accounting of payments in relation to the administrative costs associated with operating as the collecting society. It would be helpful to understand whether collective management of royalty payments should be proposed, and if so, what type of entity should be authorized (e.g., government or private) and what standards should apply.

Experience in other Jurisdictions: As noted above, a resale royalty currently applies under state law in California, as well as in many European and Latin American countries. These jurisdictions have taken different approaches to the issues identified above (i.e., transactions covered, thresholds, royalty rates and administration). It would be helpful for the Copyright Office to receive information on the practical experience of those jurisdictions, any obstacles that may have been encountered, and data on the effect of the right on those markets.

Changes Since the Last Report: The Copyright Office last reviewed the resale royalty in 1992. It is therefore interested in any information addressing whether there have been significant policy or economic changes that should be considered when assessing the current feasibility of a resale royalty.

Alternatives to a Resale Royalty: As the Copyright Office acknowledged in its 1992 report, there may be alternatives to a resale royalty that would further the goals of promoting creativity and the public dissemination of visual art.

IV. Subject of Inquiry and Conclusion

The Office hereby seeks comment from the public on factual and policy matters addressed above, including the potential effect of a resale royalty on visual artists, current copyright law and practical implications for commerce. If there are any pertinent issues not discussed above, the Office encourages interested parties to raise those matters in their comments. The Office may also publish a further Notice of Inquiry posing specific questions and possibly exploring additional alternatives following the receipt of comments in response to this Notice.

Dated: September 13, 2012.

Karyn Temple Claggett,
Senior Counsel for Policy and International Affairs.

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

Nixon Presidential Historical Materials: Opening of Materials

AGENCY: National Archives and Records Administration

ACTION: Notice of opening of additional materials

SUMMARY: This notice announces the opening of additional Nixon Presidential Historical Materials by the Richard Nixon Presidential Library and Museum, a division of the National Archives and Records Administration. Notice is hereby given that, in accordance with section 104 of Title I of the Presidential Recordings and Materials Preservation Act (PRMPA, 44 U.S.C. 2111 note) and 1275.42(b) of the PRMPA Regulations implementing the Act (36 CFR Part 1275), the Agency has identified, inventoried, and prepared for public access additional textual materials with certain information redacted as required by law, including the PRMPA.

DATES: The Richard Nixon Presidential Library and Museum intends to make the materials described in this notice available to the public on Tuesday, October 23, 2012, at the Richard Nixon Library and Museum’s primary location in Yorba Linda, CA, beginning at 10:00 a.m. PDT/1:00 p.m. EDT. In accordance with 36 CFR 1275.44, any person who believes it necessary to file a claim of legal right or privilege concerning access to these materials must notify the Archivist of the United States in writing of the claimed right, privilege, or defense within 30 days of the publication of this notice.

ADDRESSES: The Richard Nixon Presidential Library and Museum, a division of the National Archives, is located at 18001 Yorba Linda Blvd., Yorba Linda, CA. Researchers must have a NARA researcher card, which they may obtain when they arrive at the Library. Selections from these materials will be available at www.nixonlibrary.gov. Petitions asserting a legal or constitutional right or privilege that would prevent or limit public access to the materials must be sent to the Archivist of the United States, National Archives at College Park, 8601 Adelphi Rd., College Park, Maryland 20740-6001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Paul Wormser, Acting Director, Richard Nixon Presidential Library and Museum, 714-981-9119.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following materials will be made available in accordance with this notice:

1. Previously restricted textual materials. Volume: 91 documents consisting of approximately 1,000 pages. A number of textual materials previously withheld from public access have been reviewed for release and/or declassified under the systematic declassification review provisions of Executive Order 13526, the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552), or in accordance with 36 CFR 1275.56 (Public Access regulations). The materials are from integral file segments for the National Security Council Institutional Files; and the Henry A. Kissinger (HAK) Office Files.


David Ferriero,
Archivist of the United States.

[FR Doc. 2012–22993 Filed 9–18–12; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7515–01–P

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

Records Schedules; Availability and Request for Comments

AGENCY: National Archives and Records Administration (NARA).

ACTION: Notice of availability of proposed records schedules; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) publishes notice at least once monthly of certain Federal agency requests for records disposition authority (records schedules). Once approved by NARA, records schedules provide mandatory instructions on what happens to records when no longer needed for current Government business. They authorize the preservation of records of continuing value in the National Archives of the United States and the destruction, after a specified period, of records lacking administrative, legal, research, or other value. Notice is published for records schedules in which agencies propose to destroy records not previously authorized for disposal or reduce the retention period of records already authorized for disposal. NARA invites public comments on such records schedules, as required by 44 U.S.C. 3303(a).

DATES: Requests for copies must be received in writing on or before October 19, 2012. Once the appraisal of the records is completed, NARA will send a copy of the schedule. NARA staff usually prepare appraisal memorandums that contain additional information concerning the records covered by a proposed schedule. These, too, may be requested and will be
provided once the appraisal is completed. Requesters will be given 30 days to submit comments.

**ADDRESSES:** You may request a copy of any records schedule identified in this notice by contacting Records Management Services (ACNR) using one of the following means:

*Mail:* NARA (ACNR), 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740–6001.

*Email:* request.schedule@nara.gov.

*Fax:* 301–837–3658.

Requesters must cite the control number, which appears in parentheses after the name of the agency which submitted the schedule, and must provide a mailing address. Those who desire appraisal reports should so indicate in their request.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Margaret Hawkins, Director, National Records Management Program (ACNR), National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740–6001.

Telephone: 301–837–1799. Email: request.schedule@nara.gov.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Each year Federal agencies create billions of records on paper, film, magnetic tape, and other media. To control this accumulation, agency records managers prepare schedules proposing retention periods for records and submit these schedules for NARA’s approval, using the Standard Form (SF) 115, Request for Records Disposition Authority. These schedules provide for the timely transfer into the National Archives of historically valuable records and authorize the disposal of all other records after the agency no longer needs them to conduct its business. Some schedules are comprehensive and cover all the records of an agency or one of its major subdivisions. Most schedules, however, cover records of only one office or program or a few series of records. Many of these update previously approved schedules, and some include records proposed as permanent.

The schedules listed in this notice are media neutral unless specified otherwise. An item in a schedule is media neutral when the disposition instructions may be applied to records regardless of the medium in which the records are created and maintained. Items included in schedules submitted to NARA on or after December 17, 2007, are media neutral unless the item is limited to a specific medium. (See 36 CFR 1225.12(e).)

No Federal records are authorized for destruction without the approval of the Archivist of the United States. This approval is granted only after a thorough consideration of their administrative use by the agency of origin, the rights of the Government and of private persons directly affected by the Government’s activities, and whether or not they have historical or other value.

Besides identifying the Federal agencies and any subdivisions requesting disposition authority, this public notice lists the organizational unit(s) accumulating the records or indicates agency-wide applicability in the case of schedules that cover records that may be accumulated throughout an agency. This notice provides the control number assigned to each schedule, the total number of schedule items, and the number of temporary items (the records proposed for destruction). It also includes a brief description of the temporary records. The records schedule itself contains a full description of the records at the file unit level as well as their disposition. If NARA staff has prepared an appraisal memorandum for the schedule, it too includes information about the records. Further information about the disposition process is available on request.

**Schedules Pending**


2. Department of Health and Human Services, Immediate Office of the Secretary (DAA–0468–2011–0006, 3 items, 1 temporary item). Background materials, working files, drafts, and notes of the Secretary’s correspondence. Proposed for permanent retention are official correspondence, master files of an electronic information system containing scanned correspondence, significant working files, and drafts.

3. Department of Justice, U.S. Trustee Program (DAA–0002–2012–0004, 2 items, 2 temporary items). Inputs and master files of an electronic information system which tracks final bankruptcy trustee reports.

4. Department of Labor, Office of the Secretary (N1–386–12–1, 3 items, 1 permanent item). Records of the Employees’ Compensation Appeals Board, including records relating to docket files and general files. Proposed for permanent retention are decisions and orders.

5. Department of Treasury, Internal Revenue Service (N1–58–12–1, 12 items, 12 temporary items). Records include corporations’ income tax forms, schedules, and related records used to report income, deductions, and tax liabilities.

6. Department of Treasury, Internal Revenue Service (N1–58–12–6, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system used to validate public access for online services.

7. Department of Treasury, Internal Revenue Service (N1–58–12–16, 6 items, 6 temporary items). Inputs, outputs, master files, and system documentation of electronic information systems used to monitor organizational and business performance and to evaluate customer service and employee training activities.

8. Congressional Budget Office, Agency-wide (N1–520–12–1, 14 items, 6 temporary items). Comprehensive schedule covering all agency records, including general working files, background information, drafts, administrative files, and non-significant correspondence. Proposed for permanent retention are final products distributed to the public and to Congress, essential models and analytic files, significant correspondence, product files for senior agency officials and panels of advisers, and official policies and manuals.


12. Federal Communications Commission, International Bureau (N1–173–11–6, 3 items, 3 temporary items). Circuit status reports filed annually by common carriers providing international telecommunications service, the instruction manual used to file reports, and annual statistical compilations of all received reports.

13. National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Agency-wide (DAA–0255–2012–0002, 4 items, 4 temporary items). Records relating to mobile and stationary lifting equipment. Included are design files, inspection reports, servicing documents, and operator inspection records.
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 04008964, NRC–2012–0214]

Power Resources, Inc., Smith Ranch Highland Uranium Project; License Renewal Request, Opportunity To Request a Hearing and To Petition for Leave To Intervene, and Commission Order Imposing Procedures for Document Access

AGENCY: U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Notice of license renewal request; opportunity to request a hearing and to petition for leave to intervene, and Commission order.

DATES: Requests for a hearing or leave to intervene must be filed by November 19, 2012. Any potential party as defined in 10 CFR 2.4 who believes access to Sensitive Unclassified Non-Safeguards Information and/or Safeguards Information is necessary to respond to this notice must request document access by October 1, 2012.

ADDRESSES: Please refer to Docket ID NRC–2012–0214 when contacting the NRC about the availability of information regarding this document. You may access information related to this document, which the NRC possesses and is publicly available, using any of the following methods:


- NRC’s Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS): You may access publicly available documents online in the NRC Library at http://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/adams.html. To begin the search, select “ADAMS Public Documents” and then select “Begin Web-based ADAMS Search.” For problems with ADAMS, please contact the NRC’s Public Document Room (PDR) reference staff at 1–800–397–4209, 301–415–4737, or by email to pdr.resource@nrc.gov. The ADAMS accession number for each document referenced in this notice (if that document is available in ADAMS) is provided the first time that a document is referenced. The Smith Ranch Highland Uranium Project license renewal request is available electronically in ADAMS: Accession No. ML12234A537 (Smith Ranch Technical Report); Accession No. ML12234A539 (Smith Ranch Environmental Report). In addition to the technical report and environmental report, PRI submitted copies of its Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality (WDEQ) reports. These are available in ADAMS under Accession No. ML12234A545 (Smith Ranch WDEQ Permit); Accession No. ML12234A547 (North Butte WDEQ Permit); Accession No. ML12234A548 (Gas Hills WDEQ Permit); Accession No. ML12234A554 (Ruth WDEQ Permit). Documents related to the application can be found in ADAMS under Docket No. 04008964.

- NRC’s PDR: The public may examine and have copied for a fee publicly available documents at the NRC’s PDR, Room O1 F21, One White Flint North, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland 20852.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Introduction

By letter dated February 1, 2012, Power Resources Inc. (PRI) submitted a request to renew Source Material License SUA–1548 to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC). License SUA–1548 authorizes uranium in-situ recovery (ISR) operations at the Smith Ranch Highland Uranium Project and its related satellite facilities at Gas Hills, Ruth, and North Butte. The Smith Ranch Highland Uranium Project is located in Converse County, Wyoming. The Gas Hills satellite facility is located in Fremont and Natrona Counties, Wyoming. The Ruth satellite is located in Johnson County, Wyoming. The North Butte satellite is located in Campbell County, Wyoming. PRI has requested that License SUA–1548 be renewed as a performance-based license for an additional 10-year period. The renewal, if granted, would allow for continued operations and the recovery of uranium using ISR techniques as previously licensed by the NRC.

An NRC administrative review, documented in a letter to PRI dated July 5, 2012, found the application acceptable to begin a technical review (ADAMS Accession No. ML12150A511). Prior to approving the renewal request, the NRC will need to make the findings required by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the NRC’s regulations. The NRC’s findings will be documented in a safety evaluation report and an environmental review report (Environmental Assessment or an Environmental Impact Statement). The environmental review report will be the subject of a subsequent notice in the Federal Register.

II. Opportunity To Request a Hearing

The NRC hereby provides notice that this is a proceeding on a renewal to Source Material License SUA–1548 to continue operation of the Smith Ranch Highland Uranium Project. Requirements for hearing requests and petitions for leave to intervene are found in 10 CFR 2.309. “Hearing requests, petitions to intervene, requirements for standing, and contentions.” Interested persons should consult 10 CFR Part 2, section 2.309, which is available at the NRC’s PDR, located at O1 F21, One White Flint North, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, MD 20852 (or call the PDR at 800–397–4209 or 301–415–4737). The NRC’s regulations are also accessible online in the NRC’s Library at http://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/doc-collections/cfr/.

III. Petitions for Leave To Intervene

Any person whose interest may be affected by this proceeding and who wishes to participate as a party in the proceeding must file a written petition for leave to intervene. As required by 10 CFR 2.309, a petition for leave to intervene shall set forth with particularity the interest of the petitioner in the proceeding and how that interest may be affected by the results of the proceeding. The petition must provide the name, address, and telephone number of the petitioner and specifically explain the reasons why intervention should be permitted with particular reference to the following factors: (1) The nature of the petitioner’s right under the Act to be made a party to the proceeding; (2) the nature and extent of the petitioner’s property, financial, or other interest in the proceeding; and (3) the possible effect of any order that may be entered in the proceeding on the petitioner’s interest.

A petition for leave to intervene must also include a specification of the