the address listed above. Comments may also be submitted by facsimile to (301) 713–0376, or by email to NMFS.Pr1Comments@noaa.gov. Please include the File No. in the subject line of the email comment.

Those individuals requesting a public hearing should submit a written request to the Chief, Permits and Conservation Division at the address listed above. The request should set forth the specific reasons why a hearing on this application would be appropriate.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Amy Hapeman or Kristy Beard, (301) 427–8401.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The subject modification to Permit No. 13543, issued on May 6, 2009 (74 FR 20926) is requested under the authority of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) and the regulations governing the taking, importing, and exporting of endangered and threatened species (50 CFR 222–226).

Permit No. 13543 authorizes the permit holder to handle, measure, weigh, passive integrated transponder tag, flipper tag, and photograph loggerhead (Caretta caretta), green (Chelonia mydas), Kemp’s ridley (Lepidochelys kempii), leatherback ( Dermochelys coriacea), olive ridley (L. olivacea), and hawksbill (Eretmochelys imbricata) sea turtles that have already been captured by authorized coastal trawl surveys in waters off of North Carolina to Florida. The purpose of the research is to further the understanding of the growth, distribution, and life history of sea turtles. The permit is valid through April 30, 2014. The permit holder requests authorization to increase the annual take limit for Kemp’s ridley and loggerhead sea turtles from 15 to 32 animals and 45 to 50 animals, respectively, on which they may conduct authorized research procedures. The increase would accommodate recent increases in capture rates of these species in the trawl surveys. Unless additional take is authorized, opportunities will be lost to collect valuable data on Kemp’s ridley and loggerhead sea turtles.

P. Michael Payne,
Chief, Permits and Conservation Division,
Office of Protected Resources, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2013–00889 Filed 1–16–13; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–22–P

CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Meetings


ANNOUNCED TIME AND DATE OF MEETING: Wednesday, January 16, 2013, 10 a.m.–11 a.m.

MEETING CANCELED. For a recorded message containing the latest agenda information, call (301) 504–7948.

CONTACT PERSON FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: Todd A. Stevenson, Office of the Secretary, 4330 East West Highway, Bethesda, MD 20814 (301) 504–7923.


Todd A. Stevenson,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2013–01082 Filed 1–15–13; 4:15 pm]
BILLING CODE 6355–01–P

CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Meeting Notice

TIME AND DATE: Wednesday, January 23, 2013, 10:00 a.m.–11:00 a.m.

PLACE: Room 420, Bethesda Towers, 4330 East West Highway, Bethesda, Maryland.

STATUS: Commission Meeting—Open to the Public.

Matters To Be Considered

Briefing Matters: Sections 1112/1118 Requirements for Third Party Conformity Assessment Bodies—Draft Final Rule

A live webcast of the Meeting can be viewed at www.cpsc.gov/webcast.

For a recorded message containing the latest agenda information, call (301) 504–7948.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION: Todd A. Stevenson, Office of the Secretary, U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, 4330 East West Highway, Bethesda, MD 20814, (301) 504–7923.


Todd A. Stevenson,
Secretary.

BILLING CODE 6355–01–P

CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

[CPSC Docket No. 13–C0002]

The Bon-Ton Stores, Inc., Provisional Acceptance of a Settlement Agreement and Order

AGENCY: Consumer Product Safety Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: It is the policy of the Commission to publish settlements which it provisionally accepts under the Consumer Product Safety Act in the Federal Register in accordance with the terms of 16 CFR 1118.20(e). Published below is a provisionally-accepted Settlement Agreement with The Bon-Ton Stores, Inc., containing a civil penalty of $450,000.00, within twenty (20) days of service of the Commission’s final Order accepting the Settlement Agreement.

DATES: Any interested person may ask the Commission not to accept this agreement or otherwise comment on its contents by filing a written request with the Office of the Secretary by February 1, 2013.

ADDRESSES: Persons wishing to comment on this Settlement Agreement should send written comments to the Comment 13–C0002, Office of the Secretary, Consumer Product Safety Commission, 4330 East West Highway, Room 820, Bethesda, Maryland 20814–4408.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sean R. Ward, Trial Attorney, Division of Compliance, Office of the General Counsel, Consumer Product Safety Commission, 4330 East West Highway, Bethesda, Maryland 20814–4408; telephone (301) 504–7602.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The text of the Agreement and Order appears below.

Dated: December 12, 2012.

Todd A. Stevenson,
Secretary.

Settlement Agreement

1. In accordance with the Consumer Product Safety Act, 15 U.S.C. 2051–2089 (CPSA) and 16 CFR 1118.20, The Bon-Ton Stores, Inc. (Bon-Ton) and staff of the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (staff and Commission) hereby enter into this Settlement Agreement (Agreement). The Agreement and the incorporated attached Order resolve staff’s allegations set forth below.
The Parties

2. Staff is the staff of the Commission, an independent federal regulatory agency established pursuant to, and responsible for, the enforcement of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2051-2089.

3. Bon-Ton is a corporation, organized and existing under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with its principal corporate office located in York, PA. Bon-Ton is a retailer, selling a wide selection of apparel, shoes, jewelry, fragrances, and accessories.

Staff Allegations

4. Between September 2006 and September 2009, Bon-Ton purchased from three U.S. importers and distributed in commerce, approximately 812 children’s upper outerwear garments with drawstrings (Garments) to consumers. The Garments were sold at retail stores in the United States for between $5 and $100.

5. The Garments are “consumer products” and, at all relevant times, Bon-Ton was a “retailer” of these consumer products, which were “distributed in commerce,” as those terms are defined or used in sections 3(a)(5), (8), and (13) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2052(a)(5), (8), and (13).

6. In February 1996, staff issued the Guidelines for Drawstrings on Children’s Upper Outerwear (Guidelines) to help prevent children from strangling or entangling on neck and waist drawstrings. The Guidelines state that drawstrings can cause, and have caused, injuries and deaths when they catch on items, such as playground equipment, bus doors, or crib. In the Guidelines, staff recommends that there be no hood and neck drawstrings in children’s upper outerwear sized 2T to 12.

7. In June 1997, ASTM adopted a voluntary standard, ASTM F1816-97, which incorporated the Guidelines. The Guidelines state that firms should be aware of the hazards and should be sure garments they sell conform to the voluntary standard.

8. On May 19, 2006, the Commission posted on its Web site a letter from the Commission’s Director of the Office of Compliance directed to manufacturers, importers, and retailers of children’s upper outerwear. The letter urges them to make certain that all children’s upper outerwear sold in the United States complies with ASTM F1816-97. The letter states that staff considers children’s upper outerwear with drawstrings at the hood or neck area to be defective and to present a substantial risk of injury to young children under Federal Hazardous Substances Act (FHSA) section 15(c), 15 U.S.C. 1274(c). The letter also notes the CPSA’s section 15(b) reporting requirements.

9. On December 7, 2007, the Deputy Director of the Commission’s Office of Compliance sent directly to retailers, including Bon-Ton, an electronic mail reminder that children’s upper outerwear must comply with ASTM F1816-97.

10. Bon-Ton’s distribution in commerce of the Garments did not meet the Guidelines or ASTM F1816-97; it failed to comply with staff’s May 2006 defect notice; and it posed a strangulation hazard to children.

11. On February 18, 2010, March 10, 2010, and May 27, 2010, the Commission and three U.S. importers announced three recalls of the Garments that were distributed in commerce by Bon-Ton. Bon Ton was identified as a retailer of the Garments in the press release announcing the three recalls. The recalls informed consumers that they should immediately remove the drawstrings to eliminate the hazard.

12. Bon-Ton had presumed and actual knowledge that the Garments distributed in commerce posed a strangulation hazard and presented a substantial risk of injury to children. Under FHSA section 15(c)(1), 15 U.S.C. 1274(c)(1). Bon-Ton had obtained information that reasonably supported the conclusion that the Garments contained a defect that could create a substantial product hazard or that they created an unreasonable risk of serious injury or death. CPSA sections 15(b)(3) and (4), 15 U.S.C. 2052(b)(3) and (4), required Bon-Ton to inform the Commission immediately of the defect and risk.

13. Bon-Ton knowingly failed to inform the Commission immediately about the Garments, as required by CPSA sections 15(b)(3) and (4), 15 U.S.C. 2052(b)(3) and (4), and as the term “knowingly” is defined in CPSA section 20(d), 15 U.S.C. 2059(d). This failure violated CPSA section 19(a)(4), 15 U.S.C. 2066(a)(4). Pursuant to CPSA section 20, 15 U.S.C. 2059, this failure subjected Bon-Ton to civil penalties.

Bon-Ton’s Response

14. Bon-Ton denies staff’s allegations set forth in paragraphs 4 through 13, supra, including, but not limited to, the allegations that the Garments contained a defect which could create a substantial product hazard pursuant to section 15(u) of the CPSA, and that Bon-Ton failed to inform the Commission immediately about the Garments, as required by section 15(b) of the CPSA, supra. This payment is made in settlement of the staff allegations. Neither the payment, nor the fact of entering into this Settlement Agreement, constitutes evidence of, or an admission of, any fault, liability, or statutory or regulatory violation by Bon-Ton or any admission by Bon-Ton of the accuracy of any allegations made by staff.

Agreement of the Parties

15. Under the CPSA, the Commission has jurisdiction over this matter and over Bon-Ton.

16. In settlement of staff’s allegations, Bon-Ton shall pay a civil penalty in the amount of $450,000.00 within 20 calendar days of receiving service of the Commission’s final Order accepting the Agreement. The penalty shall be made electronically to the CPSC via www.pay.gov.

17. The parties enter into this Agreement for settlement purposes only. The Agreement does not constitute any admission by Bon-Ton, nor does it constitute any determination by the Commission that Bon-Ton violated CPSA’s reporting requirements.

18. Upon provisional acceptance of the Agreement by the Commission, the Agreement shall be placed on the public record and published in the Federal Register, in accordance with the procedures set forth in 16 CFR 1118.20(e). If the Commission does not receive any written request not to accept the Agreement within 15 calendar days, the Agreement shall be deemed finally accepted on the 16th calendar day after the date it is published in the Federal Register, in accordance with 16 CFR 1118.20(f).

19. Upon the Commission’s final acceptance of the Agreement and issuance of the final Order, Bon-Ton knowingly, voluntarily, and completely waives any rights it may have in this matter to the following: (a) An administrative or judicial hearing; (b) judicial review or other challenge or contest of the Commission’s actions; (c) a determination by the Commission of whether Bon-Ton failed to comply with the CPSA and the underlying regulations; (d) a statement of findings of fact and conclusions of law; and (e) any claims under the Equal Access to Justice Act.

20. The Commission may publicize the terms of the Agreement and the Order.

21. The Agreement and the Order shall apply to, and be binding upon, Bon-Ton and each of its successors and assigns.

22. The Commission issues the Order under the provisions of the CPSA, and in accordance with the Order, may subject Bon-Ton and each of its successors and assigns to appropriate legal action.
23. The Agreement may be used in interpreting the Order. Understandings, agreements, representations, or interpretations apart from those contained in the Agreement and the Order may not be used to vary or contradict the terms or the Agreement and the Order. The Agreement shall not be waived, amended, modified, or otherwise altered without written agreement thereto, executed by the party against whom such waiver, amendment, modification, or alteration is sought to be enforced.

24. If any provision of the Agreement or the Order is held to be illegal, invalid, or unenforceable under present or future laws effective during the terms of the Agreement and the Order, such provision shall be fully severable. The balance of the Agreement and the Order shall remain in full force and effect, unless the Commission and Bon-Ton agree that severing the provision materially affects the purpose of the Agreement and Order. This agreement may be signed in counterparts.

THE BON-TON STORES, INC.

Dated: 11/28/12.

By:

J. Gregory Yawman, Esquire, Vice President and General Counsel.
The Bon-Ton Stores, Inc., 2801 East Market Street, York, PA 17402.

Dated: 11/30/12

By:

Timothy L. Mullin, Jr., Esquire, Miles & Stockbridge P.C.
10 Light Street, Baltimore, MD 21202–1487, Counsel for The Bon-Ton Stores, Inc.

U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION STAFF

Mary T. Boyle, Acting General Counsel.
Mary B. Murphy, Assistant General Counsel.

Dated: 11/30/12

By:

Sean R. Ward, Trial Attorney, Office of the General Counsel.

23. Provisionally accepted and provisional Order issued on the 7th day of December, 2012.

Further ordered, that Bon-Ton shall pay a civil penalty in the amount of $450,000.00 within 20 calendar days of receiving service of the Commission’s final Order accepting the Settlement Agreement. The payment shall be made electronically to the CPSC via www.pay.gov. Upon the failure of Bon-Ton to make the foregoing payment when due, interest on the unpaid amount shall accrue and be paid by Bon-Ton at the federal legal rate of interest set forth at 28 U.S.C. 1961(a) and (b).

Provisionally accepted and provisional Order issued on the 7th day of December, 2012.

By Order of the Commission:

Todd A. Stevenson, Secretary, U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission.

BILLING CODE 6355–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Applications for New Awards; Research Fellowships Program

AGENCY: Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Service, National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research (NIDRR), Department of Education.

ACTION: Notice.

Overview Information: Research Fellowships Program.

Notice inviting applications for new awards for fiscal year (FY) 2013.

Catalog of Domestic Assistance (CFDA) Number: 84.133F–1.

DATES:


Date of Pre-Application Meeting: February 7, 2013.

Deadline for Transmittal of Applications: March 18, 2013.

Full Text of Announcement

I. Funding Opportunity Description

Purpose of Program: The purpose of the Research Fellowships Program is to build research capacity by providing support to highly qualified individuals, including those who are individuals with disabilities, to perform research on the rehabilitation of individuals with disabilities.

Fellows must conduct original research in an area authorized by section 204 of the Act. Section 204 authorizes research, demonstration projects, training, and related activities, the purposes of which are to develop methods, procedures, and rehabilitation technology that maximize the full inclusion and integration into society, employment, independent living, family support, and economic and social self-sufficiency, of individuals with disabilities, especially individuals with the most significant disabilities, and to improve the effectiveness of services authorized under the Act.

Note: This program is in concert with NIDRR’s currently approved long-range plan (the Plan). The Plan is comprehensive and integrates many issues relating to disability and rehabilitation research topics. The Plan, which was published in the Federal Register on February 15, 2006 (71 FR 8166), can be accessed on the Internet at the following site: www2.ed.gov/legislation/FedRegister/other/2006-1/021506d.html.

Through the implementation of the Plan, NIDRR seeks to: (1) Improve the quality and utility of disability and rehabilitation research; (2) foster an exchange of expertise, information, and training to facilitate the advancement of knowledge and understanding of the unique needs of traditionally underserved populations; (3) determine the best strategies and programs to improve rehabilitation outcomes for underserved populations; (4) identify research gaps; (5) identify mechanisms for integrating research and practice; and (6) disseminate findings.

Priorities: Under this competition we are particularly interested in applications that address one or more of the following priorities.

Invitational Priorities: Under 34 CFR 75.105(c)(1) we do not give an application that meets these invitational priorities a competitive or absolute preference over other applications. These priorities are:

(1) The Secretary is particularly interested in applications from eligible applicants who are individuals with disabilities.

(2) The Secretary is particularly interested in applications that result in practical methods of improving participation and community living and employment outcomes for individuals with disabilities.

Note: The Secretary is interested in outcomes-oriented research projects that use rigorous scientific methodologies. To address this interest, applicants are encouraged to articulate goals, objectives, and expected outcomes for the proposed research activities. Proposals should describe how results and planned outputs are expected to contribute to advances in knowledge or improvements in policy and practice.

Applicants should propose projects that are optimally designed to be consistent with these goals. Submission of the information identified under this paragraph is not required by law or regulation, but is desired.