SUMMARY: This action establishes Class E airspace at the Cody VHF Omni-Directional Range/Distance Measuring Equipment (VOR/DME) navigation aid, Cody, WY, to facilitate vectoring of Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) aircraft under control of Salt Lake City Air Route Traffic Control Center (ARTCC). This improves the safety and management of IFR operations within the National Airspace System.

DATES: Effective date, 0901 UTC, December 12, 2013. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference action under 1 CFR Part 51, subject to the annual revision of FAA Order 7400.9 and publication of conforming amendments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Eldon Taylor, Federal Aviation Administration, Operations Support Group, Western Service Center, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, WA, 98057; telephone (425) 203–4537.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On July 3, 2013, the FAA published in the Federal Register a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) to establish controlled airspace at Cody, WY (78 FR 40078). Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking effort by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments were received.

Class E airspace designations are published in paragraph 6006, of FAA Order 7400.9X dated August 7, 2013, and effective September 15, 2013, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR Part 71.1. The Class E airspace designations listed in this document will be published subsequently in that Order.

The Rule

This action amends Title 14 Code of Federal Regulations (14 CFR) Part 71 by establishing Class E on route domestic airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface, at the Cody VOR/DME navigation aid, Cody, WY, to accommodate IFR aircraft under control of Salt Lake City ARTCC by vectoring aircraft from en route airspace to terminal areas. This action ensures the safety and management of IFR operations.

The FAA has determined this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. Therefore, this regulation: (1) Is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a “significant rule” under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that only affects air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified this rule, when promulgated, does not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. The FAA’s authority to issue rules regarding aviation safety is found in Title 49 of the U.S. Code. Subtitle I, Section 40103. Under that section, the FAA is charged with establishing Class E airspace designations and reporting points, dated August 7, 2013, and effective September 15, 2013 is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6006  En Route Domestic Airspace Areas.

ANNW Y6 Cody, WY [New]

Cody VOR/DME, WY

That airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface within an area bounded by lat. 44°09’15”N., long. 110°08’46”W.; to lat. 44°19’00”N., long. 112°04’36”W.; to lat. 44°39’25”N., long. 111°52’32”W.; to lat. 45°32’41”N., long. 111°17’39”W.; to lat. 45°34’50”N., long. 109°56’10”W.; to lat. 45°03’06”N., long. 109°22’15”W.; to lat. 44°43’20”N., long. 108°52’32”W.; to lat. 45°08’46”N., long. 107°33’33”W.; to 46°00’90”N., long. 106°58’05”W.; to lat. 45°48’16”N., long. 106°34’25”W.; to lat. 44°38’58”N., long. 106°53’16”W.; to lat. 44°09’12”N., long. 108°02’32”W.; to lat. 42°52’37”N., long. 107°47’58”W.; to lat. 42°15’53”N., long. 108°06’44”W.; to lat. 41°26’15”N., long. 109°19’46”W.; to lat. 41°41’49”N., long. 109°29’35”W.; to lat. 43°09’38”N., long. 110°26’52”W., thence to the point of beginning.

Issued in Seattle, Washington, on September 19, 2013.

Christopher Ramirez,

Acting Manager, Operations Support Group, Western Service Center.

[FR Doc. 2013–23668 Filed 9–27–13; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[DOCKET NO. FAA–2012–1185; AIRSPACE Docket No. 12–AAL–8]

Establishment of Class E Airspace; White Mountain, AK

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action establishes Class E airspace at White Mountain Airport, White Mountain, AK, to accommodate aircraft using new Area Navigation (RNAV) Global Positioning System (GPS) standard instrument approach procedures at the airport. This improves the safety and management of Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) operations at the airport.

DATES: Effective date, 0901 UTC, December 12, 2013. The Director of the Federal Register approves this
The FAA has determined this action qualifies for categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act in accordance with FAA Order 1050.1E, "Environmental Policies and Procedures," paragraph 311a. This airspace action is not expected to cause any potentially significant environmental impacts, and no extraordinary circumstances exist that warrant preparation of an environmental assessment.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71
Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

Adoption of the Amendment
In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR Part 71 as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

§ 71.1 [Amended] 1. The authority citation for 14 CFR Part 71 continues to read as follows:

§ 71.1 [Amended] 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR Part 71.1 of the Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9X, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 7, 2013, and effective September 15, 2013 is amended as follows:
Paragraph 6005 Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Federal Aviation Administration
14 CFR Part 71

Establishment of Class E Airspace; Glasgow, MT

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action establishes Class E airspace at the Glasgow VHF Omnidirectional Range/Distance Measuring Equipment (VOR/DME) navigation aid, Glasgow, MT, to facilitate vectoring of Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) aircraft under control of Salt Lake City, and Minneapolis Air Route Traffic Control Centers (ARTCCs). This improves the safety and management of IFR operations within the National Airspace System.

DATES: Effective date, 0901 UTC, December 12, 2013. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference action under 1 CFR Part 51, subject to the annual revision of FAA Order 7400.9 and publication of conforming amendments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Eldon Taylor, Federal Aviation Administration, Operations Support Group, Western Service Center, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, WA 98057; telephone (425) 203–4537.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
History
On July 10, 2013, the FAA published in the Federal Register a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) to establish controlled airspace at Glasgow, MT (78 FR 41337). Interested parties

AAI AK E5 White Mountain, AK [New]
White Mountain Airport, AK
(Lat. 64°41’21"N, long. 163°24’46"W.)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6.3 mile radius of the White Mountain Airport, and within 1 mile either side of the 344° bearing of the airport extending from the 6.3-radius to 11 miles northwest of the airport, and within 1 mile either side of the 164° bearing of the airport extending from the 6.3-radius to 11 miles southeast of the airport.

Issued in Seattle, Washington, on September 19, 2013.

Christopher Ramirez,
Acting Manager, Operations Support Group, Western Service Center.

[FR Doc. 2013–23666 Filed 9–27–13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–P