Further, public comment is not solicited prior to recertification during streamlined years, only during the triennial comprehensive review.

Discussion of Comments

On July 18, 2011, the USCG published a Notice of Availability; request for comments for recertification of the Cook Inlet Regional Citizens’ Advisory Council in the Federal Register (76 FR 42134). We received 15 letters commenting on the proposed action. No public meeting was requested, and none was held. Of the 15 letters received, 14 were in support of the CIRCAC application for recertification. These letters in support of the recertification consistently cited CIRCAC’s broad representation of the respective community’s interests, appropriate actions to keep the public informed, improvements to both spill response preparation and spill prevention, and oil spill industry monitoring efforts that combat complacency—as intended by the Act. One comment recommended against recertification and expressed concern that CIRCAC did not represent the communities and interests of Cook Inlet and that the CIRCAC did not promote environmentally safe marine transportation and oil facility operations. All comments were taken into consideration, together with the information provided with the CIRCAC 2011 application for recertification, and the totality of the comments and information provided establishes that the CIRCAC satisfies the requirements necessary to obtain recertification under the Act, 33 U.S.C. 2732 et seq.

Recertification

By letter dated September 14, 2011, the Commander, Seventeenth Coast Guard District certified that the CIRCAC qualifies as an alternative voluntary advisory group under 33 U.S.C. 2732(o). This recertification terminates on August 31, 2012.

Dated: September 15, 2011.

Thomas P. Osteba,
Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard, Commander, Seventeenth Coast Guard District.

[FR Doc. 2011–25973 Filed 10–6–11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110–04–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Docket ID: FEMA–2011–0015]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request, OMB No. 1660–0002; Disaster Assistance Registration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Federal Emergency Management Agency, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on a proposed revision of a currently approved information collection. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, this notice seeks comments concerning the Disaster Assistance Registration process.

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before December 6, 2011.

ADDRESSES: To avoid duplicate submissions to the docket, please use only one of the following means to submit comments:


(2) Mail. Submit written comments to Docket Manager, Office of Chief Counsel, DHS/FEMA, 500 C Street, SW., Room 835, Washington, DC 20472–3100.

(3) Facsimile. Submit comments to (703) 483–2999.

(4) E-mail. Submit comments to FEMA–POLICY@dhs.gov. Include Docket ID FEMA–2011–0015 in the subject line. All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket ID. Regardless of the method used for submitting comments or material, all submissions will be posted, without change, to the Federal eRulemaking Portal at http://www.regulations.gov, and will include any personal information you provide. Therefore, submitting this information makes it public. You may wish to read the Privacy Act notice that is available via the link in the footer of http://www.regulations.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Quintanilla, Supervisory Program Specialist, FEMA, Recovery Directorate, (504) 686–3603 for additional information. You may contact the Records Management Division for copies of the proposed collection of information at facsimile number (202) 646–3347 or e-mail address: FEMA-Information-Collection-Mangement@dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Pub. L. 93–288) (the Stafford Act), as amended, is the legal basis for the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to provide financial needs and services to individuals who apply for disaster assistance benefits in the event of a federally declared disaster. Regulations in title 44 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Subpart D, “Federal Assistance to Individuals and Households”, implement the policy and procedures set forth in section 408 of the Stafford Act, 42 U.S.C. 5174, as amended. This program provides financial assistance and, if necessary, direct assistance to eligible individuals and households who, as a direct result of a major disaster, have uninsured or under-insured, damage, necessary expenses, and serious needs which are not covered through other means.

Individuals and households may apply for assistance under the Individuals and Households program via telephone or Internet. FEMA utilizes paper forms 009–0–1 (English) Disaster Assistance Registration or FEMA Form 009–0–2 (Spanish), Solicitudes/Registro Para Asistencia De Desastres to register individuals.

FEMA provides direct assistance to eligible applicants pursuant to the requirements in 44 CFR 206.117. To receive direct assistance for housing (e.g., mobile home or travel trailer) from FEMA, the applicant is required to acknowledge and accept the conditions for occupying government property. The form used is the Declaration and Release; FEMA Form 009–0–4, or the Declaración Y Autorización; FEMA Form 009–0–5 Receipt for Government Property. In addition, the applicant is required to acknowledge that he or she has been informed of the conditions for continued direct housing assistance. To accomplish these notifications, FEMA uses the applicant’s household composition data in National Emergency Management Information System NEMIS to prepare a Receipt for Government Property FEMA Form 009–0–5, or Recibo de Propiedad del Gobierno FEMA Form 009–0–6.

Federal public benefits are to be provided to U.S. citizens, non-citizen nationals, or qualified aliens. A parent or guardian of a minor child may be eligible for disaster assistance if the
minor child is a U.S. citizen, non-citizen national, or qualified alien, and the minor child lives with the parent or guardian. See 8 U.S.C. 1601–1646.

By signing FEMA Forms 009–0–3, Declaration and Release or 009–0–4, Declaración Y Autorización an applicant or a member of the applicant’s household is attesting to being a U.S. citizen, non-citizen national, or qualified alien. Parents or guardians of a minor child signing FEMA Forms 009–0–3, Declaration and Release or 009–0–4, Declaración Y Autorización is attesting that the minor child is a U.S. citizen, non-citizen national, or qualified alien.

Collection of Information

Title: Disaster Assistance Registration.

Type of Information Collection: Revision of a currently approved information collection.

OMB Number: 1660–0002.

Form Titles and Numbers: FEMA Form 009–0–1T (English) Tele-Registration, Disaster Assistance Registration; FEMA Form 009–0–1nt (English) Internet, Disaster Assistance Registration; FEMA Form 009–0–1 (English) Paper Application/Disaster Assistance Registration; FEMA Form 009–0–2 (Spanish), Solicitud en Papel/Registro Para Asistencia De Desastre; FEMA Form 009–0–1S (English) Smartphone, Disaster Assistance Registration; FEMA Form 009–0–2S (Spanish) Smartphone, Registro Para Asistencia De Desastre; FEMA Form 009–0–3 (English), Declaration and Release; FEMA Form 009–0–4 (Spanish), Declaración Y Autorización; FEMA Form 009–0–5 (English) Receipt for Government Property; FEMA Form 009–0–6 (Spanish) Recibo de la Propiedad del Gobierno.

Abstract: The Disaster Assistance Registration form is used to collect pertinent information to provide financial assistance, and if necessary, direct assistance to eligible individuals and households who, as a direct result of a disaster or emergency, have uninsured or under-insured, necessary or serious expenses that they are unable to meet through other means.

Affected Public: Individuals or Households.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 555,009 hours.

Estimated Annualized Burden Hours and Costs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of respondent</th>
<th>Form name/form number</th>
<th>Number of respondents</th>
<th>Number of responses per respondent</th>
<th>Total number of responses</th>
<th>Avg. burden per response (in hours)</th>
<th>Total annual burden (in hours)</th>
<th>Avg. hourly wage rate</th>
<th>Total annual respondent cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Individuals or Households.</td>
<td>Tele-Registration Application for Disaster Assistance (English)/FEMA Forms 009–0–1T.</td>
<td>1,151,255</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,151,255</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>345,377</td>
<td>30.66</td>
<td>$10,589,258</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Internet Application for Disaster Assistance (English and Spanish)/FEMA Forms 009–0–1nt and 009–0–2nt.</td>
<td>323,039.80</td>
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<td>323,039.80</td>
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<td>96,912</td>
<td>30.66</td>
<td>2,971,321.90</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Paper Application for Disaster Assistance (English and Spanish)/FEMA Forms 009–0–1 and 009–0–2.</td>
<td>51,549</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>51,549</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>15,465</td>
<td>30.66</td>
<td>474,156.90</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Smartphone Application for Disaster Assistance/FEMA Forms (English and Spanish) 009–0–15 and 009–0–25.</td>
<td>192,447.20</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>192,447.20</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>57,734</td>
<td>30.66</td>
<td>1,770,124.40</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Declaration and Release (English and Spanish)/FEMA Forms 009–0–3 and 009–0–4.</td>
<td>1,099,706</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,099,706</td>
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<td>36,657</td>
<td>30.66</td>
<td>1,123,903.60</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Receipt of Government Property (English and Spanish)/FEMA Form 009–0–5 and 009–0–6.</td>
<td>17,183</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>17,183</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2,864</td>
<td>30.66</td>
<td>87,810.24</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,835,180</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,835,180</td>
<td></td>
<td>555,009</td>
<td></td>
<td>17,016,572.24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Estimated Cost:** There are no operation and maintenance, or capital and start-up costs associated with this collection of information.

**Comments:** Comments may be submitted as indicated in the ADDRESSES caption above. Comments are solicited to (a) evaluate whether the proposed data collection is necessary for the proper performance of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) evaluate the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of
information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Dated: September 30, 2011.

Lesia M. Banks,
Director, Records Management Division,

[FR Doc. 2011–25878 Filed 10–6–11; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 9111–23–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Notice of Issuance of Final Determination Concerning Certain Ethernet Switches


ACTION: Notice of final determination.

SUMMARY: This document provides notice that U.S. Customs and Border Protection (“CBP”) has issued a final determination concerning the country of origin of certain Ethernet switches. Based upon the facts presented, CBP has concluded that the programming operations performed in the United States, using U.S.-origin software, substantially transform the non-TAA country Ethernet switches. Therefore, the country of origin of the switches is the United States for purposes of U.S. Government procurement.

DATES: The final determination was issued on October 4, 2011. A copy of the final determination is attached. Any party-at-interest, as defined in 19 CFR 177.22(d), may seek judicial review of this final determination on or before November 7, 2011.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Heather K. Pinnock, Valuation and Special Programs Branch: (202) 325–0034.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that on October 4, 2011, pursuant to subpart B of Part 177, U.S. Customs and Border Protection Regulations (19 CFR Part 177, subpart B), CBP issued a final determination concerning the country of origin of Ethernet switches which may be offered to the U.S. Government under an undesignated government procurement contract. This final determination, HQ H175415, was issued under procedures set forth at 19 CFR Part 177, subpart B, which implements Title III of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2511–18). In the final determination, CBP concluded that, based upon the facts presented, the programming operations performed in the United States, using U.S.-origin software, substantially transform the non-TAA country Ethernet switches. Therefore, the country of origin of the switches is the United States for purposes of U.S. Government procurement.

Section 177.29, CBP Regulations (19 CFR 177.29), provides that a notice of final determination shall be published in the Federal Register within 60 days of the date the final determination is issued. Section 177.30, CBP Regulations (19 CFR 177.30), provides that any party-at-interest, as defined in 19 CFR 177.22(d), may seek judicial review of a final determination within 30 days of publication of such determination in the Federal Register.

Dated: October 4, 2011.

Sandra L. Bell,
Executive Director, Regulations and Rulings, Office of International Trade.

Attachment

October 4, 2011

HQ H175415

MAR OT:RR-CTF:VS H175415 HkP

CATEGORY: Origin
Josephine Aiello LeBeau, Esq.
Anne Seymour, Esq.
Wilson Sonsini Goodrich & Rosati, PC
1700 K Street, NW, Fifth Floor
Washington, DC 20006–3817

RE: U.S. Government Procurement; Country of Origin of Local Area Network Switches; Substantial Transformation

Dear Ms. LeBeau and Ms. Seymour:

This is in response to your letter, dated July 6, 2011, requesting a final determination on behalf of Arista Networks, Inc. (“Arista”), pursuant to subpart B of part 177 of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (“CBP”) Regulations (19 C.F.R. Part 177). Under these regulations, which implement Title III of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 (“TAA”), as amended (19 U.S.C. § 2511 et seq.), CBP issues country of origin advisory rulings and final determinations as to whether an article is or would be a product of a designated country or instrumentality for the purposes of granting waivers of certain “Buy American” restrictions in U.S. law or practice for products offered for sale to the U.S. Government.

This final determination concerns the country of origin of Arista’s 7048, 7050, 7100, 7124, and 7500 series (“7 Series”) local area network (“LAN”) switches. We note that as a U.S. importer, Arista is a party-at-interest within the meaning of 19 C.F.R. § 177.22(d)(1) and is entitled to request this final determination.

FACTS:

Arista is importing 7 Series Ethernet switches assembled in China. The switches are designed to interconnect servers and storage appliances in data centers. Each switch consists of one or more printed circuit board assembly (“PCBAs”), chassis, top cover, power supply, and fans. After importation, the switches will be programmed with U.S.-origin software.

The following operations occur in China:
1. The chassis and top cover are manufactured from sheet metal.
2. The PCB is populated with various electronic components to make a PCB.
3. The PCB is tested to ensure functionality.
4. The power supply and fans are installed in the chassis.
5. The PCB is installed in the chassis.
6. The chassis and top cover are assembled together.
7. The serial numbers of the components are entered into the data tracking system, and the switch is packaged and shipped to the United States.

The following operations occur in the United States:
1. U.S.-origin EOS™ software is downloaded onto the flash memory on the PCB.
2. The switch is tested, packaged, and prepared for shipping.
3. Arista’s EOS™ (Extensible Operating System) software is designed to provide switching functionality, secure administration, and reliability, and to optimize network management.
4. Specifically, EOS software provides the following capabilities and benefits to Ethernet switches: in-service software upgrade, software fault containment, fault repair, security exploit containment, and scalable management interface.

According to your submission, the units imported from China could not function as network switches without this software, which was developed in the United States at considerable cost to Arista. Since 2005, more than 140