DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
National Park Service
[NPS–WASO–NRRNL–0311–6957; 2280–665]

National Register of Historic Places; Notification of Pending Nominations and Related Actions

Nominations for the following properties being considered for listing or related actions in the National Register were received by the National Park Service before March 12, 2011. Pursuant to § 60.13 of 36 CFR part 60, written comments are being accepted concerning the significance of the nominated properties under the National Register criteria for evaluation. Comments may be forwarded by United States Postal Service, to the National Register of Historic Places, National Park Service, 1849 C St., NW., MS 2280, Washington, DC 20240; by all other carriers, National Register of Historic Places, National Park Service, 1201 Eye St., NW., 8th floor, Washington DC 20005; or by fax, 202–371–6447. Written or facsimile comments should be submitted by April 14, 2011. Before including your address, phone number, e-mail address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While we can ask in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

J. Paul Loether,
Chief, National Register of Historic Places/ National Historic Landmarks Program.

ARIZONA
Gila County
La Santa Cruz de Globe, Hilltop in Ruiz Canyon, E of Navarro Dr and W of Side Canyon, Globe, 11000205

Maricopa County
Eisenhardt, Rose, House, 1400 N College Ave, Tempe, 11000206

CALIFORNIA
Sonoma County
Healdsburg Memorial Bridge, (Highway Bridges of California MPS) Healdsburg Ave, junction of Front St, Healdsburg, 11000214

MICHIGAN
Marquette County
Sundberg Block, 517–523 Iron St, Negaunee, 11000196

MISSOURI
Jackson County
Lee’s Summit Christian Church Building, SE Douglas and SE Fourth Sts, Lee’s Summit, 11000213
Southeast Grand Ave and Fifth St Residential Historic District, (Lee’s Summit, Missouri MPS) Roughly comprised of E side of SE Grand between SE 4th and SE 5th and N side of SE 5th between SE Grand and SE Howard, Lee’s Summit, 11000216

McDonald County
Powell Bridge, .04 mi SW of Powell on Cowan Ridge Rd off HWY E, Powell, 11000215

NEVADA
Clark County
B–29 Serial No. 45–21847, (Heavy Bomber), Lake Mead National Recreation Area, Overton, 11000212

NORTH CAROLINA
Guilford County
Model Farm, 2058 Brentwood St, High Point, 11000208
Halifax County
St. Alban’s Episcopal Church, 300 Mosby Ave, NC, 11000209

RANDOLPH COUNTY
Sunset Theater, 232, 234, 236 Sunset Ave, Asheboro, 11000210

Pennsylvania
Allegheny County
McCook Family Estate, 5105 Fifth Ave, 925 Ambersen Ave, Pittsburg City, 11000197
Wilpen Hall, 889–895 Blackburn Rd; 201 Scaife Rd, Sewickley Heights, 11000201

Bucks County
Quakertown Historic District, Roughly bounded by Main and Broad Sts, Hellertown, Tichikon, and Park Aves, Quakertown, 11000200

Huntingdon County
Robb Farm, 11023 Hartslog Valley Rd (SR 3039), Walker Township, 11000203

Lebanon County
Alden Villa, 1012 Alden Way, Cornwall Borough, 11000203

Philadelphia County
Anderson, Marian, House, 762 S Martin St, Philadelphia, 11000198
Tindley Temple United Methodist Church, (African American Churches of Philadelphia 1787–1949 MPS) 750–762 S Broad St, Philadelphia, 11000199

RHODE ISLAND
Kent County
Spencer—Shippee—Lillbridge House, 12 Middle Rd, East Greenwich, 11000207

TEXAS
Travis County
Federal Office Building, 300 E 8th St, Austin, 11000211

WISCONSIN
Winnebago County
Whiting, Frank, Boathouse, 98 Fifth St, Neenah, 11000204

Other Actions
Request for REMOVAL has been made for the following resources:

OREGON
Linn County
Angell-Brewer House, 34191 Brewer Rd, Lebanon, 92001330

TENNESSEE
Washington County
Memorial Stadium, Intersection of E Main St and Lonnie Lowe Ln, Johnson City, 10000472

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337–TA–615]

In the Matter of Certain Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters and Products Containing Same; Notice of Commission Determination To Rescind in Part and Modify Remedial Orders Against Certain Respondents


ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission has determined to rescind in part and modify remedial orders issued in the above-captioned investigation with respect to respondents General Protecht Group, Inc. (“GPG”) of Zhejiang, China; Wenzhou Trimone Company (“Trimone”) of Zhejiang, China; Shanghai ELE Manufacturing Corporation (“ELE”) of Shanghai, China; as well as Cheetah USA Corp. of Sandy, Utah; Nicor Inc. of Albuquerque, New Mexico; Orbit Industries, Inc. of Los Angeles, California; and Colacino Electric Supply, Inc. of Newark, New York (collectively “&”).
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Megan M. Valentine, Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 708–2301. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation are or will be available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205–2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its Internet server at http://www.usitc.gov. The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission’s electronic docket (EDIS) at http://edis.usitc.gov. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission’s TDD terminal on (202) 205–1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This investigation was instituted on September 18, 2007, based on a complaint filed by Pass & Seymour, Inc. (“P&S”) of Syracuse, New York. The complaint, as supplemented, alleged violations of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1337) in the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, and the sale within the United States after importation of certain ground fault circuit interrupters and products containing the same by reason of infringement of certain claims of U.S. Patent Nos. 5,594,398 (“the ‘398 patent”); RE38,293; 7,154,718 (“the ‘718 patent”); 7,164,564 (“the ‘564 patent”); 7,212,386; and 7,256,973. The complaint named various respondents, including GPG, Trimone, ELE, and ELE’s distributors. The complaint and notice of investigation were subsequently amended as to the patents and claims asserted, and several initially named respondents were terminated from the investigation. U.S. Patent No. 7,283,340 (“the ‘340 patent”) was later added to the investigation.

On March 9, 2009, the Commission terminated this investigation with a finding of violation of Section 337 by reason of infringement of one or more of claims 1, 7, and 8 of the ‘398 patent, claims 14, 18, and 30 of the ‘340 patent, claim 52 of the ‘718 patent, and claims 1 and 15 of the ‘564 patent. The Commission issued remedial orders, including a limited exclusion order (“LEO”) directed, Inter alia, toward GPG with respect to the ‘340 and ‘398 patents, toward Trimone with respect to the ‘340 patent, and toward ELE and ELE’s distributors with respect to the ‘340, ‘398, and ‘564 patents. The Commission also issued cease and desist orders against ELE’s distributors. Respondents GPG, Trimone, and ELE subsequently appealed the Commission’s final determination of violation of Section 337 to the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit.

On August 27, 2010, the Court issued an opinion reversing the Commission’s findings of infringement as to GPG and Trimone and thus, the Commission’s determination of violation as to those respondents. See General Protecht Group, Inc. v. ITC, 619 F.3d 1303 (Fed. Cir. 2010), reh’g denied, (Fed. Cir. Dec. 14, 2010), mandate issued (Fed. Cir. Dec. 21, 2010). The Court also reversed the Commission’s findings of infringement under the ‘340 patent as to ELE, thus reversing in part the Commission’s determination of violation as to ELE.

On January 6, 2011, respondents GPG and Trimone (but not ELE) petitioned the Commission pursuant to Commission Rule 210.76(a)(1) (19 CFR 210.76(a)(1)) to rescind in part the LEO as to them. No responses to the petition were filed.

Having reviewed the parties’ submission and considering the mandate of the Federal Circuit, the Commission has determined that the petition satisfies the requirement of Commission Rule 210.76 (a)(1) (19 CFR 210.76(a)(1)) that there be changed conditions of fact or law and that the remedial orders should be rescinded in part and modified. The Commission therefore has issued an order rescinding in part the LEO previously issued in this investigation with respect to respondents GPG and Trimone, modifying the LEO with respect to ELE and ELE’s distributors, and modifying the cease and desist orders directed to ELE’s distributors.

The authority for the Commission’s determination is contained in Section 337(k) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337(k)), and in section 210.76(b) of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 210.76(b)).

By order of the Commission.
Issued: March 24, 2011.
James R. Holbein,
Acting Secretary to the Commission.
[FR Doc. 2011–7412 Filed 3–29–11; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Proposed Consent Decree Under the Clean Air Act

Notice is hereby given that on March 21, 2011, a proposed Consent Decree in United States v. Mariana Acquisition Corp., Civil Action No. CV 11–0006, was lodged with the United States District Court for the Northern Marianas Islands.

The Consent Decree in this Clean Air Act enforcement action resolves allegations by the Environmental Protection Agency, asserted in a complaint filed together with the Consent Decree, under Section 113(b) of the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7413(b), for alleged environmental violations at Mariana Acquisition Corporation’s bulk gasoline terminal in Saipan, Northern Marianas Islands. The violations include failing to install a vapor collection system for collecting total volatile organic compounds (“VOCs”) displaced from tank trucks during product loading, as required by regulations promulgated under the New Source Performance Standards of the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7411(b)(1)(B), and VOC emissions exceeding those permitted by the regulations.

The proposed Consent Decree would require defendant to install the required vapor collection system, limit emissions of volatile organic compounds, and pay $826,000 in civil penalties to the United States.

The Department of Justice will receive comments relating to the proposed Consent Decrees for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, and either e-mailed to pubcomment-ees.enrd@usdoj.gov or mailed to P.O. Box 7611, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20044–7611, and should refer to the matter as United States v. Mariana Acquisition Corp., DOJ Ref. No. 90–5–2–1–09869.

The proposed Consent Decree may be examined at the following Regional Office of the United States Environmental Protection Agency: Region 9, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, California, 94105. The Consent Decree may also be examined at the Office of the United States Attorney, Sirena Plaza, Suite 500, 108 Hernan Cortez Avenue, Hagatna, Guam 96910, and also at 3rd Floor, Horiguchi Building, P.O. Box 500377, Saipan, MP 96910.

During the public comment period, the proposed agreements may also be