provisions set forth in sections 532(b)(4) and 532(b)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences Special Emphasis Panel Review of Conferences (R13s) and Cooperative Agreement (U13).
Date: April 12, 2006.
Time: 1 p.m. to 5 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.
Contact Person: Linda K Bass, PhD, Scientific Review Administrator, Scientific Review Branch, Office of Program Operations, Division of Extramural Research and Training, Nat. Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, P.O. Box 12233, MD EC–30, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709, 919/541–1307.

([Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.115, Biometry and Risk Estimation—Health Risks from Environmental Exposures; 93.142, NIEHS Hazardous Waste Worker Health and Safety Training; 93.143, NIEHS Superfund Hazardous Substances—Basic Research and Education; 93.894, Resources and Manpower Development in the Environmental Health Sciences; 93.113, Biological Response to Environmental Health Hazards; 93.114, Applied Toxicological Research and Testing, National Institutes of Health, HHS])

Anna Snouffer,
Acting Director, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.
[FR Doc. 06–2720 Filed 3–20–06; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4140–01–M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

National Library of Medicine; Notice of Closed Meeting

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of the following meeting.

The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 532(b)(4) and 532(b)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: National Library of Medicine Special Emphasis Panel, Loan Repayment Program—IAR.
Date: April 27, 2006.
Time: 1 p.m. to 4 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.
Place: National Library of Medicine, 6705 Rockledge Drive, Suite 301, Bethesda, MD 20817, (Telephone Conference Call).
Contact Person: Zoe E. Huang, MD, Health Science Administrator, Extramural Programs, National Library of Medicine, Rockledge 1 Building, 6705 Rockledge Drive, Suite 301, MSC 7968, Bethesda, MD 20892–7968, 301–594–4937. huangz@mail.nih.gov.
(Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.879, Medicine Library Assistance, National Institutes of Health, HHS)

Anna Snouffer,
Acting Director, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.
[FR Doc. 06–2720 Filed 3–20–06; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4140–01–M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Toxicology Program (NTP), NTP Interagency Center for the Evaluation of Alternative Toxicological Methods (NICEATM); Announcement of an Independent Scientific Peer Review Meeting on the Use of In Vitro Testing Methods for Estimating Starting Doses for Acute Oral Systemic Toxicity Tests and Request for Comments

AGENCY: National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences (NIEHS), National Institutes of Health (NIH).
ACTION: Meeting Announcement and Request for Comment.
SUMMARY: NICEATM in collaboration with the Interagency Coordinating Committee on the Validation of Alternative Methods (ICCVAM) announces a public, independent, scientific peer review meeting to evaluate the validation status of the in vitro 3T3 and normal human keratinocyte (NHK) neutral red uptake (NRU) basal cytotoxicity test methods for estimating starting doses for in vivo acute oral toxicity tests. These two in vitro cytotoxicity test methods are proposed as adjuncts to the in vivo acute oral toxicity tests to refine (i.e., to lessen or avoid pain and distress) and/or reduce animal use. At this meeting, a scientific peer review panel (“Panel”) will peer review the background review document (BRD) on the 3T3 and NHK cytotoxicity test methods, evaluate the extent that the BRD addresses established validation and acceptance criteria, and provide comment on the draft ICCVAM recommendations on the proposed use of these test methods, draft test method protocols, and draft performance standards. NICEATM requests public comments on the BRD, draft ICCVAM test method recommendations, draft test method protocols, and draft performance standards.

DATES: The meeting will be held on May 23, 2006, from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. The meeting is open to the public with attendance limited only by the space available. In order to facilitate planning for this meeting, persons wishing to attend the meeting are asked to register via the ICCVAM/NICEATM Web site (http://iccvam.niehs.nih.gov) by May 12, 2006.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the National Institutes of Health (NIH), Natcher Conference Center, 45 Center Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Correspondence should be sent by mail, fax, or email to Dr. William S. Stokes, NICEATM Director, NIEHS, P.O. Box 12233, MD EC–17, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709, (phone) 919–541–2384, (fax) 919–541–0947, (e-mail) niceatm@niehs.nih.gov. Courier address: NICEATM, 79 T.W. Alexander Drive, Building 4401, Room 3128, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background
In September 2001, ICCVAM recommended that in vitro basal cytotoxicity test methods be considered as tools for estimating starting doses for in vivo acute systemic toxicity studies (Federal Register Vol. 66, No. 189, pp. 49686–7, September 28, 2001). The recommendations were based on the Report of the International Workshop on In Vitro Methods for Assessing Acute Systemic Toxicity (ICCVAM, 2001a). The Guidance Document on Using In Vitro Data to Estimate In Vivo Starting Doses for Acute Toxicity (ICCVAM, 2001b) was also made available at that time. The guidance document provided standard procedures for two in vitro basal cytotoxicity test methods and instructions for using these test methods to estimate starting doses for in vivo testing.
U.S. Federal agencies' responses to the ICCVAM recommendations from the International Workshop were announced in 2004 (Federal Register Vol. 69, No. 47, pp. 11448–9, March 10, 2004). The U.S. Federal agencies agreed to encourage, to the extent applicable, the use of in vitro tests for determining starting doses for acute oral systemic toxicity testing. Furthermore, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) specifically encouraged those participating in the High Production Volume Challenge Program to consider using the recommended in vitro test methods as a supplemental component when conducting any new in vivo acute oral toxicity studies for the program (http://www.epa.gov/chemrtk/toxptrtw.htm).

In 2002, NICEATM and the European Committee on the Validation of Alternative Methods began a collaborative validation study to independently evaluate the usefulness of two in vitro basal cytotoxicity test methods proposed for estimating starting doses for in vivo rodent acute oral toxicity tests. In vitro NRU cytotoxicity test methods using either BALB/c 3T3 fibroblasts, a mouse cell line, or NHK cells, primary human epidermal cells, were evaluated in a multi-laboratory international validation study. During the pre-validation phases of the study, the test method protocols were standardized further and revised to improve their intra- and inter-laboratory reproducibilities. NICEATM recommended using the revised test method protocols (Federal Register, Vol. 69, No. 201, pp. 61504–5, October 19, 2004) rather than the standard procedures outlined in the guidance document (ICCVAM, 2001b). During the validation study, 72 reference chemicals were tested using the 3T3 and NHK NRU test methods. The in vitro NRU cytotoxicity test results were used to estimate acute oral LD₅₀ values, which in turn were used to identify the starting doses for simulated acute oral toxicity testing using the Up-and-Down Procedure (UDP; EPA 2002; OECD 2001b) and the Acute Toxic Class method (ATC; OECD 2001b). The in vivo test simulations were used to compare the number of animals used and the number of deaths expected to occur when starting with the default starting doses versus using a starting dose based on in vitro cytotoxicity data.

To assist in an evaluation of the usefulness of these two in vitro NRU basal cytotoxicity test methods for estimating starting doses for in vivo acute oral toxicity tests, NICEATM requested the submission of existing in vivo and in vitro acute toxicity data (Federal Register, Vol. 69, No. 201, pp. 61504–5, October 19, 2004 and Vol. 65, No. 115, pp. 37400–3, June 14, 2000). In 2005, NICEATM announced a request for nominations of scientists to serve on the Panel and again requested existing in vivo and in vitro data (Federal Register Vol. 70, No. 54, pp. 14473–4, March 22, 2005).

Expert Panel Meeting

The purpose of this meeting is the scientific peer review evaluation of the validation status of the 3T3 and NHK NRU basal cytotoxicity test methods to determine starting doses for the UDP and ATC acute oral toxicity test methods in order to refine and reduce the use of animals. The Panel will first peer review the BRD on the 3T3 and NHK cytotoxicity test methods and then evaluate the extent that the BRDs address established validation and acceptance criteria (Validation and Regulatory Acceptance of Toxicological Test Methods: A Report of the ad hoc Interagency Coordinating Committee on the Validation of Alternative Methods, NIH Publication No. 97–3981, http://iccvam.niehs.nih.gov). The Panel will also be asked to provide comment on the draft ICCVAM test method recommendations, draft standardized test method protocols, and draft performance standards. Information about the Panel meeting, including a roster of the members of the Panel and the agenda, will be made available two weeks prior to the meeting on the ICCVAM/NICEATM Web site (http://iccvam.niehs.nih.gov) or by contacting NICEATM (see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT above).

Availability of the BRD and Draft ICCVAM Recommendations

NICEATM prepared a BRD on the 3T3 and NHK NRU basal cytotoxicity test methods that contains comprehensive summaries of the data generated in the validation study, an analysis of the accuracy and reliability of the two test methods, a simulation analysis of the refinement and reduction in animal use that would occur if these tests were used as adjuncts to the UDP and ATC acute oral systemic toxicity test methods, and related information characterizing the validation status of these assays. The BRD, draft ICCVAM test method recommendations, draft test method protocols, and draft test method performance standards will be provided to the Panel and made available to the public. Copies of these materials can be obtained from the ICCVAM/NICEATM Web site (http://iccvam.niehs.nih.gov) or by contacting NICEATM (see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT above).

Request for Comments

NICEATM invites the submission of written comments on the BRD, draft ICCVAM test method recommendations, draft test method protocols, and draft test method performance standards. When submitting written comments, it is important to refer to this Federal Register notice and include appropriate contact information (name, affiliation, mailing address, phone, fax, email and sponsoring organization, if applicable). Written comments should be sent by mail, fax, or email to Dr. William Stokes, Director of NICEATM, at the address listed above not later than May 5, 2006. All comments received will be placed on the ICCVAM/NICEATM website and made available to the Panel, ICCVAM agency representatives, and attendees at the meeting.

This meeting is open to the public and time will be provided for the presentation of public oral comments at designated times during the peer review. Members of the public who wish to present oral statements at the meeting (one speaker per organization) should contact NICEATM (see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT above) no later than May 12, 2006. Speakers will be assigned on a consecutive basis and up to seven minutes will be allotted per speaker. Persons registering to make comments are asked to provide a written copy of their statement by May 12, 2006, so that copies can be distributed to the Panel prior to the meeting or if this is not possible to bring 40 copies to the meeting. Written comments can supplement and expand the oral presentation. Each speaker is asked to
provide contact information (name, affiliation, mailing address, phone, fax, email and sponsoring organization, if applicable) when registering to make oral comments.

Summary minutes and a final report of the Panel will be available following the meeting at the ICCVAM/NICEATM Web site (http://iccvam.niehs.nih.gov). ICCVAM will consider the conclusions and recommendations from the Panel and any public comments received in finalizing test method recommendations and performance standards for these test methods.

Background Information on ICCVAM and NICEATM

ICCVAM is an interagency committee composed of representatives from 15 U.S. Federal regulatory and research agencies that use or generate toxicological information. ICCVAM conducts technical evaluations of new, revised, and alternative methods with regulatory applicability and promotes the scientific validation and regulatory acceptance of toxicological test methods that more accurately assess the safety and hazards of chemicals and products while refining (less pain and distress), reducing, and replacing animal use. The ICCVAM Authorization Act of 2000 (Pub. L. 106–545, available at http://iccvam.niehs.nih.gov/about/PL106545.htm) establishes ICCVAM as a permanent interagency committee of the NIEHS under the NICEATM. NICEATM administers the ICCVAM and provides scientific and operational support for ICCVAM-related activities. NICEATM and ICCVAM work collaboratively to evaluate new and improved test methods applicable to the needs of U.S. Federal agencies. Additional information about ICCVAM and NICEATM can be found at the ICCVAM/NICEATM Web site: http://iccvam.niehs.nih.gov.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Center for Scientific Review; Notice of Closed Meetings

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of the following meetings.

The meetings will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel, Skeletal Biology.

Date: March 27, 2006.

Time: 1 p.m. to 2:30 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892. (Telephone Conference Call).

Contact Person: John P. Holden, PhD, Scientific Review Administrator, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 4016J, MSC 7814, Bethesda, MD 20892. (301) 596–8551. holdenjo@csr.nih.gov.

Through the Federal Register, the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), is inviting applications for the following HHS-related Foreign Patent Applications:

Prospective Grant of Exclusive License: The Use of HMG-CoA Inhibitors for the Treatment of Adenocarcinomas and Ewing’s Sarcoma

Prospective Grant of Exclusive License: The Use of HMG-CoA Inhibitors for the Treatment of Adenocarcinomas and Ewing’s Sarcoma

AGENCY: National Institutes of Health, Public Health Service, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This is notice, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. 209(c)(1) and 37 CFR Part 404.2(a)(1)(i), that the National Institutes of Health (NIH), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), is contemplating the grant of an exclusive patent license to practice the inventions embodied in U.S. Patent No. 6,040,334 issued March 21, 2000, entitled “Use of Inhibitors of 3-Hydroxy-3-Methylglutaryl Coenzyme A reductase as a Modality in Cancer Therapy” [HHS Reference E–146–1992/0–US–23] and related foreign applications to Nascent Oncology, Inc., which has offices in Chapel Hill, North Carolina. The patent rights in these inventions have been assigned and/or exclusively licensed to the Government of the United States of America.