

introduction of an unauthorized weapon, explosive, or incendiary onto an aircraft. The information being collected aids in the effectiveness of passenger screening procedures and other security measures and assists TSA in complying with Congressional mandates. This information collection permits TSA to conduct more effective oversight, planning, and regulatory functions related the airport operators.

*Number of Respondents:* 458.

*Estimated Annual Burden Hours:* An estimated 546,018 hours annually.

Issued in Arlington, Virginia, on September 11, 2008.

**John Manning,**

*Acting Director, Business Management Office, Office of Information Technology.*

[FR Doc. E8-21750 Filed 9-16-08; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 9110-05-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### Fish and Wildlife Service

[FWS-R6-ES-2008-N0229; 60120-1113-0000-D2]

#### Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Permits

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of receipt of applications for permits.

**SUMMARY:** We announce our receipt of applications to conduct certain activities pertaining to enhancement of survival of endangered species.

**DATES:** Written comments on this request for a permit must be received by October 17, 2008.

**ADDRESSES:** Written data or comments should be submitted to the Assistant Regional Director-Ecological Services, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, P.O. Box 25486, Denver Federal Center, Denver, Colorado 80225-0486; facsimile 303-236-0027. Before including your address, phone number, e-mail address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so. Documents and other information submitted with these applications are available for review, subject to the requirements of the Privacy Act [5 U.S.C. 552A] and Freedom of Information Act [5 U.S.C. 552], by any

party who submits a request for a copy of such documents within 30 days of the date of publication of this notice to Kris Olsen, by mail or by telephone at 303-236-4256. All comments received from individuals become part of the official public record.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The following applicants have requested issuance of enhancement of survival permits to conduct certain activities with endangered species pursuant to Section 10(a)(1)(A) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*).

Applicant—Bureau of Land Management, Utah Field Office, Salt Lake City, Utah, TE-165829. The applicant requests a permit amendment to add survey for *Lepidium barnebyanum* (Barneby ridge-cress), *Schoenocrambe argillacea* (Barneby reed-mustard), *Astragalus holmgreniorum* (Holmgren milk-vetch), *Lesquerella tumulosa* (Kodachrome bladderpod), *Pediocactus despainii* (San Rafael cactus), *Astragalus ampullarioides* (Shivwitz milk-vetch), *Schoenocrambe suffrutescens* (Shrubby reed-mustard), *Sclerocactus wrightiae* (Wright cactus) on National Park Service land in Utah in conjunction with recovery activities throughout the species' range for the purpose of enhancing its survival and recovery.

Applicant—Denver Botanic Gardens, Denver, Colorado, TE-106182. The applicant requests a permit amendment to add survey for *Eriogonum pelinophilum* (Clay-loving wild-buckwheat), *Pediocactus knowltonii* (Knowlton cactus), *Astragalus humillimus* (Mancos milk-vetch), *Phacelia formosula* (North Park phacelia), *Astragalus osterhoutii* (Osterhout milk-vetch), *Penstemon penlandii* (Penland beardtongue) in conjunction with recovery activities throughout the species' range for the purpose of enhancing its survival and recovery.

Dated: August 25, 2008.

**James J. Slack,**

*Regional Director, Denver, Colorado.*

[FR Doc. E8-21692 Filed 9-16-08; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4310-55-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### Bureau of Land Management

[WY-100-1310-DB]

#### Notice of Availability of the Record of Decision for the Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement for the Pinedale Anticline Oil and Gas Exploration and Development Project

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of availability.

**SUMMARY:** The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) announces the availability of the Record of Decision (ROD) for the Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS) for the Pinedale Anticline Oil and Gas Exploration and Development Project located in Sublette County, Wyoming. C. Stephen Allred, Assistant Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior signed the ROD on September 12, 2008, which constitutes the final decision of the BLM and makes the decisions effective immediately.

**ADDRESSES:** Copies of the ROD are available electronically on the following Web site: <http://www.blm.gov/wy/st/en/info/NEPA/pfdocs/anticline/seis.html>. Copies of the ROD are available for public inspection at the following BLM office locations:

- Bureau of Land Management, Wyoming State Office, 5353 Yellowstone Road, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82003.

- Bureau of Land Management, Pinedale Field Office, 1625 West Pine Street, Pinedale, Wyoming 82941.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Chuck Otto, Pinedale Field Manager, 1625 West Pine Street, Pinedale, Wyoming 82941. Mr. Otto may be contacted by telephone at (307) 367-5300.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** A copy of the ROD has been made available to affected Federal, State, and local government agencies and interested parties. This ROD addresses approximately 198,000 acres of land. Nearly 80 percent administered by the BLM Pinedale Field Office, Sublette County, Wyoming. Approximately 83 percent of the mineral estate underlying the Pinedale Anticline Project Area is federally owned.

Issues that were analyzed in the SEIS include direct, indirect and cumulative impacts of the project on big game, sage grouse, raptors, migratory birds and their habitat. Impacts to ground and surface water, air quality (both visibility and ozone), and socio-economic effects