boating, and conservation communities and is organized to enhance partnerships among industry, constituency groups, and government. The 18-member Council, appointed by the Secretary of the Interior, includes the Service Director and the president of the Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies, who both serve in ex officio capacities. Other Council members are directors from State agencies responsible for managing recreational fish and wildlife resources and individuals who represent the interests of saltwater and freshwater recreational fishing, recreational boating, the recreational fishing and boating industries, recreational fisheries resource conservation, Native American tribes, aquatic resource outreach and education, and tourism. Background information on the Council is available at http://www.fws.gov/sfbpc.

Meeting Agenda

The Council will hold a meeting to consider:

- A draft vision for fish and aquatic resource conservation in the Service. The Council will consider a technical report presented to it by an ad hoc steering committee and possible recommendations to the Service resulting from information included in the report.
- Issues regarding the Boating Infrastructure Grant Program, Clean Vessel Act Grant Program, and the Sport Fish Restoration Boating Access Program.
- Updates on the Rigs to Reefs Program and the Department of the Interior’s implementation of its “Idle Iron” policy for decommissioning and removing unused oil and gas production infrastructure.
- An update on the activities of the Federal Interagency Council on Outdoor Recreation (FICOR) in implementing the America’s Great Outdoors Initiative.
- An update from the Recreational Boating and Fishing Foundation on progress in implementing Council recommendations to improve the activities and operations of the Foundation.
- An update on activities of the Service’s Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration Program.
- Other miscellaneous Council business.

The final agenda will be posted on the Internet at http://www.fws.gov/sfbpc.

Public Input

If you wish to

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attend the meeting</th>
<th>Monday, May 13, 2013.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Submit written information or questions before the meeting for the council to consider during the meeting</td>
<td>Monday, May 13, 2013.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Give an oral presentation during the meeting</td>
<td>Monday, May 13, 2013.</td>
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</table>

Attendance

Because entry to Federal buildings is restricted, all visitors are required to preregister to be admitted. In order to attend this meeting, you must register by close of business on the dates listed in “Public Input” under SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION. Please submit your name, time of arrival, email address, and phone number to the Council Coordinator (see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT).

Submitting Written Information or Questions

Interested members of the public may submit relevant information or questions for the Council to consider during the meeting. Written statements must be received by the date listed above in “Public Input,” so that the information may be made available to the Council for their consideration prior to the meeting. Written statements must be supplied to the Council Coordinator in one of the following formats: One hard copy with original signature, and one electronic copy via email (acceptable file formats are Adobe Acrobat PDF, MS Word, MS PowerPoint, or rich text file).

Giving an Oral Presentation

Individuals or groups requesting to make an oral presentation during the meeting will be limited to 2 minutes per speaker, with no more than a total of 30 minutes for all speakers. Interested parties should contact the Council Coordinator, in writing (preferably via email; see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT), to be placed on the public speaker list for this meeting. To ensure an opportunity to speak during the public comment period of the meeting, members of the public must register with the Council Coordinator. Registered speakers who wish to expand upon their oral statements, or those who had wished to speak but could not be accommodated on the agenda, may submit written statements to the Council Coordinator up to 30 days subsequent to the meeting.

Meeting Minutes

Summary minutes of the meeting will be maintained by the Council Coordinator (see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT) and will be available for public inspection within 120 days of the meeting and will be posted on the Council’s Web site at http://www.fws.gov/sfbpc.

Stephen Guertin,
Deputy Director.
[FR Doc. 2013–09206 Filed 4–18–13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–55–P
climbing commonly referred to as
the prohibition against rock climbing
Both comments expressed concern that
Public comments were accepted for a
Register
Federal
II. Discussion of Public Comments
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
I. Background
II. Discussion of Public Comments
III. Discussion of Supplementary Rules
IV. Procedural Matters
I. Background
Public Law 103–64 established the NCA in 1993 for the **conservation, protection, and enhancement of raptor populations and habitats and the natural and environmental resources and values associated therewith **. The NCA’s RMP was completed in September 2008.

The NCA is located in southwestern Idaho, within a 30-minute drive of Idaho’s capital, Boise, where almost half of the State’s population resides. It is located in Ada, Canyon, Elmore, and Owyhee counties and encompasses approximately 483,700 public land acres extending 81 miles along the Snake River. The NCA includes the 138,000-acre Orchard Training Area, used by the Idaho Army National Guard for military training since 1953. Within its boundary are approximately 41,200 State, 4,800 private, and 1,600 military acres, and 9,300 acres covered by water. These lands are not affected by the NCA designation or subsequent RMP decisions.

These final supplementary rules will help the BLM achieve management objectives and implement RMP decisions. They will also provide the BLM with enforcement capability to help prevent damage to natural resources, and provide for public health and safety.

II. Discussion of Public Comments
The BLM published the proposed supplementary rules in the Federal Register on July 18, 2012 (77 FR 42327). Public comments were accepted for a 60-day period ending on September 17, 2012. The BLM received two comments. Both comments expressed concern that the prohibition against rock climbing and rappelling will apply to a style of climbing commonly referred to as “bouldering.” In response to these comments, the proposed supplementary rules have been revised to define and allow bouldering, except on the canyon walls of the Snake River within the NCA.

III. Discussion of Supplementary Rules
In keeping with the BLM performance goal of reducing threats to public health, safety, and property, supplementary rules are necessary to protect the natural and cultural resources within the NCA as described in the NCA RMP. In addition, the BLM requested that the public provide comment, including the substance of their recipients; nor will they raise novel legal or policy issues. The supplementary rules will not create a serious inconsistency or otherwise interfere with an action taken or planned by another agency. They will not materially alter the budgetary effects of entitlements, grants, user fees, or loan programs or the right or obligations of their recipients; nor will they raise novel legal or policy issues. The supplementary rules merely contain rules of conduct for public use of a limited selection of public lands to protect public health and safety. National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)

The BLM prepared an environmental impact statement as part of the development of the NCA RMP. During that NEPA process, many alternative decisions for the NCA were fully analyzed and offered for public comment, including the substance of these final supplementary rules. The pertinent analysis can be found in Chapter 4 of the Proposed Resource Management Plan and Final Environmental Impact Statement for the Snake River Birds of Prey National Conservation Area.
nor will they be capable of interfering with constitutionally protected property rights. Therefore, the BLM has determined that these rules will not cause a “taking” of private property or require preparation of a takings assessment.

Executive Order 13132, Federalism

The final supplementary rules will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the Federal Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. The final supplementary rules will not conflict with any law or regulation of the State of Idaho. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 13132, the BLM has determined that these final supplementary rules will not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform

The BLM has determined that these final supplementary rules will not unduly burden the judicial system and that they meet the requirements of sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of Executive Order 12988.

Executive Order 13175, Consultation and Coordination With Indian Tribal Governments

The BLM has found that these final supplementary rules do not include policies that will have tribal implications.

Information Quality Act

The Information Quality Act (Section 515 of Pub. L. 106-554) requires Federal agencies to maintain adequate quality, objectivity, utility, and integrity of the information that they disseminate. In developing these supplementary rules, the BLM did not conduct or use a study, experiment, or survey or disseminate any information to the public.

Executive Order 13211, Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use

These final supplementary rules will not constitute a significant energy action. The final supplementary rules will not have an adverse effect on energy supplies, production, or consumption, and have no connection with energy policy.

Paperwork Reduction Act

These final supplementary rules do not contain information collection requirements that the Office of Management and Budget must approve under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. 3501–3521.

Author

The principal author of these final supplementary rules is Stanley Buchanan, Boise District Law Enforcement Ranger, Bureau of Land Management.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, and under the authority of 43 CFR 8365.1–6, the State Director establishes supplementary rules for BLM-administered lands covered under the Snake River Birds of Prey National Conservation Area (NCA) RMP. to read as follows:

Supplementary Rules for the Morley Nelson Snake River Birds of Prey National Conservation Area

Definitions:

Rock Climbing: A sport/technique in which participants climb up, down or across natural rock formations, usually with ropes and other equipment. Rock climbing is similar to scrambling (another activity involving the scaling of hills and similar formations), but climbing is generally differentiated by its sustained use of hands to support the climber’s weight as well as to provide balance.

Bouldering: A style of rock climbing undertaken without a rope and normally limited to very short climbs over a crash pad (called a bouldering mat) so that a fall will not result in serious injury.

Rappelling: A descent of a vertical surface, as a cliff or wall, by sliding down a delayed rope that is passed under one thigh and over the opposite shoulder or through a device that provides friction, typically while facing the surface and performing a series of short backward leaps to control the descent.

Improved Campsite: A specific location identified by the BLM for camping. Improved campsites include individual sites in developed campgrounds and developed recreation sites for camping that may or may not contain picnic tables, shelters, parking sites, and/or grills. All improved campsites are identified by a BLM map or sign.

Open Fires: Any fire not in a BLM-approved metal fire ring.

On BLM-administered public land within the Morley Nelson Snake River Birds of Prey National Conservation Area, you must comply with the following supplementary rules:

1. Rock climbing and rappelling are prohibited on all lands administered by the BLM within the NCA. Bouldering is permitted, provided it does not occur on...
the canyon walls of the Snake River within the NCA.
2. Open fires are prohibited on all lands administered by the BLM within the NCA. Campfires may only be located on improved campsites within BLM-approved metal fire rings on all lands administered by the BLM within the NCA. Additional restrictions may be imposed during periods of high fire danger.
3. Paintball guns and equipment may not be used within the Snake River Canyon or within ¼ mile of the canyon rim.

Penalties: On public lands under Section 303(a) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1733(a) and 43 CFR 8360.0–7), any person who violates any of these supplementary rules may be tried before a United States Magistrate and fined no more than $1,000 or imprisoned for no more than 12 months or both. Such violations may also subject to enhanced fines provided for by 18 U.S.C. 3571.

Steven A. Ellis,
Bureau of Land Management, State Director,
Idaho.
[FR Doc. 2013–09272 Filed 4–18–13; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–GG–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION
[Investigation No. 337–TA–828]
Certain Video Displays and Products Using and Containing Same; Investigations: Terminations, Modifications and Rulings
ACTION: Notice.
SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission has determined to terminate the above-captioned based on a settlement agreement between the parties. The investigation is terminated in its entirety, and the initial determination previously under review by the Commission is set aside.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Clark S. Cheney, Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone 202–205–2661. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation are or will be available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone 202–205–2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its Internet server (http://www.usitc.gov).

Steven A. Ellis,
Bureau of Land Management, State Director,
Idaho.
[FR Doc. 2013–09272 Filed 4–18–13; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–GG–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION
[Investigation No. 337–TA–659 (Enforcement)]
Certain Prepregs, Laminates, and Finished Circuit Boards
ACTION: Notice.
SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission has determined to grant a petition to rescind a consent order and not to review an ID (Order No. 20) of the administrative law judge (“ALJ”) terminating the above-captioned enforcement proceeding on the basis of a settlement agreement. Thus, the Commission hereby rescinds the April 10, 2009, consent order against Taiwan Union Technology Corp. (“TUC”) and terminates the enforcement proceeding.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James A. Worth, Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205–3065. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation are or will be available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205–2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its Internet server (http://www.usitc.gov).

The public record for this investigation