucker
Sphyrapicus phaeocephalus, Red-naped Sapsucker
Sphyrapicus ruber, Red-breasted Sapsucker
Dendrocopos major, Great Spotted Woodpecker
Picoides scalaris, ladder-backed Woodpecker
Picoides californicus, Costa’s Hummingbird
Picoides arizonae, Arizona Woodpecker
Picoides sinuatus, Nuttall’s Woodpecker
Picoides pedicellatus, Downy Woodpecker
Picoides sibirica, Siberian Jay
Subfamily TYRANNINAE

Myiarchus tyrannulus, Brown-crested Flycatcher
Myiarchus sagrae, La Sagra’s Flycatcher
Myiarchus antillarum, Puerto Rican Flycatcher
Pitangus sulphuratus, Great Kiskadee
Myiobates similis, Social Flycatcher
Myiodynastes luteiventris, Sulphur-bellied Flycatcher
Legatus leucophalus, Piratic Flycatcher
Empidonax varius, Variegated Flycatcher
Empidonax aurantioatricatus, Crowned Slaty Flycatcher
Tyrannus melancholicus, Tropical Kingbird
Tyrannus couchii, Couch’s Kingbird
Tyrannus vociferans, Cassin’s Kingbird
Tyrannus crassirostris, Thick-billed Kingbird
Tyrannus verticalis, Western Kingbird
Tyrannus tyrannus, Eastern Kingbird
Tyrannus dominicensis, Gray Kingbird
Tyrannus caudifasciatus, Scissor-tailed Flycatcher
Tyrannus savana, Fork-tailed Flycatcher
Pachyramphus aglaiae, Rose-throated Becard
Tityra semisulcata, Masked Tityra

Family LANTIDAE

Lanius cristatus, Brown Shrike
Lanius ludovicianus, Loggerhead Shrike
Lanius excubitor, Northern Shrike

Family VIREONIDAE

Vireo griseus, White-eyed Vireo
Vireo crassirostris, Thick-billed Vireo
Vireo latimeri, Puerto Rican Vireo
Vireo bellii, Bell’s Vireo
Vireo atricapilla, Black-capped Vireo
Vireo vicinior, Gray Vireo
Vireo flavifrons, Yellow-throated Vireo
Vireo plumbeus, Plumbeous Vireo
Vireo cassini, Cassin’s Vireo
Vireo solitarius, Blue-headed Vireo
Vireo huttoni, Hutton’s Vireo
Vireo gilvus, Warbling Vireo
Vireo philadelphicus, Philadelphia Vireo
Vireo olivaceus, Red-eyed Vireo
Vireo flavoviridis, Yellow-green Vireo
Vireo altifloquus, Black-whiskered Vireo
Vireo magister, Yucatan Vireo

Family PARIDAE

Poecile carolinensis, Carolina Chickadee
Poecile atricapillus, Black-capped Chickadee
Poecile gambeli, Mountain Chickadee
Poecile sclateri, Mexican Chickadee
Poecile rufescens, Chestnut-backed Chickadee
Poecile hudsonicus, Boreal Chickadee
Poecile cinctus, Gray-headed Chickadee
Baeolophus wollweberi, Bridled Titmouse
Baeolophus inornatus, Oak Titmouse
Baeolophus ridgwayi, Juniper Titmouse
Baeolophus bicolor, Tufted Titmouse
Baeolophus atricristatus, Black-crested Titmouse

Family REMIZIDAE
Auriparus flaveiceps, Verdin

Family AEGITHALIDAE
Psaltriparus minimus, Bushtit

Family SITTIDAE
Subfamily SITTINAE
Sitta canadensis, Red-breasted Nuthatch
Sitta carolinensis, White-breasted Nuthatch
Sitta pygmaea, Pygmy Nuthatch
Sitta pusilla, Brown-headed Nuthatch

Family CERTHIDAE
Subfamily CERTHINAE
Certitha americana, Brown Creeper

Family TROGLODYTIDAE
Campylorhynchos bruneicapillus, Cactus Wren
Salpinctes obsoletus, Rock Wren
Catherpes mexicanus, Canyon Wren
Thryothorus sinaloa, Sinaloa Wren
Thryothorus ludovicianus, Carolina Wren
Thryomanes bewickii, Bewick’s Wren
Troglodytes aedon, House Wren
Troglodytes pacificus, Pacific Wren
Troglodytes hcmalis, Winter Wren
Cisto从而thorus platensis, Sedge Wren
Cisto从而thorus palustris, Marsh Wren

Family POLIOPTILIDAE
Polioptila caerulea, Blue-gray Gnatcatcher
Polioptila californica, California Gnatcatcher
Polioptila melanura, Black-tailed Gnatcatcher
Polioptila nigricaps, Black-capped Gnatcatcher

Family CINCLIDAE
Cinclis mexicanus, American Dipper

Family REGULIDAE
Regulus satrapa, Golden-crowned Kinglet
Regulus calendula, Ruby-crowned Kinglet

Family PHYLLOSCOPIDAE
Phylloscopus trochilus, Willow Warbler
Phylloscopus sibilatrix, Wood Warbler
Phylloscopus fuscatus, Dusky Warbler
Phylloscopus proregulus, Pall’s Leaf-Warbler
Phylloscopus inornatus, Yellow-browed Warbler
Phylloscopus borealis, Arctic Warbler

Family SYLVIIDAE
Sylvia curruca, Lesser Whitethroat
ChamaeTEX famula, Wrentit

Family ACROCEPHALIDAE
Acrocephalus hispanicus, Nightingale Warbler
Acrocephalus familiaris, Millerbird
Acrocephalus schoenobaenus, Sedge Warbler

Family MEGALURIDAE
Locustella ochotensis, Middendorff’s Grasshopper-Warbler
Locustella lanceolata, Lancetaled Warbler

Family SCOPIDAE
Ficedula narcissina, Narcissus Flycatcher
Ficedula migmaki, Mugimaki Flycatcher
Ficedula albicilla, Taiga Flycatcher
Muscinca sibirica, Dark-sided Flycatcher
Muscinca griseisticta, Gray-streaked Flycatcher
Muscinca daurura, Asian Brown Flycatcher
Muscinca striata, Spotted Flycatcher

Family TURDIDAE
Monticola solitarius, Blue Rock-Thrush
Luscinia sibilans, Rufous-tailed Robin
Luscinia calliope, Siberian Rubythroat
Luscinia svecica, Bluetroat
Luscinia cyane, Siberian Blue Robin
Tarsiger cyanurus, Red-flanked Bluetail
Oenanthe oenanthe, Northern Wheatear
Saxicola torquatus, Stonechat
Sialia sialis, Eastern Bluebird
Sialia mexicana, Western Bluebird
Sialia curruroides, Mountain Bluebird
Myastestes tawsendi, Townsend’s Solitaire
Myastestes myadestinus, Kamao
Myastestes lanaiensis, Olomao
Myastestes obscurus, Omao
Myastestes palmeri, Puuhiohi
Catharus aurantiirostris, Orange-billed Nightingale-Thrush
Catharus mexicanus, Black-headed Nightingale-Thrush
Catharus fuscescens, Veery
Catharus minimus, Gray-cheeked Thrush
Catharus bicknelli, Bicknell’s Thrush
Catharus ustulatus, Swainson’s Thrush
Catharus guttatus, Hermit Thrush
Hylocichla mustelina, Hermit Thrush
Turdus obscurus, Eyebrowed Thrush
Turdus naumanni, Dusky Thrush
Turdus pilaris, Fieldfare
Turdus gravi, Clay-colored Thrush
Turdus assimilis, White-throated Thrush
Turdus rufipalidius, Rufous-backed Robin
Turdus migratorius, American Robin
Turdus plumbeus, Red-legged Thrush
Iorex naevius, Varied Thrush
Ridgwayia pinicola, Aztec Thrush

Family MIMIDAE
Motacilla tschutschensis, Eastern Yellow Wagtail
Motacilla citreola, Citrine Wagtail
Motacilla cinerea, Gray Wagtail
Motacilla alba, White Wagtail
Anthus trivialis, Tree Pipit
Anthus hodgsoni, Olive-backed Pipit
Anthus gustavi, Pechora Pipit
Anthus cervinus, Red-throated Pipit
Anthus rubescens, American Pipit
Anthus praeceps, Sprague’s Pipit

Family BOMBICILLIDAE
Bombycilla garrulus, Bohemian Waxwing
Bombycilla cedrorum, Cedar Waxwing

Family PTILOGONATIDAE
Ptiloanestes cinereus, Gray Silky-flycatcher
Phainopepla nitens, Phainopepla

Family PEUCEDRAMIDAE
Peucedramus taeniatus, Olive Warbler

Family CALCARIIDAE
Calcarius lapponicus, Lapland Longspur
Calcarius ornatissimus, Chestnut-collared Longspur
Calcarius pictus, Smith’s Longspur
Rhynchophanes mccownii, McCown’s Longspur
Plectrophenax nivalis, Snow Bunting
Plectrophenax hyperboreus, McKay’s Bunting

Family PARULIDAE
Vermivora bachmanii, Bachman’s Warbler
Vermivora cyanoptera, Blue-winged
Warbler
Vermivora chrysoptera, Golden-winged Warbler
Oreothlypis peregrina, Tennessee Warbler
Oreothlypis celata, Orange-crowned Warbler
Oreothlypis ruficapilla, Nashville Warbler
Oreothlypis virginiae, Virginia's Warbler
Oreothlypis crissalis, Calima Warbler
Oreothlypis luciae, Lucy’s Warbler
Oreothlypis superciliosa, Crescent-cheeked Warbler
Parula americana, Northern Parula
Parula pitiayumi, Tropical Parula
Dendroica petechia, Yellow Warbler
Dendroica pensylvanica, Chestnut-sided Warbler
Dendroica magnolia, Magnolia Warbler
Dendroica tigrina, Cape May Warbler
Dendroica caerulescens, Black-throated Blue Warbler
Dendroica coronata, Yellow-rumped Warbler
Dendroica nigrescens, Black-throated Gray Warbler
Dendroica chrysoparia, Golden-cheeked Warbler
Dendroica virens, Black-throated Green Warbler
Dendroica townsendi, Townsend’s Warbler
Dendroica occidentalis, Hermit Warbler
Dendroica fusca, Blackburnian Warbler
Dendroica dominica, Yellow-throated Warbler
Dendroica gratiae, Grace’s Warbler
Dendroica adelaidae, Adelaide’s Warbler
Dendroica pinus, Pine Warbler
Dendroica kirtlandii, Kirtland’s Warbler
Dendroica discolor, Prairie Warbler
Dendroica palmarum, Palm Warbler
Dendroica castanea, Bay-breasted Warbler
Dendroica striata, Blackpoll Warbler
Dendroica cerulea, Cerulean Warbler
Dendroica angelae, Elfin-woods Warbler
Warbler
Mniotilta varia, Black-and-white Warbler
Setophaga ruticilla, American Redstart
Prothonatario citrea, Prothonotary Warbler
Helmitheros vermivorum, Worm-eating Warbler
Limmothlypis swainsonii, Swainson’s Warbler
Seiurus aurocapilla, Ovenbird
Parkesia noveboracensis, Northern Waterthrush
Parkesia motacilla, Louisiana Waterthrush
Oporornis formosus, Kentucky Warbler
Oporornis agilis, Connecticut Warbler
Oporornis philadelphia, Mourning Warbler
Oporornis tolmiei, MacGillivray’s Warbler
Geothlypis trichas, Common Yellowthroat
Geothlypis poliocephala, Gray-crowned Yellowthroat
Wilsonia citrina, Hooded Warbler
Wilsonia pusilla, Wilson’s Warbler
Wilsonia canadensis, Canada Warbler
Cardellina rubfrifrons, Red-faced Warbler
Myioborus pictus, Painted Redstart
Myioborus minimus, Slate-throated Redstart
Euthlypis lachrymosa, Fan-tailed Warbler
Basileuterus culicivorus, Golden-crowned Warbler
Basileuterus rufifrons, Rufous-capped Warbler
Icteria virens, Yellow-breasted Chat
Family THRAUPIDAE
Nesospingus speculiferus, Puerto Rican Tanager
Spindalis zena, Western Spindalis
Spindalis portoricensis, Puerto Rican Spindalis
Family EMBERIZIDAE
Sporophila torquela, White-collared Seedeater
Tiaris olivaceus, Yellow-faced Grassquit
Tiaris bicolor, Black-faced Grassquit
Loxiolina portoricensis, Puerto Rican Bullock’s Vireo
Arremonops rufivirgatus, Olive Sparrow
Pipilo chlorurus, Green-tailed Towhee
Pipilo maculatus, Spotted Towhee
Pipilo erythrophthalmus, Eastern Towhee
Amiophila ruficeps, Rufous-crowned Sparrow
Melouzone fusca, Canyon Towhee
Melouzone crissalis, California Towhee
Melouzone aberti, Abert’s Towhee
Peucaea carpalis, Rufous-winged Sparrow
Peucaea botteri, Botteri’s Sparrow
Peucaea cassinii, Cassin’s Sparrow
Peucaea aestivalis, Bachman’s Sparrow
Spizella arborea, American Tree Sparrow
Spizella passerina, Chipping Sparrow
Spizella pallida, Clay-colored Sparrow
Spizella breweri, Brewer’s Sparrow
Spizella pusilla, Field Sparrow
Spizella wormeli, Worthen’s Sparrow
Spizella alternata, Black-chinned Sparrow
Poecetes gramineus, Vesper Sparrow
Chondestes grammacus, Lark Sparrow
Amphispiza quinquestrata, Five-striped Sparrow
Amphispiza bilineata, Black-throated Sparrow
Amphispiza belli, Sage Sparrow
Calamospiza melanocorys, Lark Bunting
Passerella sandwichensis, Savannah Sparrow
Ammodramus savannarum, Grasshopper Sparrow
Ammodramus bairdii, Baird’s Sparrow
Ammodramus henslowii, Henslow’s Sparrow
Ammodramus lecontei, Le Conte’s Sparrow
Ammodramus nelsoni, Nelson’s Sparrow
Ammodramus caudacutus, Saltmarsh Sparrow
Ammodramus maritimus, Seaside Sparrow
Passerella iliaca, Fox Sparrow
Melospiza melodia, Song Sparrow
Melospiza lincolnii, Lincoln’s Sparrow
Melospiza georgiana, Swamp Sparrow
Zonotrichia albicollis, White-throated Sparrow
Zonotrichia querula, Harris’s Sparrow
Zonotrichia leucophrys, White-crowned Sparrow
Zonotrichia atricapilla, Golden-crowned Sparrow
Junco hyemalis, Dark-eyed Junco
Junco phaeonotus, Yellow-eyed Junco
Emberiza leucocephalos, Pine Bunting
Emberiza chrysophrys, Yellow-browed Bunting
Emberiza pusilla, Little Bunting
Emberiza rustica, Rustic Bunting
Emberiza elegans, Yellow-throated Bunting
Emberiza aureola, Yellow-breasted Bunting
Emberiza variabilis, Gray Bunting
Emberiza pallasi, Pallas’s Bunting
Emberiza schoeniclus, Reed Bunting
Family CARDINALIDAE
Passerina flavus, Hepatic Tanager
Passerina rubra, Summer Tanager
Passerina villica, Scarlet Tanager
Passerina ludoviciana, Western Tanager
Passerina bidentata, Flame-colored Tanager
Rhodothera leucotis, Clarion Island Tanager
Cardinalis cardinalis, Crimson-collared Grosbeak
Cardinalis sinuatus, Pyrrhuloxia
Pheucticus chrysophalus, Yellow Grosbeak
Pheucticus ludovicianus, Rose-breasted Grosbeak
Pheucticus melanochalopus, Black-headed Grosbeak
Cyanocompsa parellina, Blue Bunting
Passerina caerulea, Blue Grosbeak
Passerina amoena, Lazuli Bunting
Passerina cyanea, Indigo Bunting
Passerina versicolor, Varied Bunting
Passerina ciris, Painted Bunting
Spiza americana, Dickcissel

Family ICTERIDAE
Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Bobolink
Agelaius phoeniceus, Red-winged Blackbird
Agelaius tricolor, Tricolored Blackbird
Agelaius humeralis, Tawny-shouldered Blackbird
Agelaius xanthomus, Yellow-shouldered Blackbird
Sturnella magna, Eastern Meadowlark
Sturnella neglecta, Western Meadowlark
Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus, Brewer’s Blackbird
Quiscalus quiscula, Common Grackle
Quiscalus major, Boat-tailed Grackle
Quiscalus mexicanus, Great-tailed Grackle
Quiscalus niger, Greater Antillean Grackle
Molothrus bonariensis, Shiny Cowbird
Molothrus aeneus, Bronzed Cowbird
Molothrus ater, Brown-headed Cowbird
Icterus portoricensis, Puerto Rican Oriole
Icterus wagleri, Black-vented Oriole
Icterus spurius, Orchard Oriole
Icterus caccalatus, Hooded Oriole
Icterus pustulatus, Streak-backed Oriole
Icterus bullockii, Bullock’s Oriole
Icterus gularis, Altamira Oriole
Icterus graduacauda, Audubon’s Oriole
Icterus galbula, Baltimore Oriole
Icterus parisorum, Scott’s Oriole

Family FRINGILLIDAE
Subfamily FRINGILLINAE
Leucosticte tephrocotis, Gray-crowned Rosy-Finch
Leucosticte artrata, Black Rosy-Finch
Leucosticte aurilas, Brown-capped Rosy-Finch
Pinicola enucleator, Pine Grosbeak
Cardopacus erythrinus, Common Rosefinch
Cardopacus purpureus, Purple Finch
Cardopacus cassini, Cassin’s Finch
Cardopacus mexicanus, House Finch
Loxia curvirostra, Red Crossbill
Loxia leucoptera, White-winged Crossbill

Subfamily EUPHONIINAE
Euphonia musica, Antillean Euphonia

Subfamily CARDUELINAE
Leucosticte tephrocotis, Gray-crowned Rosy-Finch
Leucosticte atrata, Black Rosy-Finch
Leucosticte aurilas, Brown-capped Rosy-Finch
Pinicola enucleator, Pine Grosbeak
Cardopacus erythrinus, Common Rosefinch
Cardopacus purpureus, Purple Finch
Cardopacus cassini, Cassin’s Finch
Cardopacus mexicanus, House Finch
Loxia curvirostra, Red Crossbill
Loxia leucoptera, White-winged Crossbill

Subfamily DREPANIDINAE
Telespiza cantans, Laysan Finch
Telespiza ultima, Nihoa Finch
Psittirostra psittacea, Ou
Loxioideas bailleui, Palila
Pseudonestor xanthophrys, Maui

PART 21—[AMENDED]
3. Revise the authority citation for part 21 to read as follows:

§ 21.3 [Amended]
4. In § 21.3, amend the definition of “Raptor” by adding the words “the Order Accipitriformes,” immediately before the words “the Order Falconiformes” and adding a comma after “Falconiformes”.

Dated: September 17, 2013.

Michael J. Bean,
Acting Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks.

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