

- Economic justification/value proposition
- Fee is too high
- Oppose fee
- Overall increase to Government Cost

- Increase in TSP fees and administrative burden
- Fee must not apply to existing tenders
- TSP must be given time to adjust rates
- Fee must apply universally to all TSPs
- TSPs shouldn't collect and pay transaction fees

The following responses take into consideration the comments on the potential impact of the proposed rule on both GSA and the transportation industry.

GSA must fund its programs to remain viable and cover the cost of the services provided by the freight program. GSA's Federal Supply Service (FSS) has assessed an industrial funding fee for essentially all of its programs since Congress authorized GSA to charge fees for its services in 1987. The proposed 4% transaction fee aligns the Global Supply transportation services with GSA's funding mechanism for its other programs.

TSPs will realize additional savings through reduction in administrative requirements to process invoices. TSPs that provide transportation services for GSA, Global Supply will benefit from TMSS electronic billing, electronic rate submission, automated prepayment audit, faster payments, online transaction tracking, automated reports, and complete audit history trails.

After careful deliberations GSA decided to delay assessment of the 4% transaction fee until the TMSS prepayment audit and payment modules are complete. TSPs will be required to remit the 4% fee for paid invoices directly to GSA quarterly instead of deducting the 4% fee from each invoice via TMSS prior to payment. The Final Rule outlining the collection method and implementation plan will be published in the **Federal Register** once the TMSS modules are complete. The proposed changes will be highlighted in a Request for Offers that will be issued for a special rate filing window that will be opened prior to implementation. GSA will monitor the shipment volume to determine if the 4% fee needs future adjustments. GSA wants to ensure that the appropriate percentage is being applied.

Dated: June 29, 2006.

Susan T. May,

Acting Director, Travel and Transportation Management Division (FBL), GSA.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Office of the Secretary

Office of Public Health Emergency Preparedness; Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority

Part A, Office of the Secretary, Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) is being amended at Chapter AN, Office of Public Health Emergency Preparedness, as last amended at 70 FR 5183-5184, dated February 1, 2005. This organizational change is primarily to realign the functions of OPHEP to more clearly delineate responsibilities for the various activities associated with advanced research and development and acquisition of medical countermeasures and emergency preparedness and response. The changes are as follows.

I. Under Part A, Chapter AN, "Office of Public Health Emergency Preparedness (AN)," delete in its entirety and replace with the following:

Section AN.00 Mission: On behalf of the Secretary, the Office of Public Health Emergency Preparedness (OPHEP) leads the Federal public health and medical response to acts of terrorism or nature, and other public health and medical emergencies. OPHEP is a component of the Public Health Service (PHS) and is responsible for ensuring a One-Department approach to developing public health and medical preparedness and response capabilities and leading and coordinating the relevant activities of the HHS Operating Division (OPDIV). The principal areas of program emphasis are (1) enhancement of State and local public health and medical preparedness—primarily health departments and hospitals; (2) development and use of National and Departmental policies and plans relating to the response to public health and medical threats and emergencies (e.g., Emergency Support Function (ESF) 8 of the National Response Plan (NRP), Homeland Security Presidential Directives (HSPD) 5 and 10, HHS's Concept of Operations Plans (CONOPS) for Public Health and Medical

Emergencies and for the Incident Response Coordination Team (IRCT)); (3) coordination with relevant entities inside and outside HHS such as State, local and Tribal public health and medical officials, the private sector, the Departments of Homeland Security (DHS), Defense (DOD), Veterans Affairs (VA), Justice (DOJ), the Homeland Security Council (HSC) and National Security Council (NSC), other ESF 8 partner organizations and others within the National security community; (4) rapid public health and medical support to Federal, State, local and Tribal governments who may be responding to incidents of national significance or public health and medical emergencies; (5) coordination, support of, and participation in research, development and procurement activities related to public health emergency medical countermeasures destined for the Strategic National Stockpile, including under Project BioShield; (6) leadership in international programs, initiatives, and policies that deal with public health and medical emergency preparedness and response related to naturally occurring threats such as infectious diseases and deliberate threats from biologic, chemical, nuclear and radiation sources and (7) leadership and oversight on medical, science, and public health policies, issues, and programs.

Section 10.AN Organization: OPHEP is headed by the Assistant Secretary for Public Health Emergency Preparedness (ASPHEP), who reports directly to the Secretary, and includes the following components:

1. Immediate Office of the ASPHEP (ANA)
2. Office of the Public Health Emergency Medical Countermeasures (ANB)
3. Office of Preparedness and Emergency Operations (ANC)
4. Office of Medicine, Science and Public Health (ANF)
5. Office of Policy and Strategic Planning (ANE)

Section 20.AN Functions:

1. *Immediate Office of the ASPHEP (ANA).* The Immediate Office of the ASPHEP (IO/ASPHEP) provides executive and administrative direction to all OHEP components. The ASPHEP is the principal advisor to the Secretary on matters relating to public health and medical emergencies, whether resulting from acts of nature, accidents, or terrorism. The ASPHEP coordinates interagency interfaces between HHS, the Homeland Security Council, the National Security Council, other Federal Departments and Agencies, State, local and Tribal public health and medical

entities and the private sector. The ASPHEP directs and coordinates the Department's activities relating to protecting the U.S. population from acts of terrorism and other public health and medical threats and emergencies. The ASPHEP provides leadership in the coordination of activities for public health and medical emergency preparedness and represents the Department in working closely with DHS, DOD, VA, and other Federal Departments and Agencies.

2. *Office of Public Health Emergency Medical Countermeasures (ANB)*. The Office of Public Health Emergency Medical Countermeasures (OPHEMC) is headed by a Director and is responsible for coordination of the Public Health Medical Countermeasures Enterprise (PHMCE). The PHMCE is a coordinated interagency effort to: (1) Define and prioritize requirements for public health medical emergency countermeasures, (2) coordinate research, early and late stage product development and procurement activities addressing the requirements and (3) set deployment and use strategies for medical countermeasures held in the Strategic National Stockpile.

OPHEMC undertakes public health modeling of population exposures to assist in determining requirements and assessing deployment and utilization strategies, supports late-stage medical countermeasure research and development to address prioritized requirements for addressing the health effects of naturally-occurring infectious diseases and deliberately released biologic, and chemical and radiation threats that could cause a public health emergency, facilitates collaboration among the Department of Health and Human Services agencies, relevant industries, academia, and others with respect to advanced product research and development, facilitates contacts between interested persons and companies interested in requirements set by the Food and Drug Administration regarding such products, and procures targeted medical countermeasures destined for the Strategic National Stockpile, including vaccines, antivirals, and diagnostics for pandemic preparedness authorized under the Project BioShield Act of 2004 (Pub. L. 108-276). OPHEMC is responsible for coordinating, supporting, and providing leadership and expert advice with respect to a public health medical countermeasure late stage advanced development and procurement. OPHEMC supports the ASPHEP by working with all scientific agencies of the Department, including the National Institutes of Health (NIH),

the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), as well as other Governmental, private, and nonprofit scientific entities.

3. *Office of Preparedness and Emergency Operations (ANC)*. The Office of Preparedness and Emergency Operations (OPEO) is headed by a Director and is responsible for developing operational plans, analytical products, and developing and participating in training and exercises to ensure the preparedness of the Office, the Department, the Government and the public to respond to domestic and international public health and medical threats and emergencies. OPEO is also responsible for ensuring that OPHEP has the systems, logistical support and procedures necessary to coordinate the Department's operational response to acts of terrorism and other public health and medical threats and emergencies. OPEO leads the HHS and interagency planning and response activities required to fulfill HHS responsibilities under ESF #8 of the NRP and HSPD #10. OPEO manages the Secretary's Operations Center (SOC); trains and manages the Incident Response Coordination Team (IRCT); plans, implements, and evaluates Departmental and interagency response exercises and the HHS Continuity of Operations (COOP) and Continuity of Government (COG) programs. OPEO maintains a regional planning and response coordination capability. OPEO has operational responsibility for HHS functions related to the National Disaster Medical Systems (NDMS) and is also the primary operational liaison to emergency response entities within HHS (e.g., FDA, HRSA, SAMHSA, CDC), within the interagency community (e.g., HDS, VA, DoD), and the public. OPEO manages the continued planning for capabilities to meet public health and medical response missions, including development of Federal Medical Stations (FMS) and other mobile medical units. OPEO works to integrate mass casualty preparedness activities, through its surge capacity efforts, across local, State and Federal levels consistent with the National Incident Management System (NIMS) and the National Response Plan Catastrophic Incident Annex. In collaboration with DHS, OPEO coordinates preparedness grant activities across the Department in compliance with HSPD 8 and the National Preparedness Goal. OPEO is the primary OPHEP liaison with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) regarding its programs for hospital bioterrorism

preparedness, volunteer health professionals and terrorism-related preparedness and response education and training for health care professionals. OPEO coordinates with CDC on public health preparedness issues and consults with the HHS scientific community on the inclusion of newly acquired countermeasures into response plans.

4. *Office of Medicine, Science and Public Health (ANF)*. The Office of Medicine, Science and Public Health (OMSPH) is headed by a Director and is responsible for providing expert medical, scientific, and public health advice on domestic and international medical preparedness policies, programs, initiatives, and activities of OPHEP. OMSPH serves as the OPHEP liaison to health and science professional organizations for domestic and international issues. OMSPH carries out special scientific and public health related projects directly and works with others to establish activities, programs, policies, and standards to protect the public from acts of terrorism, naturally occurring infectious disease threats, and other natural or man-made public health threats. OMSPH coordinates OPHEP's overall influenza pandemic effort and works closely with HHS components (e.g., National Vaccine Program Office, Office of Global Health Affairs, CDC, NIH, and FDA), and other agencies and offices such as the Department of State, the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) and the World Health Organization (WHO) to ensure that programs and plans for dealing with avian influenza and pandemic influenza are as effective as possible. OMSPH oversees the development of medical policies related to providing access to medical products, including those needed on an emergency basis as medical countermeasures to counteract terrorism or naturally occurring biological, chemical or radiological/nuclear threats. These policies and their implementation include use of investigational and emergency use authorities. OMSPH serves as the focal point in HHS for biosafety, biosecurity and dual use technology issues and is the liaison to the National Science Advisory Board on Biosecurity and to the State Department on the Biological and Chemical Weapons Convention. In addition to domestic issues and programs, OMSPH is the OPHEP focal point for all international activities related to public health emergency preparedness. OMSPH supports the Early Warning Infectious Disease Surveillance (EWIDS) program at the national borders with Mexico and

Canada and works with other nations and multilateral organizations (e.g., WHO) in combating public health threats, emergencies, and bioterrorism by establishing bilateral and multilateral international arrangements to develop early warning surveillance and response capability for infectious disease outbreaks, including those involving potential bioterrorism agents. OMSPH provides leadership in the activities of the regional and multilateral groups including the Global Health Security Action Group (GHSAG) and the Security and Prosperity Partnership (SPP) and the implementation of the WHO International Health Regulations (IHR), in coordination with the Office of Global Health Affairs.

5. *Office of Policy and Strategic Planning (ANE)*. The Office of Policy and Strategic Planning (OPSP) is headed by a Director and is responsible for policy formulation, analysis, coordination, and evaluation for preparedness, response, and strategic planning. In coordination with other OPHEP and Departmental offices, OPSP analyzes proposed policies, Presidential directives and regulations. OPSP also develops short and long-term policy and strategic objectives for OPHEP, and leads in the development and implementation of an integrated OPHEP approach to policy, strategy, and long-term, planning processes. On behalf of the ASPHEP, OPSP serves as the focal point for HSC/NSC policy coordination activities and represent the ASPHEP, as appropriate, in interagency meetings. The office undertakes studies of preparedness and response issues, identifying gaps in policy, and initiating policy planning and formulation to fill these gaps. OPSP takes the lead on special projects, initiatives, and policy analysis and evaluation as tasked by the ASPHEP.

II. *Continuation of Policy*: Except as inconsistent with this reorganization, all statements of policy and interpretations with respect to the Office of Public Health Emergency Preparedness heretofore issued and in effect prior to the date of this reorganization are continued in full force and effect.

III. *Delegations of Authority*: All delegations and redelegations of authority made to officials and employees of affected organizational components will continue in them or their successors pending further redelegation, provided they are consistent with this reorganization.

IV. *Funds, Personnel and Equipment*: Transfer of organizations and functions affected by this reorganization shall be accompanied in each instance by direct

and support funds, positions, personnel, records, equipment and other resources.

Dated: June 27, 2006.

Joe Ellis,

Assistant Secretary for Administration and Management.

[FR Doc. 06-6004 Filed 7-5-06; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Disease, Disability, and Injury Prevention and Control Special Emphasis Panels (SEP): HIV III—OPT-Out Testing in Emergency Department Settings, Program Announcement (PA) PS06-003

In accordance with Section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92-463), the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) announces the following meeting:

Name: Disease, Disability, and Injury Prevention and Control Special Emphasis Panel (SEP): HIV III—OPT-Out Testing in Emergency Department Settings, PA PS06-003.

Time and Date: 12 p.m.–1 p.m., July 12, 2006 (Closed).

Place: Teleconference.

Status: The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with provisions set forth in Section 552b(c)(4) and (6), Title 5 U.S.C., and the Determination of the Director, Management Analysis and Services Office, CDC, pursuant to Public Law 92-463.

Matters To Be Discussed: The meeting will include the review, discussion, and evaluation of applications received in response to “HIV III—OPT-Out Testing in Emergency Department Settings,” PA PS06-003. Due to programmatic matters, this **Federal Register** Notice is being published on less than 15 calendar days notice to the public (41 CFR 102-3.150(b)).

Contact Person for More Information: Jim Newhall, Ph.D., Scientific Review Administrator, Office of Public Health Research, CDC, 1600 Clifton Road NE, Mailstop D72, Atlanta, GA 30333, Telephone 404.639.4641.

The Director, Management Analysis and Services Office, has been delegated the authority to sign **Federal Register** notices pertaining to announcements of meetings and other committee management activities, for both CDC and the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

Dated: June 29, 2006.

Kathy Skipper,

Acting Director, Management Analysis and Services Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 06-6035 Filed 7-5-06; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

National Center for Complementary & Alternative Medicine; Notice of Closed Meetings

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2) notice is hereby given of the following meetings.

The meetings will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine Special Emphasis Panel, Tools and Technology to Measure Menopausal Symptomatology.

Date: July 24, 2006.

Time: 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine, NIH, 6707 Democracy Boulevard, Suite 401, Bethesda, MD 20892 (Telephone Conference Call).

Contact Person: Laurie Friedman Donze, PhD, Scientific Review Administrator, Office of Scientific Review, National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine, NIH, 6707 Democracy Blvd., Suite 401, Bethesda, MD 20892, 301-402-1030, donzel@mail.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine Special Emphasis Panel, Tools and Technology to Measure Patient Adherence in CAM Research.

Date: July 25, 2006.

Time: 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine, NIH, 6707 Democracy Boulevard, Suite 401, Bethesda, MD 20892 (Telephone Conference Call).

Contact Person: Laurie Friedman Donze, PhD, Scientific Review Administrator, Office of Scientific Review, National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine,