II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of those statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

An “accommodation” or “cabinet” trade refers to trades in listed options on the Exchange that are worthless or not actively traded. Cabinet trading is generally conducted in accordance with the Exchange Rules, except as provided in Exchange Rule 6.54, Accommodation Liquidations (Cabinet Trades), which sets forth specific procedures for engaging in cabinet trades. Rule 6.54 currently provides for cabinet transactions to occur via open outcry at a cabinet price of $1 per option contract in any options series open for trading in the Exchange, except that the Rule is not applicable to trading in option classes participating in the Penny Pilot Program. Under the procedures, bids and offers (whether opening or closing a position) at a price of $1 per option contract may be represented in the trading crowd by a Floor Broker or by a Market-Maker or provided in response to a request by a PAR Official/OBO, a Floor Broker or a Market-Maker, but must yield priority to all resting orders in the PAR Official/OBO cabinet book (which resting cabinet book orders may be closing only). So long as both the buyer and the seller yield to orders resting in the cabinet book, opening cabinet bids can trade with opening cabinet offers at a price of $1 per option contract.

The Exchange has temporarily amended the procedures through June 29, 2012 to allow transactions to take place in open outcry at a price of at least $0 but less than $1 per option contract.5 These lower priced transactions are traded pursuant to the same procedures applicable to $1 cabinet trades, except that (i) bids and offers for opening transactions are only permitted to accommodate closing transactions in order to limit use of the procedure to liquidations of existing positions, and (ii) the procedures are also available for trading in option classes participating in the Penny Pilot Program.6 The Exchange believes that allowing a price of at least $0 but less than $1 better accommodates the closing of options positions in series that are worth less than $1 per option contract, particularly due to market conditions which may result in a significant number of series being out-of-the-money. For example, a market participant might have a long position in a call series with a strike price of $100 and the underlying stock might now be trading at $30. In such an instance, there might not otherwise be a market for that person to close-out the position even at the $1 cabinet price (e.g., the series might be quoted no bid).7

2. Statutory Basis


6 Currently the $1 cabinet trading procedures are limited to options classes traded in $0.05 or $0.10 standard increment. The $1 cabinet trading procedures are not available in Penny Pilot Program classes because in those classes an option series can trade in a standard increment as low as $0.01 per share (or $1.00 per option contract with a 100 share multiplier). Because the temporary procedures allow trading below $0.01 per option contract with a 100 share multiplier), the procedures are available for all classes, including those classes participating in the Penny Pilot Program.

7 As with other accommodation liquidations under Rule 6.54, transactions that occur for less than $1 are not be disseminated to the public on the consolidated tape. In addition, as with other accommodation liquidations under Rule 6.54, the transactions are exempt from the Consolidated Options Audit Trail (“COATS”) requirements of Exchange Rule 6.24, Required Order Information. However, the Exchange maintains quotation, order and transaction information for the transactions in the same format as the COATS data is maintained. In this regard, all transactions for less than $1 must be reported to the Exchange following the close of each business day. The rule also provides that transactions for less than $1 will be reported for clearing utilizing forms, formats and procedures established by the Exchange from time to time. In this regard, the Exchange initially intends to have clearing firms directly report the transactions to The Options Clearing Corporation (‘‘OCC’’) using OCC’s position adjustment/transfer procedures. This manner of reporting transactions for clearing is similar to the procedure that CBOE currently.

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The purpose of the instant rule change is to extend the operation of these temporary procedures through June 28, 2013, so that the procedures can continue without interruption while CBOE considers whether to seek permanent approval of the temporary procedures.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder and, in particular, the requirements of Section 6(b) of the Act. Specifically, the Exchange believes the proposed rule change is consistent with the Section 6(b)(5) requirements that the rules of an exchange be designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts, to remove impediments to and to perfect the mechanism for a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest. The Exchange believes that allowing for liquidations at a price less than $1 per option contract better facilitates the closing of options positions that are worthless or not actively trading. Further, the Exchange believes the proposal is consistent with the Act because the proposed extension is of appropriate length to allow the Exchange and the Commission to continue to assess the impact of the Exchange’s authority to allow transactions to take place in open outcry at a price of at least $0 but less than $1 per option contract. The Exchange believes that allowing for liquidations at a price less than $1 per option contract better facilitates the closing of options positions that are worthless or not actively trading. Further, the Exchange believes the proposal is consistent with the Act because the proposed extension is of appropriate length to allow the Exchange and the Commission to continue to assess the impact of the Exchange’s authority to allow transactions to take place in open outcry at a price of at least $0 but less than $1 per option contract.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The Exchange has filed the proposed rule change pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(iii) of the Act and Rule 19b–4(f)(6) thereunder. Because the proposed rule change does not: (i) Significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) impose any significant burden on competition; and (iii) become operative prior to 30 days from the date on which it was filed, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate, if consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest, the proposed rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act and Rule 19b–4(f)(6)(iii) thereunder.

A proposed rule change filed under Rule 19b–4(f)(6) normally does not become operative for 30 days after the date of filing. However, pursuant to Rule 19b–4(f)(6)(iii) the Commission may designate a shorter time if such action is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest. The Exchange has asked the Commission to waive the 30-day operative delay so that the pilot may continue without interruption while the Exchange considers whether to seek permanent approval of the temporary procedures. The Exchange also believes that acceleration of the operative date so that the program can continue without interruption is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest because it will allow the orderly closing of option positions that are worthless or not actively traded. The Commission believes that waiving operative delay as of June 29, 2012 is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest, as it will allow the pilot program to continue unimpeded, thereby avoiding any potential investor confusion that could result from a temporary interruption in the pilot program. Further, the Commission notes that, because the filing was submitted for immediate effectiveness on June 1, the fact that the current rule provision does not expire until June 29th will afford interested parties the opportunity to comment on the proposal before the Exchange requires it to become operative. For this reason, the Commission designates the proposed rule change to be operative on June 29, 2012. At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

• Use the Commission’s Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
• Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File No. SR–CBOE–2012–053 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

• Send paper comments in triplicate to Elizabeth M. Murphy, Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549–1090.

All submissions should refer to File No. SR–CBOE–2012–053. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for Web site viewing and


17 For purposes only of waiving the operative delay, the Commission has considered the proposed rule’s impact on efficiency, competition, and capital formation. See 15 U.S.C. 78c(f).
II. Description of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to list and trade the Shares of the Funds pursuant to NYSE Arca Equities Rule 8.600, which governs the listing and trading of Managed Fund Shares on the Exchange. The Funds will be actively managed exchange-traded funds. The Shares of each Fund will be offered by Huntington Strategy Shares (“Trust”), a Delaware statutory trust registered with the Commission as an open-end management investment company. Huntington Asset Advisors, Inc. (“Adviser”) is the investment adviser of each Fund and will manage the investment portfolios of the Funds. SEI Investments Distribution Co. (“Distributor”) is the principal underwriter and distributor of the Funds’ Shares. Citibank, N.A. is the custodian for the Funds. The Exchange represents that the Adviser is affiliated with two broker-dealers and has implemented a firewall with respect to each affiliated broker-dealer regarding access to information concerning the composition and/or changes to a Fund portfolio.

Huntington US Equity Rotation Strategy ETF

The Fund’s investment objective is to seek capital appreciation. Under normal conditions, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets in the exchange-listed common stocks of select companies organized in the U.S. and included in the S&P Composite 1500® (“Companies”). The S&P Composite 1500 is a combination of the following indices: the S&P 500®; the S&P MidCap 400®; and the S&P SmallCap 600®. The Fund will invest in Companies within each of the large-cap, mid-cap, and small-cap U.S. equity market segments (each a “Market Segment”). The large-cap segment is represented by companies comprising the S&P 500, the mid-cap segment is represented by companies comprising the S&P MidCap 400, and the small-cap segment is represented by the companies comprising the S&P SmallCap 600.

The Fund will also invest in Companies operating in each of the ten sectors represented in the S&P Composite 1500. A sector is a large grouping of companies operating within the market that share similar characteristics. The ten sectors comprising the S&P Composite 1500 are: utilities, consumer staples, information technology, healthcare, financials, energy, consumer discretionary, materials, industrials, and telecommunication services (“Sectors”).

As market conditions change, the Fund intends to rotate the investment focus of the Fund so as to overweight its portfolio in Companies comprising those Market Segments and Sectors that the Adviser believes offer the greatest potential for capital appreciation in the given market environment and underweight its portfolio in those Market Segments and Sectors that the Adviser believes offer the least potential for capital appreciation in that same market environment (as described in more detail below). If the Fund’s portfolio allocation to a particular Market Segment or Sector exceeds that Market Segment’s or Sector’s current weighting in the S&P Composite 1500, the Fund will be “overweighting” that Market Segment or Sector. Similarly, if the Fund’s portfolio allocation to a specific Market Segment or Sector is less than that Market Segment’s or Sector’s current weighting in the S&P Composite 1500, then the Fund will be “underweighting” that Market Segment or Sector. The Adviser believes that

1. The Adviser is required to be affiliated with two or more broker-dealers, each of which has a compliance officer designated to ensure that the Fund maintains the required compliance program. The Adviser’s compliance program includes policies and procedures to prevent the dissemination of material non-public information regarding such portfolio.

2. The Adviser is required to maintain a firewall with respect to each affiliated broker-dealer regarding access to information concerning the composition and/or changes to a Fund portfolio.

3. The Commission has made the determination that the Adviser is affiliated with two broker-dealers, each of which has a compliance officer designated to ensure that the Fund maintains the required compliance program. The Adviser’s compliance program includes policies and procedures to prevent the dissemination of material non-public information regarding such portfolio.

4. The Adviser is required to maintain a firewall with respect to each affiliated broker-dealer regarding access to information concerning the composition and/or changes to a Fund portfolio.

5. The Adviser is required to maintain a firewall with respect to each affiliated broker-dealer regarding access to information concerning the composition and/or changes to a Fund portfolio.

6. The Adviser is required to maintain a firewall with respect to each affiliated broker-dealer regarding access to information concerning the composition and/or changes to a Fund portfolio.