The proposed Consent Decree requires the Settling Defendants and the Other Settling Party to pay a total of $21 million, plus interest, to the United States, in reimbursement of response costs incurred by the United States relating to the pipeline leakage. Of this total, NuStar Terminals Services, Inc. is to pay $11.7 million, plus interest; SGH Enterprises, Inc. is to pay $1.86 million, plus interest; and W.R. Grace & Co. is to pay $7.44 million, plus interest. As part of the settlement, the proposed Consent Decree includes a covenant by the United States not to sue under Mass. Gen. L. ch. 21E, under sections 106 and 107 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. 9606, 9607, and under section 7003 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (“RCRA”), 42 U.S.C. 6973. The Department of Justice will receive for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication comments relating to the proposed Consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, and either emailed to pubcomment-ees.enrd@usdoj.gov or mailed to P.O. Box 7611, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20044–7611, or should refer to this case: United States v. NuStar Terminals Services, Inc., et al., Civil Action No. 2:12-cv-11544–DML-MJH, was lodged with the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan. In this action, the United States sought injunctive relief and civil penalties from Marathon Petroleum Company LP and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Catlettsburg Refining, LLC (collectively “MPC”), pursuant to Sections 113(b) and 167 of the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7413(b) and 7477; Sections 109 and 113(b) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. 9099(c) and 9613(b); and Section 325(b)(3) of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act, 42 U.S.C. 11045(b)(3). The alleged violations occurred at six petroleum refineries that MPC owns and operates in the following locations: Robinson, Illinois; Catlettsburg, Kentucky; Garyville, Louisiana; Detroit, Michigan; Canton, Ohio; and Texas City, Texas. The alleged violations involve all twenty-two steam-assisted flares at these refineries. Under the Consent Decree, MPC is required to minimize flaring and to efficiently combust any gases that are flared. Under the flare minimization terms of the settlement, MPC will implement waste gas minimization plans at each refinery; analyze the root causes of flaring events in order to prevent them in the future; and, after several years of these efforts, comply with “flaring caps,” which limit the volume of gas that MPC can flare. Under the flare efficiency terms of the settlement, MPC will install numerous monitoring systems on the flares; integrate the data from the monitoring systems into automatic control logic for operation of the flares; comply with several operating limits that are designed to ensure 98% combustion efficiency; and agree to comply with 98% combustion efficiency at each flare. As a mitigation project, MPC will install controls on the sludge-handling facilities at its Detroit Refinery at an estimated cost of $2.2 million. MPC also will pay a civil penalty of $460,000.

The Department of Justice will receive for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication comments relating to the Consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, and either emailed to pubcomment-ees.enrd@usdoj.gov or mailed to P.O. Box 7611, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20044–7611, and should refer to United States v. Marathon Petroleum Company LP, et al., D. J. Ref. No. 90–5–2–1–09915. During the public comment period, the Consent Decree may be examined on the following Department of Justice Web site: http://www.usdoj.gov/enrd/Consent_Decrees.html. A copy of the Consent Decree may also be obtained by mail from the Consent Decree Library, P.O. Box 7611, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20044–7611, or by faxing or emailing a request to “Consent Decree Copy” (EESCDCopy.ENRD@usdoj.gov), fax number (202) 514–0097; phone confirmation number (202) 514–5271. If requesting a copy from the Consent Decree Library by mail, please enclose a check in the amount of $ 49.00 (25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the U.S. Treasury or, if requesting by email or fax, forward a check in that amount to the Consent Decree Library at the address given above. Maureen M. Katz, Assistant Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division. [FR Doc. 2012–8607 Filed 4–10–12; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–15–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

AGENCY: Drug Enforcement Administration, United States Department of Justice.

ACTION: Modified System of Records.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the provisions of the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), the United States Department of Justice ("DOJ" or "Department") Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) proposes to modify JUSTICE/DEA–008, "Investigative Reporting and Filing System" ("IRFS"). IRFS was last published in its entirety in the Federal Register at 61 FR 54219, Oct. 17, 1996. The Department proposes to modify...
The purpose of this system is to enforce the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended, its implementing regulations, and related statutes.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES

(a) To any criminal, civil, or regulatory law enforcement authority (whether federal, state, local, territorial, tribal, or foreign) where the information is relevant to the recipient authority’s law enforcement responsibilities.

(b) To any person or entity if deemed by the DEA to be necessary in order to elicit information or cooperation from the recipient for use by the DEA in the performance of an authorized law enforcement activity.

(c) To a domestic or foreign governmental entity lawfully engaged in national security or homeland defense for the entity’s official responsibilities.

(d) To a governmental regulatory authority where the information is relevant to the recipient authority’s official enforcement responsibilities.

(e) To any person or entity to the extent necessary to prevent an imminent or potential crime which directly threatens loss of life or serious bodily injury.

(f) To the news media and the public, including disclosures pursuant to 28 CFR 50.2, unless it is determined that release of the specific information in the context of a particular case would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

(g) To a Member of Congress or staff acting upon the Member’s behalf when the Member or staff requests the information on behalf of, and at the request of, the individual who is the subject of the record.

(h) To the National Archives and Records Administration for purposes of records management inspections conducted under the authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906.

(i) In an appropriate proceeding before a court, grand jury, or administrative or adjudicative body, when the Department of Justice or the DEA determines that the records are arguably relevant to the proceeding; or in an appropriate proceeding before an administrative or adjudicative body when the adjudicator determines the records to be relevant to the proceeding.

(j) To appropriate agencies, entities, and persons when (1) the Department or the DEA suspects or has confirmed that the security or confidentiality of information in the system of records has been compromised; (2) the Department or the DEA has determined that as a result of the suspected or confirmed compromise there is a risk of harm to economic or property interests, identity theft or fraud, or harm to the security or integrity of this system or other systems.
or programs (whether maintained by the Department, the DEA, or another agency or entity) that rely upon the compromised information; and (3) the disclosure made to such agencies, entities, and persons is reasonably necessary to assist in connection with the Department’s or the DEA’s efforts to respond to the suspected or confirmed compromise and prevent, minimize, or remedy such harm.

(k) To any person, organization, or governmental entity in order to notify them of a serious terrorist threat for the purpose of guarding against or responding to such a threat.

(l) To contractors, grantees, experts, consultants, students, and others performing or working on a contract, service, grant, cooperative agreement, or other assignment for the federal government, when necessary to accomplish an agency function related to this system of records.

(m) To an actual or potential party to litigation or the party’s authorized representative for the purpose of negotiation or discussion of such matters as settlement, plea bargaining, or in informal discovery proceedings.

(n) To a former employee of the Department for purposes of: Responding to an official inquiry by a federal, state, or local government entity or professional licensing authority, in accordance with applicable Departmental regulations; or facilitating communications with a former employee that may be necessary for personnel-related or other official purposes where the Department requires information and/or consultation assistance from the former employee regarding a matter within that person’s former area of responsibility.

(o) To such recipients and under such circumstances and procedures as are mandated by federal statute or treaty.

(p) To federal, state, local, territorial, tribal, foreign, or international licensing agencies or associations which require information concerning the suitability or eligibility of an individual for a license or permit.

(q) To an appropriate federal agency or entity when the information is relevant to a decision concerning the hiring, appointment, or retention of an employee for a position of public trust, welfare, security, or safety.

(r) To an appropriate federal, state, local, territorial, or tribal agency or entity where the information is relevant to: An application, notice, or filing, to become, be employed by, or be affiliated with a national bank, federal branch or agency of a foreign bank, or insured depository institution; or an administrative proceeding that could lead to an order against a national bank, federal branch or agency of a foreign bank, or insured depository institution or individuals occupying positions as institution-affiliated parties (whether or not such position is held with an insured or non-insured national bank or federal branch or agency or with any other insured depository institution).

(s) To complainants and/or victims (or the immediate family of a deceased victim) to the extent necessary to provide such persons with information and explanations concerning the progress and/or results of the investigation or case arising from the matters of which they complained and/or of which they were a victim.

(t) To any person or entity, where the information is necessary to facilitate the provision of support or assistance to DEA’s law enforcement mission.

(u) To a first responder, health care provider, health department, social services department, and youth and family services department for the entity’s official responsibilities.

(v) To the director of a treatment agency or the director of a facility to which a juvenile has been committed by the court in accordance with 18 U.S.C. 5038(a)(4).

(w) To a federal, state, local, or territorial department of taxation and department of revenue, for the entity’s official responsibilities.

(x) To appropriate persons or entities, including multidisciplinary child abuse teams, in accordance with state or federal child abuse reporting laws.

(y) To a National Guard unit or entity where the information is relevant to its official responsibilities.

(aa) To the United Nations and its employees to the extent that the information is relevant to the recipient’s law enforcement or international security functions.

DISCLOSURE TO CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCIES:

None.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

Records in this system are stored on paper and/or electronic media. Electronic records are maintained within information system resources or removable media such as floppy disks, compact disks, magnetic tapes, and optical disks.

RETRIEVABILITY:

Records are retrieved by identifying particulars assigned to individuals such as name, alias, Social Security Number, DEA registration number, and other DEA-assigned number.

SAFEGUARDS:

Both electronic and paper records are safeguarded in accordance with appropriate laws, rules, and policies, including DOJ and DEA policies. They are protected by physical security methods and dissemination and access controls. Access to all records is controlled and limited to approved personnel with an official need for access to perform their duties. Paper files are stored: (1) In a secure room with controlled access; (2) in locked file cabinets; and/or (3) in other appropriate GSA approved security containers.

Protection of information system resources is provided by management, operational, and technical security controls. Records are located in a building with restricted access and are kept in a locked room with controlled access, or are safeguarded with an approved encryption technology. The use of individual passwords or user identification codes is required to access information system resources.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Records in this system will be retained and disposed of in accordance with record retention schedules approved by the National Archives and Records Administration.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Chief of Operations, Operations Division and Assistant Administrator for Intelligence, Intelligence Division, DEA Headquarters, 8701 Morrissette Drive, Springfield, VA 22152.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Same as Record Access procedures.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

A request for access to a record from this system shall be made in accordance with 28 CFR Part 16 to DEA Headquarters, Attn: Operations Unit (SARF), 8701 Morrissette Drive, Springfield, Virginia 22152. The
envelope and letter should be clearly marked “Privacy Act Request.” The request should include a description of the records sought and must include the requester’s full name, current address, and date and place of birth. The request must be signed, either notarized or submitted under penalty of perjury, and dated. An individual who is the subject of a record in this system may access those records that are not exempt from disclosure. A determination of whether a record may be accessed will be made after a request is received. Although no specific form is required, you may obtain forms for this purpose from the FOIA/PA Mail Referral Unit, Justice Management Division, United States Department of Justice, 950 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20530–0001, or on the Department of Justice Web site at www.usdoj.gov/04foia/att_d.htm.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:
Individuals desiring to contest or amend information maintained in the system should direct their requests according to the Record Access Procedures listed above, stating clearly and concisely what information is being contested, the reasons for contesting it, and the proposed amendment to the information sought. Some information is not subject to amendment. An individual who is the subject of a record in this system may seek amendment of those records that are not exempt. A determination of whether a record may be contested or amended will be made after a request is received.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:
(a) DEA employees, DEA-deputized state and local law enforcement officers, cross-designated federal law enforcement officers, and DEA contractors, (b) Confidential informants, witnesses, and other cooperating individuals and entities, (c) Suspects, defendants, and respondents, (d) federal, state, local, territorial, tribal, and foreign governmental entities, (e) drug and chemical companies, (f) law enforcement databases, (g) public and open source records and commercial database.

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:
The Attorney General has exempted records in this system from subsections (c)(3) and (4); (d)(1), (2), (3), and (4); (e)(1), (2), (3), (4)(G), (H), (I), (5), and (8); (f); (g); and (h) of the Privacy Act pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552(a)(1) and (k). The exemptions will be applied only to the extent that information in a record is subject to exemption pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(j)(2), (k)(1), or (k)(2). Rules have been promulgated in accordance with the requirements of 5 U.S.C. 553(b), (c) and (e) and are published in today’s Federal Register.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
Employment and Training Administration

AGENCY: Employment and Training Administration, Labor.

ACTION: Notice.


The Department of Labor produces trigger notices indicating which states qualify for both EB and EUC08 benefits, and provides the beginning and ending dates of payable periods for each qualifying state. The trigger notices covering state eligibility for these programs can be found at: http://ows.doleta.gov/unemploy/claims_arch.asp.

The following changes have occurred since the publication of the last notice regarding states’ EB and EUC08 trigger status:
• Based on data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics on January 24, 2012 the three month average, seasonally-adjusted total unemployment rate (TUR trigger) for Texas fell below the 8.5% threshold to remain “on” Tier Four of the EUC08 program. The 13-week mandatory “on” period for Texas in Tier Four of the EUC08 program concluded on March 10, 2012. As a result, the week ending March 10, 2012 was the last week in which EUC claimants in Texas could exhaust Tier 3, and establish Tier 4 eligibility. The maximum potential entitlement in Texas for the EUC08 program decreased from 53 weeks to 47 weeks. Under the phase-out provisions, claimants in these states can receive any remaining entitlement they have in Tier 3 after April 7, 2012.
• Based on data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics on March 13, 2012, the TUR trigger for Kansas fell to 6.3%, below the 6.5% threshold to remain “on”, and triggering them “off” of the EB program with the week ending March 17, 2012. The payable period for Kansas in the EB program will conclude with the week ending April 7, 2012.
• Based on data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics on March 13, 2012, the TUR triggers in Colorado, Texas, and West Virginia fell below the 8.0% threshold required to remain “on” in a high unemployment period (HUP) for EB. Claimants in these states will remain eligible for up to 20 weeks of benefits through April 7, 2012, but starting April 8, 2012, the maximum potential entitlement in the EB program for these states will decrease from 20 weeks to 13 weeks.
• Based on data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics on March 13, 2012, as well as revisions to prior year data released on February 29, 2012, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Wisconsin no longer meet one of the criteria to remain “on” in EB, having their current TUR triggers be at least 110% of one of the trigger rates from a comparable prior period in one of the three prior years. This triggers these states “off” of the EB program with the week ending March 17, 2012. The payable period in these states for the EB program will conclude with the week ending April 7, 2012.

maximum potential entitlement in both of these states in the EUC08 program will decrease from 47 weeks to 34 weeks. The week ending April 7, 2012 will be the last week in which EUC08 claimants in these states can exhaust Tier 2, and establish Tier 3 eligibility. Under the phase-out provisions, claimants in these states can receive any remaining entitlement they have in Tier 3 after April 7, 2012.

Based on data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics on March 13, 2012, the TUR triggers for Alabama, Idaho, and Ohio fell below the 8.5% threshold to remain “on” in Tier 4 of the EUC08 program. As a result, the current maximum potential entitlement in these states for the EUC08 program will decrease from 53 weeks to 47 weeks. The week ending April 7, 2012 will be the last week in which EUC claimants in these states can exhaust Tier 3, and establish Tier 4 eligibility. Under the phase-out provisions, claimants in these states can receive any remaining entitlement they have in Tier 4 after April 7, 2012.

Based on data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics on March 13, 2012, the TUR trigger for Kansas fell to 6.3%, below the 6.5% threshold to remain “on”, and triggering them “off” of the EB program with the week ending March 17, 2012. The payable period for Kansas in the EB program will conclude with the week ending April 7, 2012.

Based on data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics on March 13, 2012, the TUR triggers in Colorado, Texas, and West Virginia fell below the 8.0% threshold required to remain “on” in a high unemployment period (HUP) for EB. Claimants in these states will remain eligible for up to 20 weeks of benefits through April 7, 2012, but starting April 8, 2012, the maximum potential entitlement in the EB program for these states will decrease from 20 weeks to 13 weeks.

Based on data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics on March 13, 2012, as well as revisions to prior year data released on February 29, 2012, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Wisconsin no longer meet one of the criteria to remain “on” in EB, having their current TUR triggers be at least 110% of one of the trigger rates from a comparable prior period in one of the three prior years. This triggers these states “off” of the EB program with the week ending March 17, 2012. The payable period in these states for the EB program will conclude with the week ending April 7, 2012.