Terrorism Task Force, Federal Protective Service, and/or other federal, state, or local law enforcement authorities required to investigate and respond to terrorist threats or hazards to homeland security. FEMA is conducting this PIA because this SAR process collects, maintains, and uses PII.


Component: National Protection and Programs Directorate (NPPD) and United States Visitor and Immigrant Status Indicator Technology (US–VISIT).

Date of approval: September 26, 2011.

In 2006, the US–VISIT Program of DHS and the Criminal Justice Information Services Division of the FBI, Department of Justice (DOJ), developed an interoperability project to support the sharing of information among DHS, DOJ, and their respective stakeholders. This PIA update was conducted to reflect the expansion of DHS–DOJ interoperability to include new users and uses not covered. In addition, this PIA allows users to access more data in IDENT.


Component: Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE).

Date of approval: September 26, 2011.

ICE provides medical care to and maintains medical records about aliens that ICE detains for violations of U.S. immigration law. The ICE Health Service Corps, a division of ICE’s Office of Enforcement and Removal Operations, has several information technology systems that are used to track information from medical records for aliens in ICE custody for various monitoring and reporting purposes. These are the Social Services Database, Hospitalization Database, Significant Detainee Illness Spreadsheet, Mental Health Coordination Database, Epidemiology Database, and Performance Improvement Database. This PIA describes the data maintained in these medical tracking systems, the purposes for which this information is collected and used, and the safeguards ICE has implemented to mitigate privacy and security risks to PII stored in these systems.

System: DHS/ICE/PIA–004(a) ICE Pattern Analysis and Information Collection (ICEPIC) Update.

Component: ICE.

Date of approval: October 26, 2011.

ICE has established a system called the ICEPIC system. ICEPIC is a toolset that assists ICE law enforcement agents and analysts in identifying suspect identities and discovering possible non-obvious relationships among individuals and organizations that are indicative of violations of the customs and immigration laws as well as possible terrorist threats and plots. The PIA for ICEPIC was published in January 2008. This PIA Update was completed to provide transparency related to the Law Enforcement Information Sharing Service that enables law enforcement agencies outside DHS to query certain information available through ICEPIC. Additionally, through LEIS DHS law enforcement personnel are able to query external law enforcement agencies’ sensitive but unclassified law enforcement information.

System: DHS/ICE/PIA–015(c) Enforcement Integrated Database Update.

Component: ICE.

Date of approval: November 7, 2011.

The Enforcement Integrated Database (EID) is a DHS shared common database repository for several DHS law enforcement and homeland security applications. EID captures and maintains information related to the investigation, arrest, booking, detention, and removal of persons encountered during immigration and criminal law enforcement investigations and operations conducted by ICE, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, and U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, all components within DHS. The PIA for EID was published in January 2010. In July 2010, a PIA Update for EID was published to address an expansion of the information entered into EID and the scope of external information sharing. This EID PIA Update addresses planned changes to the types of information shared and an added method of sharing.


Component: Science and Technology.

Date of approval: November 8, 2011.

The S&T Directorate’s PREDICT system has undergone a PIA 3-Year Review. The PIA requires no changes and continues to accurately relate to its stated mission. PREDICT is a repository of test datasets of Internet traffic data that is made available to approved researchers and managed by an outside contractor serving as the PREDICT Coordination Center. The goal of PREDICT is to create a national research and development resource to bridge the gap between (a) the producers of security-relevant network operations data and (b) technology developers and evaluators who can use this data to accelerate the design, production, and evaluation of next-generation cyber security solutions, including commercial products.

System: DHS/ALL/PIA–013(a) PRISM System Update.

Component: DHS.

Date of approval: November 10, 2011.

DHS Management Directorate, Office of the Chief Procurement Officer is the owner of the PRISM contract writing management system. PRISM provides comprehensive, Federal Acquisition Regulation-based acquisition support for all DHS headquarters entities. The purpose of this PIA update is to reflect changes to the collection of information, and the addition of a classified PRISM system.

Dated: December 12, 2011.

Mary Ellen Callahan,
Chief Privacy Officer, Department of Homeland Security.

[FR Doc. 2011–32483 Filed 12–19–11; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 9110–9L–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Docket ID: FEMA–2011–0040; OMB No. 1660–0045]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Inspection of Insured Structures by Communities

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Federal Emergency Management Agency, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on a proposed extension, without change, of a currently approved collection. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, this notice seeks comments concerning extension of the Inspection of Insured Structures by Communities. The community inspection report requires that FEMA consult with local officials and others in Monroe County, Village of Islamorada, and the City of Marathon following any hurricane that may hit the Florida Keys, concerning compliance of insured buildings with the community’s floodplain management ordinance.
DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before February 21, 2012.

ADDRESSES: To avoid duplicate submissions to the docket, please use only one of the following means to submit comments:


(2) Mail. Submit written comments to Regulatory Affairs Division, Office of Chief Counsel, DHS/FEMA, 500 C Street, SW., Room 835, Washington, DC 20472–3100.

(3) Facsimile. Submit comments to (703) 483–2999.

(4) Email. Submit comments to FEMA–POLICY@dhs.gov. Include Docket ID FEMA–2011–0040 in the subject line.

All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket ID. Regardless of the method used for submitting comments or materials, all submissions will be posted, without change, to the Federal eRulemaking Portal at http://www.regulations.gov, and will include any personal information you provide. Therefore, all information submitted will be available to the public. You may wish to read the Privacy Act notice that is available via the link in the footer of www.regulations.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Jennifer Tylander, Program Specialist, Mitigation Division, (202) 646–2607 for additional information. You may contact the Records Management Division for copies of the proposed collection of information at facsimile number (202) 646–3347 or email address: FEMA–Information-Collections-Management@dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Title 44 CFR parts 59 and 61, National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP); Inspection of Insured Structures by Communities implements the inspection procedures in Monroe County, the City of Marathon, and the Village of Islamorada, Florida, and any other community that incorporates in Monroe County on or after January 1, 1999. The inspection procedure has two major purposes: (1) To help the communities of Monroe County, the City of Marathon, and the Village of Islamorada, Florida, and any other community in Monroe County that incorporates after January 1, 1999, verify that structures in their communities (those built after the effective date of the Flood Insurance Rate Map [FIRM], referred to as post-FIRM) comply with the community’s floodplain management ordinance; and (2) to ensure that property owners pay flood insurance premiums commensurate with their flood risk. The inspection procedure requires owners of insured buildings (policyholders) to obtain an inspection from community floodplain management officials and submit a community inspection report as a condition of renewing the Standard Flood Insurance Policy (SFIP) on buildings.

Collection of Information
Title: Inspection of Insured Structures by Communities.

Type of Information Collection: Extension, without change, of a currently approved collection.

OMB Number: 1660–0045.

Form Titles and Numbers: No Forms.

Abstract: The community inspection report is used for the implementation of the inspection procedures to help communities in Monroe County, the City of Marathon, and the Village of Islamorada, Florida, verify buildings are compliant with their floodplain management ordinance and to help FEMA ensure that policyholders are paying flood insurance premiums that are commensurate with their flood risk.

Affected Public: State, Local and Tribal governments.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 1,041 hours.

Estimated Cost: The estimated annualized cost burden to respondents or recordkeepers is $168,266.

Comments
Comments may be submitted as indicated in the ADDRESSES caption above. Comments are solicited to (a) evaluate whether the proposed data collection is necessary for the proper performance of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) evaluate the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

John G. Jenkins, Jr.,
Acting Records Management Division,

[FR Doc. 2011–32519 Filed 12–19–11; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 9110–11–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA–4049–DR; Docket ID FEMA–2011–0001]

New Hampshire; Major Disaster and Related Determinations

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This is a notice of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for the State of New Hampshire (FEMA–4049–DR), dated December 5, 2011, and related determinations.

DATES: Effective Date: December 5, 2011.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that, in a letter dated December 5, 2011, the President issued a major disaster declaration under the authority of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq. (the “Stafford Act”), as follows:

I have determined that the damage in certain areas of the State of New Hampshire resulting from a severe storm and snowstorm during the period of October 29–30, 2011, is of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant a major disaster declaration under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq. (the “Stafford Act”). Therefore, I declare that such a major disaster exists in the State of New Hampshire.

In order to provide Federal assistance, you are hereby authorized to allocate funds available for these purposes such amounts as you find necessary for Federal disaster assistance and administrative expenses.

You are authorized to provide Public Assistance, including direct Federal assistance, in the designated areas and Hazard Mitigation throughout the State. You are further authorized to provide emergency protective measures, including snow assistance, under the Public Assistance program in the designated area for any continuous 48-hour period during or proximate to the incident period. You may extend the period of assistance, as warranted. This assistance excludes regular time costs for the sub-grantees’ regular employees.

Consistent with the requirement that Federal assistance is supplemental, any Federal funds provided under the Stafford Act for Public Assistance and Hazard Mitigation will be limited to 75 percent of the total eligible costs.

Further, you are authorized to make changes to this declaration for the approved assistance to the extent allowable under the Stafford Act.