

| Flooding source(s) | Location of referenced elevation** | *Elevation in feet (NGVD) + Elevation in feet (NAVD) # Depth in feet above ground ^ Elevation in meters (MSL) | | Communities affected |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|--|----------|----------------------|
| | | Effective | Modified | |

+ North American Vertical Datum.

Depth in feet above ground.

^ Mean Sea Level, rounded to the nearest 0.1 meter.

** BFEs to be changed include the listed downstream and upstream BFEs, and include BFEs located on the stream reach between the referenced locations above. Please refer to the revised Flood Insurance Rate Map located at the community map repository (see below) for exact locations of all BFEs to be changed.

Send comments to Luis Rodriguez, Chief, Engineering Management Branch, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street, SW., Washington, DC 20472.

ADDRESSES

City of Spearfish

Maps are available for inspection at the 625 5th Street, Spearfish, SD 57783.

Unincorporated Areas of Lawrence County

Maps are available for inspection at 90 Sherman Street, Deadwood, SD 57732.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 97.022, "Flood Insurance.")

Dated: February 7, 2011.

Sandra K. Knight,

Deputy Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administrator, Mitigation, Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency.

[FR Doc. 2011-5223 Filed 3-7-11; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Defense Acquisition Regulations System

48 CFR Parts 211, 212, and 252

[DFARS Case 2009-D043]

RIN 0750-AG83

Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement; Reporting of Government-Furnished Property

AGENCY: Defense Acquisition Regulations System; Department of Defense (DoD).

ACTION: Notice of public meeting on proposed rule—correction.

SUMMARY: DoD is proposing to amend the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) to revise and expand reporting requirements for Government-furnished property to include items uniquely and non-uniquely identified, and to clarify policy for contractor access to Government supply sources.

DATES: *Public Meeting:* DoD is hosting a public meeting to discuss the proposed rule on March 18, 2011, from 1 p.m. to 4 p.m. DST. DoD published a notice of the public meeting on March 1, 2011 (76

FR 11190). This notice contains the correct Web address to register for the meeting and provides additional information about the process for admittance to the meeting.

Attendees should register for the public meeting at least one week in advance to ensure adequate room accommodations and to facilitate admittance into the meeting. Registrants will be given priority if room constraints require limits on attendance. To register, go to—http://www.acq.osd.mil/dpap/dars/government_furnished_property.html and submit the following information:

- (1) Company or organization name;
- (2) Full names of persons attending;
- (3) Identity if desiring to speak; limit to a 10-minute presentation per company or organization;
- (4) Last four digits of social security number for each person attending (non-Federal employees only).

Send questions about registration or the submission of comments to the e-mail address identified at—http://www.acq.osd.mil/dpap/dars/government_furnished_property.html. Please cite "Public Meeting, DFARS Case 2009-D043" in the subject line of the e-mail.

ADDRESSES:

Public Meeting: The public meeting will be held in the General Services Administration (GSA) multipurpose room, 2nd floor, One Constitution Square (OCS), 1275 First Street, NE., Washington, DC 20417. Interested parties are encouraged to arrive at least 30 minutes early.

Federal employees: Upon arrival at OCS, attendees may enter through the main entrance and show their badge to the security officer behind the front desk prior to gaining admittance.

Non-Federal employees: Upon arrival at OCS, attendees must have a valid picture ID and enter through the visitor entrance. From there, they will be escorted to and from the meeting room by a designated GSA employee. If an attendee's name is not on the list provided to security in advance of the meeting, the attendee will still be allowed into the meeting, but admittance may be delayed.

If you wish to make a presentation, please contact and submit a copy of your presentation by March 11, 2011, to Ms. Clare Zebrowski, OUSD (AT&L) DPAP (DARS), 3060 Defense Pentagon, Room 3B855, Washington, DC 20302-3060; facsimile 703-602-0350. Please cite "Public Meeting, DFARS Case 2009-D043" in all correspondence related to this public meeting. The submitted presentations will be the only record of the public meeting. If you intend to have your presentation considered as a public comment to be considered in the formation of a final rule, the presentation must be submitted separately as a written comment as instructed below.

Special Accommodations: The public meeting is physically accessible to people with disabilities.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Clare Zebrowski, Telephone 703-602-0289; facsimile 703-602-0350. Please cite DFARS Case 2009-D043.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Background

DoD published a proposed rule in the **Federal Register** on December 22, 2010 (75 FR 80427). DoD published an extension of the public comment period on February 18, 2011 (75 FR 9527). The

public comment period ends on April 8, 2011.

Ynette R. Shelkin,

Editor, Defense Acquisition Regulations System.

[FR Doc. 2011-5218 Filed 3-7-11; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 17

[Docket No. FWS-R8-ES-2010-0028; MO 92210-0-0008]

Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; 12-Month Finding on a Petition To List the Mt. Charleston Blue Butterfly as Endangered or Threatened

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of 12-month petition finding.

SUMMARY: We, the Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), announce a 12-month finding on a petition to list the Mt. Charleston blue butterfly (*Plebejus shasta charlestonensis*) (formerly in genus *Icaricia*) as endangered or threatened under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended. After review of all available scientific and commercial information, we find that listing the Mt. Charleston blue butterfly is warranted. Currently, however, listing of the Mt. Charleston blue is precluded by higher priority actions to amend the Lists of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants. Upon publication of this 12-month petition finding, we will add the Mt. Charleston blue butterfly to our candidate species list. If an emergency situation develops with this subspecies that warrants an emergency listing, we will act immediately to provide additional protection. We will develop a proposed rule to list this subspecies as our priorities allow. We will make any determination on critical habitat during development of the proposed listing rule.

DATES: The finding announced in the document was made on March 8, 2011.

ADDRESSES: This finding is available on the Internet at <http://www.regulations.gov> at Docket Number FWS-R8-ES-2010-0028 and at <http://www.fws.gov/nevada>. Supporting documentation we used in preparing this finding is available for public inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours at the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Nevada Fish and

Wildlife Office, 4701 North Torrey Pines Drive, Las Vegas, NV 89130. Please submit any new information, materials, comments, or questions concerning this finding to the above street address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jill Ralston, Deputy Field Supervisor, Nevada Fish and Wildlife Office (*see ADDRESSES*); by telephone at (702) 515-5230; or by facsimile at (702) 515-5231. Persons who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at (800) 877-8339.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Section 4(b)(3)(B) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act) (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*), requires that, for any petition containing substantial scientific or commercial information indicating that listing the species may be warranted, we make a finding within 12 months of the date of the receipt of the petition. In this finding, we determine that the petitioned action is: (a) Not warranted, (b) warranted, or (c) warranted, but the immediate proposal of a regulation implementing the petitioned action is precluded by other pending proposals to determine whether species are endangered or threatened, and expeditious progress is being made to add or remove qualified species from the Federal Lists of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants. Section 4(b)(3)(C) of the Act requires that we treat a petition for which the requested action is found to be warranted but precluded as though resubmitted on the date of such finding, that is, requiring a subsequent finding to be made within 12 months. We must publish these 12-month findings in the **Federal Register**.

Previous Federal Actions

On October 20, 2005, we received a petition dated October 20, 2005, from The Urban Wildlands Group, Inc., requesting that we emergency list the Mt. Charleston blue butterfly (Mt. Charleston blue) (*Plebejus shasta charlestonensis*) (formerly in genus *Icaricia*) as an endangered or threatened species. In a letter dated April 20, 2006, we responded to the petitioner that our initial review did not indicate that an emergency situation existed, but that if conditions changed an emergency rule could be developed. On May 30, 2007, we published a 90-day petition finding (72 FR 29933) in which we concluded that the petition provided substantial information indicating that listing of the Mt. Charleston blue may be warranted, and we initiated a status review. On February 17, 2010, the Center for

Biological Diversity filed a complaint in United States District Court, Eastern District of California, indicating that the Service failed to take required actions on seven separate petitions for listed species found throughout the western United States including the Mt. Charleston blue. *On April 26, 2010, CBD amended its complaint in Center for Biological Diversity v. Salazar, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Case No.: 1:10-cv-230-PLF (D.D.C.), adding an allegation that the Service failed to issue its 12-month petition finding on the Mount Charleston blue butterfly within the mandatory statutory timeframe.* This notice constitutes the 12-month finding on the October 20, 2005, petition to list the Mt. Charleston blue as endangered or threatened.

Species Information

Taxonomy

The Mt. Charleston blue is a distinctive subspecies of the wider ranging Shasta blue butterfly (*Plebejus shasta*), which is a member of the Lycaenidae family. Pelham (2008, pp. 25-26) recognized seven subspecies of Shasta blue: *P. s. shasta*, *P. s. calchas*, *P. s. pallidissima*, *P. s. minnehaha*, *P. s. charlestonensis*, *P. s. pitkinensis*, and *P. s. platazul*. The Mt. Charleston blue is known only from the high elevations of the Spring Mountains, located approximately 25 miles (mi) (40 kilometers (km)) west of Las Vegas in Clark County, Nevada (Austin 1980, p. 20; Scott 1986, p. 410). The first mention of the Mt. Charleston blue as a unique taxon was in 1928 by Garth, who recognized it as distinct from the species Shasta blue (Austin 1980, p. 20). Howe, in 1975 (as cited in Austin 1980, p. 20), described specimens from the Spring Mountains as *P. s. shasta* form *comstocki*. However, in 1976, Ferris (as cited in Austin 1980, p. 20) placed the Mt. Charleston blue with the wider ranging Minnehaha blue subspecies. Finally, Austin asserted that Ferris had not included populations from the Sierra Nevada in his study, and that in light of the geographic isolation and distinctiveness of the Shasta blue population in the Spring Mountains and the presence of at least three other well-defined races of butterflies endemic to the area, it was appropriate to name this population as the individual subspecies Mt. Charleston blue (*P. s. charlestonensis*) (Austin 1980, p. 20). Our use of the genus name *Plebejus*, rather than the synonym *Icaricia*, reflects recent treatments of butterfly taxonomy (Opler and Warren 2003, p. 30; Pelham 2008, p. 265).