those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for Web site viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street, NE., Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Copies of such filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make publicly available. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–Phlx-2010–85 and should be submitted on or before July 16, 2010.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.15
Florence E. Harmon,
Deputy Secretary.

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SEcurities and EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; International Securities Exchange, LLC; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change, as Modified by Amendment Nos. 1 and 2, Related to the Price Improvement Mechanism

June 17, 2010.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Act”),1 and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,2 notice is hereby given that on May 28, 2010, the International Securities Exchange, LLC (the “Exchange” or the “ISE”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) the proposed rule change, as described in Items I, II, and III below, which items have been prepared by the Exchange. On June 10, 2010, the Exchange filed Amendment No. 1 to the proposed rule change. On June 17, 2010, the Exchange filed Amendment No. 2 to the proposed rule change.3 The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change, as modified by Amendment Nos. 1 and 2, from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend Rule 723 to allow Crossing Transactions to be entered into the Price Improvement Mechanism (“PIM”) at a price that matches the ISE BBO in certain circumstances. The text of the proposed rule change is as follows (deletions are in [brackets]; additions are in italics):

* * * * *

Rule 723. Price Improvement Mechanism for Crossing Transactions

(a) No change.
(b) Crossing Transaction Entry. A Crossing Transaction comprised of the order the Electronic Access Member represents as agent (the “Agency Order”) and a counter-side order for the full size of the Agency Order (the “Counter-Side Order”). The Counter-Side Order may represent interest for the Member’s own account, or interest the Member has solicited from one or more other parties, or a combination of both.

(1) Except as provided in Supplementary Material.08 below, [A] a Crossing Transaction must be entered only at a price that is better than the ISE best bid or offer (“ISE BBO”) and equal to or better than the national best bid or offer (“NBBO”).

(2) and (3) no change.
(c) and (d) no change.

Supplementary Material to Rule 723

.01 through .07 no change.

.08 When the ISE BBO is equal to the NBBO, a Crossing Transaction may be entered where the price of the Crossing Transaction is equal to the ISE BBO if the Agency Order is on the opposite side of the market from the ISE BBO. In this case, the Agency Order will be automatically executed against the ISE BBO. If the Agency Order is not fully executed after the ISE BBO is fully exhausted and is no longer at a price equal to the Crossing Transaction, the PIM will be initiated for the balance of the order as provided in Rule 723. With respect to any portion of an Agency Order that is automatically executed against the ISE BBO pursuant to this paragraph .08, the exposure requirements contained in Rule 717(d) and (e) will not be satisfied for the fact that the member utilized the Price Improvement Mechanism.

* * * * *

Rule 811. Directed Orders

(a) through (d) no change.

(e) Except as provided in this paragraph (e), when a Directed Order is released, the System processes the order in the same manner as any other order received by the Exchange. Directed Orders will not be automatically executed at a price that is inferior to the NBBO and, except as provided in subparagraph (e)(3), will be handled pursuant to Rule 803(c)(2) when the ISE best bid or offer is inferior to the NBBO.

(1) A marketable Directed Order that is released, or entered into the PIM pursuant to Supplementary Material .08 to Rule 723, will be matched against orders and quotes according to Rule 713 except that, at any given price level, the Directed Market Maker will be last in priority.

* * * * *

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The self-regulatory organization has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

PIM is a process by which a member can provide price improvement opportunities for a transaction wherein the member seeks to execute an agency order as principal or execute an agency order against a solicited order (a Crossing Transaction).4 Currently under Rule 723, a Crossing Transaction may only be entered at a price that is better than the ISE best bid or offer (“ISE BBO”) and equal to or better than the national best bid or offer (“NBBO”).

The Exchange proposes to modify PIM so that members may enter transactions at a price that matches the ISE BBO and the NBBO if the agency order is on the opposite side of the market from the ISE BBO. In this case, the agency order will be automatically executed against the ISE BBO in the same manner as marketable orders entered directly. If the agency order is not fully executed after the ISE BBO is

3 Amendment No. 2 replaces and supersedes the original filing and Amendment No. 1 thereto in their entirety.
4 ISE Rule 723(a).
fully exhausted and is no longer at a price equal to the Crossing Transaction, the PIM will be initiated for the balance of the order as provided in Rule 723.

Currently, the Exchange automatically rejects a Crossing Transaction that does not improve upon the ISE BBO so that the transaction does not occur ahead of interest on the book. However, in the case where the agency order is marketable against the best price on the ISE, we believe it would better benefit the agency order to receive an execution against the available liquidity on the ISE book rather than being rejected. Moreover, members have indicated that it would be preferable to receive an execution in this instance, as such treatment would better serve their customers.

Any portion of an order that is immediately executed against the ISE BBO would be subject to the exposure requirements contained in Rule 717(d) and (e). Rule 717(d) and (e) require members to expose certain orders for at least one second before executing such orders as principal or against orders solicited from a broker-dealer. This order exposure requirement can be satisfied by utilizing the Price Improvement Mechanism because the mechanism automatically exposes orders for one second. In the case of an automatic execution of an agency order against the ISE BBO under the proposal, there would be no exposure, so utilizing the Price Improvement Mechanism will not satisfy the requirements of Rule 717(d) and (e) in this case.5

Pursuant to ISE Rule 811, an order may be directed to a market maker, which must either “release” the order into the system or enter the order into the PIM within three seconds. Rule 811 contains a number of safeguards with respect to the handling of directed orders by directed market makers, including modified execution priority rules when directed orders are entered by the directed market maker directly that assure all other market participants will have an opportunity to trade with the directed order before the directed market maker. The proposed rule change to allow agency orders entered into PIM to be automatically executed upon entry if they are marketable will not affect the execution of directed orders under Rule 811 in any manner. As stated in the filing, the agency order will be automatically executed against the ISE BBO in the same manner as marketable orders entered directly, i.e., released by the directed market maker under Rule 811.

2. Statutory Basis

The basis under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Act”) for this proposed rule change is the requirement under Section 6(b)(5) that an exchange have rules that are designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, and to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism for a free and open market and a national market system, and in general, to protect investors and the public interest. In particular, the proposal will provide execution opportunities for marketable agency orders entered into the PIM in the same manner as marketable orders entered directly. This will provide better execution opportunity for agency orders entered into the PIM, as well as for interest at the ISE BBO, because they will be automatically executed instead of being rejected.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition

The proposed rule change does not impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants or Others

The Exchange has not solicited, and does not intend to solicit, comments on this proposed rule change. The Exchange has not received any unsolicited written comments from members or other interested parties.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Because the foregoing proposed rule change does not: (i) Significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) impose any significant burden on competition; and (iii) become operative for 30 days after the date of the filing, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate, it has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act6 and Rule 19b–4(f)(6) thereunder.7

At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission may summarily abrogate such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposal is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

• Use the Commission’s Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
• Send an e-mail to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File No. SR–ISE–2010–15 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

• Send paper comments in triplicate to Elizabeth M. Murphy, Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE., Washington, DC 20549–1090.

All submissions should refer to File No. SR–ISE–2010–15. This file number should be included on the subject line if e-mail is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule changes between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for Web site viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street, NE., Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10 am and 3 pm. Copies of such filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of ISE. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File No.

5 The Exchange conducts surveillance for compliance with the exposure requirement of Rule 717(d) and (e). Automatic execution of orders against the ISE BBO through the PIM under this proposal will be included in this surveillance. 6 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A). 7 17 CFR 240.19b–4(f)(6). In addition, Rule 19b4(f)(6)(iii) requires the Exchange to give the Commission written notice of the Exchange’s intent to file the proposed rule change along with a brief description and text of the proposed rule change, or such shorter time as designated by the Commission. The Exchange provided a copy of this rule filing to the Commission at least five business days prior to the date of this filing.
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change To Establish a Revenue Sharing Program With Correlix, Inc.

June 18, 2010.

Pursuant to section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”),1 and rule 19b–4 thereunder,2 notice is hereby given that on June 8, 2010, The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC (the “Exchange”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of the Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

NASDAQ is filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC” or “Commission”) a proposed rule change to establish a revenue sharing program with Correlix, Inc. (“Correlix”). The text of the proposed rule change is available at http://nasdaq.cchwallstreet.com, at the Exchange’s principal office, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

NASDAQ is filing a proposed rule change to establish a revenue sharing program with Correlix.3 NASDAQ has entered into an agreement with Correlix to provide to users of the NASDAQ Market Center real-time analytical tools to measure the latency of orders to and from that System. Under the agreement, NASDAQ will receive 30% of the total monthly subscription fees received by Correlix from parties who have contracted directly with Correlix to use their RaceTeam latency measurement service for the NASDAQ Market Center. NASDAQ will not bill or contract with any Correlix RaceTeam customer directly.

Pricing for the Correlix RaceTeam product for the NASDAQ market varies depending on the number of unique MPIDs and ports selected by the customer for monitoring by Correlix. For NASDAQ (including the NASDAQ Options Market), the fee will be an initial $3,000 monthly base fee for the first unique MPID monitored. For each additional unique MPID solicited to be monitored, an additional monthly charge of $1,000 will be assessed. The monthly price for each unique MPID includes the monitoring of up to 25 NASDAQ port connections associated with that particular MPID. Customers that wish to exceed 25 ports per-MPID for monitoring can purchase additional 25 port blocks for an additional fee of $100 per month per PID.

Under the program, Correlix will see an individualized unique NASDAQ-generated identifier that will allow Correlix RaceTeam to determine round trip order time,4 from the time the order reaches the NASDAQ extranet, through the NASDAQ matching engine, and back out of the NASDAQ extranet. The RaceTeam product offering does not measure latency outside of the NASDAQ extranet. The unique identifier serves as a technological information barrier so that the RaceTeam data collector will only be able to view data for Correlix RaceTeam subscriber firms related to latency. Correlix will not see subscriber’s individual order detail such as security, price or size. Individual RaceTeam subscribers’ logins will restrict access to only their own latency data. Correlix will see no specific information regarding the trading activity of non-subscribers.

NASDAQ believes that above arrangement will provide users of the NASDAQ Market Center greater transparency into the processing of their trading activity and allow them to make more efficient trading decisions.

2. Statutory Basis

NASDAQ believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with the provisions of section 6 of the Act,6 in general, and with sections 6(b)(5) of the Act,8 in particular, in that the proposal is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in regulating, clearing, settling, processing information with respect to, and facilitating transactions in securities, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest. In particular, the proposal will provide greater transparency into trade and information processing and thus allow market participants to make better-informed and more efficient trading decisions.

In addition, NASDAQ believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with the provisions of section 6 of the Act,7 in general, and with section 6(b)(4) of the Act,8 in particular, in that it provides for the equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees and other charges among members and issuers and other persons using any facility or system which NASDAQ operates or controls. In particular, NASDAQ notes that it operates in a highly competitive market in which market participants can readily direct orders to competing venues and that use of the Correlix RaceTeam product is completely voluntary. Further, NASDAQ makes the RaceTeam product uniformly available pursuant to a standard non-discriminatory pricing schedule offered by Correlix.

Footnotes:


