DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
International Trade Administration
[A–570–947]

Certain Steel Grating From the People’s Republic of China: Notice of Correction to the Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Antidumping Duty Order

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

DATES: Effective Date: November 15, 2010.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Correction

On June 8, 2010, the Department of Commerce (the Department) published the final results of the investigation for certain steel grating from the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”). See Certain Steel Grating From the People’s Republic of China: Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, 75 FR 32366 (June 8, 2010) (“Final Determination”). On July 23, 2010, the Department published the antidumping duty order pursuant to the investigation. See Certain Steel Grating from the People’s Republic of China: Antidumping Duty Order, 75 FR 43143 (July 23, 2010) (“Order”). Subsequent to the announcement and release of the Final Determination and Order, the Department identified an inadvertent error in both Federal Register notices. Specifically, the Final Determination and Order incorrectly reversed the headings for the “Manufacturer” and “Exporter” in the rate tables printed in the notices. As a result of these errors, the notices incorrectly indicated that a combination rate was applicable to Ningbo Haitian International Co., Ltd. (“Ningbo Haitian”) as the manufacturer and Ningbo Lihong Steel Grating Co., Ltd (“Ningbo Lihong”) as the exporter. See Final Determination, 75 FR at 32369; see also Order, 75 FR at 43144. The notices should have indicated that Ningbo Haitian was the exporter, and that Ningbo Lihong was the manufacturer. The revised rate table should read as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exporter</th>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
<th>Antidumping duty percent margin</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sinosteel Yantai Steel Grating Co., Ltd</td>
<td>Sinosteel Yantai Steel Grating Co., Ltd</td>
<td>136.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ningbo Haitian International Co., Ltd</td>
<td>Ningbo Lihong Steel Grating Co., Ltd</td>
<td>136.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yantai Xinke Steel Structure Co., Ltd</td>
<td>Yantai Xinke Steel Structure Co., Ltd</td>
<td>136.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRC-wide Entity</td>
<td></td>
<td>145.18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\[1\] Ningbo Jiulong Machinery Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Ningbo Zhenhai Jiulong Electronic Equipment Factory and Shanghai DAHE Grating Co., Ltd. are part of the PRC-wide entity.

This notice is published in accordance with section 777(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended.


Ronald K. Lorentzen,
Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
International Trade Administration
[A–533–502]

Certain Welded Carbon Steel Standard Pipes and Tubes From India: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.


Since publishing the Preliminary Results, we extended the due date for completion of these final results from October 12, 2010, to November 5, 2010. See Certain Welded Carbon Steel Standard Pipes and Tubes from India: Extension of the Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review, 75 FR 63439 (October 15, 2010).

We invited interested parties to comment on the Preliminary Results. We received timely submitted case briefs from LMEL/LLPL and LSIL. We also received a timely submitted case brief from Shamrock Building Materials, Inc., an importer of subject merchandise. Additionally, we received a timely submitted rebuttal case brief from a domestic interested party, Allied Tube and Conduit Corporation. No parties requested a hearing.

\[1\] See memorandum entitled “Certain Welded Carbon Steel Standard Pipes and Tubes From India—Affiliation and Whether to Collapse Two Separate Entities” dated June 7, 2010.
We have conducted this administrative review in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

Scope of the Order

The products covered by the order include certain welded carbon steel standard pipes and tubes with an outside diameter of 0.375 inch or more but not over 16 inches. These products are commonly referred to in the industry as standard pipes and tubes produced to various American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM) specifications, most notably A–53, A–120, or A–135.

The antidumping duty order on certain welded carbon steel standard pipes and tubes from India, published on May 12, 1986, included standard scope language which used the import classification system as defined by Tariff Schedules of the United States, Annotated (TSUSA). The United States developed a system of tariff classification based on the international harmonized system of customs nomenclature. On January 1, 1989, the U.S. tariff schedules were fully converted from the TSUSA to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS). See, e.g., Certain Welded Carbon Steel Standard Pipes and Tubes from India; Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews, 56 FR 26650, 26651 (June 10, 1991). As a result of this transition, the scope language we used in the 1991 Federal Register notice is slightly different from the scope language of the original final determination and antidumping duty order.

Until January 1, 1989, such merchandise was classifiable under item numbers 610.3231, 610.3234, 610.3241, 610.3242, 610.3243, 610.3252, 610.3254, 610.3256, 610.3258, and 610.4925 of the TSUSA. This merchandise is currently classifiable under HTS item numbers 7306.30.1000, 7306.30.2000, 7306.30.5032, 7306.30.5040, 7306.30.5055, 7306.30.5085, 7306.30.5090. As with the TSUSA numbers, the HTS numbers are provided for convenience and customs purposes. The written product description remains dispositive.

Duty Absorption

As stated in the Preliminary Results, 75 FR at 33580, the Department has not conducted a duty-absorption inquiry as requested in this segment of the proceeding because the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit held that the Department lacks the authority to conduct such inquiries for reviews of transition orders. See FAG Italia S.p.A. v. United States, 291 F.3d 806, 819 (CAFC 2002). The order on certain welded carbon steel standard pipes and tubes from India is a transition order, having gone into effect in 1986.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs by parties to this administrative review are addressed in the “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Antidumping Duty Administrative Review of Certain Welded Carbon Steel Standard Pipes and Tubes from India for the Period of Review May 1, 2008, through April 30, 2009” (Decision Memorandum) from Susan H. Kuhbach, Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations, to Edward C. Yang, Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, dated November 30, 2010, and thereby adopted by this notice. A list of the issues which parties have raised and to which we have responded is in the Decision Memorandum and attached to this notice as an Appendix. The Decision Memorandum, which is a public document, is on file in the Department’s Central Records Unit of the main Commerce building, Room 7046, and is accessible on the Internet at http://trade.gov/ia. The paper copy and electronic version of the Decision Memorandum are identical in content.

Changes Since the Preliminary Results

Based on the analysis of comments received, we have made certain changes since the Preliminary Results.

Specifically, with respect to sales by LML/LLPL to trading companies, for export price we used the whole gross price as reported by LML/LLPL. For these sales to trading companies, we did not deduct the trading-company discount from the gross unit price as we did in the Preliminary Results because the trading-company discount represents the difference in price between the value paid for the goods by the trading company and the value that the trading company invoiced the final U.S. customer under LML/LLPL’s direction. We did not deduct bank charges from export price for some sales to Indian trading companies because these bank charges were billed to the trading company and not to LML/LLPL. We removed the value of a credit memo from the numerator of the warranty-expense allocation and determined the value of this credit memo to be a post-sale adjustment to export price instead of a warranty expense. For transactions involved in this credit memo we used an average export price that reflects the single per-unit price to which the parties agreed in a renegotiated sales contract. Finally, for the denominator of the warranty-expense allocation we used the total quantity of sales during the period of review instead of the total quantity of entries. See Decision Memorandum for a full discussion of the issues.

Final Results of the Review

As a result of our review, we determine that the following percentage weighted-average dumping margins exist on certain welded carbon steel standard pipes and tubes from India for the period May 1, 2008, through April 30, 2009:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Producer and/or exporter</th>
<th>Margin (percent)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lloyds Metals &amp; Engineers Limited (LML)</td>
<td>6.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lloyds Steel Industries Limited (LSIL)</td>
<td>6.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jindal Pipes Limited</td>
<td>6.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maharaja Sarda Steel Limited</td>
<td>6.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Llakalu Trading Pvt. Ltd</td>
<td>6.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ratnamani Metals Tubes Ltd</td>
<td>6.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Universal Tube and Plastic Ind</td>
<td>6.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ushevde International Ltd</td>
<td>6.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uttam Galva Steels Ltd</td>
<td>6.33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*No shipments or sales subject to this review. The firm has no individual rate from any segment of this proceeding.

** No shipments or sales subject to this review. This company reported that its supplier had knowledge that its merchandise was destined for the United States.

Assessment Rates

The Department shall determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1).

For these final results, we divided the total dumping margins (calculated as the difference between normal value and export price) for LML/LLPL’s importers or customers by the total number of metric tons LML/LLPL sold to the importers or customers. We will direct CBP to assess the resulting per-metric-ton dollar amount against each metric ton of merchandise in each importer’s/customer’s entries during the review period. Additionally, because we have collapsed LML and LLPL (see Preliminary Results, 75 FR at 33581), we will instruct CBP to liquidate entries of LLPL-produced merchandise at the LML/LLPL rate.

The Department clarified its automatic-assessment regulation on May 6, 2003. This clarification applies to entries of subject merchandise during the period of review produced by LML/LLPL for which LML/LLPL did not know its merchandise was destined...
for the United States. In such instances, we will instruct CBP to liquidate unreviewed entries of merchandise produced by LMEL/LLPL at the all-others rate if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction. For a full discussion of this clarification, see Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Assessment of Antidumping Duties, 68 FR 23954 (May 6, 2003) (Assessment of Antidumping Duties).

Consistent with Assessment of Antidumping Duties, for companies which claimed they had no shipments of subject merchandise to the United States, i.e., LSIL and Universal Tube and Plastic Ind., if any entries of subject merchandise produced by these entities entered into the United States during the period of review, we will instruct CBP to liquidate the unreviewed entries of merchandise at the all-others rate.

With respect to entries by companies that were not selected for individual examination, that were not selected for individual examination, we will instruct CBP to liquidate the unreviewed entries of merchandise produced and/or exported by these firms at 6.33 percent, the rate established for LMEL/LLPL. See Preliminary Results, 75 FR at 33579.

For companies which reported that their supplier (LMEL) had knowledge that its merchandise was destined for the United States, i.e., Makalu Trading Pvt. Ltd., Uttam Galva Steels Ltd., and Ushdev International Ltd., and otherwise had no shipments or sales of their own, we will instruct CBP to liquidate entries of merchandise produced and/or exported by these firms at 6.33 percent, the rate established for LMEL/LLPL. See Preliminary Results, 75 FR at 33579.

The Department intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP 15 days after the date of publication of these final results of review.

Cash-Deposit Requirements

The following deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of these final results of administrative review for all shipments of certain welded carbon steel standard pipes and tubes from India entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication, as provided by section 751(1)(A) of the Act: (1) The cash-deposit rates for companies under review will be the rates listed above; (2) for previously reviewed or investigated companies not listed above, the cash-deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recent period for that company; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a prior review, or the less-than-fair-value investigation but the manufacturer is, the cash-deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recent period for the manufacturer of the merchandise; (4) if neither the exporter nor the manufacturer has its own rate, the cash-deposit rate will be the all-others rate for this proceeding, 7.08 percent. See Antidumping Duty Order: Certain Welded Carbon Steel Standard Pipes and Tubes from India, 51 FR 17384 (May 12, 1986). These deposit requirements shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notifications

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Department’s presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of doubled antidumping duties.

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely notification of the destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

We are issuing and publishing these results in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: November 5, 2010.

Edward C. Yang,
Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

Appendix

1. Date of Sale
2. Universe of Sales
3. Adjustment to Sales Price
4. Warranty Expense
5. Trading-Company Discount
6. Bank Charges
7. Credit-Expense Period

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
International Trade Administration
[A–570–855]

Non-Frozen Apple Juice Concentrate
From the People’s Republic of China:
Final Results of Sunset Review and Revocation of Order

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: On October 1, 2010, the Department of Commerce (“Department”) initiated the sunset review of the antidumping duty order on non-frozen apple juice concentrate from the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”). Because the domestic interested parties did not participate in this sunset review, the Department is revoking this antidumping duty order.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On June 5, 2000, the Department issued an antidumping duty order on certain non-frozen apple juice concentrate from the PRC. See Notice of Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Antidumping Duty Order: Certain Non-Frozen Apple Juice Concentrate From the People’s Republic of China, 65 FR 35606 (June 5, 2000). On November 2, 2005, the Department published its most recent continuation of the order. See Notice of Continuation of Antidumping Duty Order on Certain Non-Frozen Apple Juice Concentrate from the People’s Republic of China, 70 FR 66349 (November 2, 2005) (“Notice of Continuation”). On October 1, 2010, the Department initiated a sunset review of this order. See Initiation of Five-Year (“Sunset”) Review, 75 FR 60731 (October 1, 2010).

We did not receive a notice of intent to participate from domestic interested parties in this sunset review by the deadline date. As a result, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(iii)(A), the Department determined that no domestic interested party intends to participate in this sunset review, and on October 21, 2010, was notified the International Trade Commission, in writing, that we intended to issue a final determination revoking this