**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**Office of the Secretary**

**Privacy Act of 1974: System of Records**

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

**ACTION:** Notice to modify a system of records.

**SUMMARY:** DOT proposes to modify a system of records under the Privacy Act of 1974. The system is FAA’s Aviation Records on Individuals, which is being modified to reflect: (1) One new routine use and (2) clarity to the purpose of the system. This system would not duplicate any other DOT system of records.

**DATES:** Effective Date: December 20, 2010. If no comments are received, the proposal will become effective on the above date. If comments are received, the comments will be considered and, where adopted, the documents will be republished with changes.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Habib Azarsina, Departmental Privacy Officer, Department of Transportation, Office of the Secretary, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., Washington, DC 20003, 202–366–1965 (telephone), habib.azarsina@dot.gov (Internet address).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Department of Transportation system of records notice subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended, has been published in the Federal Register and is available from the above-mentioned address.

**BILLING CODE 8025–01–P**

**For Physical Damage:**

| Non-Profit Organizations With Credit Available Elsewhere | 3.625 |
| Homeowners Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 5.000 |
| Homeowners With Credit Available Elsewhere | 2.500 |
| Businesses With Credit Available Elsewhere | 6.000 |
| Businesses Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 4.000 |
| Non-Profit Organizations With Credit Available Elsewhere | 4.000 |
| Non-Profit Organizations Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 3.000 |

**For Economic Injury:**

| Non-Profit Organizations Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 3.000 |
| Businesses & Small Agricultural Cooperatives Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 4.000 |
| Non-Profit Organizations Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 4.000 |

The number assigned to this disaster for physical damage is 12370 4 and for economic injury is 12371 0.

The States which received an EIDL Declaration # are: California, (Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers 59002 and 59008)
regulations and statutes or orders issued thereunder (see generally 49 U.S.C. 40101 et seq., 44101 et seq., 45101 et seq., 46101 et seq.; FAA regulations, 14 CFR Parts 1–199; hazardous materials regulations, 49 CFR Parts 171–180; and drug and alcohol testing regulations, 49 CFR Part 40).

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:
- Name, date of birth, place of residence, mailing address, social security number, and airman certificate number.
- Records that are required to determine the physical or mental condition of an individual with respect to medical standards established by FAA.
- Records concerning drug or alcohol testing, test results, or refusal to submit to testing under a DOT-required testing program.
- Records concerning applications for certification, applications for knowledge examinations, results of knowledge tests, applications for inspection authority, certificates held, ratings, stop orders, and requests for replacement certificates.
- Reports of fatal accidents, autopsies, toxicological studies, aviation medical examiner reports, medical record printouts, nonfatal reports, injury reports, accident name cards, magnetic tape records of fatal accidents, physiological autopsy, and consulting pathologist’s summary of findings.
- Records of accident investigations, preliminary notices of accident injury reports, engineering analyses, witness statements, investigators’ analyses, and pictures of accident scenes.
- Records concerning safety compliance notices, informal actions, warning notices, oral or written counseling, letters of correction, letters of investigation, notices of proposed legal enforcement action, final action legal documents in enforcement actions, and correspondence of Regional Counsels, the Aeronautical Center Counsel, Chief Counsels, and others in enforcement cases.
- All records on individuals within FAA databases for which the Safety Performance Analysis System (SPAS) is a software interface (i.e., inspection, surveillance, and investigation records concerning individuals, in systems including but not limited to: Accident/Incident Database System (AIDS), Air Transportation Oversight System (ATOS), Enforcement Information System (EIS), National Program Tracking and Reporting System (PTRS), National Vital Information System (VIS), and the Drug Abatement Division’s Compliance and Enforcement Tracking System (CETS)).
- SPAS-related enforcement records maintained in Chief Counsel, Regional Counsel, and Aeronautical Center Counsel offices.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

PURPOSE(S):
This system is the official repository of aviation records on individuals that are required to be maintained in connection with FAA’s oversight and enforcement of compliance with safety regulations and statutes and orders issued thereunder or that are required to be made available, upon request, to other agencies, certain members of the public (e.g., Aviation Medical Examiners), or the public at large.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:
(a) Provide basic airmen certification and qualification information to the public upon request; examples of basic information include:
- The type of certificates and ratings held;
- The date, class, and restrictions of the latest physical airman’s certificate number;
- The status of the airman’s certificate (i.e., whether it is current or has been amended, modified, suspended or revoked for any reason);
- The airman’s home address, unless requested by the airman to be withheld from public disclosure per 49 U.S.C. 44703(c);
- Information relating to an individual’s physical status or condition used to determine statistically the validity of FAA medical standards; and
- Information relating to an individual’s eligibility for medical certification, requests for exemption from medical requirements, and requests for review of certificate denials.

(b) Use contact information to inform airmen of meetings and seminars conducted by the FAA regarding aviation safety.
(c) Disclose information to the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) in connection with its investigation responsibilities.

(d) Provide information about airmen to Federal, State, local and Tribal law enforcement agencies when engaged in an official investigation in which an airman is involved.

(e) Provide information about enforcement actions or orders issued thereunder to government agencies, the aviation industry, and the public upon request.

(f) Make records of delinquent civil penalties owed to the FAA available to the U.S. Department of the Treasury (Treasury) and the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) for collection pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3711(g).

(g) Make records of effective orders against the certificates of airmen available to their employers if the airmen use the affected certificates to perform job responsibilities for those employers.

(h) Make airmen records available to users of FAA’s Safety Performance Analysis System (SPAS), including the Department of Defense Commercial Airlift Division’s Air Carrier Analysis Support System (ACAS) for its use in identifying safety hazards and risk areas, targeting inspection efforts for certificate holders of greatest risk, and monitoring the effectiveness of targeted oversight actions.

(i) Make records of an individual’s positive drug test result, alcohol test result of 0.04 or greater breath alcohol concentration, or refusal to submit to testing required under a DOT-required testing program, available to third parties, including employers and prospective employers of such individuals. Such records will also contain the names and titles of individuals who, in their commercial capacity, administer the drug and alcohol testing programs of aviation entities.

(j) Provide information about airmen through the airmen registry certification system to the Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child Support Enforcement, and the Federal Parent Locator Service that locates non-custodial parents who owe child support. Records in this system are used to identify airmen to the child support agencies nationwide in enforcing child support obligations, establishing paternities, establishing and modifying support orders and location of obligors. Records named within the section on Categories of Records will be retrieved using Connect: Direct through the Social Security Administration’s secure environment.

(k) Make personally identifiable information about airmen available to other Federal agencies for the purpose of verifying the accuracy and completeness of medical information provided to FAA in connection with applications for airmen medical certification.

(l) Make records of past airmen medical certification history data available to Aviation Medical Examiners (AMEs) on a routine basis so that AMEs
may render the best medical certification decision.

(m) Make airman, aircraft and operator record elements available to users of FAA’s Skywatch system, including the Department of Defense (DoD), the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), the Department of Justice (DOJ) and other authorized government users, for their use in managing, tracking and reporting aviation-related security events.

(n) Provide information about airmen to Federal, State, local, and Tribal law enforcement, national security or homeland security agencies whenever such agencies are engaged in the performance of threat assessments affecting the safety of transportation or national security.

(0) See Prefatory Statement of General Routine Uses.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:
Records are maintained in file folders, on lists and forms, and in computer processing storage media. Records are also stored on microfiche, on roll microfilm, and as electronic images.

RETRIEVABILITY:
Records may be retrieved by name, birth date, sex, Social Security number, airman certificate number, or other identification number of the individual on whom the records are maintained; or by medical identification number, accident number and/or incident number, and enforcement investigative report number or docket number.

SAFEGUARDS:
Manual records: Strict information handling procedures have been developed to cover the use, transmission, storage, and destination of personal data in hard copy form. The procedures are periodically reviewed for compliance with applicable laws. Automated Processing Records in FAA–Administered Systems: Computer processing of personal information is conducted within established FAA computer security regulations. A risk assessment of the FAA facility is performed prior to the implementation of the system of records. Automated Processing Records in Commercial Computer Contractor-Administered Systems: Computer programs are operated on commercial security levels and record element restrictions to prevent release of data to unauthorized parties.

RECORDS ACCESS PROCEDURE:
Individuals who desire access to information in this system of records should make a written request to, or an appointment with, the appropriate system manager. Each request should describe the particular record to the fullest extent possible, including the subject matter of the record, and, if known, the date when it was made, where it was made, and the originating person or office. Each request must also include a statement under penalty of perjury that the requester is the individual who he or she claims to be.

PROCEDURES FOR CONTESTING RECORDS:
Individuals who desire to contest information about themselves contained in the system of records should make their request in writing, detailing the reasons why the records should be corrected, and submit the request to the attention of the FAA official responsible for the record at the address appearing in this notice. The request must include a statement under penalty of perjury that the requester is the individual who he or she claims to be.

RECORDS SOURCE CATEGORIES:
(a) Medical Records are obtained from Aviation Medical Examiners (AME’s), the individual to whom the records pertain, consultants, hospitals, treating or examining physicians, and Federal/State/local/Tribal Government agencies.
(b) Airmen Certification Records are obtained from the individual to whom
the records pertain, FAA aviation safety inspectors, and FAA designated representatives.

c. General Aviation Accident/Incident Records and Air Carrier Incident Records are obtained from Aviation Medical Examiners, pathologists, accident investigation records, medical laboratories, Federal/State/local/Tribal law enforcement officials, and FAA employees. Data are also collected from manufacturers of aircraft and involved passengers.

d. Informal Action, Administrative Action and Legal Enforcement Records are obtained from witnesses, the Offices of the Chief Counsel, Regional Counsels and Aeronautical Center Counsel, the National Transportation Safety Board, Office of Security and Hazardous Materials (ASH) personnel, Flight Standards personnel, Office of Aviation Safety (AVS) personnel and Aeronautical Center personnel.

e. Drug and alcohol testing records and records relating to test results and refusal to submit to testing are obtained from the individual to whom the records pertain, current or previous employers, witnesses, FAA Drug Abatement inspectors, service agents providing drug and alcohol testing services for employers, and other Federal/State/local/Tribal Government agencies.

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THIS SYSTEM:

Records in this system that relate to administrative actions and legal enforcement actions are exempted from certain access and disclosure requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(k)(2).


Habib Azarsina,
Departmental Privacy Officer.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For privacy issues please contact: Habib Azarsina, Departmental Privacy Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Department of Transportation, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., Washington, DC 20590 or habib.azarsina@dot.gov.

II. The Privacy Act

The Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a) governs the means by which the United States Government collects, maintains, and uses personally identifiable information (PII) in a system of records. A “system of records” is a group of any records under the control of a Federal agency from which information about individuals is retrieved by name or other personal identifier.

The Privacy Act requires each agency to publish in the Federal Register a system of records notice (SORN) identifying and describing each system of records the agency maintains, including the purposes for which the agency uses PII in the system, the routine uses for which the agency discloses such information outside the agency, and how individuals to whom a Privacy Act record pertains can exercise their rights under the Privacy Act (e.g., to determine if the system contains information about them).

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552a(r), a report on the establishment of this system of records has been sent to Congress and to the Office of Management and Budget.

SYSTEM NUMBER: DOT/ALL 22

SYSTEM NAME: Emergency Contact Records (ECR)—Not Covered by Notices of Other Agencies.

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION: Unclassified, sensitive.

SYSTEM LOCATION: These records are maintained at all Department of Transportation (DOT) Headquarters offices and field locations, for all DOT components. Locations are available from http://www.dot.gov.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM OF RECORDS:

Record subjects are current and former DOT employees,详细们 and contractor personnel.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

The system includes emergency contact records not covered by OPM/GOVT—1, including but not limited to records that particular DOT offices create for emergency-related programs (such as emergency response, building evacuation and continuity of operations); that DOT supervisors and administrative assistants create for their general office administrative purposes; and that DOT components use to provide mass notifications to employees. The records contain personal contact information for employees, detailed and contractor personnel.