DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[S–132–2012]
Foreign-Trade Zone 7—Mayaguez, PR; Application for Subzone; Pepsi Cola Puerto Rico Distributing, LLC, Toa Baja, PR

An application has been submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) by the Puerto Rico Industrial Development Company, grantee of FTZ 7, requesting special-purpose subzone status for the facility of Pepsi Cola Puerto Rico Distributing, LLC, located in Toa Baja, Puerto Rico. The application was submitted pursuant to the provisions of the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), and the regulations of the Board (15 CFR part 400). It was formally docketed on December 7, 2012.

The proposed subzone (19.99 acres) is located at Carretera 865, Km. 0.4, Barrio Candelario Arenas, Toa Baja. A notification of proposed production activity has been docketed (B–84–2012). The proposed subzone would be subject to the existing activation limit of FTZ 7.

In accordance with the Board’s regulations, Camille Evans of the FTZ Staff is designated examiner to review the application and make recommendations to the Executive Secretary.

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions shall be addressed to the Board’s Executive Secretary at the address below. The closing period for their receipt is January 22, 2013. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period to February 6, 2013.

A copy of the application will be available for public inspection at the Office of the Executive Secretary, Foreign-Trade Zones Board, Room 21013, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230–0002, and in the “Reading Room” section of the Board’s Web site, which is accessible via www.trade.gov/ftz. For further information, contact Camille Evans at Camille.Evans@trade.gov or (202) 482–2350.

Andrew McGilvray,
Executive Secretary.
[FR Doc. 2012–30127 Filed 12–12–12; 8:45 am]  
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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[B–65–2012]
Authorization of Production Activity, Foreign-Trade Subzone 107A, Winnebago Industries, Inc. (Polyurethane Coated Upholstery Fabric), Forest City and Charles City, IA


The notification was processed in accordance with the regulations of the FTZ Board (15 CFR part 400), including notice in the Federal Register inviting public comment (77 FR 50462–50463, 8–21–2012). The FTZ Board has determined that no further review of the activity is warranted at this time. The production activity described in the notification is authorized, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board’s regulations, including Section 400.14.

Andrew McGilvray,
Executive Secretary.
[FR Doc. 2012–30127 Filed 12–12–12; 8:45 am]  
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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[B–88–2012]
Foreign-Trade Zone 84—Houston, TX; Notification of Proposed Production Activity; Mitsubishi Caterpillar Forklift America Inc.; (Forklift Trucks); Houston, TX

The Port of Houston Authority, grantee of FTZ 84, submitted a notification of proposed production activity on behalf of Mitsubishi Caterpillar Forklift America Inc. (MCFA), located in Houston, Texas. The notification conforming to the requirements of the regulations of the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (15 CFR 400.22) was received on November 2, 2012.

The MCFA facilities are located at: 1722, 1730, 1810, 1812 Brittmoore Road; and, 2007, 2011, 2015, 2021, 2121 West Sam Houston Parkway North; Houston (Harris County), Texas. A separate application for subzone status at the MCFA facilities is planned and will be processed under Section 400.31 of the Board’s regulations. The facilities are used for the production of forklift trucks (Class I through Class V) powered by gasoline, propane or electric motors. Production under FTZ procedures could exempt MCFA from customs duty payments on the foreign status components and materials used in export production. On its domestic sales, MCFA would be able to choose the duty rate during customs entry procedures that applies to forklift trucks (free) for the foreign status inputs noted below. Customs duties also could possibly be deferred or reduced on foreign status production equipment.

Components and materials sourced from abroad include: oils and greases, brake fluids, adhesives, silicones, plastic tubes/pipes/hoses/fittings, articles of plastic (sheeting, cases, boxes, stoppers, lid, handles, knobs, fasteners, gaskets, washers, o-rings), sacks, bags, containers, builders ware, clips, belts, articles of rubber (seals, o-rings, gaskets, mats, knobs, caps, lids, dampeners, tubes, pipes, hoses, tires, rods, containers, handles, belts), pallets, wood packing boxes, cases, other printed materials, brake linings, labels, adhesive tapes, safety glass, mirrors, parts of fiberglass, windshields, bars, pipe fittings, pipes and tubes of iron/steel/copper, chains, fasteners, steel cables and rods, articles of copper, articles of aluminum, locks and keys, articles of base metal, flanges, wrenches, hand tools, flexible tubing, engines, parts of engines, water boilers, control panels, control centers, switchgear assemblies, distribution boards, printed circuits, torque converters, parts of forklift trucks, electric motors, hydraulic pumps, cranks, shafts, crankshafts, crank regulators, terminals, insulators, transmissions/ speed changers and related parts, axles, CV joints, commutators, gears, shafts, relays, flywheels, pulleys, rubber tubes/pipes, harnesses, catalytic converters, filters, heat exchangers, hydraulic cylinders/ fluid power components, accumulators, taps/cocks, valves and related parts, fuel injection pumps, flow meters, electromagnetic couplings/clutches, brake parts, wire, electric conductors/converters, exhaust parts, steering components, pumps, parts of pumps/compressors, turbochargers, fans and related parts, air-conditioners, filters, starters, bearings and related parts, floor coverings, electrical connectors and related assemblies, wiring harnesses, fasteners, couplings/u-joints, gaskets, generators, alternators, carbon brushes, electric motors, transformers, rotors, stators, power supplies, spark plugs, batteries, ignition parts, coils, distributors, starters, relays,
switches, horns, capacitors, resistors, fuses, diodes, transistors, thyristors, semiconductor devices, controllers, circuit breakers and protectors, conductors, junction boxes, lamps/lighting equipment, sound signaling devices, thermostats, seats and related parts, seat belts, windshield wipers, cameras, suspension parts, radiators, road wheels, measuring/metering instruments, speedometers, tachometers, shock absorbers, and optical lenses (duty rate range: free—12.5%, 36¢ each/¢ per jewel + 5.6%). The request indicates that all foreign steel products subject to an antidumping/countervailing duty order will be admitted in domestic (duty-paid) status (19 CFR 146.43).

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions shall be addressed to the Board’s Executive Secretary at the address below. The closing period for their receipt is January 22, 2013.

A copy of the notification will be available for public inspection at the Office of the Executive Secretary, Foreign-Trade Zones Board, Room 21013, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230–0002, and in the “Reading Room” section of the Board’s Web site, which is accessible via www.trade.gov/ftz.

For further information, contact Pierre Duy at Pierre.Duy@trade.gov, or (202) 482–1378.

Andrew McGilvray,
Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2012–30133 Filed 12–12–12; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
International Trade Administration

[A–570–937]

Citic Acid and Certain Citrate Salts From the People’s Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2010–2011

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (“Department”) published its Preliminary Results of administrative review of the antidumping duty order on citric acid and certain citrate salts from the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”) on June 6, 2012.1 The period of review (“POR”) is May 1, 2010, through April 30, 2011. Further, the Department released the results of its Post-Preliminary analysis on October 23, 2012,2 in which we determined that the antidumping margin calculation methodology shall remain unchanged from the Preliminary Results. We gave interested parties an opportunity to comment on the Preliminary Results and Post-Preliminary Results. Based on our analysis of the comments received, the final results do not differ from the Preliminary Results. The final dumping margin for this review is listed in the “Final Results of Review” section below.

DATES: Effective Date: December 13, 2012.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Krisha Hill or Robert Bolling, AD/CVD Operations, Office 4, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4037 or (202) 482–3434, respectively.

Background

On June 6, 2012, the Department published its Preliminary Results. On July 6, 2012, RZBC Co., Ltd., RZBC Imp. & Exp. Co., Ltd., RZBC (Juxian) Co., Ltd. (collectively “RZBC”) submitted a case brief for this administrative review.3 On July 11, 2012, the Department received a rebuttal brief from Archer Daniels Midland Company, Cargill, Incorporated, and Tate & Lyle Ingredients Americas LLC (“Petitioners”).4 No other party submitted comments.

We have conducted this administrative review in accordance with section 751 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (“the Act”), 19 CFR 351.213, and 19 CFR 351.221.

Scope of the Order

The scope of the order includes the hydrous and anhydrous forms of citric acid, the dihydrate and anhydrous forms of sodium citrate, otherwise known as citric acid sodium salt, and the monohydrate and monopotassium forms of potassium citrate.5 Sodium citrate also includes both trisodium citrate and monosodium citrate, which are also known as citric acid trisodium salt and citric acid monosodium salt, respectively. Citric acid and sodium citrate are classifiable under 2918.14.0000 and 2918.15.1000 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (“HTSUS”), respectively. Potassium citrate and crude calcium citrate are classifiable under 2918.15.5000 and 3824.90.9290 of the HTSUS, respectively. Blends that include citric acid, sodium citrate, and potassium citrate are classifiable under 3824.90.9290 of the HTSUS. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the merchandise is dispositive.6

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs and additional comments received by parties in this review are addressed in the memorandum from Christian Marhs, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations, to Ronald K. Lorentzen, Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Second Administrative Review of Citric Acid and Certain Citrate Salts from the People’s Republic of China,” dated concurrently with this notice. (“Issues and Decision Memorandum”), which is hereby adopted by this notice. A list of the issues that parties raised and to which we responded in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is attached to this notice as an appendix. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Import Administration’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (“IA ACCESS”). Access to IA ACCESS is available to registered users at http://iaaccess.trade.gov and in the CRU, room 7046 of the main Department of Commerce building. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and

1 See Preliminary Results of the Second Administrative Review of the Antidumping Duty Order; and Partial Rescission of Administrative


3 See Letter from RZBC to the Department, regarding “Citric Acid and Citrate Salt from the People’s Republic of China: Case Brief,” dated July 6, 2012. The Department also considered RZBC’s pre-preliminary comments for the final results. See Letter from RZBC to the Department, regarding “Citric Acid and Citrate Salt from the People’s Republic of China: Pre-Preliminary Results Comments,” dated May 9, 2012.


5 See Issues and Decision Memorandum issued concurrently with this notice for a complete description of the Scope of the Order.