

Frequency of Response: Once, Affected  
Public: Individuals or households.

| Type of respondents                   | Projects   | Number of respondents | Frequency of responses/ participant | Average hours per response | Response burden |
|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Questionnaire Development Volunteers. | (1) Survey questionnaire development.                        | 200                   | 1                                   | 1.25<br>(75 minutes)       | 250.0           |
| General Volunteers .....              | (2) Research on the cognitive aspects of survey methodology. | 100                   | 1                                   | 1.25<br>(75 minutes)       | 125.0           |
| Computer User Volunteers .....        | (3) Research on computer-user interface design.              | 100                   | 1                                   | 1.25<br>(75 minutes)       | 125.0           |
| Household Interview Volunteers        | (4) Pilot Household interviews ..                            | 200                   | 1                                   | 0.5<br>(30 minutes)        | 100.0           |
| Total .....                           | .....  | 600                   | .....                               | .....                      | 600.0           |

The estimated total annual burden hours requested is 600. There are no annualized costs to respondents. The annualized costs to the Federal Government are estimated at \$264,000 and include cost of NCI staff to plan, conduct, and analyze outcomes of questionnaire development, \$50 payment of pretest participants, contracting for pretesting activities and research, travel costs, and additional materials needed to conduct and recruit participants for the research.

*Request for Comments:* Written comments and/or suggestions from the public and affected agencies are invited on one or more of the following points: (1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the function of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) The accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) Ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and instruments, contact Dr. Gordon Willis, PhD., Cognitive Psychologist, Applied Research Program, DCCPS, NCI/NIH, 6130 Executive Blvd, MSC 7344, EPN 4005, Bethesda, MD 20892 or call non-toll-free number 301-594-6652 or e-mail your request, including your address to: [willis@mail.nih.gov](mailto:willis@mail.nih.gov).

*Comments Due Date:* Comments regarding this information collection are

best assured of having their full effect if received within 60 days of the date of this publication.

Dated: November 13, 2007.

**Vivian Horovitch-Kelley,**  
NCI Project Clearance Liaison, National Institutes of Health.  
[FR Doc. E7-22905 Filed 11-23-07; 8:45 am]  
**BILLING CODE 4140-01-P**

**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**

**National Institutes of Health**

**NIH Consensus Development Conference: Hydroxyurea Treatment for Sickle Cell Disease; Notice**

Notice is hereby given of the National Institutes of Health (NIH) "NIH Consensus Development Conference: Hydroxyurea Treatment for Sickle Cell Disease" to be held February 25-27, 2008, in the NIH Natcher Conference Center, 45 Center Drive, Bethesda, Maryland 20892. The conference will begin at 8:30 a.m. on February 25 and 26, at 9 a.m. on February 27, and will be open to the public.

Sickle cell disease is an inherited blood disorder that affects between 50,000 and 75,000 people in the United States. It is most common among people whose ancestors come from sub-Saharan Africa, South and Central America, the Middle East, India, and the Mediterranean basin. Sickle cell disease occurs when an infant inherits the gene for sickle hemoglobin from both parents (Hb SS, or sickle cell anemia) or the gene for sickle hemoglobin from one parent and another abnormal hemoglobin gene from the other parent. Each year, approximately 2,000 babies with sickle cell disease are born in the United States. The condition is chronic and lifelong and is associated with a decreased lifespan. In addition,

approximately 2 million Americans carry the sickle cell trait, which increases the public health burden as this disorder is passed on to future generations.

The red blood cells in people with sickle cell disease become deoxygenated (or depleted of oxygen) and crescent-shaped or "sickled." The cells become sticky and adhere to blood vessel walls, thereby blocking blood flow within limbs and organs. These changes lead to acute painful episodes, chronic pain, and chronic damage to the brain, heart, lungs, kidneys, liver, and spleen. Infections and lung disease are leading causes of death.

Pain crises are responsible for most emergency room visits and hospitalizations of people with sickle cell disease. Standard treatments for acute pain crises include painkilling medications, fluid replacement, and oxygen. In the mid-1990s, researchers began investigating the potential of hydroxyurea to reduce the number and severity of pain crises in sickle cell patients. Hydroxyurea is in a class of anticancer drugs and it acts to increase the overall percentage of normally structured red blood cells in the circulation. By diluting the number of cells that "sickle," it may, if taken on a daily basis, reduce their damaging effects. Hydroxyurea was approved by the Food and Drug Administration for use in adults with sickle cell anemia in 1998. However, there are a number of unresolved issues about the use of hydroxyurea, including a lack of knowledgeable providers who treat sickle cell disease, and patient and practitioner questions about safety and effectiveness, including concerns regarding potential long-term carcinogenesis.

In order to take a closer look at this important topic, the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute and the Office of Medical Applications of Research of

the NIH will convene a Consensus Development Conference from February 25–27, 2008, to assess the available scientific evidence related to the following questions:

- What is the efficacy (results from clinical studies) of hydroxyurea treatment for patients who have sickle cell disease in three groups: Infants, preadolescents, and adolescents/adults?
- What is the effectiveness (in everyday practice) of hydroxyurea treatment for patients who have sickle cell disease?
- What are the short- and long-term harms of hydroxyurea treatment?
- What are the barriers to hydroxyurea treatment (*i.e.*, health care system factors and patient-related factors) for patients who have sickle cell disease and what are the potential solutions?
- What are the future research needs?

An impartial, independent panel will be charged with reviewing the available published literature in advance of the conference, including a systematic literature review commissioned through the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality. The first day and a half of the conference will consist of presentations by expert researchers and practitioners and open public discussions. On Wednesday, February 27, the panel will present a statement of its collective assessment of the evidence to answer each of the questions above. The panel will also hold a press conference to address questions from the media. The draft statement will be published online later that day, and the final version will be released approximately six weeks later. The primary sponsors of this meeting are the NIH National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute and the NIH Office of Medical Applications of Research.

Advance information about the conference and conference registration materials may be obtained from American Institutes for Research of Silver Spring, Maryland, by calling 888–644–2667 or by sending e-mail to [consensus@mail.nih.gov](mailto:consensus@mail.nih.gov). American Institutes for Research's mailing address is 10720 Columbia Pike, Silver Spring, MD 20901. Registration information is also available on the NIH Consensus Development Program Web site at <http://consensus.nih.gov>.

**Please Note:** The NIH has instituted security measures to ensure the safety of NIH employees and property. All visitors must be prepared to show a photo ID upon request. Visitors may be required to pass through a metal detector and have bags, backpacks, or purses inspected or x-rayed as they enter NIH buildings. For more information about the new security measures at NIH, please visit

the Web site at <http://www.nih.gov/about/visitorsecurity.htm>.

Dated: November 14, 2007.

**Raynard S. Kington,**

*Deputy Director, National Institutes of Health.*  
[FR Doc. E7–22907 Filed 11–23–07; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4140–01–P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### National Institutes of Health

#### National Center on Minority Health and Health Disparities; Notice of Closed Meeting

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of the following meeting.

The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

*Name of Committee:* National Center on Minority Health and Health Disparities Special Emphasis Panel, R13 Conference Grant Review.

*Date:* December 19, 2007.

*Time:* 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

*Agenda:* To review and evaluate grant applications.

*Place:* National Institutes of Health, 6707 Democracy Blvd., Bethesda, MD 20892 (Virtual Meeting).

*Contact Person:* Lorrta Watson, PhD., National Center on Minority Health and Health Disparities, National Institutes of Health, 6707 Democracy Blvd, Suite 800, Bethesda, MD 20892–5465, (301) 402–1366, [watsonl@mail.nih.gov](mailto:watsonl@mail.nih.gov).

Dated: November 16, 2007.

**Jennifer Spaeth,**

*Director, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.*

[FR Doc. 07–5810 Filed 11–23–07; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4140–01–M**

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### National Institutes of Health

#### National Center on Minority Health and Health Disparities; Notice of Closed Meeting

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of the following meeting.

The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

*Name of Committee:* National Center on Minority Health and Health Disparities Special Emphasis Panel, Community Based Participatory Research (CBPR) Meeting.

*Date:* December 16–18, 2007.

*Time:* 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

*Agenda:* To review and evaluate grant applications.

*Place:* Embassy Suites at the Chevy Chase Pavilion, 4300 Military Road, NW., Washington DC 20015.

*Contact Person:* Robert Nettey, MD., Scientific Review Administrator, National Institute on Minority Health and Health Disparities, 6707 Democracy Blvd., Suite 800, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301)–496–3996.

Dated: November 16, 2007.

**Jennifer Spaeth,**

*Director, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.*

[FR Doc. 07–5811 Filed 11–23–07; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4140–01–M**

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### National Institutes of Health

#### National Eye Institute; Notice of Closed Meetings

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of the following meetings.

The meetings will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial