I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the period of January 30, 2012 through February 3, 2012. These determinations are available on the Department's Web site tradeact/taa/taa search form.cfm under the searchable listing of determinations or by calling the Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance toll-free at 888–365–6822.

Michael W. Jaffe,
Certifying Officer, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
Employment and Training Administration

Investigations Regarding Certifications of Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Adjustment Assistance

Petitions have been filed with the Secretary of Labor under Section 221 (a) of the Trade Act of 1974 ("the Act") and are identified in the Appendix to this notice. Upon receipt of these petitions, the Director of the Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance, Employment and Training Administration, has instituted investigations pursuant to Section 221 (a) of the Act.

The purpose of each of the investigations is to determine whether the workers are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Title II, Chapter 2, of the Act. The investigations will further relate, as appropriate, to the determination of the date on which total or partial separations began or threatened to begin and the subdivision of the firm involved.

The petitioners or any other persons showing a substantial interest in the subject matter of the investigations may request a public hearing, provided such request is filed in writing with the Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance, at the address shown below, not later than March 2, 2012.

APPENDIX
[35 TAA petitions instituted between 1/23/12 and 2/3/12]
### APPENDIX—Continued

**Determinations On Reconsideration Investigation Revealed After careful review of the additional facts obtained, the following negative determinations on reconsideration regarding eligibility to apply for Trade Adjustment Assistance for workers by case (TA–W–) number regarding negative determinations issued during the period of February 13, 2011 through October 21, 2011. Notices of negative determinations were published in the Federal Register and on the Department’s Web site, as required by Section 221 of the Act (19 U.S.C. 2271). As required by the Trade Adjustment Assistance Extension Act of 2011 (TAAEA), all petitions that were denied during this time period were automatically reopened. The reconsideration investigation revealed that the following workers groups have been issued determinations or by calling the Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance toll-free at 888–365–6822.

**DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

**Employment and Training Administration**

**2002 Reopened—Previously Denied Determinations: Notice of Negative Determinations On Reconsideration under the Trade Adjustment Assistance Extension Act of 2011 Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TA–W–</th>
<th>Subject firm (petitioners)</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Date of institution</th>
<th>Date of petition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>81291</td>
<td>ITT Exelis (Union)</td>
<td>Roanoke, VA</td>
<td>02/03/12</td>
<td>02/01/12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81292</td>
<td>Siemens Medical Solutions, USA, Inc. (Company)</td>
<td>Concord, CA</td>
<td>02/03/12</td>
<td>02/01/12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81293</td>
<td>NCO Financial Systems (Workers)</td>
<td>Canonsburg, PA</td>
<td>02/03/12</td>
<td>02/02/12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The five-year, $66.2 million compact with the Government of Cape Verde (the “GoCV”) is aimed at reducing poverty through economic growth (the “Compact”). To this end, the Compact’s two projects are intended to increase household incomes in project areas by reforming the water and sanitation and land management sectors, both critical constraints to economic growth.**

### MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE CORPORATION

**[MCC FR 12–01]**

**Notice of Entering Into a Compact With the Republic of Cape Verde**

**AGENCY:** Millennium Challenge Corporation.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with Section 601(b)(2) of the Millennium Challenge Act of 2003 (Pub. L. 108–199, Division D), the Millennium Challenge Corporation (MCC) is publishing a summary and the complete text of the Millennium Challenge Compact between the United States of America, acting through the Millennium Challenge Corporation, and the Republic of Cape Verde. Representatives of the United States Government and the Republic of Cape Verde executed the Compact documents on February 10, 2012.


**Melvin F. Williams, Jr., VP/General Counsel and Corporate Secretary, Millennium Challenge Corporation.**

**Summary of Millennium Challenge Compact With the Republic of Cape Verde**

The five-year, $66.2 million compact with the Government of Cape Verde (the “GoCV”) is aimed at reducing poverty through economic growth (the “Compact”). To this end, the Compact’s two projects are intended to increase household incomes in project areas by reforming the water and sanitation and land management sectors, both critical constraints to economic growth.

1. **Project Overview and Activity Descriptions**

To advance the goal of reducing poverty through economic growth, the Compact will fund two projects.

The $41.1 million Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene Project is designed to establish a financially sound, transparent, and accountable institutional basis for the delivery of water and sanitation services to Cape Verdean households and businesses. The $17.3 million Land Management for Investment Project is designed to reduce the time required to establish secure property rights and to provide conclusive land information in areas of near-term high development potential in Cape Verde.

Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Project

Cape Verde is an extremely water-scarce country, and relies heavily on desalinization of water, which is an expensive and energy-intensive process. The WASH sector is characterized by relatively poor levels of service, including intermittent water supply. In addition, domestic water consumption in Cape Verde is, at approximately 35 liters per day, half that of a low-income peer group of countries, and barely above subsistence levels; not surprising given that Cape Verde has the highest water tariff in Africa and among the highest in the world. The poor, and particularly female-headed households, are especially vulnerable as only 9% of poor households have access to the networked public water supply network. Additionally, Cape Verde is not on track to meet its Millennium Development Goal for sanitation. Low levels of water supply, combined with a population in which over 50% is not on track to meet its Millennium Development Goal for sanitation. Low levels of water supply, combined with a population in which over 50% is without any access to improved sanitation services, results in significant public health problems, including diarrhea, malaria and dengue.

The GoCV has worked closely with MCC to develop an ambitious performance-based project. Through extensive consultation with civil society, private sector and government stakeholders, as well as MCC technical assistance, the Cape Verdean team...