

action, contact Judi Citrenbaum, Office of Aerospace Medicine, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20591; telephone (202) 267-9689; email Judi.M.Citrenbaum@faa.gov.

For legal questions concerning this action, contact Sabrina Jawed, Office of the Chief Counsel, Regulations Division, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20591; telephone (202) 267-3073; email Sabrina.Jawed@faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Since 2008, Title 14, Code of Federal Regulations (14 CFR) § 67.401(j) has required individuals granted the Special Issuance of a Medical Certificate (Authorization) to have their letter of Authorization in their physical possession or readily accessible in the aircraft while exercising pilot privileges. The FAA published a direct final rule on March 22, 2012 (77 FR 16664) to remove this provision for several reasons. Namely, affected individuals find the standard burdensome given that other longstanding FAA operational requirements already mandate that pilots carry their medical certificate when exercising pilot privileges. In addition, the FAA is not aware of any individuals affected by the standard who have had to produce their letter of Authorization for any civil aviation authorities during the nearly 4-year period the rule has been in effect. In this regard, the FAA identified this rulemaking action as burden-relieving under Executive Order 13563 of January 18, 2011 entitled "Improving Regulation and Regulatory Review."

Once this rule becomes effective, § 67.401(j) no longer will apply. This means that the "Note" under the regulatory reference to § 67.401(j) listed under the "Conditions of Issue" on an individual's existing FAA medical certificate no longer will be necessary. This does not mean that the FAA needs or intends to re-issue medical certificates. It will be acceptable for the FAA medical certificate to reference this "Note" until an individual's medical certificate is renewed. The FAA will begin using medical certificates with updated "Conditions of Issue" that do not include reference to the removed standard as soon as possible after July 20, 2012.

Discussion of Comments

The FAA received nine supportive comments from individuals and one

supportive comment from the Air Line Pilots Association International regarding this action. All of the commenters believe that this regulation is unnecessary, and removing it would relieve affected pilots of an undue burden.

Conclusion

The FAA received no adverse comments in response to the direct final rule "Removal of the Part 67 Requirement for Individuals Granted the Special Issuance of a Medical Certificate to Carry Their Letter of Authorization While Exercising Pilot Privileges". The FAA has determined that no further rulemaking action is necessary. Therefore, the rule is adopted as amendment 67-21 and becomes effective on July 20, 2012.

How To Obtain Additional Information

A. Rulemaking Documents

An electronic copy of a rulemaking document may be obtained by using the Internet —

1. Search the Federal eRulemaking Portal (<http://www.regulations.gov>);
2. Visit the FAA's Regulations and Policies Web page at http://www.faa.gov/regulations_policies/ or
3. Access the Government Printing Office's Web page at <http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys>.

Copies may also be obtained by sending a request (identified by notice, amendment, or docket number of this rulemaking) to the Federal Aviation Administration, Office of Rulemaking, ARM-1, 800 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20591, or by calling (202) 267-9680.

B. Comments Submitted to the Docket

Comments received may be viewed by going to <http://www.regulations.gov> and following the online instructions to search the docket number for this action. Anyone is able to search the electronic form of all comments received into any of the FAA's dockets by the name of the individual submitting the comment (or signing the comment, if submitted on behalf of an association, business, labor union, etc.).

Issued in Washington, DC on June 6, 2012.

Frederick E. Tilton,
Federal Air Surgeon.

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

17 CFR Parts 229 and 240

[Release Nos. 33-9330; 34-67220; File No. S7-13-11]

RIN 3235-AK95

Listing Standards for Compensation Committees

Correction

In rule document 2012-15408, appearing on pages 38422-38455, in the issue of Wednesday, June 27, 2012, make the following correction:

1. On page 38422, in column one, under the heading **DATES**, Compliance Dates, thirteenth line, "June 27, 2012" should read "June 27, 2013".

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Parts 522 and 556

[Docket No. FDA-2012-N-0002]

Implantation or Injectable Dosage Form New Animal Drugs; Maropitant; Tildipirosin

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations to reflect approval actions for new animal drug applications (NADAs) and abbreviated new animal drug applications (ANADAs) during May 2012. FDA is also informing the public of the availability of summaries of the basis of approval and of environmental review documents, where applicable.

DATES: This rule is effective July 3, 2012.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George K. Haibel, Center for Veterinary Medicine (HFV-6), Food and Drug Administration, 7519 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855, 240-276-9019, email:george.haibel@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: FDA's Center for Veterinary Medicine (CVM) is adopting use of a monthly **Federal Register** document to codify approval actions for NADAs and ANADAs. CVM will no longer publish a separate rule for each action. This approach will allow a more efficient use of available resources.