CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

See “Notification procedures” and “Record access procedures” stated above.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

The information in this system of records is obtained from sources including, but not limited to, the individual record subjects; Ex-Im Bank officials and employees; employees of Federal, State, local, and foreign agencies; and other persons and entities; and public source materials.

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

In general, the exemptions claimed are necessary in order to accomplish the law enforcement function of the OIG, to prevent subjects of investigations from frustrating the investigatory process, to prevent the disclosure of investigative techniques, to fulfill commitments made to protect the confidentiality of sources, to maintain access to sources of information, and to avoid endangering these sources and law enforcement personnel.

A. Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(j)(2) and a proposed rulemaking by Ex-Im Bank, this system is proposed to be exempt from the following provisions of the Privacy Act: 5 U.S.C. 552a (c)(3) and (4); (d)(1) through (4); (e)(1), (e)(2), (e)(3), (e)(4)(G), (e)(4)(H), (e)(5) and (e)(8); (f); and (g). The reasons for asserting such exemptions are the following:

(i) Disclosure to the individual named in the record pursuant to subsections (c)(3), (c)(4), or (d)(1) through (4) could seriously impede or compromise the investigation by alerting the target(s), subjecting a potential witness or witnesses to intimidation or improper influence, and leading to destruction of evidence. Disclosure could enable suspects to take action to prevent detection of criminal activities, conceal evidence, or escape prosecution.

(ii) Application of subsection (e)(1) is impractical because the relevance of specific information might be established only after considerable analysis and as the investigation progresses. Effective law enforcement requires the OIG to keep information that may not be relevant to a specific OIG investigation, but which may provide leads for appropriate law enforcement and to establish patterns of activity that might relate to the jurisdiction of the OIG and/or other agencies.

(iii) Application of subsection (e)(2) would be counterproductive to the performance of a criminal investigation because it would allow the individual to the existence of an investigation. In any investigation, it is necessary to obtain evidence from a variety of sources other than the subject of the investigation in order to verify the evidence necessary for successful litigation.

(iv) Application of subsection (e)(3) could discourage the free flow of information in a criminal law enforcement inquiry.

(v) Applications of subsections (e)(4)(G) and (H), and (f) would be counterproductive to the performance of a criminal investigation. To notify an individual at the individual’s request of the existence of records in an investigative file pertaining to such individual, or to grant access to an investigative file could interfere with investigative and enforcement proceedings, deprive co-defendants of a right to a fair trial or other impartial adjudication, constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy of others, disclose the identity or confidential sources, reveal confidential information supplied by these sources and disclose investigative techniques and procedures. Nevertheless, Ex-Im Bank OIG has published notice of its notification, access, and contest procedures because access may be appropriate in some cases.

(vi) Although the Office of Inspector General endeavors to maintain accurate records, application of subsection (e)(5) is impractical because maintaining only those records that are accurate, relevant, timely, and complete and that assure fairness in determination is contrary to established investigatory techniques. Information that may initially appear inaccurate, irrelevant, untimely, or incomplete may, when collated and analyzed with other available information, become more pertinent as an investigation progresses.

(vii) Application of subsection (e)(8) could prematurely reveal an ongoing criminal investigation to the subject of the investigation.

(viii) The provisions of subsection (g) do not apply to this system if an exemption otherwise applies.

B. Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a (k)(2) and a proposed rulemaking by Ex-Im Bank, this system is proposed to be exempt from the following provisions of the Privacy Act, subject to the limitations set forth in those subsections: 5 U.S.C. 552a (c)(3), (d)(1) through (4), (e)(1), (e)(4)(G), (e)(4)(H), and (f). These exemptions are claimed for the same reasons as stated in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, that is, because the system contains investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes other than material within the scope of subsections (c)(3), (d)(1) through (4), (e)(1), (e)(4)(G), (e)(4)(H), and (f). These exemptions are claimed for the same reasons as stated in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, that is, because the system contains investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes other than material within the scope of subsections (c)(3), (d)(1) through (4), (e)(1), (e)(4)(G), (e)(4)(H), and (f).

C. Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(k)(5) and a proposed rulemaking by Ex-Im Bank, this system is proposed to be exempt from the following provisions of the Privacy Act: 5 U.S.C. 552a(c)(3), (d)(1) through (4), (e)(1), (e)(4)(G) and (H), and (f). The reason for asserting this exemption is because the system contains investigatory material compiled for the purpose of determining eligibility or qualifications for federal civilian or contract employment.

Dated: May 1, 2012.

Oswaldo L. Gratacos,
Inspector General.

Sharon A. Whitt,
Agency Clearance Officer.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dale L. Aultman, Secretary to the Farm Credit Administration Board, (703) 883–4009, TTY (703) 883–4056.

FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

Sunshine Act Meeting; Farm Credit Administration Board

AGENCY: Farm Credit Administration.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Government in the Sunshine Act (5 U.S.C. 552b(e)(3)), of the regular meeting of the Farm Credit Administration Board (Board).

DATES: Date and Time: The regular meeting of the Board will be held at the offices of the Farm Credit Administration in McLean, Virginia, on May 10, 2012, from 9:00 a.m. until such time as the Board concludes its business.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dale L. Aultman, Secretary to the Farm Credit Administration Board, (703) 883–4009, TTY (703) 883–4056.

ADDRESS: Farm Credit Administration, 1501 Farm Credit Drive, McLean, Virginia 22102–5090.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Parts of this meeting of the Board will be open to the public (limited space available) and parts will be closed to the public. In order to increase the accessibility to Board meetings, persons requiring assistance should make arrangements in
advance. The matters to be considered at the meeting are:

Open Session

A. Approval of Minutes

April 12, 2012.

B. Reports

Dodd-Frank Implementation, Update.

Closed Session*


*Session Closed—Exempt pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552b(c)(8) and (9).


Dale L. Aultman,
Secretary, Farm Credit Administration Board.

Shawn Woodhead Werth,
Secretary and Clerk of the Commission.

BILLING CODE 6715–01–P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Change in Bank Control Notices: Acquisitions of Shares of a Bank or Bank Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and §225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire shares of a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The notices also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than May 29, 2012.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond (Adam M. Drimer, Assistant Vice President) 701 East Byrd Street, Richmond, Virginia 23261–4528:

1. Gerald F. Smith, Jr. Revocable Trust, (trustee, Gerald F. Smith, Jr.) Winchester, Virginia, to individually acquire voting shares of First National Corporation, Strasburg, Virginia. Additionally, Gerald F. Smith, Jr. Revocable Trust, (trustee, Gerald F. Smith, Jr.) Gerald F. Smith, Jr., Evan A. Smith, Kaye DeHaven Smith Irrevocable Trust FBO Evan A. Smith (trustee, Gerald F. Smith, Jr.), Kaye DeHaven Smith Irrevocable Trust FBO Elise D. Smith (trustee, Gerald F. Smith, Jr.), Kaye DeHaven Smith Irrevocable Trust FBO Emily N. Smith (trustee, Gerald F. Smith, Jr.), and other family members all of Winchester, Virginia, as a group acting in concert to collectively acquire voting shares of First National Corporation and thereby acquire voting shares of First Bank, Strasburg, Virginia.

2. James R. Wilkins, III, Wilkins Investments, L.P., James R. Wilkins, Jr., Elizabeth Wilkins Talley, Wilkins Shoe Center, Inc. Profit Sharing Trust FBO Wilkins Shoe Center, Inc. and other family members, all of Winchester, Virginia, as a group acting in concert to acquire voting shares of First National Corporation, Strasburg, Virginia and thereby acquire voting shares of First Bank, Strasburg, Virginia.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Dated: May 2, 2012.

Robert deV. Frierson,
Deputy Secretary of the Board.

BILLING CODE 6210–01–P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 et seq.) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The applications will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1843). Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than May 31, 2012.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City (Dennis Denney, Assistant Vice President) 1 Memorial Drive, Kansas City, Missouri 64198–0001:

1. Vintage Bancorp, Inc., Wichita, Kansas, to become a bank holding company by acquiring 100 percent of the voting shares of Vintage Bank Kansas, Leon, Kansas and CornerBank, N.A., Winfield, Kansas