

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 500-1]

Order of Suspension of Trading; in the Matter of Anthracite Capital, Inc., Auto Data Network Inc., Avenue Group, Inc., Ckrush, Inc., Clickable Enterprises, Inc., and DCI USA, Inc.

May 4, 2012

It appears to the Securities and Exchange Commission that there is a lack of current and accurate information concerning the securities of Anthracite Capital, Inc. because it has not filed any periodic reports since the period ended September 30, 2009.

It appears to the Securities and Exchange Commission that there is a lack of current and accurate information concerning the securities of Auto Data Network Inc. because it has not filed any periodic reports since the period ended November 30, 2004.

It appears to the Securities and Exchange Commission that there is a lack of current and accurate information concerning the securities of Avenue Group, Inc. because it has not filed any periodic reports since the period ended March 31, 2009.

It appears to the Securities and Exchange Commission that there is a lack of current and accurate information concerning the securities of Ckrush, Inc. because it has not filed any periodic reports since the period ended March 31, 2008.

It appears to the Securities and Exchange Commission that there is a lack of current and accurate information concerning the securities of Clickable Enterprises, Inc. because it has not filed any periodic reports since the period ended March 31, 2008.

It appears to the Securities and Exchange Commission that there is a lack of current and accurate information concerning the securities of DCI USA, Inc. because it has not filed any periodic reports since the period ended June 30, 2008.

The Commission is of the opinion that the public interest and the protection of investors require a suspension of trading in the securities of the above-listed companies. Therefore, it is ordered, pursuant to Section 12(k) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, that trading in the securities of the above-listed companies is suspended for the period from 9:30 a.m. EDT on May 4, 2012, through 11:59 p.m. EDT on May 17, 2012.

By the Commission.
Elizabeth M. Murphy,
Secretary.
 [FR Doc. 2012-11153 Filed 5-4-12; 4:15 pm]
BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

[Docket No. SSA 2012-0010]

Privacy Act of 1974, as Amended; Computer Matching Program (SSA/ Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE))—Match Number 1074

AGENCY: Social Security Administration (SSA).

ACTION: Notice of a renewal of an existing computer matching program.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the provisions of the Privacy Act, as amended, this notice announces a renewal of an existing computer matching program that we are currently conducting with OCSE.

DATES: We will file a report of the subject matching program with the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives; and the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget (OMB). The matching program will be effective as indicated below.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties may comment on this notice by either telefaxing to (410) 966-0869, or writing to the Executive Director, Office of Privacy and Disclosure, Office of the General Counsel, 617 Altmeyer Building, 6401 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21235-6401. All comments received will be available for public inspection at this address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The Executive Director, Office of Privacy and Disclosure, Office of the General Counsel, as shown above.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. General

The Computer Matching and Privacy Protection Act of 1988 (Public Law (Pub.L.) 100-503), amended the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a) by describing the conditions under which computer matching involving the Federal government could be performed, and adding certain protections for persons applying for, and receiving, Federal benefits. Section 7201 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 (Pub. L. 101-508) further amended the Privacy Act regarding protections for such persons.

The Privacy Act, as amended, regulates the use of computer matching by Federal agencies when records in a system of records are matched with other Federal, State, or local government records. It requires Federal agencies involved in computer matching programs to:

(1) Negotiate written agreements with the other agency or agencies participating in the matching programs;

(2) Obtain the approval of the matching agreement by the Data Integrity Boards (DIB) of the participating Federal agencies;

(3) Publish notice of the computer matching program in the **Federal Register**;

(4) Furnish detailed reports about matching programs to Congress and OMB;

(5) Notify applicants and beneficiaries that their records are subject to matching; and

(6) Verify match findings before reducing, suspending, terminating, or denying a person's benefits or payments.

B. SSA Computer Matches Subject to the Privacy Act

We have taken action to ensure that all of our computer matching programs comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act, as amended.

Daniel F. Callahan,
Acting Executive Director, Office of Privacy and Disclosure, Office of the General Counsel.

Notice of Computer Matching Program, SSA With the Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE)

A. Participating Agencies

SSA and OCSE

B. Purpose of the Matching Program

The purpose of this matching program is to assist us in (1) establishing or verifying eligibility and payment amounts under the Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program; (2) establishing and verifying eligibility or continuing entitlement under the Disability Insurance (DI) program; and (3) administering the Ticket to Work and Self Sufficiency (Ticket) Programs.

On a quarterly basis, we will match records maintained in our DI, Special Veterans Benefits and SSI Record against the quarterly wage (QW) and unemployment insurance (UI) records contained in OCSE's National Directory of New Hires (NDNH). We will also use an online query to read QW, UI, and new hire data contained in OCSE's NDNH.

C. Authority for Conducting the Matching Program

The legal authority for disclosures under this Agreement are the Social Security Act (Act) and the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended. Section 453(j)(4) of the Act provides that OCSE shall provide the Commissioner of Social Security with all information in the NDNH. 42 U.S.C. 653(j)(4). We have the authority to use this data to determine entitlement and eligibility for the programs we administer pursuant to sections 453(j)(4), 1631(e)(1)(B) and (f), and 1148 of the Act. 42 U.S.C. 653(j)(4), 1320b–19(d)(1), and 1383(e)(1)(B) and (f). Disclosures under this Agreement are made in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3), and in compliance with the matching procedures in 5 U.S.C. 552a(o), (p), and (r).

The Commissioner of Social Security is required to verify a recipient's or applicant's eligibility for SSI using independent or collateral sources. We cannot determine an applicant's eligibility for SSI benefits solely on the applicant's declaration concerning eligibility factors or other relevant facts. We also obtain information to ensure that we provide SSI benefits only to eligible individuals (or eligible spouses) and that we are paying the correct amounts of such benefits. Section 1631(e)(1)(B) of the Act.

Subsection 1631(f) of the Act provides that "The head of any federal agency shall provide such information as the Commissioner of Social Security needs for purposes of determining eligibility for or amount of benefits, or verifying information with respect thereto."

To comply with section 1148 of the Act, we must verify earnings of beneficiaries/recipients to ensure accurate payments to employer network providers under the Ticket-to-Work program.

D. Categories of Records and Persons Covered by the Matching Program

Our Systems of Records (SOR) covered by this program are the SSI Record and Special Veterans Benefits (SSR), SSA/OEEAS, 60–0103 notice last published on January 11, 2006 (71 **Federal Register** (FR) 1830); and the Completed Determination Record-Continuing Disability Determination file (CDR–CDD), SSA/OD 60–0050 notice last published January 11, 2006 (72 FR 1813).

OCSE will match our information in the SSR and CDR–CDD against the NDNH. The NDNH contains new hire, QW, and UI information furnished by state and federal agencies and is maintained by OCSE in its SOR "OCSE

National Directory of New Hires" (NDNH), No. 09–80–0381, published in the FR on January 5, 2011, at 76 FR 560. Routine use (9) of the system of records authorizes disclosure of NDNH information to us, 76 FR 560, 562 (January 5, 2011).

Until January 31, 2013, through the Master File Query Menu (MFQM), we will use online queries to read records in the NDNH database. To limit disclosure and to prohibit browsing, our access is restricted by anti-browsing technology to only those Social Security numbers (SSN) that have a direct business relationship with SSI, DI, or Ticket programs (i.e., the record must have a valid SSI, DI, or Ticket payment or application issue). If no business relationship exists with us, OCSE denies access to NDNH and the user is unable to proceed. If a business relationship exists with us, we can access the NDNH to display an SSN-specific new hire, QW, or UI report in the NDNH. The MFQM extracts information from our SSR (for SSI recipients) or CDR–CDD (for ticket holders and disability beneficiaries) to facilitate query access. After January 31, 2013, we will invoke the OCSE web service to perform online lookups.

E. Inclusive Dates of the Matching Program

The effective date of this matching program is no sooner than April 20, 2012, provided that the following notice periods have lapsed: 30 days after publication of this notice in the FR and 40 days after notice of the matching program is sent to Congress and OMB. The matching program will continue for 18 months from the effective date and, if both agencies meet certain conditions, it may extend for an additional 12 months thereafter.

[FR Doc. 2012–11047 Filed 5–7–12; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4191–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 7871]

Certification Related to the Khmer Rouge Tribunal; Correction

AGENCY: Department of State.

ACTION: Notice; correction.

SUMMARY: The Department of State published a document in the **Federal Register** of on August 16, 2011 concerning a Certification Related to the Khmer Rouge Tribunal. Inadvertently, the Memorandum of Justification was not included in the document for publication in the **Federal Register** and this notice corrects this error.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Ariel Wyckoff, (202) 647 9446.

Correction

In the **Federal Register** of August 16, 2011, in FR Volume 76, page 50808, the following Memorandum of Justification should have been printed as an attachment to the original notice, PN 7556:

MEMORANDUM OF JUSTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 7071 (c) OF THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS AND RELATED PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2010, AS CARRIED FORWARD BY THE FULL-YEAR CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2011

Section 7071 (c) of the Department of State, Foreign Operations and Related Program Appropriations Act, 2010 (Div. F P.L. 111–117), as carried forward by Full-Year Continuing Appropriations Act, 2011 (Div. B, P.L. 112–10), provides that funds appropriated in the act for a United States contribution to a Khmer Rouge tribunal may only be made available if the Secretary of State certifies to the Committees on Appropriations that the United Nations and Government of Cambodia are taking credible steps to address allegations of corruption and mismanagement within the Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia (ECCC), also commonly known as the "Khmer Rouge Tribunal" (KRT). Deputy Secretary Nides has signed the certification pursuant to State Department Delegation of Authority 245–1.

Factors Justifying Determination and Certification

Allegations of corruption were abundant in the ECCC's early years until the Director of Administration was replaced in late 2008. His replacement, who remains the Director today has been extraordinarily competent and has cooperated well with the donor community, other court officials, and the United Nations Office of Legal Affairs.

The allegations and change in administration did not compromise the fundamental integrity of the ECCC. In July 2010 the ECCC successfully concluded Case 001—the trial against the former chief of the Tuol Sleng torture center, Kaing Guek Eav ("Duch"). His trial and conviction were the first meaningful attempt to hold a Khmer Rouge official accountable for war crimes committed under the Khmer Rouge regime. The United States, foreign governments, and NGOs monitoring the ECCC agree that the