

Roger; Hannah, Thomas; Hooper, Bryan; Jorstad, Van Blake; Parker, Chadwick; Ross, Robert; Thompson, Clyde; Trevino, Tammye.

Rural Utilities Service (RUS)

Ackerman, Kenneth; Bojes, Gary; Elgohary, Nivin; Newby, James; Ponti-Lazaruk, Jacqueline; Villano, David; Zufolo, Jessica.

Natural Resources and Environment (NRE)

Crandall, Doug; Sherman, Harris.

Forest Service (FS)

Agpaoa, Elizabeth; Bailey, Jr., Robin; Bedwell, James; Bryant, Arthur; Carmical, Donna M.; Cleaves, David A.; Coleman, Angela V.; Connaughton, Kent P.; DeCoster, Timothy P.; Dixon, Antione; Doudrick, Robert; Eav, Bov B.; Ferguson, Tony; Ferrell, David L.; Forsgren, Harvey L.; Foster, George S.; Guldin, Richard; Harbour, Thomas C.; Hultrop, Joel D.; Hubbard, James E.; Lugo, Ariel E.; Mangold, Robert D.; Mezainis, Valdis E.; Moore, Randy; Muse, Debra A.; Myers, Jr., Charles L.; Myers, Jacqueline; Nash, Douglas R.; Newman, Corbin L.; Pena, James M.; Pendleton, Beth G.; Phipps, John E.; Rains, Michael T.; Reaves, Jimmy L.; Ries, Paul F.; Rodriguez-Franco, Carlos; Smith, Gregory C.; Stouder, Deanna J.; Thompson, Robin L.; Tidwell, Thomas; Tooke, Tony; Wagner, Mary A.; Weldon, Leslie; Zimmermann, Anne J.

Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)

Burton, Lincoln; Christensen, Thomas; DuVarney, Andree; Erickson, Terrell; Gelburd, Diane; Golden, Micheal; Herbert, Noller; Honeycutt, C. Wayne; Hubbs, Michael; Jordan, Leonard; Kramer, Anthony; Kunze, Stephen; Lawrence, Douglas; Murphy, Virginia; Laur, Michele; Perry, Janet; Reed, Lesia; Salinas, Salvador; Speight, Eloris; Washington, Gary; Weller, Jason; White, Dave.

Research, Education and Economics (REE)

Bartuska, Ann; Jacobs-Young, Chavonda; Woteki, Catherine.

Agricultural Research Service (ARS)

Allen, Lindsay; Blackburn, Wilbert; Brennan, Deborah; Brenner, Richard; Chandler, Laurence; Cleveland, Thomas; Collins, Wanda; Erhan, Sevin; Gibson, Paul; Hammond, Andrew; Hefferan, Colien; Kappes, Steven; King, Jr., Edgar; Knipling, Edward; Kretsch, Mary; Kunickis, Sheryl; Liu, Simon; Matteri, Robert; McGuire, Michael; McMurtry, John; Narang, Sudhir; Pollak, Emil;

Rexroad, Jr., Caird; Sebesta, Paul; Shafer, Steven; Shelton, Carol; Simmons, Mary W.; Spence, Joseph; St. John, Judith; Swietlik, Dariusz; Tu, Shu-I; Upchurch, Dan; Yates, Allison; Zhang, Howard; Zuelke, Kurt.

Economic Research Service (ERS)

Bianchi, Ronald; Bohman, Mary; Kort, John; Thompson, Sarahelen; Unnevehr, Laurian.

National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS)

Bass, Robert; Bennett, Norman; Clark, Cynthia; Goodwin, Janice; Hamer, Jr., Hubert; Harris, James Mark; Picanso, Robin; Prusacki, Joseph; Reilly, Joseph; Valivullah, Michael.

National Institute of Food and Agriculture (NIFA)

Boteler, Franklin; Brandon, Andrea; Broussard, Meryl; Desbois, Michel; Otto, Ralph; Sheely, Deborah.

* * * * *

Signed in Washington, DC, this day:
October 21, 2011.

Thomas J. Vilsack,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2011-28225 Filed 10-31-11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-XD-P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

Madera County Resource Advisory Committee

AGENCY: Forest Service, USDA.

ACTION: Notice of meeting cancellation.

SUMMARY: The Madera County Resource Advisory Committee was scheduled to meet November 15, 2011 in North Fork, California. The committee is authorized under the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act (Pub. L. 110-343) (the Act) and operates in compliance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act. The committee's charter expired in October 2011 and its renewal is under review by the Secretary of Agriculture. In compliance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act the committee will not be meeting until the charter is renewed. **DATES:** The cancelled meeting was scheduled for Wednesday, November 15, 2011, 6:30 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The canceled meeting would have been held at the Bass Lake Ranger District Office, 57003 Road 225, North Fork, California 93643. Written comments concerning this cancellation may be submitted to the Designated Federal Officer.

All comments, including names and addresses when provided, are placed in the record and are available for public inspection and copying. The public may inspect comments received at 57003 Road 225, North Fork, California 93643. Please call ahead to (559) 877-2218 x3159 to facilitate entry into the building to view comments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

David Martin, Designated Federal Officer, Sierra National Forest, 57003 Road 225, North Fork, California 93643; Telephone: (559) 877-2218 or email at: dmartin05@fs.fed.us.

Individuals who use telecommunication devices for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1-800-877-8339 between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m., Eastern Standard Time, Monday through Friday.

Dated: October 26, 2011.

David W. Martin,

Designated Federal Officer, Sierra National Forest RAC.

[FR Doc. 2011-28220 Filed 10-31-11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Commerce will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35).

Agency: U.S. Census Bureau.

Title: 2012 Economic Census Covering the Manufacturing Sector.

OMB Control Number: 0607-0938.

Form Number(s): MA-10000, MC-31000, MC-32000.

Type of Request: Reinstatement of a previously approved collection.

Burden Hours: 693,000.

Number of Respondents: 168,000.

Average Hours per Response: 4 hours and 8 minutes.

Needs and Uses: The 2012 Economic Census covering the Manufacturing Sector will use a mail canvass, supplemented by data from federal administrative records, to measure the economic activity of more than 291,000 establishments classified in the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

The manufacturing sector comprises establishments engaged in the mechanical, physical, or chemical transformation of materials, substances, or components into new products. The assembling of component parts of

manufactured products is considered manufacturing, except in cases where the activity is appropriately classified in Sector 23, Construction. The economic census will produce basic statistics by industry for number of establishments, payroll, employment, value of shipments, value added, capital expenditures, depreciation, materials consumed, selected purchased services, electric energy used, and inventories held.

The economic census is the primary source of facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy and features unique industry and geographic detail. Economic census statistics serve as part of the framework for the national accounts and provide essential information for government, business, and the general public. The Federal government (*i.e.*, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)) uses information from the economic census as an important part of the framework for the national income and product accounts, input-output tables, economic indexes, and other composite measures that serve as the factual basis for economic policymaking, planning, and program administration. Further, the census provides sampling frames and benchmarks for current surveys which track short-term economic trends, serve as economic indicators, and contribute critical source data for current estimates of the gross domestic product. State and local governments rely on the economic census as a unique source of comprehensive economic statistics for small geographic areas for use in policymaking, planning, and program administration. Finally, industry, business, academia, and the general public use information from the economic census for evaluating markets, preparing business plans, making business decisions, developing economic models and forecasts, conducting economic research, and establishing benchmarks for their own sample surveys.

If the economic census was not conducted, the Federal government would lose vital source data and benchmarks for the national accounts, input-output tables, and other composite measures of economic activity, causing a substantial degradation in the quality of these important statistics. Further, the government would lose critical benchmarks for current sample-based economic surveys and an essential source of detailed, comprehensive economic information for use in policymaking, planning, and program administration.

Affected Public: Business or other for-profit.

Frequency: One-time.

Respondent's Obligation: Mandatory.

Legal Authority: This information collection is part of the 2012 Economic Census, which is required by law under Title 13, United States Code (U.S.C.). Section 131 of this statute directs the taking of a census at five-year intervals. Section 224 makes reporting mandatory.

OMB Desk Officer: Brian Harris-Kojetin, (202) 395-7314.

Copies of the above information collection proposal can be obtained by calling or writing Diana Hynek, Departmental Paperwork Clearance Officer, (202) 482-0266, Department of Commerce, Room 6616, 14th and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230 (or via the Internet at dhynek@doc.gov).

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to Brian Harris-Kojetin, OMB Desk Officer either by fax (202) 395-7245) or email (bharrisk@omb.eop.gov).

Dated: October 26, 2011.

Glenna Mickelson,

Management Analyst, Office of the Chief Information Officer.

[FR Doc. 2011-28140 Filed 10-31-11; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Commerce will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35).

Agency: U.S. Census Bureau.

Title: 2012 Economic Census Covering the Construction Sector.

OMB Control Number: 0607-0935.

Form Number(s): CC-23601, CC-23701, CC-23801, CC-23802, CC-23803, and CC-23804.

Type of Request: Reinstatement, with change, of an expired collection.

Burden Hours: 299,000.

Number of Respondents: 130,000.

Average Hours per Response: 2 hours and 18 minutes.

Needs and Uses: The 2012 Economic Census covering the Construction Sector will use a mail canvass to measure the economic activity of nearly 650,000 establishments classified in the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

The construction sector comprises establishments primarily engaged in the construction of buildings and other structures, additions, alterations, reconstruction, installation, and maintenance and repairs. The economic census will produce basic statistics by industry for number of establishments, value of construction work, payroll, employment, selected costs, depreciable assets, and capital expenditures. It also will yield a variety of subject statistics, including estimates of type of construction work done, kind of business activity, and other industry-specific measures. Industry statistics will be summarized for the United States and states.

The economic census is the primary source of facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy and features unique industry and geographic detail. Economic census statistics serve as part of the framework for the national accounts and provides essential information for government, business, and the general public. The Economic Census covering the Construction Sector collects information from contractors of all types of construction. Among the important statistics produced by the construction sector are estimates of the value of construction work during the covered year. The Federal government uses the information from the economic census as an important part of the framework for the national accounts, input-output measures, key economic indexes, and other estimates that serve as the factual basis for economic policymaking, planning, and program administration. State and local governments rely on the economic census as a unique source of comprehensive economic statistics for small geographical areas for use in policymaking, planning, and program administration. Finally, industry, business, and the general public use data from the economic census for economic forecasts, market research, benchmarks for their own sample-based surveys, and business and financial decisionmaking.

If the economic census was not conducted, the Federal government would lose vital source data and benchmarks for the national accounts, the input-output tables, and other composite measures of economic activity. Further, the government would lose critical benchmarks for current, sample-based economic surveys and an essential source of detailed, comprehensive economic information for use in policymaking and program administration.

Affected Public: Business or other for-profit.