

approximately 4,701 P.O. Box customers, and the location meets the criteria to be classified as and assigned to a competitive fee group. Therefore, the Postal Service has reassigned USNA Box Section ZIP 21412 from Market Dominant Fee Group 3 to Competitive Fee Group 35.

Documents pertinent to this request are available at [www.prc.gov](http://www.prc.gov), Docket No. MC2011-25.

**Stanley F. Mires,**

*Attorney, Legal Policy & Legislative Advice.*

[FR Doc. 2013-23978 Filed 10-1-13; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 7710-12-P**

## PRESIDIO TRUST

### Notice of Public Meeting of the Fort Scott Council

**AGENCY:** The Presidio Trust.

**ACTION:** Notice of public meeting of the Fort Scott Council.

**SUMMARY:** Pursuant to the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given that a public meeting of the Fort Scott Council (Council) will be held from 10 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. on Thursday, October 17, 2013. The meeting is open to the public, and oral public comment will be received at the meeting. The Council was formed to advise the Executive Director of the Presidio Trust (Trust) on matters pertaining to the rehabilitation and reuse of Fort Winfield Scott as a new national center focused on service and leadership development.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Trust's Executive Director, in consultation with the Chair of the Board of Directors, has determined that the Council is in the public interest and supports the Trust in performing its duties and responsibilities under the Presidio Trust Act, 16 U.S.C. 460bb appendix.

The Council will advise on the establishment of a new national center (Center) focused on service and leadership development, with specific emphasis on: (a) Assessing the role and key opportunities of a national center dedicated to service and leadership at Fort Scott in the Presidio of San Francisco; (b) providing recommendations related to the Center's programmatic goals, target audiences, content, implementation and evaluation; (c) providing guidance on a phased development approach that leverages a combination of funding sources including philanthropy; and (d) making recommendations on how to structure the Center's business model to

best achieve the Center's mission and ensure long-term financial self-sufficiency.

**Meeting Agenda:** In this meeting of the Council, a Director's report will be followed by updates from Council task groups, and members will discuss a draft business plan for the Center. The period from 12:00 p.m. to 12:30 p.m. will be reserved for public comments.

**Public Comment:** Individuals who would like to offer comments are invited to sign-up at the meeting and speaking times will be assigned on a first-come, first-served basis. Written comments may be submitted on cards that will be provided at the meeting, via mail to Linh Tran, Presidio Trust, 1201 Ralston Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94129-0052, or via email to [fortscott@presidiotrust.gov](mailto:fortscott@presidiotrust.gov). If individuals submitting written comments request that their address or other contact information be withheld from public disclosure, it will be honored to the extent allowable by law. Such requests must be stated prominently at the beginning of the comments. The Trust will make available for public inspection all submissions from organizations or businesses and from persons identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations and businesses.

**Time:** The meeting will be held from 10:00 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. on Thursday, October 17, 2013.

**Location:** The meeting will be held at 1202 Ralston Avenue, The Presidio, San Francisco, CA 94129.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Additional information is available online at <http://www.presidio.gov/explore/Pages/fort-scott-council.aspx>.

Dated: September 20, 2013.

**Karen A. Cook,**  
*General Counsel.*

[FR Doc. 2013-24086 Filed 10-1-13; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4310-4R-P**

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Investment Company Act Release No. 30735; 812-14137]

### Guinness Atkinson Asset Management, Inc., et al.; Notice of Application

September 26, 2013.

**AGENCY:** Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission").

**ACTION:** Notice of an application for an order under section 6(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("Act") for an exemption from sections

2(a)(32), 5(a)(1), 22(d) and 22(e) of the Act and rule 22c-1 under the Act, and under sections 6(c) and 17(b) of the Act for an exemption from sections 17(a)(1) and (2) of the Act, and under section 12(d)(1)(j) for an exemption from sections 12(d)(1)(A) and (B) of the Act.

**Applicants:** Guinness Atkinson Asset Management, Inc. ("GAAM"), SmartX ETF Trust (the "Trust") and Foreside Fund Services, LLC ("Distributor").

**SUMMARY: Summary of Application:**

Applicants request an order that permits: (a) Certain open-end management investment companies or series thereof to issue shares ("Shares") redeemable in large aggregations only ("Creation Units"); (b) secondary market transactions in Shares to occur at negotiated market prices; (c) certain series to pay redemption proceeds, under certain circumstances, more than seven days from the tender of Shares for redemption; (d) certain affiliated persons of the series to deposit securities into, and receive securities from, the series in connection with the purchase and redemption of Creation Units; (e) certain series to issue Shares in less than Creation Unit size to investors participating in a distribution reinvestment program ("Distribution Reinvestment Program"); and (f) certain registered management investment companies and unit investment trusts outside of the same group of investment companies as the series to acquire Shares.

**DATES: Filing Dates:** The application was filed on March 22, 2013, and amended on September 11, 2013 and September 18, 2013.

**Hearing or Notification of Hearing:** An order granting the requested relief will be issued unless the Commission orders a hearing. Interested persons may request a hearing by writing to the Commission's Secretary and serving applicants with a copy of the request, personally or by mail. Hearing requests should be received by the Commission by 5:30 p.m. October 21, 2013, and should be accompanied by proof of service on applicants, in the form of an affidavit or, for lawyers, a certificate of service. Hearing requests should state the nature of the writer's interest, the reason for the request, and the issues contested. Persons who wish to be notified of a hearing may request notification by writing to the Commission's Secretary.

**ADDRESSES:** Elizabeth M. Murphy, Secretary, U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549-1090. Applicants, c/o Alexandra Alberstadt,

Kramer Levin Naftalis & Frankel LLP, 1177 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10036.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Bruce R. MacNeil, Senior Counsel, at (202) 551-6817 or Daniele Marchesani, Branch Chief, at (202) 551-6821 (Division of Investment Management, Exemptive Applications Office).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The following is a summary of the application. The complete application may be obtained via the Commission's Web site by searching for the file number, or an applicant using the Company name box, at <http://www.sec.gov/search/search.htm> or by calling (202) 551-8090.

### Applicants' Representations

1. The Trust, a Delaware statutory trust, is registered under the Act as an open-end management investment company. Applicants request that the order apply to the initial series of the Trust, SmartX NASDAQ Quality Dividend Index ETF ("Initial Fund"), and future series of the Trust and future open-end management investment companies and series thereof advised by GAAM or an entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with GAAM (each, an "Adviser") that comply with the terms and conditions of the application (each such company or series, a "Future Fund," and collectively with the Initial Fund, the "Funds").<sup>1</sup> The Initial Fund and the Future Funds will each track the performance of a specified equity or fixed income securities index ("Underlying Index").<sup>2</sup> Certain Future Funds will be based on Underlying Indexes comprised solely of equity and/or fixed income securities issued by (i) domestic issuers ("Domestic Funds") or (ii) foreign issuers ("International Funds"). Other Future Funds may be based on Underlying Indexes that include foreign and domestic equity or fixed income securities ("Global Funds").

2. GAAM or another Adviser will serve as the investment adviser to the Funds. GAAM and each other Adviser will be registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 ("Advisers Act"). The Adviser may enter into subadvisory

<sup>1</sup> All existing entities that intend to rely on the requested order have been named as applicants. Any other existing or future entity that subsequently relies on the order will comply with the terms and conditions of the application. An Acquiring Fund (as defined below) may rely on the order only to invest in a Fund and not in any other registered investment company.

<sup>2</sup> The Underlying Index for the Initial Fund is NASDAQ SmartX Quality Dividend Index.

agreements with investment advisers to act as subadvisers with respect to any Fund (each, a "Subadviser"). Any Subadviser to a Fund will be registered under the Advisers Act or not subject to registration. The Distributor, a broker-dealer registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Broker") and an affiliate of the Adviser, will act as the distributor and principal underwriter of Creation Units of Shares. In the future, another Broker may act as distributor and principal underwriter. No Distributor will be affiliated with any Exchange (as defined below) or any Index Provider (as defined below).

3. Each Fund will consist of a portfolio of securities and other assets and positions ("Portfolio Positions") selected to correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an Underlying Index. No entity that creates, compiles, sponsors or maintains an Underlying Index ("Index Provider") is or will be an affiliated person, as defined in section 2(a)(3) of the Act, or an affiliated person of an affiliated person of the Trust or a Fund, a promoter, the Adviser, a Subadviser, or a Distributor.

4. The investment objective of each Fund will be to provide investment returns that closely correspond, before fees and expenses, to the price and yield performance of its Underlying Index.<sup>3</sup> Each Fund will sell and redeem Creation Units on a "Business Day," which is defined to include any day that the Trust is open for business as required by section 22(e) of the Act. The Adviser and/or Subadviser may utilize a replication or a representative sampling strategy to track its Underlying Index. A Fund using a replication strategy will invest in substantially all of the Component Securities in its Underlying Index in the same approximate proportions as in the Underlying Index. A Fund using a representative sampling strategy generally will hold a significant number, but not necessarily all, of the Component Securities of its Underlying Index. Applicants state that if representative sampling is used, a Fund will not be expected to track its Underlying Index with the same degree of accuracy as a Fund employing the replication strategy. Applicants expect

<sup>3</sup> Applicants represent that at least 80% of each Fund's total assets will be invested in the constituent securities of its respective Underlying Index ("Component Securities"), TBA Transactions (as defined below) representing Component Securities, and Depositary Receipts (as defined below) representing Component Securities. Each Fund also may invest the remaining 20% of its total assets in instruments not included in its Underlying Index, which the Adviser or Subadviser believes will assist the Fund in tracking the performance of its Underlying Index.

that each Fund will have a tracking error relative to the performance of its Underlying Index of no more than five percent.

5. Applicants anticipate that the price of a Share will range from \$15 to \$25, and that Creation Units will consist of at least 10,000 Shares. All orders to purchase and redeem Creation Units must be placed with the Distributor by or through an "Authorized Participant," which is either: (a) a "participating party," i.e., a Broker or other participant in the Continuous Net Settlement System of the National Securities Clearing Corporation ("NSCC"), a clearing agency registered with the Commission and affiliated with the Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), or (b) a participant in the DTC ("DTC Participant"), which in any case, has executed an agreement with the Distributor. The Distributor will transmit all purchase orders to the relevant Fund.

6. The Shares will be purchased and redeemed in Creation Units and generally on an in-kind basis. Except where the purchase or redemption will include cash under the limited circumstances specified below, purchasers will be required to purchase Creation Units by making an in-kind deposit of specified instruments ("Deposit Instruments"), and shareholders redeeming their Shares will receive an in-kind transfer of specified instruments ("Redemption Instruments").<sup>4</sup> On any given Business Day the names and quantities of the instruments that constitute the Deposit Instruments and the names and quantities of the instruments that constitute the Redemption Instruments will be identical, unless the Fund is Rebalancing (as defined below). In addition, the Deposit Instruments and the Redemption Instruments will each correspond pro rata to the positions in a Fund's portfolio (including cash positions),<sup>5</sup> except: (a) In the case of bonds, for minor differences when it is impossible to break up bonds beyond certain minimum sizes needed for transfer and settlement; (b) for minor

<sup>4</sup> The Funds must comply with the federal securities laws in accepting Deposit Instruments and satisfying redemptions with Redemption Instruments, including that the Deposit Instruments and Redemption Instruments are sold in transactions that would be exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act"). In accepting Deposit Instruments and satisfying redemptions with Redemption Instruments that are restricted securities eligible for resale pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act, the Funds will comply with the conditions of Rule 144A.

<sup>5</sup> The portfolio used for this purpose will be the same portfolio used to calculate the Fund's NAV for that Business Day.

differences when rounding is necessary to eliminate fractional shares or lots that are not tradeable round lots;<sup>6</sup> (c) “to be announced” transactions (“TBA Transactions”),<sup>7</sup> derivatives and other positions that cannot be transferred in kind<sup>8</sup> will be excluded from the Deposit Instruments and the Redemption Instruments;<sup>9</sup> (d) to the extent the Fund determines, on a given Business Day, to use a representative sampling of the Fund’s portfolio;<sup>10</sup> or (e) for temporary periods, to effect changes in the Fund’s portfolio as a result of the rebalancing of its Underlying Index (any such change, a “Rebalancing”). If there is a difference between the net asset value (“NAV”) attributable to a Creation Unit and the aggregate market value of the Deposit Instruments or Redemption Instruments exchanged for the Creation Unit, the party conveying instruments with the lower value will also pay to the other an amount in cash equal to that difference (the “Balancing Amount”).

7. Purchases and redemptions of Creation Units may be made in whole or in part on a cash basis, rather than in kind, solely under the following circumstances: (a) To the extent there is a Balancing Amount, as described above; (b) if, on a given Business Day, a Fund announces before the open of trading that all purchases, all redemptions or all purchases and redemptions on that day will be made entirely in cash; (c) if, upon receiving a purchase or redemption order from an Authorized Participant, a Fund determines to require the purchase or redemption, as applicable, to be made entirely in cash;<sup>11</sup> (d) if, on a given

<sup>6</sup> A tradeable round lot for a security will be the standard unit of trading in that particular type of security in its primary market.

<sup>7</sup> A TBA Transaction is a method of trading mortgage-backed securities. In a TBA Transaction, the buyer and seller agree on general trade parameters such as agency, settlement date, par amount and price. The actual pools delivered generally are determined two days prior to the settlement date.

<sup>8</sup> This includes instruments that can be transferred in kind only with the consent of the original counterparty to the extent the Fund does not intend to seek such consents.

<sup>9</sup> Because these instruments will be excluded from the Deposit Instruments and the Redemption Instruments, their value will be reflected in the determination of the Balancing Amount (defined below).

<sup>10</sup> A Fund may only use sampling for this purpose if the sample: (i) Is designed to generate performance that is highly correlated to the performance of the Fund’s portfolio; (ii) consists entirely of instruments that are already included in the Fund’s portfolio; and (iii) is the same for all Authorized Participants on a given Business Day.

<sup>11</sup> In determining whether a particular Fund will sell or redeem Creation Units entirely on a cash or in kind basis (whether for a given day or a given order), the key consideration will be the benefit that would accrue to the Fund and its investors. For

Business Day, a Fund requires all Authorized Participants purchasing or redeeming Shares on that day to deposit or receive (as applicable) cash in lieu of some or all of the Deposit Instruments or Redemption Instruments, respectively, solely because: (i) Such instruments are not eligible for transfer through either the NSCC or DTC; or (ii) in the case of Global Funds and International Funds, such instruments are not eligible for trading due to local trading restrictions, local restrictions on securities transfers or other similar circumstances; or (e) if a Fund permits an Authorized Participant to deposit or receive (as applicable) cash in lieu of some or all of the Deposit Instruments or Redemption Instruments, respectively, solely because: (i) Such instruments are, in the case of the purchase of a Creation Unit, not available in sufficient quantity; (ii) such instruments are not eligible for trading by an Authorized Participant or the investor on whose behalf the Authorized Participant is acting; or (iii) a holder of Shares of a Global Fund or International Fund would be subject to unfavorable income tax treatment if the holder receives redemption proceeds in kind.<sup>12</sup>

8. Each Business Day, before the open of trading on a national securities exchange, as defined in section 2(a)(26) of the Act (“Exchange”) on which Shares are listed (“Primary Listing Exchange”), each Fund will cause to be published through the NSCC the names and quantities of the instruments comprising the Deposit Instruments and the Redemption Instruments, as well as the estimated Balancing Amount (if any), for that day.<sup>13</sup> The list of Deposit Instruments and Redemption Instruments will apply until a new list is announced on the following Business Day, and there will be no intra-day changes to the list except to correct errors in the published list. The intra-day indicative value of Shares, which will represent on a per Share basis the

instance, in bond transactions, the Adviser may be able to obtain better execution than Share purchasers because of the Adviser’s size, experience and potentially stronger relationships in the fixed income markets. Purchases of Creation Units either on an all cash basis or in kind are expected to be neutral to the Funds from a tax perspective. In contrast, cash redemptions typically require selling portfolio holdings, which may result in adverse tax consequences for the remaining Fund shareholders that would not occur with an in kind redemption. As a result, tax considerations may warrant in kind redemptions.

<sup>12</sup> A “custom order” is any purchase or redemption of Shares made in whole or in part on a cash basis in reliance on clause (e)(i) or (e)(ii).

<sup>13</sup> If the Fund is Rebalancing, it may need to announce two estimated Balancing Amounts for that day, one for deposits and one for redemptions.

sum of the current value of the Portfolio Positions, will be published on the Consolidated Tape every 15 seconds throughout the regular trading hours of the Primary Listing Exchange.

9. Each Fund may recoup settlement costs charged by NSCC and DTC by imposing a transaction fee on investors purchasing or redeeming Creation Units (“Transaction Fee”). The Transaction Fee will be borne only by purchasers and redeemers of Creation Units and will be limited to amounts that have been determined appropriate by the Adviser to defray the transaction expenses that will be incurred by a Fund when an investor purchases or redeems Creation Units.<sup>14</sup> All orders to purchase Creation Units will be placed with the Distributor by or through an Authorized Participant and the Distributor will transmit all purchase orders to the relevant Fund. The Distributor will furnish a prospectus and a confirmation to Authorized Participants placing purchase orders and will maintain a record of the instructions given to a Fund to implement delivery of its Shares.

10. Shares of each Fund will be listed on an Exchange. The principal secondary market for the Shares will be the Primary Listing Exchange. It is expected that one or more member firms of the Primary Listing Exchange will be designated to act as a specialist or market maker and maintain a market for the Shares trading on the Primary Listing Exchange. The price of Shares will be based on a current bid/offer in the secondary market. Transactions involving the purchases or sales of Shares on an Exchange will be subject to customary brokerage fees and charges.

11. Applicants expect that purchasers of Creation Units will include institutional investors and arbitrageurs. Authorized Participants also may purchase or redeem Creation Units in connection with their market making activities. Applicants expect that secondary market purchasers of Shares will include both institutional and retail investors.<sup>15</sup> The price at which Shares

<sup>14</sup> Where a Fund permits an in-kind purchaser to substitute cash-in-lieu of depositing one or more Deposit Instruments, the purchaser may be assessed a higher Transaction Fee to cover the cost of purchasing those particular Deposit Instruments. In all cases, the Transaction Fee will be limited in accordance with the requirements of the Commission applicable to open-end management investment companies offering redeemable securities.

<sup>15</sup> Shares will be registered in book-entry form only. DTC or its nominee will be the record or registered owner of all outstanding Shares. Beneficial ownership of Shares will be shown on the records of DTC or DTC Participants.

trade will be disciplined by arbitrage opportunities created by the ability to purchase or redeem Creation Units at NAV, which applicants believe should ensure that Shares similarly do not trade at a material premium or discount in relation to NAV.

12. Shares will not be individually redeemable and owners of Shares may acquire those Shares from a Fund (other than pursuant to a Distribution Reinvestment Program) or tender such shares for redemption to the Fund, in Creation Units only. To redeem, an investor must accumulate enough Shares to constitute a Creation Unit. Redemption requests must be placed by or through an Authorized Participant.

13. Neither the Trust nor any Fund will be marketed or otherwise held out as a traditional open-end investment company or a "mutual fund." Instead, each Fund will be marketed as an "exchange-traded fund." All marketing materials that describe the features or method of obtaining, buying or selling Creation Units, or Shares being listed and traded on an Exchange, or refer to redeemability, will prominently disclose that Shares are not individually redeemable shares and will disclose that the owners of Shares may acquire those Shares from the Fund (other than pursuant to a Distribution Reinvestment Program) or tender such Shares for redemption to the Fund only in Creation Units. Copies of annual and semi-annual shareholder reports will also be provided to the DTC Participants for distribution to Beneficial Owners (defined below) of Shares.

14. The Web site for the Funds (the "Web site"), which will be publicly accessible at no charge will contain on a per Share basis for each Fund, the prior Business Day's NAV and the market closing price or midpoint of the bid-ask spread at the time of the calculation of the NAV ("Bid/Ask Price"), and a calculation of the premium or discount of the market closing price or Bid/Ask Price against such NAV.

15. The requested order would also permit the Funds to operate the "Distribution Reinvestment Program," as described below. The Trust will make the DTC Dividend Reinvestment Service available for use by the beneficial owners of Shares ("Beneficial Owners") through DTC Participants for reinvestment of their cash dividends.<sup>16</sup> DTC Participants whose customers participate in the program will have the

distributions of their customers automatically reinvested in additional whole Shares issued by the applicable Fund at NAV per Share. Shares will be issued at NAV under the DTC Dividend Reinvestment Service regardless of whether the Shares are trading in the secondary market at a premium or discount to NAV as of the time NAV is calculated. Thus, Shares may be purchased through the DTC Dividend Reinvestment Service at prices that are higher (or lower) than the contemporaneous secondary market trading price. Applicants state that the DTC Dividend Reinvestment Service differs from dividend reinvestment services offered by broker-dealers in two ways. First, in dividend reinvestment programs typically offered by broker-dealers, the additional shares are purchased in the secondary market at current market prices at a date and time determined by the broker-dealer at its discretion. Shares purchased through the DTC Dividend Reinvestment Service are purchased directly from the fund on the date of the distribution at the NAV per share on such date. Second, in dividend reinvestment programs typically offered by broker-dealers, shareholders are typically charged a brokerage or other fee in connection with the secondary market purchase of shares. Applicants state that brokers typically do not charge customers any fees for reinvesting distributions through the DTC Dividend Reinvestment Service.

16. Applicants state that the DTC Dividend Reinvestment Service will be operated by DTC in exactly the same way it runs such service for other open-end management investment companies. The initial decision to participate in the DTC Dividend Reinvestment Service is made by the DTC Participant. Once a DTC Participant elects to participate in the DTC Dividend Reinvestment Service, it offers its customers the option to participate. Beneficial Owners will have to make an affirmative election to participate by completing an election notice. Before electing to participate, Beneficial Owners will receive disclosure describing the terms of the DTC Dividend Reinvestment Service and the consequences of participation. This disclosure will include a clear and concise explanation that under the Distribution Reinvestment Program, Shares will be issued at NAV, which could result in such Shares being acquired at a price higher or lower than that at which they could be sold in the secondary market on the day they are issued (this will also be clearly

disclosed in the Prospectus). Brokers providing the DTC Dividend Reinvestment Service to their customers will determine whether to charge Beneficial Owners a fee for this service.

17. The Prospectus will make clear to Beneficial Owners that the Distribution Reinvestment Program is optional and that its availability is determined by their broker, at its own discretion. Broker-dealers are not required to utilize the DTC Dividend Reinvestment Service, and may instead offer a dividend reinvestment program under which Shares are purchased in the secondary market at current market prices or no dividend reinvestment program at all.

### Applicants' Legal Analysis

1. Applicants request an order under section 6(c) of the Act granting an exemption from sections 2(a)(32), 5(a)(1), 22(d) and 22(e) of the Act and rule 22c-1 under the Act, under sections 6(c) and 17(b) of the Act granting an exemption from sections 17(a)(1) and (2) of the Act, and under section 12(d)(1)(J) for an exemption from sections 12(d)(1)(A) and (B) of the Act.

2. Section 6(c) of the Act provides that the Commission may exempt any person, security or transaction, or any class of persons, securities or transactions, from any provision of the Act, if and to the extent that such exemption is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and consistent with the protection of investors and the purposes fairly intended by the policy and provisions of the Act. Section 17(b) of the Act authorizes the Commission to exempt a proposed transaction from section 17(a) of the Act if evidence establishes that the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid or received, are reasonable and fair and do not involve overreaching on the part of any person concerned, and the proposed transaction is consistent with the policies of the registered investment company and the general provisions of the Act. Section 12(d)(1)(J) of the Act provides that the Commission may exempt any person, security, or transaction, or any class or classes of persons, securities or transactions, from any provision of section 12(d)(1) if the exemption is consistent with the public interest and the protection of investors.

### Sections 5(a)(1) and 2(a)(32) of the Act

3. Section 5(a)(1) of the Act defines an "open-end company" as a management investment company that is offering for sale or has outstanding any redeemable security of which it is the issuer.

<sup>16</sup> Some DTC Participants may not elect to utilize the DTC Dividend Reinvestment Service. Beneficial Owners will be encouraged to contact their broker to ascertain the availability of the DTC Dividend Reinvestment Service through such broker.

Section 2(a)(32) of the Act defines a redeemable security as any security, other than short-term paper, under the terms of which the holder, upon its presentation to the issuer, is entitled to receive approximately a proportionate share of the issuer's current net assets, or the cash equivalent. Because Shares will not be individually redeemable, applicants request an order that would permit the Trust to issue Shares in Creation Units only. Applicants state that Creation Units will always be redeemable in accordance with the provisions of the Act. Applicants further state that because the market price of Shares will be disciplined by arbitrage opportunities, investors should be able to sell Shares in the secondary market at prices that do not vary materially from their NAV per Share.

#### **Section 22(d) of the Act and Rule 22c-1 Under the Act**

4. Section 22(d) of the Act, among other things, prohibits a dealer from selling a redeemable security that is currently being offered to the public by or through an underwriter, except at a current public offering price described in the prospectus. Rule 22c-1 under the Act generally requires that a dealer selling, redeeming, or repurchasing a redeemable security do so only at a price based on its NAV. Applicants state that the purchase and sale of Shares of a Fund will not be accomplished at an offering price described in the Fund's prospectus, as required by section 22(d), nor will sales and repurchases be made at a price based on the current NAV next computed after receipt of an order, as required by rule 22c-1. Applicants request an exemption under section 6(c) from these provisions.

5. Applicants believe that the concerns sought to be addressed by section 22(d) of the Act and rule 22c-1 under the Act with respect to pricing are equally satisfied by the proposed method of pricing Shares. Applicants maintain that, while there is little legislative history regarding section 22(d), its provisions, as well as those of rule 22c-1, appear to have been intended to (a) prevent dilution caused by certain riskless-trading schemes by principal underwriters and contract dealers, (b) prevent unjust discrimination or preferential treatment among buyers, and (c) ensure an orderly distribution system of shares by contract dealers by eliminating price competition from non-contract dealers who could offer investors shares at less than the published sales price and who could pay investors a little more than the published redemption price.

6. Applicants believe that none of these purposes will be thwarted by permitting Shares to trade in the secondary market at negotiated prices. Applicants state that secondary market transactions in Shares would not cause dilution for owners of such Shares, because such transactions do not directly involve Fund assets. Similarly, secondary market trading in Shares should not create unjust discrimination or preferential treatment among buyers to the extent different prices exist during a given trading day, or from day to day. Applicants state that such variances occur as a result of third-party market forces, such as supply and demand, but do not occur as a result of unjust or discriminatory manipulation. Finally, applicants contend that the proposed distribution system will be orderly because arbitrage activity will ensure that the Shares do not trade at a material discount or premium in relation to their NAV.

#### **Section 22(e) of the Act**

7. Section 22(e) of the Act generally prohibits a registered investment company from suspending the right of redemption or postponing the date of payment of redemption proceeds for more than seven days after the tender of a security for redemption. Applicants observe that the settlement of redemptions of Creation Units of the Global and International Funds is contingent not only on the settlement cycle of the U.S. securities markets but also on the delivery cycles present in foreign markets in which those Funds invest. Applicants have been advised that, under certain circumstances, the delivery cycles for transferring Portfolio Positions to redeeming investors, coupled with local market holiday schedules, will require a delivery process of up to fourteen (14) calendar days. Applicants request relief under section 6(c) of the Act from section 22(e) to allow Global and International Funds to pay redemption proceeds up to 14 calendar days after the tender of the Creation Units. With respect to Future Funds based on a global or an international Underlying Index, applicants seek the same relief from section 22(e) only to the extent that similar circumstances exist. Except as disclosed in the relevant Global Fund's or International Fund's SAI, applicants expect that the Global Funds and International Funds will be able to deliver redemption proceeds within seven days.<sup>17</sup>

<sup>17</sup> Applicants acknowledge that no relief obtained from the requirements of section 22(e) will affect any obligations that applicants may otherwise have

8. Applicants submit that Congress adopted section 22(e) to prevent unreasonable, undisclosed and unforeseen delays in the actual payment of redemption proceeds. Applicants state that allowing redemption payments for Creation Units of a Fund to be made within 14 calendar days would not be inconsistent with the spirit and intent of section 22(e). Applicants state that the SAI will disclose those local holidays (over the period of at least one year following the date thereof), if any, that are expected to prevent the delivery of redemption proceeds in seven calendar days and the maximum number of days (up to 14 calendar days) needed to deliver the proceeds for each affected Global Fund and International Fund.

9. Applicants are not seeking relief from section 22(e) for Global or International Funds that do not effect redemptions of Creation Units in-kind.

#### **Section 12(d)(1) of the Act**

10. Section 12(d)(1)(A) of the Act prohibits a registered investment company from acquiring shares of an investment company if the securities represent more than 3% of the total outstanding voting stock of the acquired company, more than 5% of the total assets of the acquiring company, or, together with the securities of any other investment companies, more than 10% of the total assets of the acquiring company. Section 12(d)(1)(B) of the Act prohibits a registered open-end investment company, its principal underwriter, or any other broker or dealer from selling the investment company's shares to another investment company if the sale would cause the acquiring company to own more than 3% of the acquired company's voting stock, or if the sale would cause more than 10% of the acquired company's voting stock to be owned by investment companies generally.

11. Applicants request an exemption to permit management investment companies ("Acquiring Management Companies") and unit investment trusts ("Acquiring Trusts") registered under the Act that are not advised or sponsored by the Adviser and are not part of the same "group of investment companies," as defined in section 12(d)(1)(G)(ii) of the Act, as the Funds (collectively, "Acquiring Funds") to acquire Shares beyond the limits of section 12(d)(1)(A). In addition, applicants seek relief to permit each Fund, the Distributor and/or a Broker to

under rule 15c6-1 under the Exchange Act. Rule 15c6-1 requires that most securities transactions be settled within three business days of the trade date.

sell Shares to Acquiring Funds in excess of the limits of section 12(d)(1)(B).

12. Each investment adviser to an Acquiring Management Company within the meaning of section 2(a)(20)(A) of the Act (“Acquiring Fund Adviser”) will be registered as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act. An “Acquiring Fund Subadviser” is any investment advisor within the meaning of section 2(a)(20)(B) of the Act to an Acquiring Management Company. Each Acquiring Trust’s sponsor is the “Sponsor.”

13. Applicants submit that the proposed conditions to the requested relief adequately address the concerns underlying the limits in section 12(d)(1)(A) and (B), which include concerns about undue influence by a fund of funds over underlying funds, excessive layering of fees and overly complex fund structures. Applicants believe that the requested exemption is consistent with the public interest and the protection of investors.

14. Applicants believe that neither an Acquiring Fund nor an Acquiring Fund Affiliate would be able to exert undue influence over a Fund.<sup>18</sup> Condition 5 limits the ability of an Acquiring Fund’s Advisory Group<sup>19</sup> or an Acquiring Fund’s Subadvisory Group<sup>20</sup> to control a Fund within the meaning of section 2(a)(9) of the Act. Applicants propose other conditions to limit the potential for undue influence over the Funds, including that no Acquiring Fund or Acquiring Fund Affiliate will cause a Fund to purchase a security in an offering of securities during the existence of an underwriting or selling

<sup>18</sup> An “Acquiring Fund Affiliate” is defined as the Acquiring Fund Adviser, Acquiring Fund Subadviser(s), any Sponsor, promoter or principal underwriter of an Acquiring Fund and any person controlling, controlled by or under common control with any of these entities. A “Fund Affiliate” is defined as the Adviser, Subadviser(s), promoter or principal underwriter of a Fund and any person controlling, controlled by or under common control with any of these entities.

<sup>19</sup> An “Acquiring Fund’s Advisory Group” is defined as the Acquiring Fund Adviser, Sponsor, any person controlling, controlled by or under common control with the Acquiring Fund Adviser or Sponsor, and any investment company or issuer that would be an investment company but for section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of the Act, that is advised or sponsored by the Acquiring Fund Adviser, Sponsor or any person controlling, controlled by or under common control with the Acquiring Fund Adviser or Sponsor.

<sup>20</sup> An “Acquiring Fund’s Subadvisory Group” is defined as any Acquiring Fund Subadviser, any person controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the Acquiring Fund Subadviser, and any investment company or issuer that would be an investment company but for section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of the Act (or portion of such investment company or issuer) advised or sponsored by the Acquiring Fund Subadviser or any person controlling, controlled by or under common control with the Acquiring Fund Subadviser.

syndicate of which a principal underwriter is an Underwriting Affiliate (“Affiliated Underwriting”).<sup>21</sup>

15. Applicants do not believe that the proposed arrangement will involve excessive layering of fees. With respect to Acquiring Management Companies, applicants note that the board of directors or trustees, including a majority of the independent directors or trustees within the meaning of section 2(a)(19) of the Act, of any Acquiring Fund, will find that any fees charged under the Acquiring Management Company’s advisory contract(s) are based on services provided that will be in addition to, rather than duplicative of, services provided under the advisory contract(s) of any Fund in which the Acquiring Management Company may invest. Under condition 13, the Acquiring Fund Adviser, or trustee of any Acquiring Trust (“Trustee”), or Sponsor, will waive fees otherwise payable to it by the Acquiring Fund in an amount at least equal to any compensation (including fees received pursuant to any plan adopted under rule 12b-1 under the Act) received from a Fund by the Acquiring Fund Adviser, Trustee or Sponsor, or an affiliated person of the Acquiring Fund Adviser, Trustee or Sponsor, in connection with the investment by the Acquiring Fund in the Fund. Applicants also state that any sales charges or service fees charged with respect to shares of an Acquiring Fund will not exceed the limits applicable to a fund of funds as set forth in NASD Conduct Rule 2830.<sup>22</sup>

16. Applicants submit that the proposed arrangement will not create an overly complex fund structure. Applicants note that no Fund will acquire securities of any investment company or company relying on section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of the Act in excess of the limits contained in section 12(d)(1)(A) of the Act, except to the extent permitted by exemptive relief from the Commission permitting the Fund to purchase shares of other investment companies for short-term cash management purposes. To ensure that the Acquiring Funds understand

<sup>21</sup> An “Underwriting Affiliate” is defined as a principal underwriter in any underwriting or selling syndicate that is an officer, director, member of an advisory board, Acquiring Fund Adviser, Acquiring Fund Subadviser, Sponsor, or employee of the Acquiring Fund, or a person of which any such officer, director, member of an advisory board, Acquiring Fund Adviser, Acquiring Fund Subadviser, Sponsor, or employee is an affiliated person, except any person whose relationship to the Fund is covered by section 10(f) of the Act is not an Underwriting Affiliate.

<sup>22</sup> Any references to NASD Conduct Rule 2830 include any successor or replacement rule that may be adopted by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority.

and will comply with the terms and conditions of the requested order, any Acquiring Fund will be required to enter into a written agreement with the Fund (the “Acquiring Fund Agreement”). The Acquiring Fund Agreement will include an acknowledgment from the Acquiring Fund that it may rely on the order only to invest in a Fund and not in any other investment company.

17. Applicants note that a Fund may choose to reject any direct purchase of Creation Units by an Acquiring Fund. A Fund would also retain its right to reject any initial investment by an Acquiring Fund in excess of the limits in section 12(d)(1)(A) of the Act by declining to execute an Acquiring Fund Agreement with an Acquiring Fund.

### Section 17 of the Act

18. Section 17(a) of the Act generally prohibits an affiliated person of a registered investment company, or an affiliated person of such a person (“second-tier affiliate”), from selling any security to or purchasing any security from the company. Section 2(a)(3) of the Act defines “affiliated person” of another person to include any person directly or indirectly owning, controlling, or holding with power to vote 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the other person and any person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with, the other person. Section 2(a)(9) of the Act defines “control” as the power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company, and provides that a control relationship will be presumed where one person owns more than 25% of a company’s voting securities. The Funds may be deemed to be controlled by the Adviser and hence affiliated persons of each other. In addition, the Funds may be deemed to be under common control with any other registered investment company (or series thereof) advised by the Adviser (an “Affiliated Fund”). Applicants believe there exists a possibility that, with respect to one or more Funds and the Trust, a large institutional investor could own more than 5% of a Fund or the Trust, or in excess of 25% of the outstanding Shares of a Fund or the Trust, making that investor a first-tier affiliate of each Fund under section 2(a)(3)(A) or section 2(a)(3)(C) of the Act. In addition, a large institutional investor could own 5% or more of, or in excess of 25% of the outstanding shares of one or more Affiliated Funds, making that investor a second-tier affiliate of a Fund.

19. Applicants request an exemption under sections 6(c) and 17(b) of the Act from sections 17(a)(1) and 17(a)(2) of the Act in order to permit persons that are affiliated persons or second-tier affiliates of the Funds solely by virtue of (a) holding 5% or more, or in excess of 25% of the outstanding Shares of one or more Funds; (b) having an affiliation with a person with an ownership interest described in (a); or (c) holding 5% or more, or more than 25% of the Shares of one or more Affiliated Funds, to effectuate purchases and redemptions in-kind. Applicants also request an exemption in order to permit a Fund to sell Shares to, and purchase Shares from, and to engage in any accompanying in-kind transactions with, an Acquiring Fund of which the Fund is an affiliated person or a second-tier affiliate.<sup>23</sup>

20. Applicants assert that no useful purpose would be served by prohibiting such affiliated persons from making in-kind purchases or in-kind redemptions of Shares of a Fund in Creation Units. Deposit Instruments and Redemption Instruments will be valued in the same manner as those Portfolio Positions currently held by the relevant Funds, and the valuation of the Deposit Instruments and Redemption Instruments will be made in the same manner and on the same terms for all, regardless of the identity of the purchaser or redeemer. Deposit Instruments, Redemption Instruments, and the Balancing Amount, except for any permitted cash-in-lieu amounts consistent with the terms of the application, will be the same regardless of the identity of the purchaser or redeemer. Therefore, applicants state that in-kind purchases and redemptions create no opportunity for affiliated persons or applicants to effect a transaction detrimental to the other holders of Shares of that Fund. Applicants also believe that in-kind purchases and redemptions will not result in abusive self-dealing or overreaching of the Fund. Applicants believe that an exemption is appropriate under sections 17(b) and 6(c) because the proposed arrangement meets the

<sup>23</sup>To the extent that purchases and sales of Shares of a Fund occur in the secondary market and not through principal transactions directly between an Acquiring Fund and a Fund, relief from section 17(a) would not be necessary. However, the requested relief would apply to direct sales of Shares in Creation Units by a Fund to an Acquiring Fund and redemptions of those Shares. Applicants are not seeking relief from section 17(a) for, and the requested relief will not apply to, transactions where a Fund could be deemed an affiliated person or a second-tier affiliate of an Acquiring Fund because the Adviser provides investment advisory services to that Acquiring Fund.

standards for relief in those sections. Applicants note that any consideration paid for the purchase or redemption of Shares directly from a Fund will be based on the NAV of the Fund in accordance with policies and procedures set forth in the Fund's registration statement.<sup>24</sup> Applicants also state that the proposed transactions are consistent with the general purposes of the Act and appropriate in the public interest.

#### **Distribution Reinvestment Relief**

21. Applicants also seek an order to permit the Funds to operate the Distribution Reinvestment Program. Applicants state that the Distribution Reinvestment Program is reasonable and fair because it is voluntary and each Beneficial Owner will have in advance accurate and explicit information that makes clear the terms of the Distribution Reinvestment Program and the consequences of participation. The Distribution Reinvestment Program does not involve any overreaching on the part of any person concerned because it operates the same for each Beneficial Owner who elects to participate, and is structured in the public interest because it is designed to give those Beneficial Owners who elect to participate a convenient and efficient method to reinvest distributions without paying a brokerage commission. In addition, although brokers providing the Distribution Reinvestment Program could charge a fee, applicants represent that typically brokers do not charge for this service.

22. Applicants do not believe that the issuance of Shares under the Distribution Reinvestment Program will have a material effect on the overall operation of the Funds, including on the efficiency of the arbitrage mechanism inherent in ETFs. In addition, applicants do not believe that providing Beneficial Owners with an added optional benefit (the ability to reinvest in Shares at NAV) will change the Beneficial Owners' expectations about the Funds or the fact that individual Shares trade at secondary market prices. Applicants believe that Beneficial Owners (other than Authorized Participants) generally expect to buy and sell individual Shares only through secondary market transactions at market

<sup>24</sup>Applicants acknowledge that the receipt of compensation by (a) an affiliated person of an Acquiring Fund, or a second-tier affiliate, for the purchase by the Acquiring Fund of Shares or (b) an affiliated person of a Fund, or a second-tier affiliate, for the sale by the Fund of its Shares to an Acquiring Fund, may be prohibited by section 17(e) of the Act. The Acquiring Fund Agreement also will include this acknowledgment.

prices and that such owners will not be confused by the Distribution Reinvestment Program. Therefore, applicants believe that the Distribution Reinvestment Program meets the standards for relief under section 6(c) of the Act.

#### **Applicants' Conditions**

Applicants agree that any order of the Commission granting the requested relief will be subject to the following conditions:

#### **ETF Relief**

1. As long as a Fund operates in reliance on the requested relief to permit ETF operations, its Shares will be listed on an Exchange.
2. Neither the Trust nor any Fund will be advertised or marketed as an open-end investment company or a mutual fund. Any advertising material that describes the purchase or sale of Creation Units or refers to redeemability will prominently disclose that Shares are not individually redeemable and that owners of Shares may acquire those Shares from a Fund (other than pursuant to the Distribution Reinvestment Program) and tender those Shares for redemption to a Fund in Creation Units only.
3. The Web site for the Funds, which is and will be publicly accessible at no charge, will contain, on a per Share basis for each Fund, the prior Business Day's NAV and the market closing price or the Bid/Ask Price, and a calculation of the premium or discount of the market closing price or Bid/Ask Price against such NAV.
4. The requested relief to permit ETF operations will expire on the effective date, of any Commission rule under the Act that provides relief permitting the operation of index-based exchange-traded funds.

#### **12(d)(1) Relief**

5. The members of the Acquiring Fund's Advisory Group will not control (individually or in the aggregate) a Fund within the meaning of section 2(a)(9) of the Act. The members of an Acquiring Fund's Subadvisory Group will not control (individually or in the aggregate) a Fund within the meaning of section 2(a)(9) of the Act. If, as a result of a decrease in the outstanding voting securities of a Fund, the Acquiring Fund's Advisory Group or the Acquiring Fund's Subadvisory Group, each in the aggregate, becomes a holder of more than 25 percent of the outstanding voting securities of a Fund, it will vote its Shares in the same proportion as the vote of all other holders of the Shares. This condition does not apply to an

Acquiring Fund Subadvisory Group with respect to a Fund for which the Acquiring Fund Subadviser or a person controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the Acquiring Fund Subadviser acts as the investment adviser within the meaning of section 2(a)(20)(A) of the Act.

6. No Acquiring Fund or Acquiring Fund Affiliate will cause any existing or potential investment by the Acquiring Fund in a Fund to influence the terms of any services or transactions between the Acquiring Fund or an Acquiring Fund Affiliate and the Fund or a Fund Affiliate.

7. The board of directors or trustees of an Acquiring Management Company, including a majority of the disinterested directors or trustees, will adopt procedures reasonably designed to ensure that the Acquiring Fund Adviser and any Acquiring Fund Subadviser are conducting the investment program of the Acquiring Management Company without taking into account any consideration received by the Acquiring Management Company or an Acquiring Fund Affiliate from a Fund or a Fund Affiliate in connection with any services or transactions.

8. Once an investment by an Acquiring Fund in Shares exceeds the limits in section 12(d)(1)(A)(i) of the Act, the board of trustees of the Trust ("Board"), including a majority of the disinterested directors/trustees, will determine that any consideration paid by the Fund to an Acquiring Fund or an Acquiring Fund Affiliate in connection with any services or transactions: (i) Is fair and reasonable in relation to the nature and quality of the services and benefits received by the Fund; (ii) is within the range of consideration that the Fund would be required to pay to another unaffiliated entity in connection with the same services or transactions; and (iii) does not involve overreaching on the part of any person concerned. This condition does not apply with respect to any services or transactions between a Fund and its investment adviser(s), or any person controlling, controlled by or under common control with such investment adviser(s).

9. No Acquiring Fund or Acquiring Fund Affiliate (except to the extent it is acting in its capacity as an investment adviser to a Fund) will cause the Fund to purchase a security in any Affiliated Underwriting.

10. The Board, including a majority of the independent trustees, will adopt procedures reasonably designed to monitor any purchases of securities by the Fund in an Affiliated Underwriting, once an investment by an Acquiring Fund in the securities of the Fund

exceeds the limit of section 12(d)(1)(A)(i) of the Act, including any purchases made directly from an Underwriting Affiliate. The Board will review these purchases periodically, but no less frequently than annually, to determine whether the purchases were influenced by the investment by the Acquiring Fund in the Fund. The Board will consider, among other things: (i) Whether the purchases were consistent with the investment objectives and policies of the Fund; (ii) how the performance of securities purchased in an Affiliated Underwriting compares to the performance of comparable securities purchased during a comparable period of time in underwritings other than Affiliated Underwritings or to a benchmark such as a comparable market index; and (iii) whether the amount of securities purchased by the Fund in Affiliated Underwritings and the amount purchased directly from an Underwriting Affiliate have changed significantly from prior years. The Board will take any appropriate actions based on its review, including, if appropriate, the institution of procedures designed to assure that purchases of securities in Affiliated Underwritings are in the best interest of shareholders of the Fund.

11. Each Fund will maintain and preserve permanently in an easily accessible place a written copy of the procedures described in the preceding condition, and any modifications to such procedures, and will maintain and preserve for a period of not less than six years from the end of the fiscal year in which any purchase in an Affiliated Underwriting occurred, the first two years in an easily accessible place, a written record of each purchase of securities in Affiliated Underwritings, once an investment by an Acquiring Fund in the securities of the Fund exceeds the limit of section 12(d)(1)(A)(i) of the Act, setting forth from whom the securities were acquired, the identity of the underwriting syndicate's members, the terms of the purchase, and the information or materials upon which the determinations of the Board were made.

12. Before investing in Shares in excess of the limits in section 12(d)(1)(A), each Acquiring Fund and the Fund will execute an Acquiring Fund Agreement stating, without limitation, that their boards of directors or trustees and their investment adviser(s), or their Sponsors or Trustee, as applicable, understand the terms and conditions of the order, and agree to fulfill their responsibilities under the

order. At the time of its investment in Shares in excess of the limit in section 12(d)(1)(A)(i), an Acquiring Fund will notify the Fund of the investment. At such time, the Acquiring Fund will also transmit to the Fund a list of the names of each Acquiring Fund Affiliate and Underwriting Affiliate. The Acquiring Fund will notify the Fund of any changes to the list of the names as soon as reasonably practicable after a change occurs. The Fund and the Acquiring Fund will maintain and preserve a copy of the order, the Acquiring Fund Agreement, and the list with any updated information for the duration of the investment and for a period of not less than six years thereafter, the first two years in an easily accessible place.

13. An Acquiring Fund Adviser, Trustee or Sponsor, as applicable, will waive fees otherwise payable to it by the Acquiring Fund in an amount at least equal to any compensation (including fees received pursuant to any plan adopted under rule 12b-1 under the Act) received from the Fund by the Acquiring Fund Adviser, Trustee or Sponsor, or an affiliated person of the Acquiring Fund Adviser, Trustee or Sponsor, other than any advisory fees paid to the Acquiring Fund Adviser, Trustee, or Sponsor, or its affiliated person by the Fund, in connection with the investment by the Acquiring Fund in the Fund. Any Acquiring Fund Subadviser will waive fees otherwise payable to the Acquiring Fund Subadviser, directly or indirectly, by the Acquiring Management Company in an amount at least equal to any compensation received from a Fund by the Acquiring Fund Subadviser, or an affiliated person of the Acquiring Fund Subadviser, other than any advisory fees paid to the Acquiring Fund Subadviser or its affiliated person by the Fund, in connection with any investment by the Acquiring Management Company in the Fund made at the direction of the Acquiring Fund Subadviser. In the event that the Acquiring Fund Subadviser waives fees, the benefit of the waiver will be passed through to the Acquiring Management Company.

14. Any sales charges and/or service fees charged with respect to shares of an Acquiring Fund will not exceed the limits applicable to a fund of funds as set forth in NASD Conduct Rule 2830.

15. No Fund will acquire securities of any other investment company or company relying on section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of the Act in excess of the limits contained in section 12(d)(1)(A) of the Act, except to the extent permitted by exemptive relief from the Commission permitting the Fund to purchase shares

of other investment companies for short-term cash management purposes.

16. Before approving any advisory contract under section 15 of the Act, the board of directors or trustees of each Acquiring Management Company, including a majority of the disinterested directors or trustees, will find that the advisory fees charged under such advisory contract are based on services provided that will be in addition to, rather than duplicative of, the services provided under the advisory contract(s) of any Fund in which the Acquiring Management Company may invest. These findings and their basis will be recorded fully in the minute books of the appropriate Acquiring Management Company.

For the Commission, by the Division of Investment Management, under delegated authority.

**Kevin M. O'Neill,**  
*Deputy Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 2013-24024 Filed 10-1-13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-70530; File No. 4-631]

### Joint Industry Plan; Order Approving the Fifth Amendment to the National Market System Plan to Address Extraordinary Market Volatility by BATS Exchange, Inc., BATS Y-Exchange, Inc., Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated, Chicago Stock Exchange, Inc., EDGA Exchange, Inc., EDGX Exchange, Inc., Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., NASDAQ OMX BX, Inc., NASDAQ OMX PHLX LLC, The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC, National Stock Exchange, Inc., New York Stock Exchange LLC, NYSE MKT LLC, and NYSE Arca, Inc.

September 26, 2013.

#### 1. Introduction

On July 18, 2013, NYSE Euronext, on behalf of New York Stock Exchange LLC (“NYSE”), NYSE MKT LLC (“NYSE MKT”), and NYSE Arca, Inc. (“NYSE Arca”), and the following parties to the National Market System Plan: BATS Exchange, Inc., BATS Y-Exchange, Inc., Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated, Chicago Stock Exchange, Inc., EDGA Exchange, Inc., EDGX Exchange, Inc., Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., NASDAQ OMX BX, Inc., NASDAQ OMX PHLX LLC, the Nasdaq Stock Market LLC, and National Stock Exchange, Inc. (collectively with NYSE, NYSE MKT,

and NYSE Arca, the “Participants”), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) pursuant to Section 11A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”) <sup>1</sup> and Rule 608 thereunder, <sup>2</sup> a proposal to amend the Plan to Address Extraordinary Market Volatility (“Plan”). <sup>3</sup> The proposal represents the fifth amendment to the Plan (“Fifth Amendment”), and reflects changes unanimously approved by the Participants. The Fifth Amendment to the Plan: (i) Provides that, if a Trading Pause is triggered in the last ten minutes of trading before the end of Regular Trading Hours, then the NMS Stock shall not reopen for continuous trading and shall close pursuant to established closing procedures of the Primary Listing Exchange; and (ii) revises the definition of which Exchange Traded Products (“ETPs”) are eligible to be included in the list of Tier 1 NMS Stocks under the Plan. The Fifth Amendment was published for comment in the **Federal Register** on September 3, 2013. <sup>4</sup> The Commission received no comments letter in response to the Notice. This order approves the Fifth Amendment to the Plan.

#### II. Description of the Proposal

##### A. Purpose of the Plan

The Participants filed the Plan in order to create a market-wide limit up-limit down mechanism that is intended to address extraordinary market volatility in “NMS Stocks,” as defined in Rule 600(b)(47) of Regulation NMS under the Act. <sup>5</sup> The Plan sets forth procedures that provide for market-wide limit up-limit down requirements that would be designed to prevent trades in individual NMS Stocks from occurring outside of the specified price bands. <sup>6</sup> These limit up-limit down requirements would be coupled with Trading Pauses, as defined in Section I(Y) of the Plan, to accommodate more fundamental price moves (as opposed to erroneous trades or momentary gaps in liquidity).

As set forth in Section V of the Plan, the price bands would consist of a Lower Price Band and an Upper Price

Band for each NMS Stock. <sup>7</sup> The price bands would be calculated by the Securities Information Processors (“SIPs” or “Processors”) responsible for consolidation of information for an NMS Stock pursuant to Rule 603(b) of Regulation NMS under the Act. <sup>8</sup> Those price bands would be based on a Reference Price <sup>9</sup> for each NMS Stock that equals the arithmetic mean price of Eligible Reported Transactions for the NMS Stock over the immediately preceding five-minute period. The price bands for an NMS Stock would be calculated by applying the Percentage Parameter for such NMS Stock to the Reference Price, with the Lower Price Band being a Percentage Parameter <sup>10</sup> below the Reference Price, and the Upper Price Band being a Percentage Parameter above the Reference Price. Between 9:30 a.m. and 9:45 a.m. ET and 3:35 p.m. and 4:00 p.m. ET, the price bands would be calculated by applying double the Percentage Parameters as set forth in Appendix A of the Plan.

The Processors would also calculate a Pro-Forma Reference Price for each NMS Stock on a continuous basis during Regular Trading Hours. If a Pro-Forma Reference Price did not move by one percent or more from the Reference Price in effect, no new price bands would be disseminated, and the current Reference Price would remain the effective Reference Price. If the Pro-Forma Reference Price moved by one percent or more from the Reference Price in effect, the Pro-Forma Reference Price would become the Reference Price, and the Processors would disseminate new price bands based on

<sup>7</sup> Capitalized terms used herein but not otherwise defined shall have the meaning ascribed to such terms in the Plan.

<sup>8</sup> 17 CFR 242.603(b). The Plan refers to this entity as the Processor.

<sup>9</sup> See Section I(T) of the Plan.

<sup>10</sup> As initially proposed by the Participants, the Percentage Parameters for Tier 1 NMS Stocks (*i.e.*, stocks in the S&P 500 Index or Russell 1000 Index and certain ETPs) with a Reference Price of \$1.00 or more would be five percent and less than \$1.00 would be the lesser of (a) \$0.15 or (b) 75 percent. The Percentage Parameters for Tier 2 NMS Stocks (*i.e.*, all NMS Stocks other than those in Tier 1) with a Reference Price of \$1.00 or more would be 10 percent and less than \$1.00 would be the lesser of (a) \$0.15 or (b) 75 percent. The Percentage Parameters for a Tier 2 NMS Stock that is a leveraged ETP would be the applicable Percentage Parameter set forth above multiplied by the leverage ratio of such product. On May 24, 2012, the Participants amended the Plan to create a 20% price band for Tier 1 and Tier 2 stocks with a Reference Price of \$0.75 or more and up to and including \$3.00. The Percentage Parameter for stocks with a Reference Price below \$0.75 would be the lesser of (a) \$0.15 or (b) 75 percent. See Letter from Janet M. McGinness, Senior Vice President, Legal and Corporate Secretary, NYSE Euronext, to Elizabeth M. Murphy, Secretary, Commission, dated May 24, 2012.

<sup>1</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78k-1.

<sup>2</sup> 17 CFR 242.608.

<sup>3</sup> See Letter from Janet M. McGinness, Executive Vice President & Corporate Secretary, NYSE Euronext, to Elizabeth M. Murphy, Secretary, Commission, dated July 18, 2013 (“Transmittal Letter”).

<sup>4</sup> See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 70274 (August 27, 2013), 78 FR 54305 (“Notice”).

<sup>5</sup> 17 CFR 242.600(b)(47). See also Section I(H) of the Plan.

<sup>6</sup> See Section V of the Plan.