comply with this requirement could result in the Department’s presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of doubled antidumping duties.

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the destruction of proprietary information disclosed under an APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

This notice is published in accordance with section 777(i)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, and 19 CFR 351.305. APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to APO of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely notification of the return of destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

**International Trade Administration**

[A–570–835]

**Furfuryl Alcohol From the People’s Republic of China: Final Results of Expedited Third Sunset Review of the Antidumping Duty Order**

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** On September 1, 2011, the Department of Commerce (“Department”) initiated the third five-year (“sunset”) review of the antidumping duty order on furfuryl alcohol from the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”) pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.216(c)(2). The Department received a notice of intent to participate from Penn A Kem LLC (“the domestic interested party”) within the deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(i). We received a complete substantive response from the domestic interested party within the 30-day deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3)(i). We received no responses from respondent interested parties. As a result, the Department conducted an expedited sunset review of the Order, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1).

**Scope of the Order**

The merchandise covered by the order is furfuryl alcohol (C₅H₄OCH₂OH). Furfuryl alcohol is a primary alcohol, and is colorless or pale yellow in appearance. It is used in the manufacture of resins and as a wetting agent and solvent for coating resins, nitrocellulose, cellulose acetate, and other soluble dyes.

The product subject to the order is classifiable under subheading 2932.13.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (“HTSUS”). Although the HTSUS subheading is provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this proceeding is dispositive.

**Analysis of Comments Received**

All issues raised in this review are addressed in the “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the Expedited Third Sunset Review of the Antidumping Duty Order on Furfuryl Alcohol from the People’s Republic of China” (“Decision Memorandum”) from Christian Marsh, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations, to Paul Piquado, Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, dated concurrently with and hereby adopted by this notice. The issues discussed in the Decision Memorandum include the likelihood of continuation or recurrence of dumping and the magnitude of the margins likely to prevail if the order was to be revoked. Parties may find a complete discussion of all issues raised in the review and the corresponding recommendations in this public memorandum which is on file electronically via Import Administration’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Services System (“IA ACCESS”). Access to IA ACCESS is available in the Central Records Unit Room 7046 of the main Commerce building. In addition, a complete version of the Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly on the Web at http://ia.ita.doc.gov/frn. The signed Decision Memorandum and the electronic versions of the Decision Memorandum are identical in content.

**Final Results of Review**

We determine that revocation of the Order would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping at the following weighted-average percentage margins:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturers/exporters/produces</th>
<th>Weighted-average margin (percent)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Qingdao Chemicals &amp; Medicines &amp; Health Products Import &amp; Export Company</td>
<td>50.43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sinochem Shandong Import and Export Company</td>
<td>43.54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRC-Wide Entity</td>
<td>45.27</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notice Regarding Administrative Protective Order (“APO”)**

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to APO of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely notification of the return of destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

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1 See Initiation of Five-Year (“Sunset”) Review, 76 FR 54430 (September 1, 2011); see also Notice of Antidumping Duty Order: Furfuryl Alcohol From the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”), 60 FR 32302 (June 21, 1995) (“Order”).
This sunset review and notice are in accordance with sections 751(c), 752, and 771(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: December 12, 2011.

Paul Piquado,
Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Welded ASTM A–312 Stainless Steel Pipe From South Korea and Taiwan: Continuation of Antidumping Duty Orders

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: As a result of the determinations by the Department of Commerce (Department) and the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) that revocation of the antidumping duty orders on welded ASTM A–312 stainless steel pipe from South Korea (Korea) and Taiwan would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to an industry in the United States, the Department is publishing a notice of continuation of these antidumping duty orders.

DATES: Effective Date: December 19, 2011.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jacqueline Arrowmith or Dana Mermelstein, AD/CVD Operations Office 6, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–5255 and (202) 482–1391, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On December 30, 1992, the Department published the antidumping duty orders on welded ASTM A–312 stainless steel pipe from Korea and Taiwan.1 On July 1, 2011, the Department published a notice of initiation of its third five-year (sunset) reviews of the antidumping duty orders on welded ASTM A–312 stainless steel pipe from Korea and Taiwan. See Initiation of Five-Year (“Sunset”) Review, 76 FR 38613 (July 1, 2011).

As a result of these sunset reviews, the Department determined that revocation of the antidumping duty orders on welded ASTM A–312 stainless steel pipe from Korea and Taiwan would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and, therefore, notified the ITC of the magnitude of the margins likely to prevail should these orders be revoked. See Welded ASTM A–312 Stainless Steel Pipe From South Korea and Taiwan: Final Results of Expedited Sunset Reviews of the Antidumping Duty Orders, 76 FR 67673 (November 2, 2011) and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum.

On December 7, 2011, the ITC published its determination in the Federal Register, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), that revocation of the antidumping duty orders on subject merchandise would likely lead to a continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time. See Certain Welded Stainless Steel Pipe From Korea and Taiwan, 76 FR 76437 (December 7, 2011), and USITC Publication 4280 (December 2011), titled Certain Welded Stainless Steel Pipe from Korea and Taiwan (Investigation Nos. 731–TA–540 and 541 (Third Review)).

Scope of the Orders

The merchandise subject to the antidumping duty orders is welded austenitic stainless steel pipe that meets the standards and specifications set forth by the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) for the welded form of chromium-nickel pipe designated ASTM A–312. The merchandise covered by the scope of the orders also includes austenitic welded stainless steel pipes made according to the standards of other nations which are comparable to ASTM A–312.

Welded ASTM A–312 stainless steel pipe is produced by forming stainless steel flat-rolled products into a tubular configuration and welding along the seam. Welded ASTM A–312 stainless steel pipe is a commodity product generally used as a conduit to transmit liquids or gases. Major applications for stainless steel pipe include, but are not limited to, digester lines, blow lines, pharmaceutical lines, petrochemical stock lines, brewery process and transport lines, general food processing lines, automotive paint lines, and paper process machines. Imports of Welded ASTM A–312 stainless steel pipe are currently classifiable under the following Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheadings: 7306.40.5005, 7306.40.5015, 7306.40.5040, 7306.40.5062, 7306.40.5064, and 7306.40.5085.2 Although these subheadings include both pipes and tubes, the scope of the antidumping duty orders is limited to welded austenitic stainless steel pipes. The HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes. However, the written description of the scope of the orders is dispositive.

Continuation of the Orders

As a result of the determinations by the Department and the ITC that revocation of the antidumping duty orders would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to an industry in the United States, pursuant to section 751(d)(2) of the Act, the Department hereby orders the continuation of the antidumping duty orders on welded ASTM A–312 stainless steel pipe from Korea and Taiwan.

U.S. Customs and Border Protection will continue to collect antidumping duty cash deposits at the rates in effect at the time of entry for all imports of subject merchandise. The effective date of the continuation of these orders will be the date of publication in the Federal Register of this notice of continuation. Pursuant to section 751(c)(2) of the Act, the Department intends to initiate the next sunset reviews of these orders not later than 30 days prior to the fifth anniversary of the effective date of continuation.

These sunset reviews and this notice are in accordance with section 751(c) of the Act and published pursuant to section 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: December 14, 2011.

Paul Piquado.
Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

1See Antidumping Duty Order and Clarification of Final Determination: Certain Welded Stainless Steel Pipes From Korea, 57 FR 62301 (December 30, 1992), as amended in Notice of Amended Final Determination and Antidumping Duty Order: Certain Welded Stainless Steel Pipe From the Republic of Korea, 60 FR 10064 (February 23, 1995); and Amended Final Determination and Antidumping Duty Order: Certain Welded Stainless Steel Pipe From Taiwan, 57 FR 62300 (December 30, 1992), as amended in Notice of Amended Final Determination and Antidumping Duty Order: Certain Welded Stainless Steel Pipes From Taiwan, 59 FR 6619 (February 11, 1994).

2HTSUS 7306.40.5065 previously listed in the scope of the orders for this product is no longer a valid reporting number, having been replaced by 7306.40.6052 and 7306.40.6054 as of January 1, 1996.