Background

The final regulation that is the subject of this correction revised the Pecan Crop Insurance Provisions that published on Thursday, February 28, 2013 (78 FR 13454–13460).

Need for Correction

As published, the final regulation contained a clerical error that may prove to be misleading and needs to be clarified. In section 4(d), text was added in the incorrect part of the paragraph and instructions describing where to add the text was inadvertently added to the paragraph.

List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 457

Crop insurance, Pecan revenue, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Correction of Publication

Accordingly, 7 CFR part 457 is corrected by making the following correcting amendment:

PART 457—COMMON CROP INSURANCE REGULATIONS

1. The authority citation for 7 CFR Part 457 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 1506(l), 1506(o).

2. Amend § 457.167 by revising section 4(d) to read as follows:

§ 457.167 Pecan revenue crop insurance provisions.

(1) * * * * *

(4) * * * *

* * * * *

(d) After the contract change date, all changes specified in section 4(b) will also be available upon request from your crop insurance agent. You will be provided, in writing, a copy of the changes to the Basic Provisions, Crop Provisions, and a copy of the Special Provisions. If changes are made that will be effective for the second year of the two-year coverage module, such copies will be provided not later than 30 days prior to the termination date. If changes are made that will be effective for a subsequent two-year coverage module, such copies will be provided not later than 30 days prior to the cancellation date. If available from us, you may elect to receive these documents and changes electronically. For changes effective for subsequent two-year coverage modules, acceptance of the changes will be conclusively presumed in the absence of written notice from you to change or cancel your insurance coverage in accordance with the terms of this policy.

Signed in Washington, DC, on May 29, 2013.

Brandon Willis,
Manager, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation.

[FR Doc. 2013–13358 Filed 6–4–13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410–06–P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

10 CFR Parts 30, 40, 70, 170, and 171

[NRC–2011–0003]

RIN 3150–AH15

Distribution of Source Material to Exempt Persons and to General Licensees and Revision of General License and Exemptions

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Interim staff guidance; issuance.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is issuing interim staff guidance for implementation of the final rule, Distribution of Source Material to Exempt Persons and to General Licensees and Revision of General License and Exemptions (Distribution of Source Material Rule). The Distribution of Source Material Rule amended the NRC’s regulations to require that the initial distribution of source material to exempt persons or to general licensees be explicitly authorized by a specific license. The Distribution of Source Material Rule also modified the existing possession and use requirements of the general license for small quantities of source material and revised, clarified, or deleted certain source material exemptions from licensing.

DATES: This interim staff guidance is effective August 27, 2013.

ADDRESSES: Please refer to Docket ID NRC–2011–0003 when contacting the NRC about the availability of information regarding this document. You may access information related to this document, which the NRC possesses and is publicly available, using the following methods:


The NRC’s Distribution of Source Material Rule (78 FR 32310; May 29, 2013) amended the NRC’s regulations in parts 30, 40, 70, 170, and 171 of Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations (10 CFR) to require that the initial distribution of source material to exempt persons or general licensees be explicitly authorized by a specific license. The Distribution of Source Material Rule also included new reporting requirements. The rule will affect manufacturers and distributors of certain products and materials containing source material and certain persons using source material under general license and under exemptions from licensing. The Distribution of Source Material Rule goes into effect on August 27, 2013.

In conjunction with the Distribution of Source Material Rule, the NRC has developed interim staff guidance, which provides guidance to a licensee or applicant for implementation of the amended regulations. It is intended for use by applicants, licensees, Agreement States, and the NRC staff. On January 7, 2011, the NRC published the draft
interim staff guidance in the Federal Register (76 FR 1100) for public comment. Two comment letters were received and considered during the revision of the draft interim staff guidance. The guidance was also enhanced based on comments received on the proposed rule.

The interim staff guidance document describes methods acceptable to the NRC staff for implementing the new requirements in the Distribution of Source Material Rule. The approaches and methods described in the document are provided for information only. Methods and solutions different from those described in the document are acceptable if they meet the revised requirements. The guidance is provided in the form of questions and answers on the primary provisions of the Distribution of Source Material Rule. Guidance consistent with the revised 10 CFR part 40 will be incorporated into the next revision of relevant volumes of NUREG–1556, “Consolidated Guidance About Materials Licenses” (current ADAMS Accession Nos. ML022830847 and ML003681951).

Congressional Review Act

This interim staff guidance is a rule as designated in the Congressional Review Act of 1996 (5 U.S.C. 801–808). However, the Office of Management and Budget has not found it to be a major rule as designated in the Congressional Review Act.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 30th day of May, 2013.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Brian J. McDermott,
Director, Division of Materials Safety and State Agreements, Office of Federal and State Materials and Environmental Management Programs.

[FR Doc. 2013–13344 Filed 6–4–13; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7590–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Industry and Security

15 CFR Parts 740, 742, and 774

[Docket No. 120806310–2310–01]

RIN 0694–AF76

Implementation of the Understandings Reached at the 2012 Australia Group (AG) Plenary Meeting and the 2012 AG Intersessional Decisions; Changes to Select Agent Controls

AGENCY: Bureau of Industry and Security, Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) publishes this final rule to amend the Export Administration Regulations (EAR) to implement the understandings reached at the June 2012 plenary meeting of the Australia Group (AG) and the 2012 AG intersessional decisions. Specifically, this rule amends the Commerce Control List (CCL) entry in the EAR that controls human and zoonotic pathogens and “toxins” to reflect changes to the AG “List of Biological Agents for Export Control” that were made based on the understandings adopted at the June 2012 AG plenary meeting. These changes included the addition of three pathogens and clarifications to two other items. This rule also amends the CCL entry in the EAR that controls plant pathogens to reflect: The 2012 AG Plenary agreement to add five pathogens to the AG “List of Plant Pathogens for Export Control;” and the AG intersessional clarifications to six pathogens identified on this AG list. In addition, the CCL entry in the EAR that controls equipment capable of handling biological materials is amended to reflect the AG 2012 AG intersessional decision to add certain spray-drying equipment to the AG “Control List of Dual-Use Biological Equipment and Related Technology and Software.” This rule also removes the CCL entry that controls select agents not identified on any of the AG common controls lists, but identified on the CCL because they are (or were, until recently) subject to controls maintained by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, and the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), U.S. Department of Agriculture, on their possession, use, and transfer within the United States. Rather than continuing to control these select agents in a separate CCL entry, this rule adds those select agents that remain subject to the CDC/APHIS controls (as well as a recent addition to the list of select agents) to the AG-related CCL entries that control human and zoonotic pathogens and “toxins” and plant pathogens, respectively.

DATES: This rule is effective June 5, 2013.

ADDRESSES: Send comments regarding this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing the burden, to Jasmeet Seehra, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), by email to Jasmeet.K.Seehra@omb.eop.gov; or by fax to (202) 395–7285; and to the Regulatory Policy Division, Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce, 14th Street & Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Room 2705, Washington, DC 20230.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Elizabeth Sangine, Director, Chemical and Biological Controls Division, Office of Nonproliferation and Treaty Compliance, Bureau of Industry and Security. Telephone: (202) 482–3343.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) is amending the Export Administration Regulations (EAR) to implement the understandings reached at the Australia Group (AG) plenary meeting held in Paris, France, on June 12–15, 2012. This rule also implements the recommendations presented at the AG intersessional implementation meeting held in Ottawa, Canada, on February 14–16, 2012, and adopted pursuant to the AG silent approval procedure, which closed on March 23, 2012. The AG is a multilateral forum consisting of 40 participating countries that maintain export controls on a list of chemicals, biological agents, and related equipment and technology that could be used in a chemical or biological weapons program. The AG periodically reviews items on its control list to enhance the effectiveness of participating governments’ national controls and to achieve greater harmonization among these controls.

June 2012 AG Plenary Changes

The June 2012 AG plenary meeting adopted understandings that affected the AG “List of Biological Agents for Export Control” and the AG “List of Plant Pathogens for Export Control.”

This rule amends Export Control Classification Number (ECCN) 1C351 to reflect the AG plenary changes to the “List of Biological Agents for Export Control.” Specifically, ECCN 1C351 (Human and zoonotic pathogens and “toxins”) is amended by adding botulinum neurotoxin producing strains of the following bacteria to 1C351.c: Clostridium argentinense (formerly known as Clostridium botulinum Type G); Clostridium baratti; and Clostridium butyricum. ECCN 1C351.c is partially renumerated to control these bacteria under 1C351.c.8., .c.9, and .c.11, respectively, while the bacteria previously controlled under these subparagraphs (Clostridium botulinum; Clostridium perfringens, epsilon toxin producing types; and Coxiella burnetii) are now controlled under 1C351.c.10, .c.12, and .c.13, respectively. In addition, bacteria previously controlled under 1C351.c.12 through .c.17 are now controlled under 1C351.c.14 through