
Robert deV. Frierson, Deputy Secretary of the Board.  
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FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 et seq.) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The applications will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1843). Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than April 27, 2012.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta (Chapelle Davis, Assistant Vice President) 1000 Peachtree Street NE., Atlanta, Georgia 30309;

1. Platinum Bank Holding Company, Brandon, Florida; to become a bank holding company by acquiring 100 percent of the voting shares of Platinum Bank, both in Ipswich, South Dakota.

2. Ipswich Community Bancshares, Inc., Ipswich, South Dakota; to become a bank holding company by acquiring 100 percent of the voting shares of Yellowstone Trail Bancorporation, and thereby acquire Ipswich State Bank, both in Ipswich, South Dakota.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis (Jacqueline G. King, Community Affairs Officer) 90 Hennepin Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55480–0291;

1. Ipswich Community Bancshares, Inc., Ipswich, South Dakota; to become a bank holding company by acquiring 100 percent of the voting shares of Platinum Bank, Brandon, Florida.

FEDERAL RETIREMENT THRIFT INVESTMENT BOARD

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records; Correction

AGENCY: Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board.

ACTION: Notice of Systems of Records; correction.

SUMMARY: The Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board (Agency) published a document in the April 14, 1987, Federal Register, 52 FR 12065, pursuant to the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. 552a, as amended, in order to describe its new system of records. This system of records included FRTIB–1. On May 7, 1990, the Agency published a notice making the system of records final. 55 FR 18949. The 1990 publication of FRTIB–1 purported to account for each routine use and to provide justification for each deleted routine use. However, subpart “r” was deleted without justification. Internal Agency documents show that routine use “r” was omitted from the 1990 publication as a result of scrivener’s error.

Therefore, since this omission was unintentional, routine use “r” has been in effect since the 1987 publication. In order to reform the system of records to the Agency’s intent, this notice restores routine use “r” to the 1990 notice and to each subsequent version (FR Doc. 90–10373, FR Doc. 94–12321, FR Doc. 99–23830, FR Doc. E9–887) of FRTIB–1. This deletion was a technical error, and is hereby corrected.


Correction

In the Federal Register of January 16, 2009, in FR Doc. E9–887, on page 3043, restore routine use “r” and redesignate it as paragraph “v” to read as follows:

v. To disclose to an official of another Federal agency information needed in the performance of official duties related to reconciling or reconstructing data files, compiling descriptive statistics and making analytical studies in support of the function for which the records were collected and maintained.  


Thomas K. Emswiler, General Counsel.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

[ATSDR–275; Regulations.gov Docket: ATSDR–2012–0001]

Substances To Be Evaluated for Set 26 Toxicological Profiles

AGENCY: Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Request for comments on the proposed substances to be evaluated for Set 26 toxicological profiles.

SUMMARY: The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA or Superfund), as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA), requires the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), located within the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), to prepare and to periodically revise toxicological profiles on hazardous substances. ATSDR is initiating the development of its 26th set of toxicological profiles (CERCLA Set 26). This notice announces the list of substances that will be evaluated for CERCLA Set 26 toxicological profile development. ATSDR’s Division of Toxicology and Human Health Sciences (proposed) is soliciting public nominations from the list of substances to be evaluated for toxicological profile development. ATSDR also will consider the nomination of any additional substances that are not included on this list that may have public health implications, on the basis of ATSDR’s authority to prepare toxicological profiles for substances not found at sites on the National Priorities List. The agency will do so in order to “** establish and maintain inventory of literature, research, and studies on the health effects of toxic substances” under CERCLA Section 104((4)(1)[B]), to respond to requests for consultation under section 104((4)(4), and to support the site-specific response actions conducted by ATSDR, as otherwise necessary.

DATES: Nominations from the substance priority list and/or additional
substances must be submitted within 30 days of the publication of this notice.

ADDRESS: You may submit nominations, identified by Docket No. ATSDR–2012–0001, by any of the following methods:

- **Internet:** Access the Federal eRulemaking portal at [http://www.regulations.gov](http://www.regulations.gov). Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
- **Mail:** Division of Toxicology and Human Health Sciences (proposed), 1600 Clifton Rd. NE., MS F–62, Atlanta, Georgia 30333.

Instructions: All submissions must include the agency name and docket number for this notice. All relevant comments will be posted without change. This means that no confidential business information or other confidential information should be submitted in response to this notice. Refer to the section Submission of Nominations (below) for the specific information required.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further information, please contact CDR Jessilyn Taylor, Division of Toxicology and Human Health Sciences (proposed), 1600 Clifton Rd. NE., MS F–62, Atlanta, Georgia 30333, Email: tpcandidatecomments@cdc.gov; phone: 1–800–232–4636.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) [42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.] amended the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) or Superfund [42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.] by establishing certain requirements for ATSDR and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) with regard to hazardous substances most commonly found at facilities on the CERCLA National Priorities List (NPL). Among these statutory requirements is a mandate for the Administrator of ATSDR to prepare toxicological profiles for each substance included on the Priority List of Hazardous Substances (also called the Substance Priority List). This list identifies 275 hazardous substances that ATSDR (in cooperation with EPA) have determined pose the most significant potential threat to human health. The availability of the revised list of the 275 priority substances was announced in the Federal Register on November 3rd, 2011 (76 FR 68193). For prior versions of the list of substances, see Federal Register notices dated December 7, 2005 (70 FR 70284); and March 6, 2008 (73 FR 12178).

Substances To Be Evaluated for Set 26 Toxicological Profiles

Each year, ATSDR develops a list of substances to be considered for toxicological profile development. The Set 26 nomination process includes consideration of all substances on the ATSDR’s Substance Priority List (SPL) as well as other substances nominated by the public. The 275 substances on the list will be considered for Set 26 Toxicological Profile development. This list may be found at the following Web site: www.atsdr.cdc.gov/SPL, and in the docket at www.regulations.gov.

Submission of Nominations for the evaluation of Set 26 Substances:

Today’s notice invites voluntary public nominations for substances included on the SPL and for substances not listed on the SPL. All nominations should include full name of the nominator, affiliation, and email address. When nominating a non-SPL substance, please include the rationale for the nomination. Please note, email addresses will not be posted on regulations.gov.

ATSDR will evaluate all data and information associated with nominated substances and will determine the final list of substances to be chosen for toxicological profile development. Substances will be chosen according to ATSDR’s specific guidelines for selection. These guidelines can be found in the Selection Criteria announced in the Federal Register on May 7, 1993 (58FR27286–27287). A hard copy of the Selection Criteria is available upon request or may be accessed at: http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/toxprofiles/guidance/criteria_for_selecting_tp_support.pdf.

Please ensure that your comments are submitted within the specified nomination period. Nominations received after the closing date will be marked as late and may be considered only if time and resources permit.


Ken Rose,
Director, Office of Policy, Planning and Evaluation, National Center for Environmental Health/Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.
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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

[Document Identifier: CMS–10418]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, HHS.

In compliance with the requirement of section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Health and Human Services, is publishing the following summary of proposed collections for public comment. Interested persons are invited to send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including any of the following subjects: (1) The necessity and utility of the proposed information collection for the proper performance of the Agency’s function; (2) the accuracy of the estimated burden; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology to minimize the information collection burden.

1. Title of Information Collection: Annual MLR and Rebate Calculation Report; Type of Collection: New collection; Use: Under Section 2718 of the Affordable Care Act and implementing regulation at 45 CFR Part 158 (75 FR 74865, December 1, 2010) as modified by technical corrections on December 30, 2010 (75 FR 82277), a health insurance issuer (issuer) offering group or individual health insurance coverage must submit a report to the Secretary concerning the amount the issuer spends each year on claims, quality improvement expenses, non-claims costs, Federal and State taxes and licensing and regulatory fees, and the amount of earned premium. An issuer must provide an annual rebate to enrollees if the amount it spends on certain costs compared to its premium revenue (excluding Federal and State taxes and licensing and regulatory fees) does not meet a certain ratio, referred to as the medical loss ratio (MLR). An interim final rule (IFR) implementing the MLR was published on December 1, 2010 (75 FR 74865) and modified by technical corrections on December 30, 2010 (75 FR 82277), which added Part 158 to Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations. The IFR is effective January