Dated: February 22, 2012.

Sherry Hutt,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program. [FR Doc. 2012–4538 Filed 2–24–12; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312-50-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[2253-665]

Notice of Inventory Completion: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Gila National Forest, Silver City, NM, and Field Museum of Natural History, Chicago, IL

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Gila National Forest and the Field Museum of Natural History have completed an inventory of human remains, in consultation with the appropriate Indian tribes, and have determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and present-day Indian tribes. Representatives of any Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with the human remains may contact the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Gila National Forest. Repatriation of the human remains to the Indian tribes stated below may occur if no additional claimants come forward.

DATES: Representatives of any Indian tribe that believes it has a cultural affiliation with the human remains should contact the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Gila National Forest at the address below by March 28, 2012.

ADDRESSES: Dr. Frank E. Wozniak, NAGPRA Coordinator, Southwestern Region, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, 333 Broadway Blvd. SE., Albuquerque, NM 87102, telephone (505) 842–3238.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is here given in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3003, of the completion of an inventory of human remains in the control of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Gila National Forest, Silver City, NM, and in the possession of the Field Museum of Natural History, Chicago, IL. The human remains were removed from the Gila National Forest, Catron County, NM.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003(d)(3). The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution or Federal agency that has control of the Native American human remains. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Consultation

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by the professional staff at the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Gila National Forest, and the Field Museum of Natural History in consultation with representatives of the Hopi Tribe of Arizona; Pueblo of Acoma, New Mexico; and the Zuni Tribe of the Zuni Reservation, New Mexico (hereinafter referred to as "The Tribes").

History and Description of the Remains

Between 1935 and 1955, human remains and associated funerary objects were recovered from several sites in the Gila National Forest, Catron County, NM, by Dr. Paul Martin of the Field Museum of Natural History, Chicago, IL. There have been several Notices of Inventory Completion (NICs) published in the Federal Register for human remains and associated funerary objects from these sites (63 FR 39293-39294, July 22, 1998; 70 FR 44686-44687, August 3, 2005; 70 FR 56483-56484, September 27, 2005; 71 FR 38413-38415, July 6, 2006; and 76 FR 43718-43719, July 21, 2011). Following these publications, the Gila National Forest and the Field Museum of Natural History staffs identified three additional sites on lands administered by the Gila National Forest. These sites are closely related to all of the other sites published in previous NICs and contain fragmentary human remains identified as Native American.

Between 1935 and 1955, Paul Martin excavated the Cordova Cave site. Human remains representing six individuals were identified from the site. No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

Between 1935 and 1955, Paul Martin excavated the Hinkle Park Cliff Dwellings site. Human remains representing one individual were identified from the site. No known individual was identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

Between 1935 and 1955, Paul Martin excavated the Pine Lawn Valley Pueblo site. Human remains representing one individual were identified from the site. No known individual was identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

Based on material culture, architecture and site organization, the

sites have been identified as Upland Mogollon sites. Continuities of ethnographic materials, technology and architecture indicate affiliation of Upland Mogollon sites with historic and present-day Puebloan cultures. Oral traditions presented by representatives of The Tribes support cultural affiliation with these Upland Mogollon sites in this portion of southwestern New Mexico.

Determinations Made by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Gila National Forest

Officials of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Gila National Forest have determined that:

- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(9), the human remains described above represent the physical remains of eight individuals of Native American ancestry.
- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(2), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the human remains and The Tribes.

Additional Requestors and Disposition

Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with the human remains should contact Dr. Frank E. Wozniak, NAGPRA Coordinator, Southwestern Region, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, 333 Broadway Blvd. SE, Albuquerque, NM 87102, telephone (505) 842–3238, before March 28, 2012. Repatriation of the human remains to The Tribes may proceed after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Gila National Forest is responsible for notifying The Tribes that this notice has been published.

Dated: February 22, 2012.

Sherry Hutt,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program. [FR Doc. 2012–4533 Filed 2–24–12; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4312–50–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS-WASO-NRNHL-0212-9498; 2200-3200-665]

National Register of Historic Places; Notification of Pending Nominations and Related Actions

Nominations for the following properties being considered for listing or related actions in the National Register were received by the National Park Service before February 4, 2012. Pursuant to section 60.13 of 36 CFR part 60, written comments are being accepted concerning the significance of the nominated properties under the National Register criteria for evaluation. Comments may be forwarded by United States Postal Service, to the National Register of Historic Places, National Park Service, 1849 C St. NW., MS 2280, Washington, DC 20240; by all other carriers, National Register of Historic Places, National Park Service, 1201 Eye St. NW., 8th Floor, Washington DC 20005; or by fax, 202-371-6447. Written or faxed comments should be submitted by March 13, 2012. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment-including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

J. Paul Loether,

Chief, National Register of Historic Places/ National Historic Landmarks Program.

ARIZONA

Maricopa County

Sacred Heart Church, 920 S. 17th St., Phoenix, 12000124

CALIFORNIA

Riverside County

Steel Development House Number 2, 3125 N. Sunny View Dr., Riverside, 12000125

San Bernardino County

Ensign, Dr. Orville S., House, 304 S. Laurel Ave., Ontario, 12000126

San Mateo County

Howard—Ralston Eucalyptus Tree Rows, El Camino Real, CA 82, Burlingame, 12000127

Santa Clara County

Rhoades Ranch, 2290 Cochrane Rd., Morgan Hill, 12000128

Shasta County

Lorenz House, 1509 Yuba St., Redding, 12000129

CONNECTICUT

Middlesex County

Marlborough Street Historic District, 58, 64, 69, 70, 78, 88, & 92 Marlborough St., Portland, 12000130

IOWA

Poweshiek County

Montezuma Downtown Historic District, (Iowa's Main Street Commercial Architecture MPS) Roughly along 3rd, 4th, Main & Liberty Sts. around courthouse square, Montezuma, 12000131

MASSACHUSETTS

Barnstable County

Dune Shacks of Peaked Hill Bars Historic District, Inner Dune, Snail, & High Head Rds., Provincetown, 12000132

Essex County

Nahant Life—Saving Station, 96 Nahant Rd., Nahant, 12000133

NEW YORK

Seneca County

Women's Rights National Historic Park, 136 Fall St., Seneca Falls, 12000134

RHODE ISLAND

Providence County

Gately Building, 335 Main St., Pawtucket, 12000135

Providence Jewelry Manufacturing District (Boundary Increase), Bounded by US 195, Point, Parsonage, South, Hospital, Elbow, Ashcroft, Richmond, Eddy, & Ship Sts., Providence, 12000136

TENNESSEE

Knox County

Hopecote, 1820 Melrose Ave., Knoxville, 12000137

Williamson County

Nolensville School, 7248 Nolensville Rd., Nolensville, 12000138

A request for removal has been made for the following resource:

COLORADO

Eagle County

Wolcott Bridge, CO 131 at mi. .07, Wolcott, 12000137

[FR Doc. 2012–4387 Filed 2–24–12; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312-51-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Reclamation

Notice of Availability of the Aspinall Unit Operations Final Environmental Impact Statement, Wayne N. Aspinall Unit, Colorado River Storage Project, Gunnison River, Colorado

AGENCY: Bureau of Reclamation, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

FES 12-01

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the Federal agency responsible for operation of the Aspinall Unit, announces the availability of the final environmental impact statement (FEIS) on proposed Aspinall Unit operations, Gunnison and Montrose Counties, Colorado.

DATES: Reclamation will not make a decision on the proposed action until at least 30 days after release of the FEIS. After the 30-day public review period, Reclamation will complete a Record of Decision (ROD). The ROD will state the action that will be implemented and discuss all factors leading to that decision.

ADDRESSES: The FEIS is available for review at http://www.usbr.gov/uc/ (click on Environmental Documents). Send requests for paper copies or compact discs to Mr. Steve McCall, Bureau of Reclamation, Western Colorado Area Office, 2764 Compass Drive, Suite 106, Grand Junction, Colorado 81506. See the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section for locations where copies are available for public review and inspection.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Steve McCall, telephone (970) 248–0638; facsimile (970) 248–0601; email smccall@usbr.gov. Persons who use a telecommunications device for the deaf may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1–800–877–8339 to contact the above individual during normal business hours. The FIRS is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, to leave a message or question with the above individual. You will receive a reply during normal business hours.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (as amended) and the Colorado River Storage Project Act of 1956, Reclamation, in cooperation with the State of Colorado, Colorado River Water Conservation District, Southwestern Water Conservation District, National Park Service, Platte River Power Authority, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and Western Area Power Administration, has prepared a FEIS on Aspinall Unit operations. The Aspinall Unit consists of Blue Mesa, Morrow Point, and Crystal dams, reservoirs, and powerplants on the Gunnison River in western Colorado. The FEIS describes the potential effects of modifying the operation of the Aspinall Unit to provide sufficient releases of water at times and duration necessary to avoid jeopardy to endangered fish species and adverse modification of their designated critical habitat while maintaining and continuing to meet all authorized purposes of the Aspinall Unit. The intent of the new operations is to also assist in recovery of the species.

The programmatic biological opinion (PBO) prepared by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service in conjunction with the FEIS completes Endangered Species Act (ESA) compliance for the Aspinall Unit and provides ESA coverage for other