3. The extent to which the program anticipates, controls for, and mitigates risks to consumers; 19
4. The strength and record of the company’s compliance management system relative to the size, nature, and complexity of the company’s consumer business;
5. How effectively and efficiently the program will test for potential improvements to consumer understanding and/or the cost-effectiveness of disclosures, and how narrowly the program is tailored to the testing objectives;
6. The extent to which existing data or other evidence indicate that the proposed changes will realize the intended improvements; and
7. The extent to which the company intends to permit public disclosure of test results.

In reviewing and approving applications, the Bureau will also take into consideration the scope and nature of programs currently underway as well as the Bureau’s available resources.

C. Waiver Procedures for Approved Programs

When the Bureau approves a waiver, it will provide the company or companies that receive the waiver with the specific terms and conditions of its approval.20 Waivers will require companies to certify, and document or otherwise demonstrate to the Bureau, their compliance with these approved terms and conditions. If a company does not follow the terms and conditions of the waiver, the Bureau may revoke the waiver in whole or in part.21

Waiver terms and conditions will be in writing in an integrated document entitled “1032(e) Trial Disclosure Waiver: Terms and Conditions.” This document will be signed by the Director of the Bureau or by his or her designee, and by an officer of each company approved for a waiver in connection with the program.

In addition, the document will:
1. Identify the company or companies that are receiving a waiver;
2. Specify the new disclosure(s) or delivery methods to be used by that company or companies under the terms of the waiver;
3. Specify the rules and statutory provisions that the Bureau will waive during the test period for the testing company or companies;
4. Specify the temporary duration of the waiver;
5. Describe and delineate the test population(s); and
6. Specify any other conditions on the effectiveness of the waiver, such as the terms of testing, data sharing, certification of compliance with the terms of the waiver, and/or public disclosure.

D. Bureau Disclosure of Information Regarding Trial Programs

The Bureau will publish notice on its Web site of any trial disclosure program that it approves for a waiver. The notice will: (i) Identify the company or companies conducting the trial disclosure program; (ii) summarize the changes to be used, their intended purpose, and the duration of their intended use; (iii) summarize the scope of the waiver and the Bureau’s reasons for granting it; and (iv) state that the waiver only applies to the testing company or companies in accordance with the approved terms of use.

Public disclosure of any other information regarding trial programs is governed by the Bureau’s Rule on Disclosure of Records and Information.22 For example, the rule requires the Bureau to make available records requested by the public unless they are subject to a FOIA exemption or exclusion.23 To the extent the Bureau wishes to disclose information regarding trial programs, the terms of such disclosure will be included in the 1032(e) Trial Disclosure Waiver: Terms and Conditions document. Consistent with applicable law and its own rules, the Bureau will not seek to disclose any test data that would conflict with consumers’ privacy interests.

Dated: October 23, 2013.
Christopher D’Angelo,
Chief of Staff, Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection.

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19 This includes the extent to which a proposal contains reasonable contingency plans for addressing unanticipated consumer harms that arise during the duration of the test.
20 If the Bureau determines not to approve a proposed trial program, it will inform the company of its determination.
21 Before determining to issue a revocation, the Bureau will notify the affected company (or companies) of the grounds for revocation, and permit an opportunity to respond. If the Bureau nonetheless determines that the company failed to follow the terms of the waiver, it may offer an opportunity to correct any such failure before revoking the waiver. If the Bureau revokes or partially revokes a waiver for failure to follow the waiver’s terms, it will do so in writing and it will specify the reason or reasons for its action.
22 See 12 CFR 1070.100 et seq.
and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.


Examining the AD Docket

You may examine the AD docket on the Internet at http://www.regulations.gov; or in person at the Docket Management Facility between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this AD, the regulatory evaluation, any comments received, and other information. The street address for the Docket Office (phone: 800–647–5527) is in the ADDRESSES section. Comments will be available in the AD docket shortly after receipt.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Discussion


Since we issued AD 2012–24–09 (77 FR 72203, December 5, 2012; corrected January 14, 2013 (78 FR 2615)), we received a report that an additional engine, the CMI LTSIO–360–RB, has the affected HET turbochargers installed. FAA’s Determination

We are issuing this AD because we evaluated all the relevant information and determined the unsafe condition described previously is likely to exist or develop in other products of the same type design.

AD Requirements

This AD requires removing the affected turbochargers from service before further flight.

FAA’s Justification and Determination of the Effective Date

An unsafe condition exists that requires the immediate adoption of this AD. The FAA has found that the risk to the flying public justifies waiving notice and comment prior to adoption of this rule because the AD requires removal of the affected turbochargers before further flight. Therefore, we find that notice and opportunity for prior public comment are impracticable and that good cause exists for making this amendment effective in less than 30 days.

Comments Invited

This AD is a final rule that involves requirements affecting flight safety, and we did not provide you with notice and an opportunity to provide your comments before it becomes effective. However, we invite you to send any written data, views, or arguments about this AD. Send your comments to an address listed under the ADDRESSES section. Include “Docket No. FAA–2012–1245; Directorate Identifier 2012–NE–41–AD” at the beginning of your comments. We specifically invite comments on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of this AD. We will consider all comments received by the closing date and may amend this AD because of those comments.

We will post all comments we receive, without change, to http://www.regulations.gov, including any personal information you provide. We will also post a report summarizing each substantive verbal contact we receive about this AD.

Costs of Compliance

We estimate that this AD affects 56 engines of U.S. registry with affected turbochargers installed. We also estimate that it will take about 4 hours to remove a turbocharger from service. The average labor rate is $85 per hour. Based on these figures, we estimate the total cost of this AD to U.S. operators to be $19,040.

Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA’s authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, Section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency’s authority.

We are issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701, “General requirements.” Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

Regulatory Findings

This AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this AD:

(1) Is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866,

(2) Is not a “significant rule” under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979),

(3) Will not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska to the extent that it justifies making a regulatory distinction, and

(4) Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

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PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by removing airworthiness directive (AD) 2012–24–09, Amendment 39–17279 (77 FR 72203, December 5, 2012; corrected January 14, 2013 (78 FR 2615)) and adding the following new AD:


(a) Effective Date

This AD is effective November 13, 2013.

(b) Affected ADs

This AD supersedes AD 2012–24–09, Amendment 39–17279 (77 FR 72203, December 5, 2012; corrected January 14, 2013 (78 FR 2615)).

(c) Applicability


(d) Unsafe Condition

This AD was prompted by a report that an additional engine, the CMI LTSIO–360–RB, has the affected HET turbochargers installed.

(e) Compliance

(1) Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

(2) After the effective date of this AD and before further flight, remove from service any turbocharger identified in Tables 1 and 2 of HET ASB No. 048, dated November 16, 2012.

(f) Prohibitions

After the effective date of this AD, do not return to service, and do not operate without a special flight permit, any engine with an HET turbocharger installed that is identified in Tables 1 and 2 of HET ASB No. 048, dated November 16, 2012.

(g) Special Flight Permits

Special flight permits are limited to when:

(1) Ferry flights do not exceed three hours duration;

(2) The turbocharger boost is set to “Off” in the cockpit (if equipped); and

(3) The wastegate for the turbocharger is safety wired in the locked open position.

(h) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

(1) The Manager, Chicago Aircraft Certification Office, FAA, may approve AMOCs for this AD. Use the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19 to make your request.

(2) AMOCs approved for AD 2012–24–09 (77 FR 72203, December 5, 2012; corrected January 14, 2013 (78 FR 2615)) remain in effect for this AD.

(i) Related Information

For more information about this AD, contact Christopher Richards, Aerospace Engineer, Chicago Aircraft Certification Office, FAA, 2300 E. Devon Ave., Des Plaines, IL 60018; phone: 847–294–7156; fax: 847–294–7834; email: christopher.j.richards@faa.gov.

(j) Material Incorporated by Reference

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference (IBR) of the service information listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this service information as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.

(3) The following service information was approved for IBR on December 20, 2012 (77 FR 72203, December 5, 2012; corrected January 14, 2013 (78 FR 2615)).


(ii) Reserved.


(5) You may view this service information at the FAA, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call 781–238–7125.

(6) You may view this service information at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202 741 6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr_locations.html.

Issued in Burlington, Massachusetts, on October 8, 2013.


[FR Doc. 2013–25342 Filed 10–28–13; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Internal Revenue Service

26 CFR Part 1

[TD 9627]

RIN 1545–BL04

Mixed Straddles; Straddle-by-Straddle Identification Under Section 1092(b)(2)(A)(I)(I); Correction

AGENCY: Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Treasury.

ACTION: Temporary regulations; correcting amendments.

SUMMARY: This document contains amendments to temporary regulations relating to guidance for taxpayers electing to establish a mixed straddle using straddle-by-straddle identification. These amendments include a change to the applicability date of the temporary regulations pursuant to which the temporary regulations apply to transactions established after the date of publication of the Treasury decision adopting these rules as final regulations in the Federal Register. The amendments to the temporary regulations will affect taxpayers who elect to establish a mixed straddle using straddle-by-straddle identification.

DATES: Effective Date: These amendments are effective on October 29, 2013.

Applicability Date: As corrected, § 1.1092(b)-6T applies to identified mixed straddles established after the date of publication of the Treasury decision adopting these rules as final regulations in the Federal Register.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Pamela Lew or Robert B. Williams at (202) 622–3950 (not a toll-free number).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The temporary regulations that are the subject of these amendments are under section 1092 of the Internal Revenue Code (Code). The temporary regulations (TD 9627) were published in the Federal Register on Friday, August 2, 2013 (78 FR 46807). The temporary regulations applied to all identified mixed straddles established after the date of filing, August 1, 2013.

Need for Amendments

The Treasury Department and the IRS received comments raising concerns about the immediate applicability date of the temporary regulations. In response to those comments, this document amends the temporary regulations...