

Food 4 Less facility at 240 W. Warner Road, Chandler, Arizona (the "Facility").

Fleming and certain affiliated debtors filed bankruptcy petitions under Chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Code, 11 U.S.C. 101, *et seq.* as amended, in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware on April 1, 2003. The Bankruptcy Court entered an Order confirming Fleming's plan of reorganization ("the Plan") on or about July 27, 2004. The Plan created the PCT to administer certain of Fleming's responsibilities under the Plan.

The Settlement Agreement requires the PCT to perform or pay for closure, and corrective action if necessary, with respect to the USTs at the Facility, in accordance with 40 CFR 280, up to a maximum cost of \$150,000. If the required work has not been completed by October 31, 2009, EPA will provide a written estimate to the PCT of the cost of the remaining work and (subject to a limited right to dispute EPA's estimate) the PCT will make payment to ADEQ for that amount (subject to the \$150,000 maximum), and ADEQ will complete the remaining work. The United States and ADEQ covenant not to sue the PCT, Fleming, or the affiliated debtors under RCRA with respect to the Facility.

The Department of Justice will receive for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication comments relating to the Settlement Agreement. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, and either e-mailed to pubcomment-ees.enrd@usdoj.gov or mailed to P.O. Box 7611, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20044-7611, and should refer to *In re: Fleming Companies, Inc., et al.*, Case No. 03-10945 (MFW) (Bankr. D. Del.), D.J. Ref. 90-11-2-08148.

The Settlement Agreement may be examined at the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9, Office of Regional Counsel, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, California 94105. During the public comment period, the Consent Decree may also be examined on the following Department of Justice Web site: http://www.usdoj.gov/enrd/Consent_Decrees.html. A copy of the Settlement Agreement may also be obtained by mail from the Consent Decree Library, P.O. Box 7611, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20044-7611, or by faxing or e-mailing a request to Tonia Fleetwood (tonia.fleetwood@usdoj.gov), fax number (202) 514-0097, phone confirmation number (202) 514-1547. In requesting a copy from the Consent Decree Library, please enclose a check in the amount of

\$7.25 (.25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the U.S. Treasury, or if by e-mail or fax, forward a check in that amount to the Consent Decree Library at the stated address.

Maureen Katz,

Assistant Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Justice Programs

[OMB Number 1121-0321]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comments Requested

ACTION: 60-Day Notice of Information Collection Under Review: National Institute of Justice Voluntary Body Armor Compliance Testing Program.

The Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, National Institute of Justice (NIJ) will be submitting the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance in accordance with review procedures of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The proposed information collection is published to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. If granted, the approval is valid for three years. Comments are encouraged and should be directed to the National Institute of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Department of Justice, Attention: Cassandra Robinson, 810 7th St., NW., Washington, DC 20503. Comments are encouraged and will be accepted for 60 days until August 31, 2009. This process is conducted in accordance with 5 CFR 1320.10.

All comments and suggestions, or questions regarding additional information, to include obtaining a copy of the proposed information collection instrument with instructions, should be directed to NIJ at the above address.

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information are encouraged. Your comments should address one or more of the following four points:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies estimate of the burden of the

proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; —Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

—Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of this information:

(1) Type of information collection:

Existing Collection.

(2) The title of the form/collection: NIJ

Body Armor Compliance Testing Program. This collection consists of five forms: Compliance Testing Program Applicant Agreement; Ballistic Body Armor Model Application and Body Armor Build Sheet; Declaration for Ballistic Body Armor; Compliance Testing Program Conformity Assessment Follow-up Agreement; NIJ-Approved Laboratory Application and Agreement.

(3) Agency Form Number: None.

Component Sponsoring Collection: National Institute of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Department of Justice.

(4) Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract. Primary: Body Armor Manufacturers and Testing Laboratories. Other: None. The purpose of the NIJ Voluntary Compliance Testing Program (CTP) is to ensure to the degree possible that body armor used for law enforcement and corrections applications is safe, reliable, and meets performance requirements over the declared performance period. Body armor models that are successfully tested by the CTP and listed on the NIJ Compliant Products List are eligible for purchase with grant funding through the Ballistic Vest Partnership.

(5) An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond/reply: Total of 60 respondents estimated.

CTP Applicant Agreement: Estimated 50 respondents; 1 hour each;

Ballistic Body Armor Model Application and Body Armor Build Sheet: Estimated 50 respondents (estimated 250 responses) at 30 minutes each;

Declaration for Ballistic Body Armor: Estimated 50 respondents (estimated 250 responses) at 15 minutes each;

CTP Conformity Assessment Follow-up Agreement: Estimated 50 respondents (estimated 250 responses) at 15 minutes each;

NIJ-Approved Laboratory Application and Agreement: Estimated 8 to 10 respondents at 1 hour each.

(6) An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection: The estimated total public burden associated with this information is 310 hours in the first year and 100 hours each subsequent year.

If additional information is required contact: Lynn Bryant, Department Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Justice Management Division, Policy and Planning Staff, Patrick Henry Building, Suite 1600, 601 D Street, NW., Washington, DC 20530.

June 25, 2009.

Lynn Bryant,

Department Clearance Officer, Department of Justice.

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

National Institute of Corrections

Solicitation for a Cooperative Agreement—Direct Supervision: Curriculum Development

AGENCY: National Institute of Corrections, Department of Justice

ACTION: Solicitation for a Cooperative Agreement

SUMMARY: The National Institute of Corrections (NIC), Jails Division, is seeking applications for the development of two training program curricula: one that focuses on the role of the housing-unit officer and shift supervisor in a direct supervision jail and another that focuses on the role of the administrator in a direct supervision jail. The project will be for an eighteen-month period, and will be carried out in conjunction with the NIC Jails Division. NIC Jails Division staff will direct the project and will participate in curriculum design, lesson plan development, and the creation of training-related materials.

DATES: Applications must be received by 4 p.m. (EDT) on Friday, July 24, 2009.

ADDRESSES: Mailed applications must be sent to: Director, National Institute of Corrections, 320 First Street, NW., Room 5007, Washington, DC 20534. Applicants are encouraged to use Federal Express, UPS, or a similar service to ensure delivery by the due date.

Applicants who wish to hand-deliver their applications should bring them to 500 First Street, NW., Washington, DC

20534 and dial (202) 307-3106, ext. 0 at the front desk for pickup.

Faxed or e-mailed applications will not be accepted.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION: A copy of this announcement can be downloaded from the NIC Web page at <http://www.nicic.gov/cooperativeagreements>.

All technical or programmatic questions concerning this announcement should be directed to Robbye Braxton-Mintz, Correctional Program Specialist, National Institute of Corrections. Ms. Braxton-Mintz can be reached by calling 1-800-995-6423 ext. 4-4562 or by e-mail at rbraxtonmintz@bop.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background: Direct supervision jails combine a physical plant design, interior fixtures and furnishings, and an inmate management philosophy to significantly reduce the problems commonly associated with jails, such as violence, vandalism, inmate rule violations, and unsanitary conditions. Direct supervision is based on eight principles: (1) Effective control, (2) effective supervision, (3) competent staff, (4) safety of staff and inmates, (5) manageable and cost-effective operations, (6) effective communication, (7) classification and orientation, and (8) justice and fairness.

Although all staff in a direct supervision jail must understand the principles and their operational implications, there are three staff positions that are key in the implementation of direct supervision: the jail administrator, the shift supervisors, and the housing-unit staff. With the development of these two curricula, NIC will be able to offer training programs that will better prepare staff in each of these positions to carry out their duties in support of direct supervision.

The two curricula are: “The Role of the Housing Officer and Supervisor in a Direct Supervision Jail” and “The Role of the Administrator in a Direct Supervision Jail—Commitment, Leadership, and Support.”

“The Role of the Housing Officer and Supervisor in a Direct Supervision Jail” curriculum will focus on the role of the housing-unit officer and the shift supervisor in a direct supervision jail. It will be based on the NIC program titled “How to Run a Direct Supervision Housing Unit: Training for Trainers.” This program is currently designed to familiarize staff trainers in jails with “How to Run a Direct Supervision Housing Unit,” and prepare them to conduct this program for staff in their own jail.

Under this cooperative agreement project, the “How to Run a Direct Supervision Housing Unit”, curriculum will be updated. Participants will be teams of two trainers and two shift supervisors from each participating jail. This program will consist of two phases. At the completion of the first phase, the trainers and shift supervisors will split up and receive additional instruction. For the trainers, the instruction will focus on how to conduct this training program for staff in their own jail. For the supervisors, the instruction will focus on their role in supporting the officer in effective housing-unit management. There should be the opportunity for participant teams to develop an action plan to conduct “How to Run a Direct Supervision Housing Unit” for their housing-unit staff.

“The Role of the Administrator in a Direct Supervision Jail—Commitment, Leadership, and Support” will be a new curriculum focusing on the role of the administrator in a direct supervision jail. It will include, at a minimum, a discussion of the direct supervision principles; the jail administrator’s leadership role related specifically to direct supervision; recruiting, hiring, promoting, and training staff in support of direct supervision; common challenges in implementing and sustaining direct supervision operations; decision making within the context of direct supervision; and assessing operations and operational outcomes within the framework of direct supervision. Only administrators will be participants in this program.

Objectives: Two training curricula are to be developed. The first will focus on the role of the housing-unit officer and the shift supervisor in implementing and supporting direct supervision. The second will focus on the role of the jail administrator in providing leadership and support for direct supervision.

Use of Curricula: NIC will use these curricula as the basis for its training programs on the role of the housing unit officer, shift supervisor, and administrator in a direct supervision jail.

The curricula will become the sole property of NIC, and will not be published for general distribution; however, curricula materials will be made available to training participants.

Scope of Work: The work will involve the production of two complete curricula, each of which will include: program description (overview); detailed narrative lesson plans; presentation slides for each lesson plan, and; participant manual that follows the lesson plans.