DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Bureau of Indian Affairs

Privacy Act of 1974, as Amended; Establishment of a New System of Records

AGENCY: Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of addition of a new system of records.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) is issuing public notice of its intent to add a new Privacy Act system of records to its inventory of records systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a). This action is necessary to meet the requirements of the Privacy Act to publish in the Federal Register notice of the existence and character of records systems maintained by the agency (5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4)). This new Privacy Act system of records is entitled Interior, BIA—32, “Land Consolidation Tracking System” (LCTS).

DATES: Comments must be received by August 25, 2008.

ADDRESSES: Any persons interested in commenting on this new system of records may do so by submitting comments in writing to the Privacy Act Officer, 625 Herndon Parkway, Herndon, VA 20170, via fax to 703-735-4386, or by e-mail to Joan.Tyler@bia.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For inquiries regarding Interior, BIA—32, “Land Consolidation Tracking System” (LCTS), contact Melissa O’Connor, Program Assistant, BIA, Indian Land Consolidation Center, 721 W. Lakeshore Dr., Ashland, WI, 54806, or by e-mail at Melissa.OConnor@bia.gov.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION: This notice is published pursuant to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4)) and is in exercise of authority delegated by the Secretary of the Interior to the Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs in 209 DM 8.1. This notice establishes the Privacy Act system of records entitled Interior, BIA—32, “Land Consolidation Tracking System” (LCTS). The purpose of the LCTS is to provide the Indian Land Consolidation Program (ILCP) with an electronic means of tracking the land sale process. LCTS tracks the land sale process from initiation by the landowner until the sale is complete. The LCTS gives a land owner an updated status report on the sale of his/her land. It also provides the BIA with a means of tracking the paper documents that pertain to the sale and with management reports pertaining to the steps in the land sale process.

Dated: July 9, 2008.

George T. Skibine,
Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Economic Development—Indian Affairs.

SYSTEM NAME: Land Consolidation Tracking System (LCTS)—Interior, BIA—32.

SYSTEM LOCATION: Office of the Chief Information Officer, Office of Information Operations, Bureau of Indian Affairs, 625 Herndon Parkway, Herndon, VA 20170.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:
(1) Land owners who are sellers and clients of the LCTS process.
(2) Indian Land Consolidation Office (ILCO) staff whose office and work information is used to validate staffing requirements.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:
(1) The name, surname at birth if different from married name (if married), address, telephone number, Social Security Number, tribal enrollment number, gender, date of birth, date of death, mother’s maiden name, and father’s name of each Indian land owner.
(2) The land owner’s fractionated interests by Land Area Code, ownership percentage, number of shares, equivalent acres, and value.
(3) Summaries of land tracts and locations for each individual land holder, location and summary information on the tracts and whether the land has mineral value or not.
(4) The information necessary to track information about the seller and document the interaction with ILCO.
(5) The status of land sales, metrics on the Indian Land Consolidation Act program to help determine the effectiveness of the program.
(6) The time spent and contribution value of support carried out by ILCO personnel in order to track Activity Based Costing Management.
(7) Information on the location of documents generated by the sale process that are needed by the members of the ILCO staff in order to continue a transaction or answer a question.
(8) Names and contact information for ILCO staff, which is used for tracking the land consolidation work and validating the staff requirements.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

The LCTS is primarily used to administer the Indian Land Conservation Program by tracking the land sale process, providing the BIA with a means of tracking the paper documents that pertain to the land sale, and providing the land owner with status reports on the sale of his/her land. LCTS tracks the land sale process from initiation by the landowner until the sale is complete.

Disclosures outside the Department of the Interior may be made:

1. To Tribes that compact, contract, or enter into cooperative agreements with the BIA.
2. (a) To any of the following entities or individuals, when the circumstances set forth in paragraph (b) are met:
   (i) The Department of Justice (DOJ); or
   (ii) A court, adjudicative or other administrative body; or
   (iii) A party in litigation before a court or adjudicative or other administrative body; or
   (iv) Any DOI employee acting in his or her individual capacity if DOI or DOJ has agreed to represent that employee or pay for private representation of the employee;
   (b) When:
      (i) One of the following is a party to the proceeding or has an interest in the proceeding:
         (A) DOI or any component of DOI; or
         (B) Any other Federal agency appearing before the Office of Hearings and Appeals;
         (C) Any DOI employee acting in his or her official capacity; or
         (D) Any DOI employee acting in his or her individual capacity if DOI or DOJ has agreed to represent that employee or pay for private representation of the employee;
      (ii) The United States, when DOJ determines that DOI is likely to be affected by the proceeding; and
      (iii) DOI deems the disclosure to be:
         (A) Relevant and necessary to the proceeding; and
         (B) Compatible with the purposes for which the records were compiled.
3. To a congressional office in legislative affairs as mandated by OMB Circular A–19.
4. To any criminal, civil, or regulatory law enforcement authority (whether Federal, State, territorial, local, tribal, or foreign) when a record, either alone or in conjunction with other information, indicates a violation or potential violation of law—criminal, civil, or regulatory in nature, and the disclosure is compatible with the purpose for which the records were compiled.
5. To an official of another Federal agency to provide information needed in the performance of official duties related to reconciling or reconstructing data files or to enable that agency to respond to an inquiry by the individual to whom the record pertains.
6. To Federal, State, territorial, local, tribal, or foreign agencies that have requested information relevant or necessary to the hiring, firing, or retention of an employee or contractor, or the issuance of a security clearance, license, contract, grant, or other benefit, when the disclosure is compatible with the purpose for which the records were compiled.
7. To representatives of the National Archives and Records Administration to conduct records management inspections under the authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906.
8. To State and local governments and tribal organizations to provide information needed in response to court order and/or discovery purposes related to litigation, when the disclosure is compatible with the purpose for which the records were compiled.
9. To an expert, consultant, or contractor (including employees of the contractor) of DOI that performs services requiring access to these records on DOI’s behalf to carry out the purposes of the system.
10. The appropriate agencies, entities, and persons when:
    (a) It is suspected or confirmed that the security or confidentiality of information in the system of records has been compromised; and
    (b) The Department has determined that as a result of the suspected or confirmed compromise there is a risk of harm to economic or property interest, identity theft or fraud, or harm to the security or integrity of this system or other systems or programs (whether maintained by the Department or another agency or entity) that rely upon the compromised information; and
    (c) The disclosure is made of such agencies, entities, and persons who are reasonably necessary to assist in connection with the Department’s efforts to respond to the suspected or confirmed compromise and prevent, minimize, or remedy such harm.
11. To the Office of Management and Budget during the coordination and clearance process in connection with legislative affairs as mandated by OMB Circular A–19.
12. To the Department of the Treasury to recover debts owed to the United States.
13. To the news media when the disclosure is compatible with the purpose for which the records were compiled.

DISCLOSURES TO CONSUMER REPORTING

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(12), records can be disclosed to consumer reporting agencies as they are defined by the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681a(i)) or the Federal Claims Collection Act of 1966 (31 U.S.C. 3701(a)(3)).

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

Paper records are maintained in manual form in file folders. Electronic data extracted from title documents pertaining to land owners, land ownership, conveyances, encumbrances, valuation and income, are maintained on electronic media (e.g., tape, disk, and other digital or electronic media.)

RETRIEVABILITY:

Manual records are retrievable by the surname of the land owner. Electronic records are retrievable from LCTS by name, Social Security Number, tribal enrollment number, mother's maiden name, or date of birth.

SAFE GUARDS:

LCTS is maintained with controls meeting safeguard requirements identified in Departmental Privacy Act Regulations (43 CFR 2.51) for manual and automated records. Access to records is limited to authorized personnel whose official duties require such access; agency officials have access only to records pertaining to their agencies.

1. Physical Security: Paper or electronic format records are maintained in locked file cabinets and/or in secured rooms.
   (2) Technical Security: Electronic records are maintained in conformity with Office of Management and Budget and Departmental guidelines reflecting the implementation of the Federal Information Security Management Act. Electronic data is protected through user identification, passwords, database permissions, and software controls. These security measures establish different degrees of access for different types of users. An audit trail is maintained and reviewed periodically to identify unauthorized access. A Privacy Impact Assessment was
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

{[AZ–220–08–5410–FR–A511; AZA–33799]}

Notice of Realty Action: Application for Conveyance of Federal Mineral Interests, Maricopa County, AZ

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of application.

SUMMARY: The surface owner of the lands described in this notice, aggregating approximately 160 acres, has filed an application for the purchase of the Federally-owned mineral interests in the lands. Publication of this notice temporarily segregates the mineral interest from appropriation under the public land laws, including the mining law.

DATES: Interested persons may submit written comments to the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) at the address stated below. Comments must be received no later than August 29, 2008.

Comments: Before including your address, phone number, e-mail address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. If you wish to withhold your name or address from public review or from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, you must clearly state this at the beginning of your written comment. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so. The BLM will honor requests for confidentiality on a case-by-case basis to the extent allowed by law. All submissions from organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, will be made available for public inspection in their entirety. All persons who wish to present comments, suggestions, or objections in connection with the pending application may do so by writing to Teresa A. Raml, Phoenix District Manager, at the following address.

ADRESSES: Bureau of Land Management, Phoenix District, 21605 North 7th Avenue, Phoenix, AZ 85027.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Matthew Magaletti, Lands and Realty Specialist, at the above address or at 623–580–5590.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The surface owner of the following described lands has filed an application pursuant to section 209 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1719(b), for the purchase and conveyance of the Federally-owned mineral interest in the following described lands:

Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, Yavapai County, Arizona

T. 1 S., R. 3 W., Sec. 9, SW¼NE¼, SE¼NW¼, NE¼SW¼, NW¼SE¼

Total Acres 160.00, more or less.

Effective immediately, the BLM will process the pending application in accordance with the regulations stated in 43 CFR part 2720. Written comments concerning the application must be received no later than the date specified above in this notice. The purpose for a purchase and conveyance is to allow consolidation of surface and subsurface minerals ownership where (1) there are no known mineral values or (2) in those instances where the Federal mineral interest reservation interferes with or precludes appropriate nonmineral development and such development is a more beneficial use of the land than the mineral development.

On July 15, 2008 the mineral interests owned by the United States in the above described lands will be segregated to the extent that they will not be subject to appropriation under the public land laws, including the mining laws. The segregative effect shall terminate upon issuance of a patent or deed of such mineral interest; upon final rejection of the mineral conveyance application; or July 15, 2010, whichever occurs first.

Authority: 43 CFR 2720.1–1(b).

Teresa A. Raml,
District Manager.

{[FR Doc. E8–16081 Filed 7–14–08; 8:45 am]}

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

{[AZ–310–08–1610–DU–241A]}

Notice of Intent To Amend the Kingman Resource Area, Resource Management Plan and Associated Environmental Assessment

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.