applicable specifications, Dicalite will engage in testing on-site at the Dicalite Plant to identify the BSI content of the DE products as they are processed.

(8) Specifications for BSI in the marketable products are measured at the parts per million level. Dicalite warrants maximum BSI content in marketable products sold to the beer industry. To adequately control the production of marketable products and release marketable products within customers’ specifications, it is essential to conduct in-process, finished product, and research testing of the marketable products.

(9) The number of actual BSI tests conducted at the Dicalite Plant can range from 5 to 30 per day. This testing methodology conforms to recommendations of the American Society of Brewing Chemists. The petitioner asserts that the existing standard is to protect miners by ensuring that the miners do not have access to intoxicating beverages and narcotics at mines, and that miners are not under the influence of intoxicating beverages while on the job. The use of intoxicating beverages and narcotics is not tolerated at the Dicalite Plant. However, for commercial purposes, Dicalite requires that containers of beer be stored at the Dicalite Plant so that appropriate quality control and research testing can be conducted. The petitioner proposes to:

(a) Store closed containers of beer at the Dicalite Plant in secure locations with restricted access.

(b) Use beer at the Dicalite Plant only for purposes of quality control testing, statistical method control testing, and research testing.

(c) Store open containers of beer in a manner that ensures that miners do not have access to the beer used for testing purposes.

(10) The purpose of the existing standard is to protect miners by ensuring that the miners do not have access to intoxicating beverages and narcotics at mines, and that miners are not under the influence of intoxicating beverages while on the job. The use of intoxicating beverages and narcotics is not tolerated at the Dicalite Plant. However, for commercial purposes, Dicalite requires that containers of beer must be stored at the Dicalite Plant so that appropriate quality control and research testing can be conducted. The petitioner proposes to:

(a) Store closed containers of beer at the Dicalite Plant in secure locations with restricted access.

(b) Use beer at the Dicalite Plant only for purposes of quality control testing, statistical method control testing, and research testing.

(c) Store open containers of beer in a manner that ensures that miners do not have access to the beer used for testing purposes.

(11) The petitioner believes that the modifications sought through the petition may be accomplished in a manner that ensures that miners do not have access to the beer used for testing purposes. The petitioner proposes the following alternative method of compliance: to easily identify containers purchased for testing purposes.

(d) Beer will be stored in a steel locking cabinet. The key will be kept by the lab technician or other designee(s). A copy of the key to the locking cabinet will be kept by the Quality Manager or other responsible person.

(e) A record of use will be kept on the log or equivalent form that includes the amount, date used, and initials of the person acquiring the beer for testing purposes.

(f) When testing has concluded, the remaining degassed beer will be disposed of by dumping it down the drain or other appropriate disposal means.

(g) Empty containers of beer will be kept in a locking cabinet/or designated receptacle until disposed of properly. The petitioner asserts that the proposed alternative method is consistent with the goals of the Mine Act by providing an equivalent level of protection for the miners as is provided by the existing standard, and will allow the Dicalite Minerals Corporation to maintain the commercial viability of the products that are mined at the Dicalite Plant.

Patricia W. Silvey,
Certifying Officer.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The agenda for the meeting includes the following topics:

—Status of Budget and Programmatic Impacts on the Planetary Science Division.

—Status of the Joint NASA–European Space Agency Mars Program.

It imperative that the meeting be held on this date to accommodate the scheduling priorities of the key participants.

Patricia D. Rausch,
Advisory Committee Management Officer,
National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

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NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Advisory Committee on Reactor Safeguards; Notice of Meeting

In accordance with the purposes of Sections 29 and 182b of the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 2039, 2232b), the Advisory Committee on Reactor Safeguards (ACRS) will hold a meeting on February 9–11, 2012, 11545 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland.

Thursday, February 9, 2012,
Conference Room T2–B1, 11545 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland

8:30 a.m.–8:35 a.m.: Opening Remarks by the ACRS Chairman (Open)—The ACRS Chairman will make opening remarks regarding the conduct of the meeting.

8:35 a.m.–12 p.m.: Status Update on Implementation of the Near-Term Task Force (NTTF) Recommendations (Open)—The Committee will hear presentations by and hold discussions with representatives of the NRC staff and the Nuclear Energy Institute (NEI) regarding the current status on the implementation of the NTTF recommendations in response to the Fukushima event.

1 p.m.–3 p.m.: Draft Final Regulatory Guide 1.93, “Availability of Electric