

chiffoniers<sup>7</sup>, hutches<sup>8</sup>, and armoires<sup>9</sup>; (6) desks, computer stands, filing cabinets, book cases, or writing tables that are attached to or incorporated in the subject merchandise; and (7) other bedroom furniture consistent with the above list.

The scope of the order excludes the following items: (1) Seats, chairs, benches, couches, sofas, sofa beds, stools, and other seating furniture; (2) mattresses, mattress supports (including box springs), infant cribs, water beds, and futon frames; (3) office furniture, such as desks, stand-up desks, computer cabinets, filing cabinets, credenzas, and bookcases; (4) dining room or kitchen furniture such as dining tables, chairs, servers, sideboards, buffets, corner cabinets, china cabinets, and china hutches; (5) other non-bedroom furniture, such as television cabinets, cocktail tables, end tables, occasional tables, wall systems, book cases, and entertainment systems; (6) bedroom furniture made primarily of wicker, cane, osier, bamboo or rattan; (7) side rails for beds made of metal if sold separately from the headboard and footboard; (8) bedroom furniture in which bentwood parts predominate;<sup>10</sup> (9) jewelry armories;<sup>11</sup> (10) cheval

mirrors<sup>12</sup> (11) certain metal parts<sup>13</sup> (12) mirrors that do not attach to, incorporate in, sit on, or hang over a dresser if they are not designed and marketed to be sold in conjunction with a dresser as part of a dresser-mirror set.

Imports of subject merchandise are classified under subheading 9403.50.9040 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (“HTSUS”) as “wooden \* \* \* beds” and under subheading 9403.50.9080 of the HTSUS as “other \* \* \* wooden furniture of a kind used in the bedroom.” In addition, wooden headboards for beds, wooden footboards for beds, wooden side rails for beds, and wooden canopies for beds may also be entered under subheading 9403.50.9040 of the HTSUS as “parts of wood” and framed glass mirrors may also be entered under subheading 7009.92.5000 of the HTSUS as “glass mirrors \* \* \* framed.” This order covers all wooden bedroom furniture meeting the above description, regardless of tariff classification. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this proceeding is dispositive.

#### Final Results of Review; Partial Revocation of Antidumping Duty Order

The affirmative statement of no interest by petitioners concerning cheval style mirrored jewelry cabinets, as described herein, constitutes changed circumstances sufficient to warrant revocation of this order in part. No party commented on the *Initiation and Preliminary Results*. Additionally, no party contests that petitioners’ statement of no interest represents the views of

substantially all of the domestic industry. Therefore, the Department is partially revoking the order on wooden bedroom furniture with respect to cheval style mirrored jewelry cabinets from the PRC with regard to products which meet the specifications detailed above, in accordance with sections 751(b), (d) and 782(h) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.216(d) and 351.222(g). We will instruct the U.S. Customs and Border Protection to liquidate without regard to antidumping duties, as applicable, and to refund any estimated antidumping duties collected for all unliquidated entries of cheval style mirrored jewelry cabinets, meeting the specifications indicated above, and not subject to final results of an administrative review as of the date of publication in the **Federal Register** of the final results of this changed circumstances review in accordance with 19 CFR 351.222.

This notice serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders (“APOs”) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.306. Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

This changed circumstances administrative review, partial revocation of the antidumping duty order and notice are in accordance with sections 751(b), (d) and 782(h) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.216(e) and 351.222(g).

Dated: December 27, 2006.

**Stephen J. Claeys,**

*Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.*

[FR Doc. E7–100 Filed 1–8–07; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

#### Expected Non-Market Economy Wages: Request for Comments on 2006 Calculation

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Commerce.

**ACTION:** Request for comment.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce (“Department”) has a longstanding practice of calculating expected non-market economy (“NME”) wages for use as the surrogate value for direct labor in

<sup>7</sup> A chiffonier is typically a tall and narrow chest of drawers normally used for storing undergarments and lingerie, often with mirror(s) attached.

<sup>8</sup> A hutch is typically an open case of furniture with shelves that typically sits on another piece of furniture and provides storage for clothes.

<sup>9</sup> An armoire is typically a tall cabinet or wardrobe (typically 50 inches or taller), with doors, and with one or more drawers (either exterior below or above the doors or interior behind the doors), shelves, and/or garment rods or other apparatus for storing clothes. Bedroom armoires may also be used to hold television receivers and/or other audio-visual entertainment systems.

<sup>10</sup> As used herein, bentwood means solid wood made pliable. Bentwood is wood that is brought to a curved shape by bending it while made pliable with moist heat or other agency and then set by cooling or drying. See Customs’ Headquarters’ Ruling Letter 043859, dated May 17, 1976.

<sup>11</sup> Any armoire, cabinet or other accent item for the purpose of storing jewelry, not to exceed 24” in width, 18” in depth, and 49” in height, including a minimum of 5 lined drawers lined with felt or felt-like material, at least one side door (whether or not the door is lined with felt or felt-like material), with necklace hangers, and a flip-top lid with inset mirror. See Memorandum from Laurel LaCivita to Laurie Parkhill, Office Director, Issues and Decision Memorandum Concerning Jewelry Armoires and Cheval Mirrors in the Antidumping Duty Investigation of Wooden Bedroom Furniture from the People’s Republic of China dated August 31, 2004. See also *Wooden Bedroom Furniture from the People’s Republic of China: Notice of Final Results of Changed Circumstances Review and Revocation in Part*, (71 FR 38621) (July 7, 2006).

<sup>12</sup> Cheval mirrors, *i.e.*, any framed, tiltable mirror with a height in excess of 50” that is mounted on a floor-standing, hinged base. Additionally, the scope of the order excludes combination cheval mirror/jewelry cabinets. The excluded merchandise is an integrated piece consisting of a cheval mirror, *i.e.*, a framed tiltable mirror with a height in excess of 50 inches, mounted on a floor-standing, hinged base, the cheval mirror serving as a door to a cabinet back that is integral to the structure of the mirror and which constitutes a jewelry cabinet lined with fabric, having necklace and bracelet hooks, mountings for rings and shelves, with or without a working lock and key to secure the contents of the jewelry cabinet back to the cheval mirror, and no drawers anywhere on the integrated piece. The fully assembled piece must be at least 50 inches in height, 14.5 inches in width, and 3 inches in depth.

<sup>13</sup> Metal furniture parts and unfinished furniture parts made of wood products (as defined above) that are not otherwise specifically named in this scope (*i.e.*, wooden headboards for beds, wooden footboards for beds, wooden side rails for beds, and wooden canopies for beds) and that do not possess the essential character of wooden bedroom furniture in an unassembled, incomplete, or unfinished form. Such parts are usually classified under HTSUS subheading 9403.90.7000.

antidumping proceedings involving NME countries. These expected NME wages are calculated annually in accordance with § 351.408(c)(3) of the Department's regulations. This notice presents the Department's preliminary 2006 expected NME wages, which were calculated according to the Department's revised methodology described in the **Federal Register** notice *Antidumping Methodologies: Market Economy Inputs, Expected Non-Market Economy Wages, Duty Drawback; and Request for Comments*, 71 FR 61716, Oct. 19, 2006 (hereafter, the "Antidumping Methodologies notice"), and provides the public with an opportunity to comment on potential clerical errors in the calculation.

**DATES:** Comments must be submitted no later than 10 days after publication of this notice.

**ADDRESSES:** Written comments (original and six copies) should be sent to David Spooner, Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, Central Records Unit, Room 1870, 14th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Shauna Lee-Alaia, Policy Analyst, Office of Policy, Import Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230, (202) 482-2793.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Background**

The Department's regulations generally describe the methodology by which the Department calculates expected NME wages:

For labor, the Secretary will use regression-based wage rates reflective of the observed relationship between wages and national income in market economy countries. The Secretary will calculate the wage rate to be applied in non-market economy proceedings each year. The calculation will be based on current data, and will be made available to the public. 19 CFR 351.408 (c)(3).

Briefly, the Department's expected NME wages are calculated each year in two steps. First, the relationship between hourly wage rates (obtained from the International Labour Organization's ("ILO") *Yearbook of Labour Statistics*) and per-capita gross national income ("GNI") (obtained from the World Bank) is estimated using ordinary least squares (OLS) regression analysis. Second, the GNI of each of the countries designated by the Department to be an NME are applied to the regression, which yields an expected hourly wage rate for each NME.

The Department published a notice in the **Federal Register** on October 19,

2006 which detailed its revised methodology for calculating expected NME wages in antidumping proceedings involving NME countries. See the Antidumping Methodologies notice. In that notice, the Department stated that its annual calculation of expected NME wage rates will be subject to public comment approximately one month prior to adoption. The Department noted further that comment will be requested only with regard to potential clerical errors in the Department's calculation.

Accordingly, this notice presents the Department's preliminary 2006 calculation of expected NME wages in Attachment 1, which were calculated according to the Department's revised methodology described in the Antidumping Methodologies notice. The Department is requesting public comment only on the potential clerical errors in the calculation. Comments with regard to the methodology were addressed in the Antidumping Methodologies notice and will not be considered at this time.

In order to facilitate a full opportunity for comment, and because the underlying data is voluminous, the preliminary results and underlying data for the preliminary 2006 expected NME wages calculation have been posted on the Import Administration Web site (<http://ia.ita.doc.gov>). This preliminary calculation will not be used for antidumping purposes until it has been finalized by the Department following the public comment period.

**Comment**

Persons wishing to comment on potential clerical errors in the Department's preliminary 2006 calculation of expected NME wages presented in Attachment 1 should file one signed original and six copies of each set of comments by the date specified above. The Department will consider all comments regarding potential clerical errors received before the close of the comment period. Comments received after the end of the comment period will be considered, if possible, but their consideration cannot be assured. The Department will not accept comments accompanied by a request that a part or all of the material be treated confidentially because of its business proprietary nature or for any other reason. The Department will return such comments and materials to the persons submitting the comments and will not consider them. All comments responding to this notice will be a matter of public record and will be available for inspection and copying at Import Administration's Central

Records Unit, Room B-099, between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 5 p.m. on business days. The Department requires that comments be submitted in written form. The Department recommends submission of comments in electronic form to accompany the required paper copies.

Comments filed in electronic form should be submitted either by e-mail to the Webmaster below, or on CD-ROM, as comments submitted on diskettes are likely to be damaged by postal radiation treatment. Comments received in electronic form will be made available to the public in Portable Document Format (PDF) on the Internet at the Import Administration Web site at the following address: <http://ia.ita.doc.gov>.

Any questions concerning file formatting, document conversion, access on the Internet, or other electronic filing issues should be addressed to Andrew Lee Beller, Import Administration Webmaster, at (202) 482-0866, e-mail address: [webmaster-support@ita.doc.gov](mailto:webmaster-support@ita.doc.gov).

Dated: December 29, 2006.

**Steven J. Claeys,**

*Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.*

**Attachment 1**

*2006 Calculation of Expected NME Wages*

Following the criteria and methodology described in the Antidumping Methodologies notice, and using the data available to the Department as of November 8, 2006, the Department has calculated preliminary 2006 expected NME wages.

2003 and 2004 data in Chapter 5B of the ILO International Labour Statistics were available for 79 entities: Albania, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belgium, Botswana, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Estonia, Finland, French Polynesia, Georgia, Germany, Gibraltar, Hong Kong, Hungary, Iceland, India, Ireland, Isle of Man, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jersey, Kazakhstan, Korea, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macau, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Malta, Mauritius, Mexico, Moldova, Mongolia, Myanmar, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Puerto Rico, Romania, San Marino, Serbia and Montenegro, Seychelles, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand,

Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States, West Bank and Gaza strip.

Within this data set, for 2003 and 2004, there were no "earnings" data for Italy, Myanmar, Peru and Thailand. Similarly, there were no "men and women" data for French Polynesia. 2003 and 2004 data representing all industries ("Total") were available for the remaining 74 entities.

There were two entries for Poland which met all of the Department's criteria for choosing a single wage rate. These two entries were averaged to arrive at a single wage rate.

Of these 74 entities, a consumer price index was unavailable for the following 10: Armenia, Azerbaijan, China, Cuba, Gibraltar, Jersey, Puerto Rico, San Marino, Serbia and Montenegro, and Ukraine.

Of the remaining 64 entities, there was no exchange rate available for the Isle of Man, Macau, and West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Of the remaining 61 entities, the following are currently or were NMEs designated by the Department in 2003 or 2004: Georgia, Kyrgyzstan, and Moldova. Accordingly, the Department ran its preliminary 2006 expected NME wage regression on the following 58 countries: Albania, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Botswana, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Estonia, Finland, Germany, Hong Kong, Hungary, Iceland, India, Ireland, Israel, Japan, Kazakhstan, Korea, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macedonia, Malta, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Netherlands, New Zealand,

Nicaragua, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Seychelles, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, and United States.

As noted in the ILO database, the wage rates for Korea and Mongolia are denominated in units of 1,000 of their respective national currency, and have been converted accordingly.

On July 1, 2005, Romania re-denominated its currency, with one old leu equal to 10,000 new leu. Romanian ILO data was adjusted accordingly.

Following the data compilation and regression methodology described in the Antidumping Methodologies notice, and using GNI and wage data for Base Year 2004, the regression results are: Wage = 0.091436 + 0.000494 \* GNI.

Country	2004 GNI (USD per annum)	Expected NME wage rate (USD per hour)
Armenia .....	1,140	0.65
Azerbaijan .....	930	0.55
Belarus .....	2,150	1.15
China .....	1,500	0.83
Georgia .....	1,060	0.62
Kyrgyz Republic .....	400	0.29
Moldova .....	720	0.45
Tajikistan .....	280	0.23
Uzbekistan .....	450	0.31
Vietnam .....	540	0.36

The World Bank did not publish a GNI for Turkmenistan.

As stated above, the full preliminary results and underlying data for the 2006 expected NME wages calculation have been posted on the Import Administration Web site (<http://ia.ita.doc.gov>).

[FR Doc. E7-56 Filed 1-8-07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

## COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

### Notice of Meeting

The next meeting of the U.S. Commission of Fine Arts is scheduled for 18 January 2007, at 10 a.m. in the Commission's offices at the National Building Museum, Suite 312, Judiciary Square, 401 F Street, NW., Washington, DC 20001-2728. Items of discussion affecting the appearance of Washington, DC, may include buildings, parks and memorials.

Draft agendas and additional information regarding the Commission are available on our Web site: <http://www.cfa.gov>. Inquiries regarding the agenda and requests to submit written

or oral statements should be addressed to Thomas Luebke, Secretary, U.S. Commission of Fine Arts, at the above address or call 202-504-2200.

Individuals requiring sign language interpretation for the hearing impaired should contact the Secretary at least 10 days before the meeting.

Dated in Washington, DC, 28 December 2006.

**Thomas Luebke,**  
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 07-23 Filed 1-8-07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6330-01-M

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

### Office of the Secretary

#### Notice of Open Meeting

**AGENCY:** Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs); DoD.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with section 10(a)(2) of Public Law 92-463, The Federal Advisory Committee Act, announcement is made of the following meeting:

*Name of Committee:* DoD Task Force on Mental Health, a Subcommittee of the Defense Health Board.

*Dates:* January 22, 2007 (Morning—Open Session), January 23, 2007 (Afternoon—Open Session).

*Times:* 0800-1200 hours (22 January) 1500-1700 hours (23 January).

*Location:* Sheraton Tacoma Hotel, 731320 Broadway Plaza, Tacoma, WA.

*Agenda:* The purpose of the meeting is to obtain, review, and evaluate information related to the Mental Health Task Force's congressionally-directed task of assessing the efficacy of mental health services provided to members of the Armed Forces by the Department of Defense. The Task Force members will receive briefings on topics related to mental health concerns among military service members and mental health care delivery. The Task Force will hold a "Town Hall Meeting" session to hear concerns from the Fort Lewis, Tacoma, and Seattle metro areas Active Duty Military, National Guard and Reserve, and Veterans communities and conduct executive working sessions.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Colonel Roger Gibson, Executive