hereunder, including such records as are necessary to verify any reports required. Such records shall be retained for at least two years beyond the fiscal period of their applicability.

(b) Each importer of dairy products shall maintain and make available for inspection by the Secretary such books and records to verify that provisions pursuant to §1150.152(b) have been carried out correctly, including verification that correct amounts were paid based upon milk solids content of the imported dairy products. Such records shall be retained for at least two years beyond the calendar period of their applicability. Such information may include but not be limited to invoices, packing slips, bills of lading, laboratory test results, and letters from the manufacturer on the manufacturer’s letterhead stating the milk solids content of imported dairy products.

21 Section 1150.187 is revised to read as follows:

§1150.187 Paperwork Reduction Act assigned number.

The information collection and recordkeeping requirements contained in §§1150.133, 1150.152, 1150.153, 1150.171, 1150.172, and 1150.273 of these regulations (7 CFR part 1150) have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the provisions of 44 U.S.C. chapter 35 and have been assigned OMB Control Number 0581–0093 as appropriate.

Dated: March 14, 2011.

David R. Shipman,
Associate Administrator, Agricultural Marketing Service.

For further information contact:
Division of Risk Management Supervision and Consumer Protection:

Supplementary Information: As required by section 8(b) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. 1818(s), the FDIC’s regulation, 12 CFR 326.8, requires every State nonmember bank to establish and maintain procedures reasonably designed to assure and monitor its compliance with the requirements of the Bank Secrecy Act (“BSA”). 31 U.S.C. 5311 et seq., and the regulations implementing that statute (“BSA regulations”). In addition, the FDIC has regulations, 12 CFR part 334, which implement the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq. The Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN), an arm of the Department of the Treasury, recently amended the BSA regulations to reorganize and move them from 31 CFR Part 103 to Chapter X of Title 31 of the CFR. 75 FR 63806 et seq. (Oct. 26, 2010). Effective March 1, 2010, the BSA regulations governing State nonmember banks (as well as other federally-insured depository institutions) are contained in 31 CFR part 1010 et seq.

To conform to this change, the FDIC is amending a general cross-reference to the BSA regulations in 12 CFR 326.8, and specific cross-references to the Customer Identification Program (“CIP”), 31 CFR 103.121, in 12 CFR 326.8, 12 CFR 334.82, and Appendix J to Part 334. The CIP regulation, which is substantively unchanged, is now found at 31 CFR 1020.220.

Administrative Procedure Act

The Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 553(b) provides that a final regulation may be issued without prior notice or an opportunity for comment when the agency for good cause finds (and incorporates the finding and a brief statement of reasons therefor in the rules issued) that notice and public procedure thereon are impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest. The FDIC finds that good cause exists as the regulatory amendments are nonsubstantive, and therefore notice and public procedure are unnecessary. 5 U.S.C. 553(d) provides that the required publication or service of a substantive rule shall be made not less than 30 days before its effective date, with some exceptions. Since this is not a substantive rule, the rule is effective immediately upon publication in the Federal Register.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) does not apply to a rulemaking where a general notice of proposed rulemaking is not required. See 5 U.S.C. 603 and 604. As noted previously in the Supplementary Information section, the FDIC has determined, for good cause, that it is unnecessary to publish a notice of proposed rulemaking for this final rule. Accordingly, the RFA’s requirements relating to an initial and final regulatory flexibility analysis do not apply.

Paperwork Reduction Act

There are no information collection requirements in this final rule.

List of Subjects in 12 CFR Parts 326 and 334

Banks, banking, Currency, Insured nonmember banks, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, the FDIC hereby amends 12 CFR chapter III as follows:

PART 326—MINIMUM SECURITY DEVICES AND PROCEDURES AND BANK SECRECY ACT COMPLIANCE

1. The authority citation for part 326 continues to read as follows:


2. Revise §326.8 to read as follows:

§326.8 Bank Security Act compliance.

(a) Purpose. This subpart is issued to assure that all insured nonmember banks as defined in 12 CFR 326.1 establish and maintain procedures reasonably designed to assure and monitor their compliance with the requirements of subsection 53 of title 31, United States Code, and the implementing regulations promulgated thereunder by the Department of Treasury at 31 CFR Chapter X.

(b) Compliance procedures—

(1) Program requirement. Each bank shall develop and provide for the continued administration of a program reasonably designed to assure and monitor compliance with recordkeeping and reporting requirements set forth in subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, and the implementing regulations issued by the Department of Treasury at 31 CFR Chapter X. The compliance program shall be written, approved by the bank’s
board of directors, and noted in the minutes.

(2) Customer identification program.
Each bank is subject to the requirements of 31 U.S.C. 5318(l) and the implementing regulation jointly promulgated by the FDIC and the Department of the Treasury at 31 CFR 1020.220.

PART 334—FAIR CREDIT REPORTING

■ 3. The authority citation for part 334
continues to read:

■ 4. In §334.82, revise paragraph (c)(2)(i)(A) to read as follows:

§334.82 Duties of users regarding address discrepancies.
* * * * *
(c) * * *
(2) * * *
(i) * * *
(A) Obtains and uses to verify the consumer’s identity in accordance with the requirements of the Customer Identification Program (CIP) rules implementing 31 U.S.C. 5318(l) (31 CFR 1020.220);
* * * * *

■ 5. In Appendix J to Part 334, revise Section III, paragraph (a) to read as follows:

Appendix J to Part 334—Interagency Guidelines on Identity Theft Detection, Prevention, and Mitigation
* * * * *
III. Detecting Red Flags
* * * * *
(a) Obtaining identifying information about, and verifying the identity of, a person opening a covered account, for example, using the policies and procedures regarding identification and verification set forth in the Customer Identification Program rules implementing 31 U.S.C. 5318(l) (31 CFR 1020.220); and
* * * * *

Dated at Washington, DC, this 15th day of March 2011.
By order of the Board of Directors.
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Robert E. Feldman,
Executive Secretary.
[FR Doc. 2011–6460 Filed 3–17–11; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6714–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 25

[Docket No. NM436; Special Conditions No. 25–421–SC]

Special Conditions: Boeing Model 747–8 Airplanes, Systems and Data Networks Security—Isolation or Protection From Unauthorized Passenger Domain Systems Access

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final special conditions.

SUMMARY: These special conditions are issued for Boeing Model 747–8 airplanes. This airplane will have novel or unusual design features associated with connectivity of the passenger domain computer systems to the airplane critical systems and data networks. The applicable airworthiness regulations do not contain adequate or appropriate safety standards for these design features. These special conditions contain the additional safety standards that the Administrator considers necessary to establish a level of safety equivalent to that established by the existing airworthiness standards.

DATES: Effective Date: April 18, 2011


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On November 4, 2005, The Boeing Company, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, WA 98124, applied for an amendment to Type Certificate Number A20WE to include the new Model 747–8 passenger airplane. The Model 747–8 is a derivative of the 747–400. The Model 747–8 is a four-engine jet transport airplane that will have a maximum takeoff weight of 970,000 pounds and new General Electric GEnx–2B67 engines. The Model 747–8 will have two flight crew and the capacity to carry 605 passengers.

Type Certification Basis

Under the provisions of Title 14 Code of Federal Regulations (14 CFR) 21.101, Boeing must show that the Model 747–8 (hereafter referred to as the 747–8) continues to meet the applicable provisions of 14 CFR part 25, as amended by Amendments 25–1 through 25–117, except for §§ 25.809 and 25.812, which will remain at Amendment 25–115. These regulations will be incorporated into Type Certificate No. A20WE after type certification approval of the 747–8.

If the Administrator finds that the applicable airworthiness regulations (i.e., part 25) do not contain adequate or appropriate safety standards for the 747–8 because of a novel or unusual design feature, special conditions are prescribed under the provisions of §21.16.

Special conditions are initially applicable to the model for which they are issued. Should the type certificate for that model be amended later to include any other model that incorporates the same novel or unusual design feature, or should any other model already included on the same type certificate be modified to incorporate the same novel or unusual design feature, the special conditions would also apply to the other model under §21.101.

In addition to the applicable airworthiness regulations and special conditions, the 747–8 must comply with the fuel vent and exhaust emission requirements of 14 CFR part 34 and the noise certification requirements of 14 CFR part 36.

Special conditions, as defined in §11.19, are issued under §11.38, and become part of the type certification basis under §21.101.

Novel or Unusual Design Features

The Boeing Model 747–8 airplane will incorporate the following novel or unusual design features: Digital systems architecture composed of several connected networks. The network architecture would be used for a diverse set of functions, including:

1. Flight-safety related control, communication, and navigation systems (Aircraft Control Domain),
2. Airline business and administrative support (Airline Information Domain),
3. Passenger information and entertainment systems (Passenger Entertainment Domain), and
4. The capability to access data from or through network sources.

Discussion of Comments

Notice of proposed special conditions No. 25–10–01–SC for the Boeing Model 747–8 airplane was published in the Federal Register on December 9, 2010 (75 FR 76647). No comments were received and the special conditions are adopted as proposed.

Applicability

As discussed above, these special conditions are applicable to Boeing