County, which is in the Dallas wage area. Although a standard review of regulatory criteria shows that the proximity criterion favors defining Angelina County to the Rapides wage area, we believe the organizational relationship between the Charles Wilson VA Outpatient Clinic and its parent facility, the Michael E. DeBakey VA Medical Center, supports defining Angelina County to the Dallas wage area. An additional factor to consider is the relative proximity of the Medical Center to the Outpatient Clinic. There is a distance of only 128 miles (206 km) separating the two facilities. The distance from the Outpatient Clinic to the host activity in the Rapides wage area is 126 miles (203 km). The difference between these distances is only 2 miles. Based on our analysis of the organizational relationship and geographic proximity of the Medical Center and its Outpatient Clinic, OPM proposes to define Angelina County to the Dallas NAF wage area.

The proposed Dallas NAF wage area would consist of one survey county, Dallas County, TX, and four area of application counties: Angelina, Fannin, Galveston, and Harris Counties, TX.

Santa Clara, CA

On March 9, 2009, we published a final rule (74 FR 9951) that abolished the Santa Clara, CA, NAF FWS wage area. Therefore, “Santa Clara” should be removed under the State of California in Appendix B to subpart B of part 532—Nonappropriated Fund Regular Wage Schedules.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

I certify that these regulations would not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities because they would affect only Federal agencies and employees.

List of Subjects in 5 CFR Part 532

Administrative practice and procedure, Freedom of information, Government employees, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Wages.


John Berry, Director.

Accordingly, the U.S. Office of Personnel Management proposes to amend 5 CFR part 532 as follows:

PART 532—PREVAILING RATE SYSTEMS

1. The authority citation for part 532 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 5343; 5346; §532.707 also issued under 5 U.S.C. 552.

Appendix B to Subpart B of Part 532—[Amended]

2. Appendix B to subpart B is amended by removing, under the State of California, the entry for “Santa Clara.”

3. Appendix D to subpart B is amended by revising the wage area listing for the Oklahoma, OK, and Dallas, TX, NAF wage areas to read as follows:

Appendix D to Subpart B of Part 532—Nonappropriated Fund Wage and Survey Areas

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Survey Area</th>
<th>OKLAHOMA</th>
<th>TEXAS</th>
<th>DALLAS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oklahoma</td>
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<td>Area of Application. Survey area plus:</td>
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<td>Oklahoma</td>
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<td>Angelina</td>
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<tr>
<td>Harris</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[FR Doc. 2010–18903 Filed 8–2–10; 8:45 am]

SUMMARY: We propose to adopt a new airworthiness directive (AD) for the products listed above. This proposed AD results from mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) originated by an aviation authority of another country to identify and correct an unsafe condition on an aviation product. The MCAI describes the unsafe condition as:

-- It has been found that certain regions of the elevators, elevators trim tabs, and ailerons do not present drain holes to avoid water accumulation inside of these flight control surfaces. Internal water accumulation may lead to flight control surfaces unbalancing possibly reducing the flutter margins, which could result in loss of airplane control.

Since this condition may occur in other airplanes of the same type and affects flight safety, a corrective action is required. Thus, sufficient reason exists to request compliance with this AD in the indicated time limit.

The proposed AD would require actions that are intended to address the unsafe condition described in the MCAI.

DATES: We must receive comments on this proposed AD by September 17, 2010.

ADDRESSES: You may send comments by any of the following methods:

-- Fax: (202) 493–2251.
-- Hand Delivery: U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M–30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., Washington, DC 20590, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.
The MCAI states:

condition for the specified products.

\[ \text{\textit{The MCAI requires you to drill new drain holes in the elevators, elevators trim tabs, and ailerons surfaces. You may obtain further information by examining the MCAI in the AD docket.}} \]

\section*{Relevant Service Information}

Empresa Brasileira de Aeronáutica S.A. (EMBRAER) has issued Service Bulletin 500–57–0001, dated April 28, 2010. The actions described in this service information are intended to correct the unsafe condition identified in the MCAI.

\section*{FAA’s Determination and Requirements of the Proposed AD}

This product has been approved by the aviation authority of another country, and is approved for operation in the United States. Pursuant to our bilateral agreement with this State of Design Authority, they have notified us of the unsafe condition described in the MCAI and service information referenced above. We are proposing this AD because we evaluated all information and determined the unsafe condition exists and is likely to exist or develop on other products of the same type design.

\section*{Differences Between This Proposed AD and the MCAI or Service Information}

We have reviewed the MCAI and related service information and, in general, agree with their substance. But we might have found it necessary to use different words from those in the MCAI to ensure the AD is clear for U.S. operators and is enforceable. In making these changes, we do not intend to differ substantively from the information provided in the MCAI and related service information.

We might also have proposed different actions in this AD from those in the MCAI in order to follow FAA policies. Any such differences are highlighted in a Note within the proposed AD.

\section*{Costs of Compliance}

We estimate that this proposed AD will affect 78 products of U.S. registry. We also estimate that it would take about 18 work-hours per product to comply with the basic requirements of this proposed AD. The average labor rate is $85 per work-hour. Required parts would cost about $128 per product.

Based on these figures, we estimate the cost of the proposed AD on U.S. operators to be $129,324, or $1,658 per product.

\section*{Authority for This Rulemaking}

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA’s authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. “Subtitle VII: Aviation Programs,” describes in more detail the scope of the Agency’s authority.

We are issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in “Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: General requirements.” Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

\section*{Regulatory Findings}

We determined that this proposed AD would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This proposed AD would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify this proposed regulation:

1. Is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866;
2. Is not a “significant rule” under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and
3. Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

We prepared a regulatory evaluation of the estimated costs to comply with this proposed AD and placed it in the AD docket.

\section*{List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39}

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

\section*{The Proposed Amendment}

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA proposes to amend 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

\section*{PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES}

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:
Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by adding the following new AD:


Comments Due Date
(a) We must receive comments by September 17, 2010.
(b) None.

Applicability
(c) This AD applies to Model EMB–500 airplanes, serial numbers 50000005 through 50000134, 50000136, 50000137, and 50000139 through 50000165, certificated in any category.

Subject
(d) Air Transport Association of America (ATA) Code 27: Flight Controls.

Reason
(e) The mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) states:

It has been found that certain regions of the elevators, elevators trim tabs, and ailerons do not present drain holes to avoid water accumulation inside of these flight control surfaces. Internal water accumulation may lead to flight control surfaces unbalancing possibly reducing the flutter margins, which could result in loss of airplane control.

Since this condition may occur in other airplanes of the same type and affects flight safety, a corrective action is required. Thus, sufficient reason exists to request compliance with this AD in the indicated time limit.

The MCAI requires you to drill new drain holes in the elevators, elevators trim tabs, and ailerons surfaces. You may obtain further information by examining the MCAI in the AD docket.

Actions and Compliance
(f) Unless already done, within the next 24 calendar months after the effective date of this AD, rework the elevators, elevators trim tabs, and ailerons surfaces by drilling additional drain holes in them following Empresa Brasileira de Aeronáutica S.A. (EMBRAER) Service Bulletin 500–57–0001, dated April 28, 2010.

FAA AD Differences

Note: This AD differs from the MCAI and/or service information as follows: No differences.

Other FAA AD Provisions
(g) The following provisions also apply to this AD:

1) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs): The Manager, Standards Office, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. Send information to ATTN: Karl Schletzbaum, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Small Airplane Directorate, 901 Locust, Room 301, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; telephone: (816) 329–4146; fax: (816) 329–4090. Before using any approved AMOC on any airplane to which the AMOC applies, notify your appropriate principal inspector (PI) in the FAA Flight Standards District Office (FSDO), or lacking a PI, your local FSDO.

2) Airworthy Product: For any requirement in this AD to obtain corrective actions from a manufacturer or other source, use these actions if they are FAA-approved. Corrective actions are considered FAA-approved if they are approved by the State of Design Authority (or their delegated agent). You are required to assure the product is airworthy before it is returned to service.

3) Reporting Requirements: For any reporting requirement in this AD, under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has approved the information collection requirements and has assigned OMB Control Number 2120–0056.

Related Information
(h) Refer to MCAI AGÊNCIA NACIONAL DE AVIAÇÃO CIVIL—BRAZIL (ANAC), AD No.: 2010–07–01, dated August 9, 2010; and Empresa Brasileira de Aeronáutica S.A. (EMBRAER) Service Bulletin 500–57–0001, dated April 28, 2010, for related information.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on July 26, 2010.

Christina L. Marsh,
Acting Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.
[FR Doc. 2010–19019 Filed 8–2–10; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39
[FR Doc. 2010–19019 Filed 8–2–10; 8:45 am]
Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on July 26, 2010.

Christina L. Marsh,
Acting Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.
[FR Doc. 2010–19019 Filed 8–2–10; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES; ROLLS-ROYCE PLC (RR) RB211–TRENT 800 SERIES TURBOFAN ENGINES

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: We propose to adopt a new airworthiness directive (AD) for the products listed above. This proposed AD results from mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) issued by an aviation authority of another country to identify and correct an unsafe condition on an aviation product. The MCAI describes the unsafe condition as:

Revision of the Critical Part lives has been necessary due to actual operational flight profiles not conforming to those assumed at entry into service and is associated with a revised Flight Profile Monitoring methodology (originally based on engine thrust rating but now based on operating shaft speeds) introduced by Rolls-Royce.

The new Flight Profile Monitoring methodology allows for seven new profiles replacing the previous three. Six of these profiles, A to F, are intended to cover the requirements of most operators. The Declared Life (in Standard Duty Cycles) is published for each part and life usage may be accounted for by factoring the number of flights flown. The factor to be used is defined according to the Flight Profile which is applicable to the fleet.

The seventh profile, called “Heavy”, will be applicable to fleets operating outside profiles A to F. A separate Declared Life (in Flight Cycles) is published for each part and life usage is accounted without factoring.

We are proposing this AD to prevent failure of critical rotating parts from exceeding the new, lower life limits, which could result in uncontained failure of the engine and damage to the airplane.

DATES: We must receive comments on this proposed AD by September 17, 2010.

ADDRESSES: You may send comments by any of the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: Go to http://www.regulations.gov and follow the instructions for sending your comments electronically.

• Mail: Docket Management Facility, U.S. Department of Transportation, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, Washington, DC 20590–0001.

• Hand Delivery: Deliver to Mail address above between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

• Fax: (202) 493–2251.

Contact Rolls-Royce plc, P.O. Box 31, Derby, DE24 8BJ, United Kingdom: Telephone 44 (0) 1332 242424; fax 44 (0) 1332 249936, for the service information identified in this proposed AD.

Examining the AD Docket
You may examine the AD docket on the Internet at http://www.regulations.gov; or in person at the Docket Operations office between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this proposed AD, the regulatory evaluation, any comments received, and other information. The street address for the Docket Operations office (telephone (800) 647–5527) is the same as the Mail address provided in the preceding section. Comments will be available in the AD docket shortly after receipt.