order to participate in the Medicare program. Specifically, the CoP at § 484.55 requires that each patient receive from an HHA a patient-specific, comprehensive assessment that identifies a patient’s continuing need for home care and meets the patient’s medical, nursing, rehabilitative, social and discharge planning needs. In addition, the regulation requires that as part of the comprehensive assessment, HHAs use a standard core assessment data set, the OASIS, to evaluate, non-patient maternities. The data collected using OASIS is used for three main purposes: assessing and improving the quality of care provided by an HHA, submitting and paying claims for Medicare home health services, and surveying the HHAs in accordance with Section 1891 of the Social Security Act (the Act).

We have made several modifications to this information collection without increasing the burden. The modifications include but are not limited to the following items. In order for the OASIS to have the information necessary to allow the grouper to price-out the claim, we propose to make the following changes to the OASIS to capture whether an episode is an early or later episode. In addition, for the purposes of payment, we propose to make changes to the OASIS in order to enable agencies to report secondary case mix diagnosis codes. The proposed changes clarify how to appropriately fill out OASIS items M0230 and M0240, using ICD-9-CM sequencing requirements if multiple coding is indicated for any diagnosis. The proposed OASIS revisions also include incorporating previously revised instructions regarding diagnosis coding in items M0190, M0210, and M0230/M0240/M0246 (previously M0245). The burden associated with these proposed changes includes possible training of staff, the time and effort associated with downloading a new form and replacing previously pre-printed versions of the OASIS, and utilizing updated vendor software. However, CMS will be removing or modifying existing questions in the OASIS data set to accommodate the requirements referenced above. Therefore, CMS believes the burden increase associated with these changes is negated by the removal or modification of several current data items. Frequency: Recordkeeping and Reporting—upon patient assessment; Affected Public: Business or other for-profit and Not-for-profit institutions; Number of Respondents: 8,277; Total Annual Responses: 10,105,827; Total Annual Hours: 11,977,601.

To obtain copies of the supporting statement and any related forms for the proposed paperwork collections referenced above, access CMS Web Site address at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/PaperworkReductionAct/1995, or E-mail your request, including your address, phone number, OMB number, and CMS document identifier, to Paperwork@cms.hhs.gov, or call the Reports Clearance Office on (410) 786–1326.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collections must be mailed or faxed within 30 days of this notice directly to the OMB desk officer: OMB Human Resources and Housing Branch, Attention: Carolyn Lovett, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503, Fax Number: (202) 395–6974.


Michelle Shortt,
Director, Regulations Development Group, Office of Strategic Operations and Regulatory Affairs.

[FR Doc. E7–8424 Filed 5–3–07; 8:45 am]
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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
National Institutes of Health
Government-Owned Inventions; Availability for Licensing

AGENCY: National Institutes of Health, Public Health Service, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The inventions listed below are owned by an agency of the U.S. Government and are available for licensing in the U.S. in accordance with 35 U.S.C. 207 to achieve expeditious commercialization of results of federally-funded research and development. Foreign patent applications are filed on selected inventions to extend market coverage for companies and may also be available for licensing.

ADDRESSES: Licensing information and copies of the U.S. patent applications listed below may be obtained by writing to the indicated licensing contact at the Office of Technology Transfer, National Institutes of Health, 6011 Executive Boulevard, Suite 325, Rockville, Maryland 20852–3804; telephone: 301/496–7057; fax: 301/402–0220. A signed Confidential Disclosure Agreement will be required to receive copies of the patent applications.

Method for Predicting and Detecting Tumor Metastasis

Description of Technology: Detecting cancer prior to metastasis greatly increases the efficacy of treatment and the chances of patient survival. Although numerous biomarkers have been reported to identify aggressive tumor types and predict prognosis, each biomarker is specific for a particular type of cancer, and no universal marker that can predict metastasis in a number of cancers have been identified. In addition, due to a lack of reliability, several markers are typically required to determine the prognosis and course of therapy.

Available for licensing are carboxypeptidase E (CPE) inhibitor compositions and methods to prognose and treat cancer as well as methods to determine the stage of cancer. The inventors discovered that CPE expression levels increase according to the presence of cancer and metastasis wherein CPE is upregulated in tumors and CPE levels are further increased in metastatic cancer. This data has been demonstrated both in vitro and in vivo experiments and in liver, breast, prostate, colon, and head and neck cancers. Metastatic liver cells treated with CPE siRNA reversed the cells from being metastatic and arrested cells from further metastasis. Thus, CPE as a biomarker for predicting metastasis and its inhibitors have an enormous potential to increase patient survival.

Applications:
1. Method to prognose multiple types of cancer and determine likelihood of metastasis.
2. Compositions that inhibit CPE such as siRNA.
3. Method to prevent and treat cancer with CPE inhibitors.

Market:
1. 600,000 cancer related deaths in 2006;
2. Global cancer market is worth more than eight percent of total global pharmaceutical sales;
3. Cancer industry is predicted to expand to $85.3 billion by 2010.

Development Status: The technology is currently in the pre-clinical stage of development.

Inventors: Y. Peng Loh (NICHD) et al.
Publication: Manuscript in preparation.

Patent Status:
1. Novel monoclonal antibodies to FCRL family members can help diagnose and treat B cell malignancies and RA.

2. The antibodies can be used as research tools to detect cellular expression of FCRLs.

Advantage: Monoclonal antibody clones are available that are specific to one member of the FCRL family with no cross-reactivity to other members.

Development Status: The technology is in pre-clinical stage of development.

Inventors: Ira Pastan (NCI) et al.

Publications:
1. A manuscript directly related to this technology will be available as soon as it is accepted for publication.

Patent Status:

Licensing Status: Available for exclusive and non-exclusive licensing.

Licensing Contact: Ira Pastan (NCI), PhD at 301–435–5655; pastan@nih.gov.

High Speed Parallel Molecular Nucleic Acid Sequencing

Description of Technology: Available for licensing and commercial development is a new system, methods and compositions for DNA sequencing, also known as Two Dye Sequencing (TDS). This invention is based on Fluorescence Resonance Energy Transfer (FRET), a technology increasingly in use for several molecular analysis purposes. In particular, the method consists of:

1. Attachment of engineered DNA polymerases labeled with a donor fluorophore to the surface (chamber) of a microscope field of view;
2. Addition to the chamber of DNA with an annealed oligonucleotide primer, which is bound by the polymerase;
3. Further addition of four nucleotide triphosphates, each labeled on the base with a different fluorescent acceptor dye;
4. Excitation of the donor fluorophore with light of a wavelength specific for the donor but not for any of the acceptors, resulting in the transfer of the energy associated with the excited state of the donor to the acceptor fluorophore for a given nucleotide, which is then radiated via FRET;
5. Identification of the nucleotides most recently added to the primer by recording the fluorescent spectrum of the individual dye molecules at specific locations in the microscope field, and
6. Converting the sequential spectrum into a DNA sequence for each DNA molecule in the microscope field of view.

Application: Sequencing of single nucleic acid molecules on a substrate.

Development Status: Early stage of development.

Inventors: Thomas Schneider and Denise Rubens (NCI).


Licensing Status: Available for co-exclusive licensing.

Licensing Contact: Cristina Thalhammer-Reyero, PhD, M.B.A.; 301/435–4507; thalhamer@mail.nih.gov.

Collaborative Research Opportunity: The NCI Nanobiology Program is seeking statements of capability or interest from parties interested in collaborative research to further develop, evaluate, or commercialize nanoscale or molecular nucleic acid sequencing. Please contact John D. Hewes, PhD at 301–435–3121 or hewesj@mail.nih.gov for more information.
Peptide Inhibitors of Fibronectin and Related Collagen-Binding Proteins

Description of Technology:
Fibronectin has been implicated in a variety of cell contact processes, including cell attachment and migration. Fibronectin interacts with collagen through its gelatin-binding domain and this interaction is fundamental to the organization of extracellular matrices and the behavior of these cells on substrates. Fibronectin is essential for the attachment and migration of many cells, including various tumor and cancer cells.

The issued patents disclose peptide compositions having binding affinity for fibronectin, as well as methods for binding fibronectin with a fibronectin-binding peptide and methods for inhibiting fibronectin-mediated cell adhesion. The peptides disclosed are derived from the extracellular matrix protein thrombospondin, which is a modular adhesive glycoprotein that binds to the gelatin binding domain of fibronectin. These peptides are strong inhibitors of fibronectin-mediated cell adhesion. As such, they may be applicable to a variety of indications including cancer, wound healing, and connective tissue diseases.

Applications:
1. Potential therapeutic use for applications such as cancer, wound healing, and connective tissue disease.
2. Research tools for study of cell adhesion and migration processes.

Inventors: David D. Roberts et al. (NCI)

Related Publications:

Patent Status:
3. Foreign counterparts issued in Australia, Great Britain, France, Germany, and Japan.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
National Institutes of Health

National Cancer Institute, National Institutes of Health, Building 6116, Room 212, 6116 Executive Boulevard, Bethesda, MD 20892, (Telephone Conference Call).

Contact Person: Abby Sandler, Ph.D., Executive Secretary, Chief, Institute Review Office, Office of the Director, National Cancer Institute, National Institutes of Health, Building 6116, Room 212, MSC 8349, 6116 Executive Boulevard, Bethesda, MD 20892–8349, 301/451–4390, sandlera@mail.nih.gov.

Information is also available on the Institute’s/Center’s home page: deainfo.nci.nih.gov/advisory/pcp/pcp.htm, where an agenda and any additional information for the meeting will be posted when available.

(Pertinent to the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2) notice is hereby given of the meeting of the Public Advisory Committee to review the draft of 2006/2007 Annual Report to the President.

Date: May 24, 2007.
Time: 12:30 p.m. to 2:30 p.m.

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of the following meeting.

The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended, because the premature disclosure of information and the discussions would likely to significantly frustrate implementation of recommendations.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
National Institutes of Health

National Cancer Institute; Notice of Closed Meeting

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of the meeting of the President’s Cancer Panel.

The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended, because the premature disclosure of information and the discussions would likely to significantly frustrate implementation of recommendations.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
National Institutes of Health

National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases; Notice of Closed Meeting

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of the following meeting.

The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended, because the premature disclosure of information and the discussions would likely to significantly frustrate implementation of recommendations.