U.S. Department of State, SA—9, 8th floor, 2201 C Street, NW., Washington, DC 20522–0908. You must include the DS form number, information collection title, and OMB control number in any correspondence.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Direct requests for additional information regarding the collection listed in this notice, including requests for copies of the proposed information collection and supporting documents, to Delicia Spruell, PRM/A, U.S. Department of State, SA—9, 8th floor, 2201 C Street, NW., Washington, DC 20522–0908, at SpruellDA@state.gov or at 202–453–9257.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: We are soliciting public comments to permit the Department to:

• Evaluate whether the proposed information collection is necessary for the proper performance of our functions.
• Evaluate the accuracy of our estimate of the burden of the proposed collection, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used.
• Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected.
• Minimize the reporting burden on those who are to respond, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of technology.

Abstract of proposed collection: The Affidavit of Relationship (AOR) will be required by the Department of State to establish qualifications for access to the Priority 3 Family Reunification category of the United States Refugee Admissions Program (USRAP) by persons of certain nationalities who are family members of qualifying “ancestors” (persons already admitted to the U.S. as refugees or who were granted asylum in the U.S., including persons who may now be lawful permanent residents or U.S. citizens). Qualifying family members of U.S.-based anchors include spouses, unmarried children under age 21, and parents. Eligible nationalities are determined on an annual basis following careful review of several factors, including the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees’ annual assessment of refugees in need of resettlement, prospective or ongoing repatriation efforts, and U.S. foreign policy interests. The Priority 3 category, along with the other categories of cases that have access to USRAP, is outlined in the annual Proposed Refugee Admissions—Report to Congress, which is submitted on behalf of the President in fulfillment of the requirements of Section 207(e)(1)–(7) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, and authorized by the annual Presidential Determination for Refugee Admissions. The Priority 3—Family Reunification category has been suspended since 2008 while PRM and the Department of Homeland Security’s U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (DHS/USCIS) have examined how additional procedures may be incorporated into P–3 processing to address indications of a high incidence of fraud in the program. PRM and DHS/USCIS are now preparing to resume the program. Having an Affidavit of Relationship filed on a potential applicant’s behalf by an eligible anchor relative will be one of the criteria for access to this program. The AOR also informs the anchor relative that DNA evidence of all claimed parent-child relationships between the anchor relative and parents and/or unmarried children under 21 will be required as a condition of access to P–3 processing and that the costs will be borne by the anchor relative or their family members who may apply for access to refugee processing, or their derivative beneficiaries, as the case may be. Successful applicants may be eligible for reimbursement of DNA test costs.

Methodology: Information for the Affidavit of Relationship (AOR) will be collected in person by resettlement agencies around the United States, which are organizations that work under cooperative agreements with the Department of State. Filing an AOR will provide a means for individuals who were admitted to the United States as refugees or who were granted asylum to claim a relationship with certain family members that would qualifiy them to apply for access to refugee processing under the Priority 3 category of the U.S. Refugee Admissions Program. In order to file an AOR, an individual will have to be at least 18 years of age and have been admitted to the United States as a refugee or granted asylum in the United States no more than five years prior to the filing of this AOR.

The resettlement agencies will then forward the completed AORs to the Department of State’s Refugee Processing Center (RPC) for data entry and case processing. DHS/USCIS will conduct an initial review of the AOR, including a check against information on record from previous filings by the anchor relative. Those AORs that are cleared for onward processing are forwarded to the appropriate Department of State-funded Overseas Processing Entity (OPE) to conduct preliminary “prescreening” interviews with claimed family members. After the preliminary interviews, the OPE will provide the anchor relative with instructions on procedures for arranging DNA testing of claimed biological parent-child relationships through a laboratory approved by the American Association of Blood Banks (AABB) to conduct DNA relationship testing. DNA samples from the claimed biological parents and/or children of the anchor relative will be collected by designated panel physicians overseas and returned to the AABB-approved lab selected by the anchor relative. The Department of State will not retain the DNA samples. Redacted results received from the lab, which will indicate only whether each tested relationship was confirmed or not confirmed will be retained. The Privacy Impact Assessment for this collection will be posted on the Department of State website.


David M. Robinson,
Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Population, Refugees and Migration, Department of State.

[FR Doc. 2010–22354 Filed 9–7–10; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4710–33–P

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Circular Notice: 7154]


SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given of the following determinations: Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Act of October 19, 1965 (79 Stat. 965; 22 U.S.C. 2459), Executive Order 12047 of March 27, 1978, the Foreign Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998 (112 Stat. 2681, et seq.; 22 U.S.C. 6501 note, et seq.), Delegation of Authority No. 234 of October 1, 1999, and Delegation of Authority No. 236–3 of August 28, 2000, I hereby determine that the objects to be included in the exhibition “The Vorticists: Rebel Artists in London and New York, 1914–18,” imported from abroad for temporary exhibition within the United States, are of cultural significance. The objects are imported pursuant to loan agreements with the foreign owners or custodians. I also determine that the exhibition or display of the exhibit objects at the Nasher Museum of Art at Duke University, Durham, NC, from on or about September 30, 2010, until on or about January 2, 2011, and at possible additional exhibitions or venues yet to be determined, is in the national interest. I have ordered that Public Notice of these Determinations be published in the Federal Register.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further information, including a list of the exhibit objects, contact Julie Simpson, Attorney-Adviser, Office of the Legal Adviser, U.S. Department of State (telephone: 202–632–6467). The mailing address is U.S. Department of State, SA–5, L/PD, Fifth Floor (Suite 5H03), Washington, DC 20522–0505.

Dated: September 1, 2010.

Ann Stock,
Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs, Department of State.

[FR Doc. 2010–22358 Filed 9–7–10; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4710–05–P

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 7157]

Culturally Significant Objects Imported for Exhibition Determinations: “Miró: The Dutch Interiors”

ACTION: Notice, correction.

SUMMARY: On August 11, 2010, notice was published on page 48736 of the Federal Register (volume 75, number 154) of determination made by the Department of State pertaining to the exhibit “Miró: The Dutch Interiors.” The reference notice is corrected to accommodate an additional object to be included in the exhibition. Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Act of October 19, 1965 (79 Stat. 985; 22 U.S.C. 2459), Executive Order 12047 of March 27, 1978, the Foreign Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998 (112 Stat. 2681, et seq.; 22 U.S.C. 6501 note, et seq.), Delegation of Authority No. 234 of October 1, 1999, and Delegation of Authority No. 236–3 of August 28, 2000, I hereby determine that the objects to be included in the exhibition “Van Gogh, Gauguin, Cézanne, and Beyond: Post-Impressionist Masterpieces From the Musée d’Orsay” are of cultural significance. The objects are imported pursuant to a loan agreement with the foreign owner or custodian. I also determine that the exhibition or display of the exhibit objects at the Fine Arts Museums of San Francisco, San Francisco, CA, from on or about September 25, 2010, until on or about January 18, 2011, and at possible additional exhibitions or venues yet to be determined, is in the national interest. I have ordered that Public Notice of these Determinations be published in the Federal Register.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further information, including a list of the additional exhibit object, contact Julie Simpson, Attorney-Adviser, Office of the Legal Adviser, U.S. Department of State (telephone: 202–632–6467). The mailing address is U.S. Department of State, SA–5, L/PD, Fifth Floor (Suite 5H03), Washington, DC 20522–0505.

Dated: September 1, 2010.

Ann Stock,
Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs, Department of State.

[FR Doc. 2010–22359 Filed 9–7–10; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4710–05–P

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 7151]

Notice of Debarment Pursuant to Section 127.7(c) of the International Traffic in Arms Regulations

Title: Bureau of Political-Military Affairs; Statutory Debarment under the Arms Export Control Act and the International Traffic in Arms Regulations.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the Department of State has imposed statutory debarment pursuant to §127.7(c) of the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (“ITAR”) (22 CFR parts 120 to 130) on persons convicted of violating or attempting to violate Section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act, as amended (“AECA”), (22 U.S.C. 2778).

DATES: Effective Date: Date of conviction as specified for each person.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lisa Studtmann, Director, Office of Defense Trade Controls Compliance, Bureau of Political-Military Affairs, Department of State (202) 663–2980.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 38(g)(4) of the AECA, 22 U.S.C. 2778(g)(4), prohibits the Department of State from issuing licenses or other approvals for the export of defense articles or defense services where the applicant, or any party to the export, has been convicted of violating certain statutes, including the AECA. The statute permits limited exceptions to be made on a case-by-case basis. In implementing this provision, Section 127.7 of the ITAR provides for “statutory debarment” of any person who has been convicted of violating or conspiring to violate the AECA. Persons subject to statutory debarment are prohibited from participating directly or indirectly in the export of defense articles, including technical data, or in the furnishing of defense services for which a license or other approval is required.

Statutory debarment is based solely upon conviction in a criminal proceeding, conducted by a United States Court, and as such the administrative debarment procedures outlined in Part 128 of the ITAR are not applicable.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For additional information, contact the Legal Affairs Office, U.S. Department of State (telephone: 202–632–6467). The mailing address is U.S. Department of State, SA–5, L/PD, Fifth Floor (Suite 5H03), Washington, DC 20522–0505.

Dated: September 1, 2010.