

Pellet powder.
 Penthrinite composition.
 Pentolite.
 Perchlorate explosive mixtures.
 Peroxide based explosive mixtures.
 PETN [nitropentaerythrite, pentaerythrite tetranitrate, pentaerythritol tetranitrate].
 Picramic acid and its salts.
 Picramide.
 Picrate explosives.
 Picrate of potassium explosive mixtures.
 Picratol.
 Picric acid (manufactured as an explosive).
 Picryl chloride.
 Picryl fluoride.
 PLX [95% nitromethane, 5% ethylenediamine].
 Polynitro aliphatic compounds.
 Polyolpolynitrate-nitrocellulose explosive gels.
 Potassium chlorate and lead sulfocyanate explosive.
 Potassium nitrate explosive mixtures.
 Potassium nitroaminotetrazole.
 Pyrotechnic compositions.
 PYY [2,6-bis(picrylamino)] 3,5-dinitropyridine.

R

RDX [cyclonite, hexogen, T4, cyclo-1,3,5,-trimethylene-2,4,6,-trinitramine; hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-S-triazine].

S

Safety fuse.
 Salts of organic amino sulfonic acid explosive mixture.
 Salutes (bulk).
 Silver acetylde.
 Silver azide.
 Silver fulminate.
 Silver oxalate explosive mixtures.
 Silver styphnate.
 Silver tartrate explosive mixtures.
 Silver tetrazene.
 Slurried explosive mixtures of water, inorganic oxidizing salt, gelling agent, fuel, and sensitizer (cap sensitive).
 Smokeless powder.
 Sodamol.
 Sodium amatol.
 Sodium azide explosive mixture.
 Sodium dinitro-ortho-cresolate.
 Sodium nitrate explosive mixtures.
 Sodium nitrate-potassium nitrate explosive mixture.
 Sodium picramate.
 Special fireworks.
 Squibs.
 Styphnic acid explosives.

T

Tacot [tetranitro-2,3,5,6-dibenzo-1,3a,4,6a tetrazapentalene].
 TATB [triaminotrinitrobenzene].
 TATP [triacetonetriperoxide].

TEGDN [triethylene glycol dinitrate].
 Tetranitrocarbazole.
 Tetrazene [tetracene, tetrazine, 1(5-tetrazolyl)-4-guanyl tetrazene hydrate].
 Tetrazole explosives.
 Tetryl [2,4,6 tetranitro-N-methylaniline].
 Tetrytol.
 Thickened inorganic oxidizer salt slurried explosive mixture.
 TMETN [trimethylolethane trinitrate].
 TNEF [trinitroethyl formal].
 TNEOC [trinitroethylorthocarbonate].
 TNEOF [trinitroethylorthoformate].
 TNT [trinitrotoluene, trotyl, trilitite, triton].
 Torpex.
 Tridite.
 Trimethylol ethyl methane trinitrate composition.
 Trimethylolthane trinitrate-nitrocellulose.
 Trimonite.
 Trinitroanisole.
 Trinitrobenzene.
 Trinitrobenzoic acid.
 Trinitrocresol.
 Trinitro-meta-cresol.
 Trinitronaphthalene.
 Trinitrophenetol.
 Trinitrophenol.
 Trinitrophenol.
 Trinitroresorcinol.
 Tritonal.

U

Urea nitrate.

W

Water-bearing explosives having salts of oxidizing acids and nitrogen bases, sulfates, or sulfamates (cap sensitive).
 Water-in-oil emulsion explosive compositions.

X

Xanthamonas hydrophilic colloid explosive mixture.

Approved: November 5, 2010.

Kenneth E. Melson

Deputy Director.

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**Office of Justice Programs**

[OJP (OJJDP) Docket No. 1532]

Meeting of the Federal Advisory Committee on Juvenile Justice

AGENCY: Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, Office of Justice Programs, Justice.

ACTION: Notice of Meeting.

SUMMARY: The Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP)

announces the Fall meeting of the Federal Advisory Committee on Juvenile Justice (FACJJ), to be held in Washington, DC December 2 and 3, 2010.

DATES AND LOCATIONS: The meeting will take place in the 3rd floor main conference room of the Office of Justice Programs, 810 Seventh Street, NW., Washington, DC 20531. The meeting dates and times are as follows: Thursday, December 2, 2010 8 a.m. to 5:15 p.m. and Friday, December 3, 2010 8 a.m. to 9:30 a.m.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robin Delany-Shabazz, Designated Federal Official, OJJDP, *Robin.Delany-Shabazz@usdoj.gov*, or 202-307-9963. [Note: This is not a toll-free number.]

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Federal Advisory Committee on Juvenile Justice (FACJJ), established pursuant to Section 3(2)A of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App. 2), will meet to carry out its advisory functions under Section 223(f)(2)(C-E) of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 2002. The FACJJ is composed of one representative from each state and territory. FACJJ duties include: reviewing Federal policies regarding juvenile justice and delinquency prevention; advising the OJJDP Administrator with respect to particular functions and aspects of OJJDP; and advising the President and Congress with regard to State perspectives on the operation of OJJDP and Federal legislation pertaining to juvenile justice and delinquency prevention. More information may be found at <http://www.facjj.org>.

Meeting Agenda

Thursday, December 2, 2010—8 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.

The agenda will include: (a) An update from the Administrator; (b) presentation from and discussion with staff of the Office of Sex Offender Sentencing, Monitoring, Apprehending, Registering, and Tracking on the guidelines to implement the Sexual Offender Registration and Notification Act as it pertains to youth sex offenders; (c) discussion of plans for a restructured FACJJ and options for selecting regional SAG representation; (d) discussion of compliance-related issues; (e) review of planned presentation to the Coordinating Council; and (f) roundtable discussions focused on sharing innovative practices and SAG-to-SAG consultation on local matters with fellow members.

Friday, December 3, 2010—8 a.m. to 9:30 a.m.

The agenda will include (a) a recap of the prior day's discussions; (b) any remaining business; (c) presentation of member certificates; and (d) adjournment of the meeting.

For security purposes, members of the FACJJ and of the public who wish to attend, must pre-register online at <http://www.facjj.org> by Monday, November 29, 2010. Should problems arise with web registration, call Daryel Dunston at 240-221-4343. [Note: These are not toll-free telephone numbers.] Photo identification will be required. Additional identification documents may be required. Space is limited.

Written Comments

Interested parties may submit written comments by Monday, November 29, 2010, to Robin Delany-Shabazz, Designated Federal Official for the Federal Advisory Committee on Juvenile Justice, OJJDP, at Robin.Delany-Shabazz@usdoj.gov. Alternatively, fax your comments to 202-307-2819 and call Joyce Mosso Stokes at 202-305-4445 to ensure its receipt. [Note: These are not toll-free numbers.] No oral presentations will be permitted. Written questions and comments from attendees may be invited.

Dated: November 10, 2010.

Marilyn Roberts,

Deputy Administrator, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention.

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Notice of Determinations Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance for workers by (TA-W) number issued during the period of October 25, 2010 through October 29, 2010.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made for workers of a primary firm and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222(a) of the Act must be met.

I. Under Section 222(a)(2)(A), the following must be satisfied:

(1) A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

(2) The sales or production, or both, of such firm have decreased absolutely; and

(3) One of the following must be satisfied:

(A) Imports of articles or services like or directly competitive with articles produced or services supplied by such firm have increased;

(B) Imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles into which one or more component parts produced by such firm are directly incorporated, have increased;

(C) Imports of articles directly incorporating one or more component parts produced outside the United States that are like or directly competitive with imports of articles incorporating one or more component parts produced by such firm have increased;

(D) Imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles which are produced directly using services supplied by such firm, have increased; and

(4) The increase in imports contributed importantly to such workers' separation or threat of separation and to the decline in the sales or production of such firm; or

II. Section 222(a)(2)(B) all of the following must be satisfied:

(1) A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

(2) One of the following must be satisfied:

(A) There has been a shift by the workers' firm to a foreign country in the production of articles or supply of services like or directly competitive with those produced/supplied by the workers' firm;

(B) There has been an acquisition from a foreign country by the workers' firm of articles/services that are like or directly competitive with those produced/supplied by the workers' firm; and

(3) The shift/acquisition contributed importantly to the workers' separation or threat of separation.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made for adversely affected workers in public agencies and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222(b) of the Act must be met.

(1) A significant number or proportion of the workers in the public agency have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

(2) The public agency has acquired from a foreign country services like or directly competitive with services which are supplied by such agency; and

(3) The acquisition of services contributed importantly to such workers' separation or threat of separation.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made for adversely affected secondary workers of a firm and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222(c) of the Act must be met.

(1) A significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

(2) The workers' firm is a Supplier or Downstream Producer to a firm that employed a group of workers who received a certification of eligibility under Section 222(a) of the Act, and such supply or production is related to the article or service that was the basis for such certification; and

(3) Either—

(A) The workers' firm is a supplier and the component parts it supplied to the firm described in paragraph (2) accounted for at least 20 percent of the production or sales of the workers' firm; or

(B) A loss of business by the workers' firm with the firm described in paragraph (2) contributed importantly to the workers' separation or threat of separation.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made for adversely affected workers in firms identified by the International Trade Commission and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222(f) of the Act must be met.

(1) The workers' firm is publicly identified by name by the International Trade Commission as a member of a domestic industry in an investigation resulting in—

(A) An affirmative determination of serious injury or threat thereof under section 202(b)(1);

(B) An affirmative determination of market disruption or threat thereof under section 421(b)(1); or

(C) An affirmative final determination of material injury or threat thereof under section 705(b)(1)(A) or 735(b)(1)(A) of