Filing Procedures 4). Persons with questions regarding filing should contact the Secretary (202–205–2000).

Any person desiring to submit a document to the Commission in confidence must request confidential treatment. All such requests should be directed to the Secretary to the Commission and must include a full statement of the reasons why the Commission should grant such treatment. See 19 CFR 201.6. Documents for which confidential treatment by the Commission is properly sought will be treated accordingly. All nonconfidential written submissions will be available for public inspection at the Office of the Secretary and on EDIS 5.

This action is taken under the authority of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337), and of sections 201.10 and 210.8(c) of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 201.10, 210.8(c)).

By order of the Commission.
Issued: May 14, 2013.
Lisa R. Barton,
Acting Secretary to the Commission.

FR Doc. 2013–11814 Filed 5–16–13; 8:45 am
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INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

Certain Digital Models, Digital Data, and Treatment Plans for Use, in Making Incremental Dental Positioning Adjustment Appliances Made Therefrom, and Methods of Making the Same Investigation No. 337–TA–833; Notice of Request for Statements on the Public Interest

ACTION: Notice.
SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the presiding administrative law judge has issued a Final Initial Determination and Recommended Determination on Remedy and Bonding issued in the above-captioned investigation. The Commission is soliciting comments on public interest issues raised by the recommended relief, specifically the issuance of cease and desist orders. This notice is soliciting public interest comments from the public only. Parties are to file public interest submissions pursuant to 19 CFR 210.50(a)(4).


General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by contacting its Internet server (http://www.usitc.gov). The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission’s electronic docket (EDIS) at http://edis.usitc.gov. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission’s TDD terminal on (202) 205–1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 provides that if the Commission finds a violation it shall issue a remedial order:

unless, after considering the effect of such exclusion upon the public health and welfare, competitive conditions in the United States economy, the production of like or directly competitive articles in the United States, and United States consumers, it finds that such articles should not be excluded from entry.

19 U.S.C. 1337(d)(1); see also 19 U.S.C. 1337(f)(1).

The Commission is interested in further development of the record on the public interest in these investigations. Accordingly, members of the public are invited to file submissions of no more than five (5) pages, inclusive of attachments, concerning the public interest in light of the administrative law judge’s Recommended Determination on Remedy and Bonding issued in this investigation on May 6, 2013.

Comments should address whether issuance of cease and desist orders in this investigation would affect the public health and welfare in the United States, competitive conditions in the United States economy, the production of like or directly competitive articles in the United States, or United States consumers.

In particular, the Commission is interested in comments that:

(i) explain how the articles potentially subject to the recommended orders are used in the United States;

(ii) identify any health, safety, or welfare concerns in the United States relating to the recommended orders;

(iii) identify like or directly competitive articles that complainant, its licensees, or third parties make in the United States which could replace the subject articles if they were to be excluded;

(iv) indicate whether complainant, complainant’s licensees, and/or third party suppliers have the capacity to replace the volume of articles potentially subject to the recommended exclusion order and/or a cease and desist order within a commercially reasonable time; and

(v) explain how the cease and desist orders would impact consumers in the United States.

Written submissions must be filed no later than by close of business on June 13, 2013.

Persons filing written submissions must file the original document electronically on or before the deadlines stated above and submit 8 true paper copies to the Office of the Secretary by noon the next day pursuant to section 210.4(f) of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 210.4(f)). Submissions should refer to the investigation number (“Inv. No. 337–TA–833”) in a prominent place on the cover page and/or the first page. (See Handbook for Electronic Filing Procedures, http://www.usitc.gov/secretary/fed_reg_notices/rules/handbook_on_electronic_filing.pdf).

Persons with questions regarding filing should contact the Secretary (202–205–2000).

Any person desiring to submit a document to the Commission in confidence must request confidential treatment. All such requests should be directed to the Secretary to the Commission and must include a full statement of the reasons why the Commission should grant such treatment. See 19 CFR 201.6. Documents for which confidential treatment by the Commission is properly sought will be treated accordingly. A redacted nonconfidential version of the document must also be filed simultaneously with any confidential filing. All nonconfidential written submissions will be available for public inspection at the Office of the Secretary and on EDIS.

This action is taken under the authority of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337), and of sections 201.10 and 210.50 of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 201.10, 210.50).

Issued: May 13, 2013.
By order of the Commission.

Lisa R. Barton, Acting Secretary to the Commission.
[FR Doc. 2013–11817 Filed 5–16–13; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES

National Endowment for the Arts
Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The National Endowment for the Arts (NEA) has submitted a public information collection request (ICR) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995: Clearance Request for NEA ArtBeat Survey. Copies of this ICR, with applicable supporting documentation, may be obtained by visiting www.Reginfo.gov.

Comments should be sent to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attn: OMB Desk Officer for the National Endowment for the Arts, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503 202/395–532.

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) is particularly interested in comments which:
• Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
• Evaluate the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
• Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
• Could help minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of electronic submission of responses through Grants.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The ArtBeat Questionnaire is available upon request from survey@arts.gov

Agency: National Endowment for the Arts.

Title: Clearance Request for NEA ArtBeat Survey.

OMB Number: 3135–XXXX.

Frequency: Annually, FY14–FY16.

Affected Public: Nonprofit organizations and individuals.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 503,532.

Estimated Time per Respondent: 5 min.

Total Burden Hours: 41,961.

Total Annualized Capital/Startup Costs: 0.

Total Annual Costs (Operating/Maintaining Systems or Purchasing Services): 0.

Description: Under the National Endowment for the Arts’ Strategic Plan, a critical NEA goal is to Engage the Public with Diverse and Excellent Art. To help monitor progress in achieving this goal, the NEA plans to conduct the ArtBeat information collection. Results from the collection will enable the Agency to measure the percentage of audience members at various kinds of NEA-sponsored arts events (exhibits, performances, and film screenings) who report being affected by those events. Also relevant to NEA decision-makers, the data will allow the NEA to gauge how such responses vary by different types of events and audience groups.


Kathy Plowitz-Worden, Panel Coordinator, National Endowment for the Arts.

[FR Doc. 2013–11817 Filed 5–16–13; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7537–01–P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[NRC–2013–0096; Docket Nos. 50–295 and 50–304; License Nos. DPR–39 and DPR–48]

In the Matter of Zion Solutions, LLC; Zion Nuclear Power Station, Units 1 and 2; Order Approving Indirect Transfer of Control of Facility Operating Licenses

I.

Zion Solutions, LLC (ZS) is the licensee and owner of the Zion Nuclear Power Station, Units 1 and 2 (ZNPS) in Zion, Illinois.

II.

By letter dated January 10, 2013, ZS submitted an application requesting that the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) consent to the indirect transfer of control of Facility Operating License Nos. DPR–39 and DPR–48 for the Zion Nuclear Power Station, Units 1 and 2 held by ZS, including the General License for the Zion Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation (ISFSI).

The transfer will occur as a result of a proposed transaction whereby the current ultimate parent holding company of ZS, Energy Solutions, Inc. (ES, Inc.), would be directly acquired by Rockwell Holdco, Inc. (Rockwell), a Delaware corporation that was formed for the purpose of acquiring ES, Inc. and is held by certain investment fund entities organized by controlled affiliates of Energy Capital Partners II, LLC (ECP II). No physical changes to the ZNPS are being proposed.

Approval of the indirect transfer of the licenses was requested pursuant to Section 184 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (AEA) (42 U.S.C. 2234) and Section 50.80 of Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations (10 CFR). A notice of the request for approval and opportunity for a hearing or to submit written comments was published in the Federal Register on February 20, 2013 (78 FR 11904). No requests for a hearing were received in response to this notice. Two comments were received in response to this notice.

Pursuant to Section 184 of the AEA, no license granted under the AEA, and pursuant to 10 CFR 50.80, no license granted under 10 CFR Part 50, shall be transferred, assigned, or in any manner disposed of, directly or indirectly, through transfer of control of any license to any person unless the Commission, finds that the proposed transferee is qualified to be the holder of the license and that the transfer is in accordance with the provisions of law, regulations, and orders issued by the Commission, and gives its consent in writing.

Upon review of the information received from ZS, and other information before the Commission, and relying upon the representations and agreements contained in the Transfer Application, the NRC staff finds that: (1) the qualifications of ZS regarding the proposed indirect transfer of control of ZNPS are not changed, and (2) the proposed indirect transfer of the licenses due to the purchase of the current ultimate parent holding company of ZS, Energy Solutions, Inc., which would be directly acquired by Rockwell Holdco, Inc, is otherwise consistent with applicable provisions of laws, regulations, and orders issued by the Commission pursuant thereto.

The findings set forth above are supported by a Safety Evaluation (SE) dated May 8, 2013.

The commenters opined that the transfer would disadvantage financial stakeholders. As stated in the supporting SE, the staff reviewed the proposed transfer and found no financial issues with the proposal. In addition, the proposed transfer in no way affects the current financial reporting requirements and orders issued by the NRC annual review of those reports. Based on the review the staff finds no