

Service:**Service Type/Location:** Grounds

Maintenance, Janitorial & Facility
Maintenance Services, Loyalhanna &
Conemaugh Dam, 400 Loyalhanna Dam
Road, Saltsburgh, PA.

NPA: The Burnley Workshop of the Poconos,
Inc., Stroudsburg, PA.

Contracting Activity: U.S. Army Corps of
Engineers—Pittsburgh District,
Pittsburgh, PA.

This action does not affect current
contracts awarded prior to the effective
date of this addition or options that may
be exercised under those contracts.

Kimberly M. Zeich,

Director, Program Operations.

[FR Doc. E8-6403 Filed 3-27-08; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6353-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**International Trade Administration**

A-570-831

**Fresh Garlic from the People's
Republic of China: Extension
of Time Limit for Final Results of the
Twelfth Administrative Review**

AGENCY: Import Administration,
International Trade Administration,
Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 28, 2008.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Julia
Hancock or Matthew Renkey, AD/CVD
Operations, Office 9, Import
Administration, International Trade
Administration, U.S. Department of
Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution
Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230;
telephone: (202) 482-1394 and (202)
482-2312, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Background**

On December 10, 2007, the
Department of Commerce
("Department") published the
preliminary results of this
administrative review. See *Fresh Garlic
from the People's Republic of China:
Notice of Preliminary Results and
Preliminary Partial Rescission of the
Twelfth Administrative Review*, 72 FR
69652 (December 10, 2007)
("Preliminary Results"). The period of
review for this administrative review is
November 1, 2005, through October 31,
2006. The final results are currently due
on April 8, 2008.

**Extension of Time Limits for Final
Results**

Section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Tariff Act
of 1930, as amended ("Act"), requires
the Department to issue the final results

in an administrative review of an
antidumping duty order 120 days after
the date on which the preliminary
results are published. The Department
may, however, extend the deadline for
completion of the final results of an
administrative review to 180 days if it
determines it is not practicable to
complete the review within the
foregoing time period. See section
751(a)(3)(A) of the Act and 19 CFR
351.213(h)(2).

The Department finds that it is not
practicable to complete the final results
of the administrative review within this
time limit. Specifically, after
coordinating with the interested parties,
the Department is extending the
deadline for the final results to
accommodate parties' public hearing
requests so that parties may address all
issues. Additionally, the Department
requires additional time to complete the
analysis of certain fact-intensive issues,
such as questions regarding the
selection of surrogate values, raised in
the case briefs. For the reasons noted
above, we are extending the time for the
completion of the final results of this
review by 60 days to June 9, 2008.

This notice is published in
accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and
777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: March 14, 2008.

Stephen J. Claeys,

*Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import
Administration.*

[FR Doc. E8-6449 Filed 3-27-08; 8:45 am]

Billing Code: 3510-DS-S

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**International Trade Administration**

A-533-845

**Notice of Final Determination of Sales
at Less Than Fair Value: Glycine from
India**

AGENCY: Import Administration,
International Trade Administration,
Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 28, 2008.

SUMMARY: On November 7, 2007, the
Department of Commerce published its
preliminary determination and
amended preliminary determination,
respectively, of the investigation of sales
at less than fair value in the
antidumping duty investigation of
glycine from India. See *Notice of
Preliminary Determination of Sales at
Less Than Fair Value: Glycine From
India*, 72 FR 62827 (November 7, 2007),
and *Notice of Amended Preliminary
Determination of Sales at Less Than*

Fair Value: Glycine From India, 72 FR
62826 (November 7, 2007).

The Department of Commerce has
determined that glycine from India is
being, or is likely to be, sold in the
United States at less than fair value, as
provided in section 735 of the Tariff Act
of 1930, as amended (the Act). The
estimated margins of sales at less than
fair value are listed below in the section
entitled "Final Determination of
Investigation."

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

George Callen or Richard Rimlinger,
AD/CVD Operations, Office 5, Import
Administration, International Trade
Administration, U.S. Department of
Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution
Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230;
telephone: (202) 482-0180 or (202) 482-
4477, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Case History**

The preliminary and amended
preliminary determinations in this
investigation were published on
November 7, 2007. See *Notice of
Preliminary Determination of Sales at
Less Than Fair Value: Glycine From
India*, 72 FR 62827 (November 7, 2007)
(*Preliminary Determination*), and *Notice
of Amended Preliminary Determination
of Sales at Less Than Fair Value:
Glycine From India*, 72 FR 62826
(November 7, 2007). Since then, we
determined that an allegation of critical
circumstances submitted by the
petitioner on October 12 and 25, 2007,
was inadequate. See Memorandum from
Kristin Case to Laurie Parkhill dated
November 13, 2007. We have also
conducted sales and cost verifications of
the responses submitted by Paras
Intermediates, Ltd. (Paras). See
Memoranda to the file entitled
"Verification of the Sales Response of
Paras Intermediates Pvt. Ltd. in the
Antidumping Duty Investigation of
Glycine from India" dated January 23,
2008, and "Verification of the Cost
Response of Paras Intermediates Private
Ltd. in the Antidumping Investigation of
Glycine from India" dated February 20,
2008, available in the Central Records
Unit (CRU), room 1117 of the main
Department of Commerce building. On
February 22, 2008, we released a
memorandum entitled "Proposed
Adjustments to the Cost of Production
and Constructed Value Data Paras
Intermediates Pvt. Ltd." and invited
interested parties to submit comments.
We received a case brief from Paras on
March 3, 2008; the petitioner, GEO
Specialty Chemicals, Inc. (GEO), filed a
rebuttal brief on March 5, 2008.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs by parties to this antidumping investigation are addressed in the "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Antidumping Duty Investigation of Glycine from India for the Period of Investigation January 1, 2006, through December 31, 2006" (Decision Memorandum) from Stephen J. Claeys, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, to David M. Spooner, Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, dated March 21, 2008, which is hereby adopted by this notice. A list of the issues which parties have raised and to which we have responded, all of which are in the Decision Memorandum, is attached to this notice as an appendix. Parties can find a complete discussion of all issues raised in this investigation and the corresponding recommendations in the Decision Memorandum which is on file in CRU. In addition, a complete version of the Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly on the Web at <http://ia.ita.doc.gov/>. The paper copy and electronic version of the Decision Memorandum are identical in content.

Scope of Investigation

The merchandise covered by this investigation is glycine, which in its solid, *i.e.*, crystallized, form is a free-flowing crystalline material. Glycine is used as a sweetener/taste enhancer, buffering agent, reabsorbable amino acid, chemical intermediate, metal complexing agent, dietary supplement, and is used in certain pharmaceuticals. The scope of this investigation covers glycine in any form and purity level. Although glycine blended with other materials is not covered by the scope of this investigation, glycine to which relatively small quantities of other materials have been added is covered by the scope. Glycine's chemical composition is C₂H₅NO₂ and is normally classified under subheading 2922.49.4020 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS).

The scope of this investigation also covers precursors of dried crystalline glycine, including, but not limited to, glycine slurry, *i.e.*, glycine in a non-crystallized form, and sodium glycinate. Glycine slurry is classified under the same HTSUS subheading as crystallized glycine (2922.49.4020) and sodium glycinate is classified under subheading HTSUS 2922.49.8000.

While HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of this investigation is dispositive.

Period of Investigation

The period of investigation is from January 1, 2006, through December 31, 2006.

Changes Since the Preliminary Determination

Based on our analysis of the comments received and our findings at verification, we have made certain changes to the margin calculation for Paras. For a discussion of these changes, see memorandum from George Callen to The File entitled "Glycine from India - Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value Analysis Memorandum for Paras" dated March 21, 2008, and the memorandum from Angela Strom to Neal Halper entitled "Cost of Production and Constructed Value Calculation Adjustments for the Final Determination Paras Intermediates Pvt. Ltd." dated March 21, 2008.

Adverse Facts Available

For the final determination, we continue to find that, by failing to provide information we requested, certain producers and/or exporters of glycine from India did not act to the best of their ability in responding to our requests for information. Thus, the Department continues to find that the use of adverse facts available is warranted for these companies under sections 776(a)(2) and (b) of the Act. See *Preliminary Determination*, 72 FR at 62829. As we explained in the *Preliminary Determination*, the rate of 121.62 percent we selected as the adverse facts-available rate is the highest margin alleged in the petition, as recalculated in the April 19, 2007, "Office of AD/CVD Operations Initiation Checklist for the Antidumping Duty Petition on Glycine from India" (the Initiation Checklist) on file in CRU. See also *Petition for the Imposition of Antidumping Duties on Imports of Glycine from India, Japan, and the Republic of Korea* filed on March 30, 2007 (the Petition), and the April 3, 12, 13, 17, and 18, 2007, supplements to the Petition submitted by GEO. We selected this rate from the range of margins we re-calculated in the Initiation Checklist in *Glycine from India, Japan, and the Republic of Korea: Initiation of Antidumping Duty Investigations*, 72 FR 20816 (April 26, 2007) (*Initiation Notice*). Further, as discussed in the *Preliminary Determination*, we corroborated the adverse facts-available rate pursuant to section 776(c) of the Act.

All-Others Rate

Section 735(c)(5)(A) of the Act provides that the estimated all-others

rate shall be an amount equal to the weighted-average of the estimated weighted-average dumping margins established for exporters and producers individually investigated, excluding any zero and *de minimis* margins and any margins determined entirely under section 776 of the Act. For this final determination we have calculated a margin for Paras that is above *de minimis*. Therefore, for purposes of determining the all-others rate and pursuant to section 735(c)(5)(A) of the Act, because other respondents are receiving margins based on adverse facts available, we are using the dumping margin we have calculated for Paras as indicated in the "Final Determination of Investigation" section below.

Final Determination of Investigation

We determine that the following weighted-average dumping margins exist for the period January 1, 2006, through December 31, 2006:

Manufacturer or Exporter	Margin (percent)
Paras Intermediates, Ltd.	10.90
Abhiyan Media Pvt. Ltd.	121.62
Advanced Exports/Aico Laboratories	121.62
Ashok Alco-Chem, Ltd.	121.62
Bimal Pharma, Pvt., Ltd.	121.62
Euro Asian Industrial Co.	121.62
EPIC Enzymes Pharmaceuticals & Industrial	121.62
Indian Chemical Industries	121.62
Kumar Industries	121.62
Nutraceutical International/Salvi Chemical Industries	121.62
Sisco Research Laboratories Pvt. Ltd.	121.62
Sealink International, Inc.	121.62
All Others	10.90

Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation

Pursuant to section 735(c)(1)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.211(b)(1), we will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to continue to suspend liquidation of all entries of subject merchandise from India entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after November 7, 2007, the date of the publication of *Preliminary Determination*, for all producers/exporters other than Paras. Because we found Paras to have a *de minimis* margin in the *Preliminary Determination*, we will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to suspend liquidation of all entries of subject merchandise from India from

Paras and entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of the publication of this final determination. We will instruct CBP to require a cash deposit or the posting of a bond equal to the weighted-average margin, as indicated in the chart above, as follows: (1) the rate for the respondents will be the rates we have determined in this final determination; (2) if the exporter is not a firm identified in this investigation but the producer is, the rate will be the rate established for the producer of the subject merchandise; (3) the rate for all other producers or exporters will be 10.90 percent. These suspension-of-liquidation instructions will remain in effect until further notice.

International Trade Commission Notification

In accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, we have notified the International Trade Commission (ITC) of our final determination. As our final determination is affirmative and in accordance with section 735(b)(2) of the Act, the ITC will determine, within 45 days, whether the domestic industry in the United States is materially injured, or threatened with material injury, by reason of imports or sales (or the likelihood of sales) for importation of the subject merchandise. If the ITC determines that material injury or threat of material injury does not exist, the proceeding will be terminated and all securities posted will be refunded or canceled. If the ITC determines that such injury does exist, the Department will issue an antidumping duty order directing CBP to assess antidumping duties on all imports of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the effective date of the suspension of liquidation.

Notification Regarding APO

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely notification of return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

This determination is issued and published pursuant to sections 735(d) and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: March 21, 2008.

David M. Spooner,
Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

Appendix

Comment 1: Work-in-Process Inventories

Comment 2: Recovery of Bad Debts

Comment 3: Duty Drawback

Comment 4: Interest Income Offset

Comment 5: Appropriate Sales Database to Use

[FR Doc. E8-6450 Filed 3-27-08; 8:45 am]

Billing Code: 3510-DS-S

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

RIN 0648-XG69

Fisheries Off West Coast States and in the Western Pacific; Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery; Application for an Exempted Fishing Permit

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice; intent to issue the EFP; request for comments.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces the intent to issue exempted fishing permits (EFPs) to Pacific whiting shoreside vessels and first receivers that participate in a maximized retention and monitor program for the 2008 Pacific whiting shoreside fishery. EFPs are needed to allow vessels to retain catch in excess of the cumulative limits and to retain prohibited species until offloading. EFPs are also needed to allow first receivers to possess catch from a vessel that is in excess of cumulative limits and to used hopper type scales to derive accurate catch weights prior to sorting. Issuance of the EFPs would allow NMFS to collect catch data on incidentally caught species, including salmonids listed under the Endangered Species Act, and would allow new components of an overall monitoring program to be investigated before implementation of a regulatory program.

DATES: Comments must be received by April 14, 2008.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by RIN 0648-XG69 by any one of the following methods:

- Fax: 206-526-6736, Attn: Becky Renko
- Mail: D. Robert Lohn, Administrator, Northwest Region, NMFS, 7600 Sand

Point Way NE, Seattle, WA 98115-0070, Attn: Becky Renko.

Instructions: All comments received are a part of the public record and will generally be posted to <http://www.regulations.gov> without change. All Personal Identifying Information (for example, name, address, etc.) voluntarily submitted by the commenter may be publicly accessible. Do not submit Confidential Business Information or otherwise sensitive or protected information. NMFS will accept anonymous comments. Attachments to electronic comments will be accepted in Microsoft Word, Excel, WordPerfect, or Adobe PDF file formats only.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Becky Renko or Gretchen Arentzen or (206)526(6140).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This action is authorized by the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act provisions at 50 CFR 600.745 which states that EFPs may be used to authorize fishing activities that would otherwise be prohibited. At the March 10-14, 2008, Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council) meeting in Sacramento, California, NMFS Northwest Region presented a proposal for issuance of EFPs to vessels and first receivers participating in the 2008 Pacific whiting shoreside fishery. If issued, the EFPs would provide for a maximized retention and monitoring program for the Pacific whiting shoreside fishery. The proposed maximized retention and monitoring program regulations are intended to allow for the Pacific whiting shoreside fishery to be efficiently prosecuted while providing accurate catch data such that the Endangered Species Act and Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act requirements for this fishery are adequately met. An opportunity for Council discussion and public testimony were provided during the Councils March 2008 meeting in Sacramento, California.

The issuance of EFPs would allow approximately 40 vessels to delay sorting of groundfish catch and to retain catch in excess of cumulative trip limits and prohibited species catch until offloading. These activities are otherwise prohibited by regulations at 50 CFR 660.306(a)(10) and 660.306(a)(2), respectively.

Issuance of the EFPs, to approximately 15 first receivers, will allow first receivers to possess more than a single cumulative limit of a particular species, per vessel, per applicable cumulative limit period. The