contamination of ground and surface water.

Permits or Licenses Required

The approved Plans of Operations authorizes exploration. Operations must be consistent with Forest Service Conditions of Approval, and other applicable laws and regulations, including New Mexico state permits for exploratory drilling.

Scoping Process

This notice of intent initiates the scoping process, which guides the development of the environmental impact statement. Comments are solicited and are welcome for the 45-day comment period initiating on the publication date of this notice.

It is important that reviewers provide their comments at such times and in such manner that they are useful to the agency’s preparation of the environmental impact statement. Therefore, comments should be provided prior to the close of the comment period and should clearly articulate the reviewer’s concerns and contentions.

Comments received in response to this solicitation, including names and addresses of those who comment, will be part of the public record for this proposed action. Comments submitted anonymously will be accepted and considered, however.

Dated: December 2, 2011.

Nancy Rose,
Forest Supervisor.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

In accordance with sections 735(d) and 777(i)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("Act"), on October 18, 2011, the Department published the final determination of sales at less than fair value in the antidumping duty investigation of wood flooring from the People’s Republic of China ("PRC"). See Multilayered Wood Flooring From the People’s Republic of China: Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, 76 FR 64318 (October 18, 2011) ("Final Determination"). On December 1, 2011, the ITC notified the Department of its affirmative determination of material injury to a U.S. industry. See Multilayered Wood Flooring From China: USITC Investigation Nos. 701–TA–476 and 731–TA–1179 (Final), USITC Publication 4278 (November 2011).

Correction of Scope of the Order

In the Final Determination, the Department stated that the scope used in the preliminary determination should be amended so as to not refer to certain Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS") numbers under which subject merchandise may be incorrectly classified. See Final Determination and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum at Comment 12.C. However, the Department inadvertently included in its Final Determination the scope language used in the Preliminary Determination. The correct scope is provided, below.

Scope of the Order

Multilayered wood flooring is composed of an assembly of two or more layers or plies of wood veneer(s) in combination with a core. The several layers, along with the core, are glued or otherwise bonded together to form a final assembled product. Multilayered wood flooring is often referred to by other terms, e.g., "engineered wood flooring" or "plywood flooring." Regardless of the particular terminology, all products that meet the description set forth herein are intended for inclusion within the definition of subject merchandise.

All multilayered wood flooring is included within the definition of subject merchandise, without regard to: dimension (overall thickness, thickness of face ply, thickness of back ply, thickness of core, and thickness of inner plies; width; and length); wood species used for the face, back and inner veneers; core composition; and face grade. Multilayered wood flooring included within the definition of subject merchandise may be unfinished (i.e., without a finally finished surface to protect the face veneer from wear and tear) or "prefinished" (i.e., a coating applied to the face veneer, including, but not exclusively, oil or oil-modified or water-based polyurethanes, ultraviolet light cured polyurethanes, wax, epoxy-ester finishes, moisture-cured urethanes and acid-curing formaldehyde finishes). The veneers may be also soaked in an acrylic-impregnated finish. All multilayered wood flooring is included within the definition of subject merchandise regardless of whether the face (or back) of the product is smooth, wire brushed, distressed by any method or multiple methods, or hand-scraped. In addition, all multilayered wood flooring is included within the definition of subject merchandise regardless of whether the product meets a particular industry or similar standard.

The core of multilayered wood flooring may be composed of a range of materials, including but not limited to hardwood or softwood veneer, particleboard, medium-density fiberboard, high-density fiberboard ("HDF"), stone and/or plastic composite, or strips of lumber placed edge-to-edge.

Multilayered wood flooring products generally, but not exclusively, may be in the form of a strip, plank, or other geometrical patterns (e.g., circular, hexagonal). All multilayered wood flooring products are included within this definition regardless of the actual or nominal dimensions or form of the product.

Specifically excluded from the scope are cork flooring and bamboo flooring.
regardless of whether any of the sub-
surface layers of either flooring are
made from wood. Also included is
laminated flooring. Laminated flooring
consists of a top wear layer sheet not
made of wood, a decorative paper layer,
a core-layer of HDF, and a stabilizing
bottom layer.
Imports of the subject merchandise
are provided for under the following
subheadings of the Harmonized Tariff
Schedule of the United States
(‘‘HTSUS’’): 4412.31.0520;
4412.31.0540; 4412.31.0560;
4412.31.2510; 4412.31.2520;
4412.31.4040; 4412.31.4050;
4412.31.4060; 4412.31.4070;
4412.31.5125; 4412.31.5135;
4412.31.5155; 4412.31.5165;
4412.31.3175; 4412.31.6000;
4412.31.9100; 4412.32.0520;
4412.32.0540; 4412.32.0560;
4412.32.2510; 4412.32.2520;
4412.32.3125; 4412.32.3135;
4412.32.3155; 4412.32.3165;
4412.32.3175; 4412.32.3185;
4412.32.5600; 4412.39.1000;
4412.39.3901; 4412.39.4011;
4412.39.4012; 4412.39.4019;
4412.39.4031; 4412.39.4032;
4412.39.4039; 4412.39.4051;
4412.39.4052; 4412.39.4059;
4412.39.4061; 4412.39.4062;
4412.39.4069; 4412.39.5010;
4412.39.5030; 4412.39.5050;
4412.94.1030; 4412.94.1050;
4412.94.3105; 4412.94.3111;
4412.94.3121; 4412.94.3131;
4412.94.3141; 4412.94.3160;
4412.94.3171; 4412.94.4100;
4412.94.5010; 4412.94.6000;
4412.94.7000; 4412.94.8000;
4412.94.9000; 4412.94.9500;
4412.99.0600; 4412.99.1020;
4412.99.1030; 4412.99.1040;
4412.99.3110; 4412.99.3120;
4412.99.3130; 4412.99.3140;
4412.99.3150; 4412.99.3160;
4412.99.3170; 4412.99.4100;
4412.99.5100; 4412.99.5170;
4412.99.6000; 4412.99.7000;
4412.99.8000; 4412.99.9000;
4412.99.9500; 4418.71.2000;
4418.71.9000; 4418.72.2000; and
4418.72.9500.
While HTSUS subheadings are
provided for convenience and customs
purposes, the written description of the
subject merchandise is dispositive.
Amendment to the Final Determination
On October 18, 2011, the Department
published its affirmative final
determination in this proceeding. See
Final Determination. On October 19,
2011, the petitioner in the investigation,
the American Hardwood Parity (‘‘Petitioner’’), and Riverside
Plywood Corporation, Samling Elegant
Living Trading (Labuan) Limited, Samling Global USA Inc., Samling
Riverside Co., Ltd. and Suzhou Times
Flooring (collectively, the “Samling
Group”), Zhejiang Layo Wood Industry
Co., Ltd., (“Layo Wood”), and Xinyuan
Wooden Industry Co., Ltd., respondents
in the investigation, submitted timely
ministerial error allegations and requested, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.224,
that the Department correct the alleged
ministerial errors in the dumping
margin calculations. On October 25,
2011, Petitioner filed rebuttal comments. No other interested party
submitted ministerial error allegations or rebuttal comments.
After analyzing all interested party
comments and rebuttals, we have
determined, in accordance with section
735(e) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.224(e),
that we made the following ministerial
errors in our calculations for the Final
Determination with respect to Layo
Wood:
• We unintentionally applied an
incorrect surrogate value for Layo
Wood’s corrugated paper inputs in the
dumping margin calculation program.
• We incorrectly applied a cubic-
  meter-to-kilogram conversion to the
  surrogate value for Layo Wood’s HDF
  inputs, for purposes of calculating Layo
  Wood’s scrap byproduct value. The
  surrogate value for HDF was already
  reported on a dollars per kilogram basis,
  so no conversion was necessary.
For a detailed discussion of all alleged
ministerial errors, as well as the
Department’s analysis, see
Memorandum to Paul Piquado,
Assistant Secretary for Import
Administration, from Christian Marsh,
Deputy Assistant Secretary for
Antidumping and Countervailing Duty
Operations, concerning, “Final
Determination of Antidumping Duty
Investigation on Multilayered Wood
Flooring from the People’s Republic of
China: Allegations of Ministerial
Errors,” dated November 7, 2011
(“Ministerial Error Memorandum”).
In the Final Determination,
we determined that a number of companies,
in addition to the mandatory
respondents, qualified for a separate
rate. See Final Determination. Since the
cash deposit rate for the separate rate
respondents is based on the average of
the margins for the mandatory
respondents, and the margin for Layo
Wood changed as a result of the
forementioned ministerial errors, we
have revised the calculation of the
dumping margin for the separate rate
respondents in the amended final
determination. See Ministerial Error
Memorandum. The amended weighted
average dumping margins are provided,
below.
Antidumping Duty Order
As noted above, on December 1, 2011,
in accordance with section 735(d) of the
Act, the ITC notified the Department of
its final determination in this
investigation, in which it found material
injury with respect to wood flooring
from the PRC. Because the ITC
determined that imports of wood
flooring from the PRC are materially
injuring a U.S. industry, all
unliquidated entries of such
merchandise from the PRC, entered or
withdrawn from warehouse, are subject
to the assessment of antidumping
duties.

Therefore, in accordance with section
736(a)(1) of the Act, the Department will
direct U.S. Customs and Border
Protection (“CBP”) to assess, upon
further instruction by the Department,
antidumping duties equal to the amount
by which the normal value of the
merchandise exceeds the export price
(or constructed export price) of the
merchandise, for all relevant entries of
wood flooring from the PRC. These
antidumping duties will be assessed on
unliquidated entries from the PRC
entered, or withdrawn from warehouse,
for consumption on or after May 26,
2011, the date on which the Department
published its preliminary determination
(see Preliminary Determination), but
will not include entries occurring after
the expiration of the provisional
measures period and before publication
of the ITC’s final injury determination
as further described below.
Continuation of Suspension of
Liquidation
In accordance with section
755(c)(1)(B) of the Act, we will instruct
CBP to continue to suspend liquidation
on all entries of subject merchandise
from the PRC. We will also instruct CBP
to require cash deposits equal to the
estimated amount by which the normal
value exceeds the U.S. price as
indicated in the chart below. These
instructions suspending liquidation will
remain in effect until further notice.
Accordingly, effective on the date of
publication of the ITC’s final affirmative
injury determination, CBP will require,
at the same time as importers would
normally deposit estimated duties on
this subject merchandise, a cash deposit
equal to the estimated weighted-average
antidumping duty margins as discussed
above. See section 735(c)(2) of the Act.
The “PRC-wide” rate applies to all
exporters of subject merchandise not
specifically listed.
**Provisional Measures**

Section 733(d) of the Act states that instructions issued pursuant to an affirmative preliminary determination may not remain in effect for more than four months except where exporters requesting a significant proportion of exports of the subject merchandise request the Department to extend that four-month period to no more than six months. At the request of exporters that account for a significant proportion of exports of wood flooring from the PRC, we extended the four-month period to no more than six months. See Letter from Zhejiang Yuhua Timber Co., Ltd. (April 27, 2011); see also Letter from Layo Wood (April 29, 2011). In the underlying investigation, the Department published the Preliminary Determination on May 26, 2011. See Preliminary Determination. Therefore, the six-month period beginning on the date of publication of the Preliminary Determination ended on November 22, 2011. Furthermore, section 737(b) of the Act states that definitive duties are to begin on the date of publication of the ITC’s final injury determination.

Therefore, in accordance with section 733(d) of the Act and our practice, we will instruct CBP to terminate the suspension of liquidation and to liquidate, without regard to antidumping duties, unliquidated entries of wood flooring from the PRC, entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption after November 22, 2011, the date provisional measures expired, and through the day preceding the date of publication of the ITC’s final injury determination in the Federal Register. Suspension of liquidation will resume on and after the date of publication of the ITC’s final injury determination in the Federal Register.

The weighted-average dumping margins are as follows:

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<th>Exporter</th>
<th>Producer</th>
<th>Weighted average margin</th>
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### Department of Commerce

**International Trade Administration**

**Multilayered Wood Flooring From the People’s Republic of China: Countervailing Duty Order**

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** Based on affirmative final determinations by the Department of Commerce ("the Department") and the International Trade Commission ("ITC"), the Department is issuing a countervailing duty ("CVD") order on multilayered wood flooring from the People’s Republic of China ("PRC").

**DATES:** Effective Date: December 8, 2011.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Joshua Morris, AD/CVD Operations, Office 1, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-1779.

### Background

On October 18, 2011, the Department published its final determination that countervailable subsidies are being provided to producers and exporters of multilayered wood flooring from the PRC. See Multilayered Wood Flooring From the People’s Republic of China: Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination, 76 FR 64313 (October 18, 2011) ("Final Determination").

### Antidumping Duty Order

The Department of Commerce issued an antidumping duty order with respect to wood flooring from the PRC, as provided to producers and exporters of similar products on October 18, 2011.

### Table of Exporters and Producers

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<th>Exporter</th>
<th>Producer</th>
<th>Weighted average margin</th>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shanghai Lihong Wood Products Co., Ltd, also known as The Lihong Wood Industry Limited Company of Shanghai.</td>
<td>Shanghai Lihong Wood Products Co., Ltd, also known as The Lihong Wood Industry Limited Company of Shanghai.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fine Furniture (Shanghai) Limited</td>
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<tr>
<td>Huzhou Sunergy World Trade Co., Ltd</td>
<td>Huzhou Sunergy World Trade Co., Ltd</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Nanjing Minglin Wooden Industry Co., Ltd</td>
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<tr>
<td>Huzhou Jesonwood Co., Ltd</td>
<td>Zhejiang Anji XinFeng Bamboo &amp; Wood Co., Ltd</td>
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<tr>
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<td>A&amp;W (Shanghai) Woods Co., Ltd</td>
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<td>Suzzhou Anxin Weiguang Timber Co., Ltd</td>
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<td>Yekalon Industry, Inc./Sennorwell International Group (Hong Kong) Limited</td>
<td>Guangdong Fu Lin Lin Technology Limited</td>
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<td>Kemian Wood Industry (Kunshan) Co., Ltd</td>
<td>Jilin Xinyuan Wooden Industry Co., Ltd</td>
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<td>Dalian Huliong Wooden Products Co., Ltd</td>
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<td>PRC-wide Entity</td>
<td>PRC-wide Entity</td>
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* de minimis.

**The Samling Group consists of the following companies:** Baroque Timber Industries (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd., Riverside Plywood Corporation, Samling Elegant Living Trading (Labuan) Limited, Samling Riverside Co., Ltd., and Suzhou Times Flooring Co., Ltd.